



Intro to Java Weeks 3-4 Coding Assignment

URL to GitHub Repository: <https://github.com/Jeffrweinstein/week3-4>

URL to Public Link of your Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EULDsh_Yh2U

Instructions:

1. Follow the **Coding Steps** below to complete this assignment.

- In Eclipse, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed.
- Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignment and push your completed code to this dedicated repo.
- Create a video showcasing your work:
 - In this video: record and present your project verbally while showing the results of the working project.
 - Easy way to Create a video: Start a meeting in Zoom, share your screen, open Eclipse with the code and your Console window, start recording & record yourself describing and running the program showing the results.
 - Your video should be a maximum of 5 minutes.
 - Upload your video with a public link.
 - Easy way to Create a Public Video Link: Upload your video recording to YouTube with a public link.

2. In addition, please include the following in your Coding Assignment Document:

- The URL for this week's GitHub repository.
- The URL of the public link of your video.

3. Save the Coding Assignment Document as a .pdf and do the following:

- Push the .pdf to the GitHub repo for this week.
 - Upload the .pdf to the LMS in your Coding Assignment Submission.
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Intro to Java Weeks 3-4 Coding Assignment

Coding Steps — Arrays and Methods

1. Create an array of int called ages that contains the following values: 3, 9, 23, 64, 2, 8, 28, 93.
 - a. Programmatically subtract the value of the first element in the array from the value in the last element of the array (i.e. do not use ages[7] in your code). Print the result to the console.
 - b. Add a new age to your array and repeat the step above to ensure it is dynamic (works for arrays of different lengths).
 - c. Use a loop to iterate through the array and calculate the average age. Print the result to the console.
2. Create an array of String called names that contains the following values: “Sam”, “Tommy”, “Tim”, “Sally”, “Buck”, “Bob”.
 - a. Use a loop to iterate through the array and calculate the average number of letters per name. Print the result to the console.
 - b. Use a loop to iterate through the array again and concatenate all the names together, separated by spaces, and print the result to the console.
3. How do you access the last element of any array?
4. How do you access the first element of any array?
5. Create a new array of int called nameLengths. Write a loop to iterate over the previously created names array and add the length of each name to the nameLengths array.
6. Write a loop to iterate over the nameLengths array and calculate the sum of all the elements in the array. Print the result to the console.
7. Write a method that takes a String, word, and an int, n, as arguments and returns the word concatenated to itself n number of times. (i.e. if I pass in “Hello” and 3, I expect the method to return “HelloHelloHello”).
8. Write a method that takes two Strings, firstName and lastName, and returns a full name (the full name should be the first and the last name as a String separated by a space).
9. Write a method that takes an array of int and returns true if the sum of all the ints in the array is greater than 100.
10. Write a method that takes an array of double and returns the average of all the elements in the array.
11. Write a method that takes two arrays of double and returns true if the average of the elements in the first array is greater than the average of the elements in the second array.
12. Write a method called willBuyDrink that takes a boolean isHotOutside, and a double moneyInPocket, and returns true if it is hot outside and if moneyInPocket is greater than 10.50.
13. Create a method of your own that solves a problem. In comments, write what the method does and why you created it.



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```
1 package week3and4project;
2
3 import java.lang.reflect.Array;
4
5 public class week3and4ArraysandMethods {
6
7     public static void main(String[] args) {
8
9         double[] ages = {3, 9, 23, 64, 2, 8, 28, 93};
10
11
12 // 1a. Programmatically subtract the value of the first element in the array from the value in the last element of the array
13 System.out.print("1a: ");
14 System.out.println(ages[ages.length - 1] - ages[0]);
15
16 //1b. Add a new age to your array and repeat the step above to ensure it is dynamic (works for arrays of different lengths).
17
18 // double[] ages = {3, 9, 23, 64, 2, 8, 28, 93, 47};
19 // System.out.print("1b: ");
20 // System.out.println(ages[ages.length - 1] - ages[0]);
21
22
23 //1c. Use a loop to iterate through the array and calculate the average age. Print the result to the console.
24
25 double sum = 0;
26
27 for ( double number : ages) {
28     sum += number;
29 }
30 System.out.print("1c: ");
31 System.out.println(sum / ages.length);
32
33 String[] names = {"Sam", "Tommy", "Tim", "Sally", "Buck", "Bob"};
34
35 //2a Use a loop to iterate through the array and calculate the average number of letters per name. Print the result to the console
36
37 int sumNames = 0; {
38
39 for (int i = 0; i < names.length; i++) {
40
41     sumNames += names[i].length();
42 }
43 System.out.print("2a: ");
44 System.out.println(sumNames / names.length);
45
46
47 //2b. Use a loop to iterate through the array again and concatenate all the names together, separated by spaces, and print the result
48 String namesArray = ""; {
49     for (int i = 0; i < names.length; i++) {
50         namesArray += names[i] + " ";
51     }
52     System.out.print("2b: ");
53     System.out.println(namesArray);
54
55 // 3. How do you access the last element of any array?
56 //System.out.println(array[array.length-1]);
57
58 //4. How do you access the first element of any array?
59 // (array[0]);
60
61
62 //5. Create a new array of int called nameLengths. Write a loop to iterate over the previously created names array and add the length
63 int[] nameLengths = new int[names.length];
64
65 int sum1 = 0;
66 for (int j = 0; j < names.length; j++) {
67     nameLengths[j] = names[j].length();
68
69     sum1 += nameLengths[j];
70 }
```



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```
71
72 //6. Write a loop to iterate over the nameLengths array and calculate the sum of all the elements in the array. Print the r
73 System.out.println("6: " + sum1);
74
75
76 //7.
77     int numTimes = 3;
78     String wordSelection = "Hello";
79     System.out.print("7: ");
80     System.out.println(greeting(wordSelection, numTimes));
81
82 //8.
83     String firstName = "Jeff";
84     String lastName = "Weinstein";
85     String fullName = createFullName(firstName, lastName);
86
87
88     System.out.println("8: " + fullName);
89
90 //9.
91     int[] ages1 = {3, 9, 23, 64, 2, 8, 28, 93, 47};
92     System.out.print("9: ");
93     System.out.println(array100(ages1));
94
95
96 //10.
97     double[] ages2 = {3, 9, 23, 64, 2, 8, 28, 93, 47};
98
99     System.out.print("10: ");
100    System.out.println(calcAverage(ages2));
101
102 //11.
103     double[] hrJuanSoto = {22, 34, 13, 29, 27};
104     double[] hrRonaldAcuna = {26, 41, 14, 24, 15};
105
106     System.out.print("11. ");
107     System.out.println(hrTotals(hrJuanSoto, hrRonaldAcuna));
108
109 //12.
110     boolean isHotOutside = true;
111     double moneyInPocket = 10.00;
112
113     System.out.print("12: ");
114     System.out.println(willBuyDrink(isHotOutside, moneyInPocket));
115
116 //13. I created this as an operations Manager for my company when trying to determine if i
117 // have to control payroll and stop my staff from exhausting overtime.
118
119
```



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```
120         double[] overtimeHours = {24.3, 15.7, 7.5, 13.3, 29.7, 26.5};
121
122         double sumOT = 0;
123
124         for (int x = 0; x < overtimeHours.length; x++) {
125             sumOT += overtimeHours[x];
126
127
128         }
129         System.out.print("13: ");
130         System.out.println(marioOvertime(sumOT / overtimeHours.length));
131     }
132
133
134 }
135
136
137
138
139
140
141
142
143
```

```
144 //}
145 //7. Write a method that takes a String, word, and an int, n, as arguments and returns the word concatenated to itself n number of times. (i
146 public static String greeting(String wordSelection, int numTimes) {
147     String newGreeting = "";
148     for (int i = 0; i < numTimes; i++) {
149         newGreeting += wordSelection;
150     }
151     return newGreeting;
152
153 }
154 //8. Write a method that takes two Strings, firstName and lastName, and returns a full name (the full name should be the first and the last
155 public static String createFullName(String i, String j) {
156     return i + " " + j;
157 }
158
159 //9. Write a method that takes an array of int and returns true if the sum of all the ints in the array is greater than 100
160
161
162
163 public static boolean array100 (int[] ages)
164 {
165     int sum = 0 ;
166     for (int i = 0; i < ages.length; i++) {
167         sum += ages[i];
168     }
169
170
171     if (sum > 100) {
172         return true;
173     }
174     else {
175         return false;
176     }
177 }
178 //10. Write a method that takes an array of double and returns the average of all the elements in the array.
179 public static double calcAverage (double[] ages)
180 {
181     double sum = 0.0;
182     for (int i = 0; i < ages.length; i++) {
183         sum += ages[i]/ages.length;
184     }
185     return sum;
186 }
187
188
189
```



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```
190 //11. Write a method that takes two arrays of double and returns true if the average of the elements in the first array is greater than the average of the elements in the second array.
191
192 public static boolean hrTotals(double[] Padres, double[] Braves) {
193     double soto = 0;
194     for (int p = 0; p < Padres.length; p++) {
195         soto += Padres[p] / Padres.length;
196     }
197     double acuna = 0;
198     for (int b = 0; b < Braves.length; b++) {
199         acuna += Braves[b] / Braves.length;
200     }
201     if (soto > acuna) {
202         return true;
203     }
204     else {
205         return false;
206     }
207 }
208
209 //12. Write a method called willBuyDrink that takes a boolean isHotOutside, and a double moneyInPocket, and returns true if it is hot outside and the money in pocket is greater than 10.50.
210
211 public static boolean willBuyDrink(boolean temperature, double money) {
212     if (temperature == true && money > 10.50) {
213         return true;
214     }
215     else {
216         return false;
217     }
218 }
219
220 //13. Create a method of your own that solves a problem. In comments, write what the method does and why you created it.
221
222 public static String marioOvertime(double hours) {
223     if (hours > 20) {
224         return "You have to stop working";
225     }
226     else {
227         return "You can work more overtime";
228     }
229 }
230
231 }
232
233 }
234
235
236
237
```