Security and Privacy Issues in Smarthomes

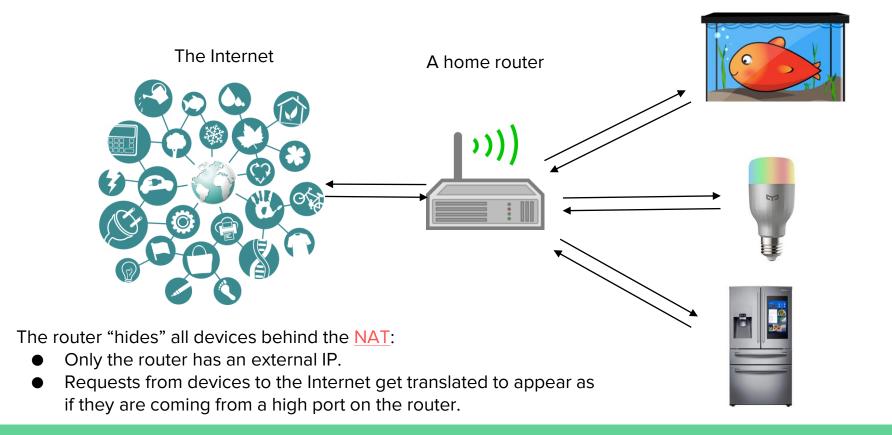
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Slides borrowed from Ivan Evtimov

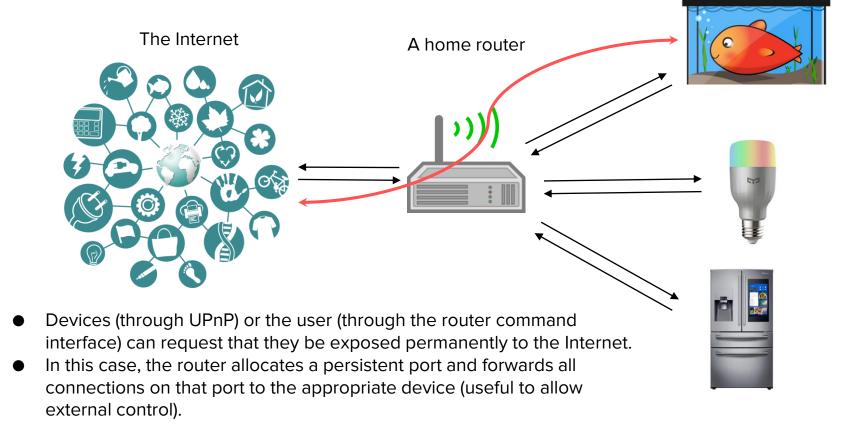
General Notes

- One account on Nidan per group. Pick one email from the group to use.
- You will (probably) not be able to access the devices without a SOCKS5 proxy.
 Instructions on how to set that up and use it are in the spec.
- Re-read the spec: it is long but has many details

What does a smart home network look like?



Port Forwarding



Chaining Vulnerabilities

- Even one device with a security vulnerability can serve as an entry point to compromising the entire home.
 - Target Hackers Broke In Via HVAC Company (Krebs on Security)
 - How a Fish Tank Helped Hack a Casino (The Washington Post)
- You do not even need buffer overflows, web exploits or other highly technical vulnerabilities. Some very common pitfalls:
 - Default credentials
 - Trusting that the device is only accessible on a LAN
 - Failure to authenticate physical-channel commands (e.g., audio)
 - Authorization tokens embedded in the open-sourced code of a controlling app
 - Fallacies in programming automation rules

Smart home security and privacy is more than network security!

- Smart devices collect much more data than just web browsing history, thereby exposing potentially much more sensitive information
- No longer the case that one computer = one user = one impacted person, the privacy of every inhabitant is exposed
- People who set up the smart home have an outsized power (this can get ugly, e.g. NYT article on smart homes exacerbating domestic abuse situations)

Final words



- The exploits are not technically sophisticated (no buffer overflows, XSS, SQL injection)
- Web app vulnerabilities are out of scope
- Read the spec and ask questions.
- Have an idea on what else would be fun for this lab? Let us know!
- Have fun!