

Jeff Hildebrandt
COT 5405: HW1
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P1

1a

men	Round 1	2	3	4
V	(A)			
W	(X)	(X)	(X)	(B)
X	(D)			
Y	(E)			
Z	(C)			

women proposed to

O = Accept

X = Reject

- = replace

The pairs are VA, WB, XD, YE, ZC

1b

women	Round 1	2	3	4	5
A	(V)				
B	(X)				
C	(Y)	-	(Z)		(W)
D	(Z)		-	(X)	
E	(X)	(Y)			

Men Proposed to

O = Accept

X = Reject

- = replace

The pairs are AV, BW, CZ, DX, EY

2 Adjacency Matrix

	A	B	C	D	E	F
A	0	1	1	1	0	0
B	1	0	1	1	0	0
C	1	1	0	1	1	1
D	1	1	1	0	1	0
E	0	0	0	1	0	1
F	0	0	1	0	1	0

circle shows
the red highlighted
edges

Adjacency List

A (B) → C → (D)
B (A) → C → D
C A → B → D → E → F
D (A) → B → C → (E)
E C → (D) → F
F C → E

circle shows
the red edges

Joel Hildebrandt
COT 5405: HW1
P3

3	node	# of connections
	a	2
	b	1
	c	1
	d	1
	e	1
	f	0

Topological orderings

b, c, d, and e all have the same value, so they can be in any order. The number of possible combinations for 4 numbers with no repeats is $4!$

1 abcdef

⋮

24 aedcbf

so there are $4! = 24$ possible combinations

4)

After initialization

Vertex (v)	In S (T if in S F if not)	Cost (D(v) INF means infinite)	Path (D(w) N/A if none exists)
A	T	0	N/A
B	F	$4 < \text{INF}$ so 4	A
C	F	$10 < \text{INF}$ so 10	A
D	F	$3 < \text{INF}$ so 3	A
E	F	INF	N/A
F	F	INF	N/A

Iteration 1:

Vertex (v)	In S (T if in S F if not)	Cost (D(v) INF means infinite)	Path (D(w) N/A if none exists)
A	T	$0 < 4$ so 0	N/A
B	T	4	A
C	F	$10 < 12$ so 10	A
D	F	$3 < 12$ so 3	A
E	F	INF	N/A
F	F	INF	N/A

Iteration 2:

Vertex (v)	In S (T if in S F if not)	Cost (D(v) INF means infinite)	Path (D(w) N/A if none exists)
A	T	$0 < 10$ so 0	N/A
B	T	$4 < 18$ so 4	A
C	T	10	A
D	F	$3 < 17$ so 3	A
E	F	$11 < \text{INF}$ so 11	C

F	F	$19 < \text{INF}$ so 19	C
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Iteration 3:

Vertex (v)	In S (T if in S F if not)	Cost (D(v) INF means infinite)	Path (D(w) N/A if none exists)
A	T	$0 < 3$ so 0	N/A
B	T	$4 < 9$ so 4	A
C	T	$10 = 10$ so 10	A
D	T	3	A
E	F	$11 > 5$ so 5	D
F	F	19	C

Iteration 4:

Vertex (v)	In S (T if in S F if not)	Cost (D(v) INF means infinite)	Path (D(w) N/A if none exists)
A	T	0	N/A
B	T	4	A
C	T	$10 > 6$ so 6	E
D	T	$3 < 7$ so 3	A
E	T	5	D
F	F	$19 > 10$ so 10	E

Iteration 5:

Vertex (v)	In S (T if in S F if not)	Cost (D(v) INF means infinite)	Path (D(w) N/A if none exists)
A	T	0	N/A
B	T	4	A
C	T	$6 < 19$ so 6	E
D	T	3	A

E	T	$5 < 15$ so 5	D
F	T	10	E

Shortest Path:

Vertex (v)	Shortest Path (Traversing using D(w) backwards)
A	A
B	A, B
C	A, D, E, C
D	A, D
E	A, D, E
F	A, D, E, F