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## **LABORATORY REPORT**

### **Wheaststone Bridge**

#### **INTRODUCTORY SUMMARY&PURPOSE**

- 1 Grasp the measuring method of the amplifying circuit
2. Grasp the concept of Wheaststone Bridge

#### **EXPERIMENT EQUIPMENT**

- a. Digital multimeter
- b. DC stabilized voltage power supply.
- c. Current detector
- d. Resistance box
- e. 3V-Dry cell

#### **PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS**

- a.preview the measuring Principle and characteristics of the Wheaststone Bridge.
- b.Preview the principle of decreasing the measurement error using exchange method.

#### **LAB PROCEDURE**

Step1:Measure the resistances of two unknown resistors utilizing the Wheaststone Bridge.

- 1.Set up the Wheaststone Bridge.

2.Measure the precise resistance value of  $200\ \Omega$  ,Fix the slider at the center of the slide rheostat

- 3.Exchange the positions between the resistor.

Step2:Measure the sensitivity of the Wheaststone Bridge.

- 1.Balance the bridge by varying the resistance of the  $R_s$ .

2.Change a minute resistance  $\Delta R_s$  for the resistor  $R_s$  slowly and make the pointer deviate from the equilibrium value of the galvanometer with a variation  $\Delta n$ .

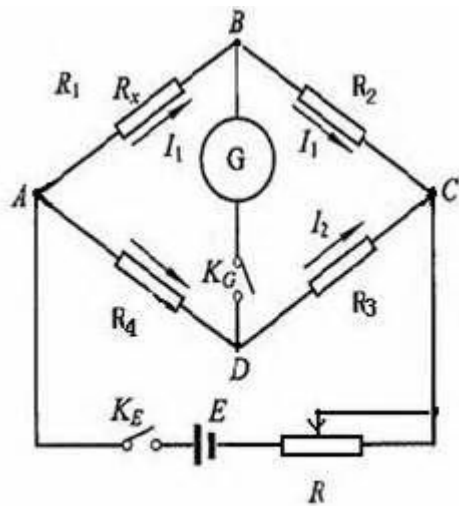


图1 惠斯通电桥

### PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED

The errors form resistance precision and operation zero draft, zero temperature .From the begining , error is small when the voltage is added to 3V, measurement value are not similar because of the amplifier itself.uct various mathemat.

### CONCLUSION

Through this experiment, to understand the principle of the wheatstone bridge, familiar with the connection. Experiments go smoothly. The result processing accurately, the range of allowable error in, before and after the experiment the instruments are good.

Sincerely,  
Chenyu Pang