CSA0358 DATA STRUCTURES WITH GRAPH ALGORITHMS

DAY-4:(11/08/2023) QUESTION 1:

Write a C program to implement Binary tree traversal.

```
CODE:
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
 struct tnode {
    int data;
    struct tnode *left, *right;
 };
 struct tnode *root = NULL;
 /* creating node of the tree and fill the given data */
 struct tnode * createNode(int data) {
    struct tnode *newNode;
    newNode = (struct tnode *) malloc(sizeof(struct tnode));
    newNode->data = data;
    newNode->left = NULL;
    newNode->right = NULL;
    return (newNode);
 }
 /* inserting a new node into the tree */
 void insertion(struct tnode **node, int data) {
    if (!*node) {
         *node = createNode(data);
    } else if (data < (*node)->data) {
         insertion(&(*node)->left, data);
    } else if (data > (*node)->data) {
         insertion(&(*node)->right, data);
    }
 }
 /* post order tree traversal */
 void postOrder(struct tnode *node) {
```

```
if (node) {
        postOrder(node->left);
        postOrder(node->right);
        printf("%d ", node->data);
   }
   return;
}
/* pre order tree traversal */
void preOrder(struct tnode *node) {
   if (node) {
        printf("%d ", node->data);
        preOrder(node->left);
        preOrder(node->right);
   }
   return;
}
/* inorder tree traversal */
void inOrder(struct tnode *node) {
   if (node) {
        inOrder(node->left);
        printf("%d ", node->data);
        inOrder(node->right);
   }
   return;
}
int main() {
   int data, ch;
   while (1) {
        printf("\n1. Insertion\n2. Pre-order\n");
        printf("3. Post-order\n4. In-order\n");
        printf("5. Exit\nEnter your choice:");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch) {
             case 1:
                  printf("Enter ur data:");
                  scanf("%d", &data);
                  insertion(&root, data);
                  break;
             case 2:
                  preOrder(root);
                  break;
```

- 1. Insertion
- 2. Pre-order
- 3. Post-order
- 4. In-order
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice:1

Enter ur data:20

- 1. Insertion
- 2. Pre-order
- 3. Post-order
- 4. In-order
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice:1

Enter ur data:15

- 1. Insertion
- 2. Pre-order
- 3. Post-order
- 4. In-order
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice:1

Enter ur data:8

- 1. Insertion
- 2. Pre-order
- 3. Post-order
- 4. In-order
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice:1

Enter ur data:12

- 1. Insertion
- 2. Pre-order
- Post-order
- 4. In-order
- 5. Exit

Enter your choice:1

Enter ur data:61

```
2. Pre-order
Post-order
4. In-order
5. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter ur data:61
1. Insertion
2. Pre-order
3. Post-order
4. In-order
5. Exit
Enter your choice:2
20 15 8 12 61
1. Insertion
2. Pre-order
Post-order
4. In-order
5. Exit
Enter your choice:3
12 8 15 61 20
1. Insertion
2. Pre-order
3. Post-order
4. In-order
5. Exit
Enter your choice:4
8 12 15 20 61
1. Insertion
2. Pre-order
Post-order
4. In-order
5. Exit
Enter your choice:5
Process exited after 41.55 seconds with return value 0
```

Press any key to continue . . .

QUESTION 2:

Write a C program to implement AVL Tree.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define FALSE 0
#define TRUE 1
struct node
{
    struct node *Ichild;
    int info;
    struct node *rchild;
    int balance;
};
void inorder(struct node *ptr);
struct node *RotateLeft(struct node *pptr);
struct node *RotateRight(struct node *pptr);
struct node *insert(struct node *pptr, int ikey);
struct node *insert left check(struct node *pptr, int *ptaller);
struct node *insert_right_check(struct node *pptr, int *ptaller);
struct node *insert_LeftBalance(struct node *pptr);
struct node *insert_RightBalance(struct node *pptr);
struct node *del(struct node *pptr, int dkey);
struct node *del left check(struct node *pptr, int *pshorter);
struct node *del_right_check(struct node *pptr, int *pshorter);
struct node *del LeftBalance(struct node *pptr,int *pshorter);
struct node *del_RightBalance(struct node *pptr,int *pshorter);
void display(struct node *ptr,int level);
int main()
{
    int choice, key;
    struct node *root = NULL;
    while(1)
    {
         printf("\n");
         printf("1.Insert\n");
         printf("2.Display\n");
         printf("3.Delete\n");
         printf("4.Inorder Traversal\n");
         printf("5.Quit\n");
         printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
         scanf("%d",&choice);
```

```
switch(choice)
          {
          case 1:
              printf("\nEnter the key to be inserted : ");
              scanf("%d",&key);
              root = insert(root,key);
              break;
    case 2:
              printf("\n");
              display(root,0);
              printf("\n");
              break;
          case 3:
              printf("\nEnter the key to be deleted : ");
              scanf("%d",&key);
              root = del(root,key);
              break;
          case 4:
              inorder(root);
              break;
          case 5:
              exit(1);
          default:
              printf("Wrong choice\n");
         }
    }
 return 0;
void display(struct node *ptr,int level)
{
    int i;
    if(ptr == NULL )
          return;
    else
  {
          display(ptr->rchild, level+1);
          printf("\n");
          for (i=0; i<level; i++)
              printf(" ");
         printf("%d", ptr->info);
          display(ptr->lchild, level+1);
```

```
}
}
struct node *insert(struct node *pptr, int ikey)
    static int taller;
    if(pptr==NULL)
          pptr = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
         pptr->info = ikey;
         pptr->lchild = NULL;
         pptr->rchild = NULL;
         pptr->balance = 0;
         taller = TRUE;
    }
    else if(ikey < pptr->info)
    {
          pptr->lchild = insert(pptr->lchild, ikey);
         if(taller==TRUE)
              pptr = insert_left_check( pptr, &taller );
    else if(ikey > pptr->info)
    {
          pptr->rchild = insert(pptr->rchild, ikey);
         if(taller==TRUE)
              pptr = insert_right_check(pptr, &taller);
    }
    else
    {
          printf("Duplicate key\n");
         taller = FALSE;
    return pptr;
struct node *insert_left_check(struct node *pptr, int *ptaller )
    switch(pptr->balance)
    {
     case 0:
         pptr->balance = 1;
         break;
     case -1:
          pptr->balance = 0;
          *ptaller = FALSE;
              break;
```

```
case 1:
         pptr = insert_LeftBalance(pptr);
         *ptaller = FALSE;
    }
    return pptr;
struct node *insert_right_check(struct node *pptr, int *ptaller )
    switch(pptr->balance)
    {
     case 0:
         pptr->balance = -1;
         break;
     case 1:
         pptr->balance = 0;
         *ptaller = FALSE;
         break;
     case -1:
         pptr = insert_RightBalance(pptr);
         *ptaller = FALSE;
    }
    return pptr;
struct node *insert_LeftBalance(struct node *pptr)
    struct node *aptr, *bptr;
    aptr = pptr->lchild;
    if(aptr->balance == 1)
    {
         pptr->balance = 0;
         aptr->balance = 0;
         pptr = RotateRight(pptr);
    }
    else
    {
         bptr = aptr->rchild;
         switch(bptr->balance)
         case -1:
              pptr->balance = 0;
              aptr->balance = 1;
              break;
         case 1:
              pptr->balance = -1;
```

```
aptr->balance = 0;
              break;
         case 0:
              pptr->balance = 0;
              aptr->balance = 0;
         bptr->balance = 0;
         pptr->lchild = RotateLeft(aptr);
         pptr = RotateRight(pptr);
    }
    return pptr;
}
struct node *insert_RightBalance(struct node *pptr)
{
    struct node *aptr, *bptr;
    aptr = pptr->rchild;
    if(aptr->balance == -1)
         pptr->balance = 0;
         aptr->balance = 0;
         pptr = RotateLeft(pptr);
    }
    else
    {
         bptr = aptr->lchild;
         switch(bptr->balance)
         {
         case -1:
              pptr->balance = 1;
              aptr->balance = 0;
              break;
         case 1:
              pptr->balance = 0;
              aptr->balance = -1;
              break:
         case 0:
              pptr->balance = 0;
              aptr->balance = 0;
         }
         bptr->balance = 0;
         pptr->rchild = RotateRight(aptr);
         pptr = RotateLeft(pptr);
    }
    return pptr;
```

```
}
struct node *RotateLeft(struct node *pptr)
    struct node *aptr;
    aptr = pptr->rchild;
    pptr->rchild = aptr->lchild;
    aptr->lchild = pptr;
    return aptr;
struct node *RotateRight(struct node *pptr)
{
    struct node *aptr;
    aptr = pptr->lchild;
    pptr->lchild = aptr->rchild;
    aptr->rchild = pptr;
    return aptr;
}
struct node *del(struct node *pptr, int dkey)
{
    struct node *tmp, *succ;
    static int shorter;
    if( pptr == NULL)
    {
         printf("Key not present \n");
         shorter = FALSE;
         return(pptr);
    }
    if( dkey < pptr->info )
         pptr->lchild = del(pptr->lchild, dkey);
         if(shorter == TRUE)
              pptr = del_left_check(pptr, &shorter);
    }
    else if( dkey > pptr->info )
         pptr->rchild = del(pptr->rchild, dkey);
         if(shorter==TRUE)
              pptr = del_right_check(pptr, &shorter);
    }
    else
    {
         if( pptr->lchild!=NULL && pptr->rchild!=NULL )
              succ = pptr->rchild;
```

```
while(succ->lchild)
                   succ = succ->lchild;
              pptr->info = succ->info;
              pptr->rchild = del(pptr->rchild, succ->info);
              if( shorter == TRUE )
                   pptr = del_right_check(pptr, &shorter);
         }
         else
         {
              tmp = pptr;
              if( pptr->lchild != NULL )
                   pptr = pptr->lchild;
              else if( pptr->rchild != NULL)
                   pptr = pptr->rchild;
              else
                   pptr = NULL;
              free(tmp);
              shorter = TRUE;
         }
    }
    return pptr;
}
struct node *del_left_check(struct node *pptr, int *pshorter)
{
    switch(pptr->balance)
    {
         case 0:
              pptr->balance = -1;
              *pshorter = FALSE;
              break;
         case 1:
              pptr->balance = 0;
              break;
         case -1:
              pptr = del_RightBalance(pptr, pshorter);
    }
    return pptr;
struct node *del_right_check(struct node *pptr, int *pshorter)
{
    switch(pptr->balance)
         case 0:
              pptr->balance = 1;
```

```
*pshorter = FALSE;
              break;
         case -1:
              pptr->balance = 0;
              break;
         case 1:
              pptr = del_LeftBalance(pptr, pshorter );
    }
    return pptr;
}
struct node *del_LeftBalance(struct node *pptr,int *pshorter)
{
    struct node *aptr, *bptr;
    aptr = pptr->lchild;
    if( aptr->balance == 0)
    {
         pptr->balance = 1;
         aptr->balance = -1;
         *pshorter = FALSE;
         pptr = RotateRight(pptr);
    }
    else if(aptr->balance == 1)
    {
         pptr->balance = 0;
         aptr->balance = 0;
         pptr = RotateRight(pptr);
    }
    else
    {
         bptr = aptr->rchild;
         switch(bptr->balance)
              case 0:
                   pptr->balance = 0;
                   aptr->balance = 0;
                   break;
              case 1:
                   pptr->balance = -1;
                   aptr->balance = 0;
                   break;
              case -1:
                   pptr->balance = 0;
                   aptr->balance = 1;
         }
```

```
bptr->balance = 0;
         pptr->lchild = RotateLeft(aptr);
         pptr = RotateRight(pptr);
    }
    return pptr;
}
struct node *del_RightBalance(struct node *pptr,int *pshorter)
    struct node *aptr, *bptr;
    aptr = pptr->rchild;
    if (aptr->balance == 0)
    {
         pptr->balance = -1;
         aptr->balance = 1;
         *pshorter = FALSE;
         pptr = RotateLeft(pptr);
    }
    else if(aptr->balance == -1)
    {
         pptr->balance = 0;
         aptr->balance = 0;
         pptr = RotateLeft(pptr);
    }
    else
    {
         bptr = aptr->lchild;
         switch(bptr->balance)
         {
              case 0:
                   pptr->balance = 0;
                   aptr->balance = 0;
                   break;
              case 1:
                   pptr->balance = 0;
                   aptr->balance = -1;
                   break;
              case -1:
                   pptr->balance = 1;
                   aptr->balance = 0;
         bptr->balance = 0;
         pptr->rchild = RotateRight(aptr);
         pptr = RotateLeft(pptr);
    }
```

```
return pptr;
}
void inorder(struct node *ptr)
{
    if(ptr!=NULL)
    {
        inorder(ptr->lchild);
        printf("%d ",ptr->info);
        inorder(ptr->rchild);
    }
}
```

```
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key to be inserted: 8
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key to be inserted : 2
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key to be inserted: 4
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key to be inserted : 9
```

```
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key to be inserted : 9
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key to be inserted : 12
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key to be inserted : 15
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key to be inserted: 3
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
```

```
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 2
        15
    12
9
        8
    4
            3
        2
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 3
Enter the key to be deleted : 3
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 2
        15
    12
```

```
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 2
        15
    12
9
        8
    4
        2
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 3
Enter the key to be deleted : 9
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 2
    15
12
        8
    4
        2
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
```

```
3.Delete
4.Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 2
    15
12
        8
    4
        2
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 4
2 4 8 12 15
1.Insert
2.Display
3.Delete
4. Inorder Traversal
5.Quit
Enter your choice : 5
Process exited after 168.7 seconds with return value 1
Press any key to continue . . .
```

QUESTION 3:

Write a C program to implement Hashing using Linear probing techniques.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define TABLE_SIZE 10
```

```
int h[TABLE_SIZE]={NULL};
void insert()
int key,index,i,flag=0,hkey;
printf("\nenter a value to insert into hash table\n");
scanf("%d",&key);
hkey=key%TABLE SIZE;
for(i=0;i<TABLE_SIZE;i++)</pre>
  {
  index=(hkey+i)%TABLE_SIZE;
  if(h[index] == NULL)
    h[index]=key;
     break;
  }
  }
  if(i == TABLE_SIZE)
  printf("\nelement cannot be inserted\n");
void search()
int key,index,i,flag=0,hkey;
printf("\nenter search element\n");
scanf("%d",&key);
hkey=key%TABLE SIZE;
for(i=0;i<TABLE_SIZE; i++)</pre>
  index=(hkey+i)%TABLE_SIZE;
  if(h[index]==key)
   printf("value is found at index %d",index);
   break;
 }
 if(i == TABLE_SIZE)
  printf("\n value is not found\n");
```

```
}
void display()
 int i;
 printf("\nelements in the hash table are \n");
 for(i=0;i< TABLE_SIZE; i++)</pre>
 printf("\nat index %d \t value = %d",i,h[i]);
}
main()
  int opt,i;
  while(1)
     printf("\nPress 1. Insert\t 2. Display \t3. Search \t4.Exit \n");
     scanf("%d",&opt);
     switch(opt)
     {
       case 1:
          insert();
          break;
       case 2:
          display();
          break;
       case 3:
          search();
          break;
       case 4:exit(0);
     }
  }
```

```
Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search
                                            4.Exit
enter a value to insert into hash table
Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search
                                            4.Exit
enter a value to insert into hash table
13
Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search
                                            4.Exit
1
enter a value to insert into hash table
22
Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search
                                            4.Exit
elements in the hash table are
at index 0
               value = 0
at index 1
               value = 0
at index 2
               value = 12
at index 3
               value = 13
at index 4
               value = 22
at index 5
               value = 0
at index 6
               value = 0
at index 7
               value = 0
at index 8
               value = 0
at index 9
               value = 0
Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search
                                            4.Exit
enter search element
12
value is found at index 2
```

QUESTION 4:

#include <stdio.h>

Write a C program to implement bubble sort.

```
void bubble_sort(int arr[], int n) {
 int i, j;
 for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
   if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
     int temp = arr[j];
     arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
     arr[j + 1] = temp;
   }
  }
 }
int main() {
 int arr[] = {64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90};
 int n = sizeof(arr[0]);
 bubble sort(arr, n);
 printf("Sorted array: ");
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  printf("%d ", arr[i]);
```

```
}
return 0;
}
```

QUESTION 5:

Write a C program to implement selection sort.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void selection(int arr[], int n)
{
  int i, j, small;
  for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
  {
     small = i;
     for (j = i+1; j < n; j++)
     if (arr[j] < arr[small])</pre>
        small = j;
  int temp = arr[small];
  arr[small] = arr[i];
  arr[i] = temp;
  }
void printArr(int a[], int n)
{
  int i;
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     printf("%d ", a[i]);
int main()
{
  int a[] = { 12, 31, 25, 8, 32, 17 };
  int n = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
  printf("Before sorting array elements are - \n");
```

```
printArr(a, n);
  selection(a, n);
  printf("\nAfter sorting array elements are - \n");
  printArr(a, n);
  return 0;
}
```

QUESTION 6:

Write a C program to implement insertion sort.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void insert(int a[], int n)
{
  int i, j, temp;
  for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
     temp = a[i];
     j = i - 1;
     while(j>=0 && temp <= a[j])
        a[j+1] = a[j];
       j = j-1;
     }
     a[j+1] = temp;
  }
void printArr(int a[], int n)
{
  int i;
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     printf("%d ", a[i]);
}
```

```
int main()
{
    int a[] = { 12, 31, 25, 8, 32, 17 };
    int n = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
    printf("Before sorting array elements are - \n");
    printArr(a, n);
    insert(a, n);
    printf("\nAfter sorting array elements are - \n");
    printArr(a, n);
    return 0;
}
```

QUESTION 7:

Write a C program to implement quick sort.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int* a, int* b) {
    int t = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = t;
}
int partition(int arr[], int low, int high) {
    int pivot = arr[high];
    int i = (low - 1);

for (int j = low; j <= high - 1; j++) {
    if (arr[j] < pivot) {
        i++;
        swap(&arr[i], &arr[j]);
    }
}</pre>
```

```
}
  swap(&arr[i + 1], &arr[high]);
  return (i + 1);
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
  if (low < high) {
     int pi = partition(arr, low, high);
     quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1);
     quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high);
  }
}
void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
  int i;
  for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
     printf("%d", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
}
int main() {
  int arr[] = { 12, 17, 6, 25, 1, 5 };
  int n = sizeof(arr[0]);
  quickSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
  printf("Sorted array: \n");
  printArray(arr, n);
  return 0;
}
```

```
Sorted array:
1 5 6 12 17 25

-----
Process exited after 0.5511 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

QUESTION 8:

Write a C program to implement merge sort.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void merge(int a[], int beg, int mid, int end)
{
```

```
int i, j, k;
  int n1 = mid - beg + 1;
  int n2 = end - mid;
  int LeftArray[n1], RightArray[n2];
  for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
  LeftArray[i] = a[beg + i];
  for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)
  RightArray[j] = a[mid + 1 + j];
  i = 0;
  j = 0;
  k = beg;
  while (i < n1 && j < n2)
     if(LeftArray[i] <= RightArray[j])</pre>
       a[k] = LeftArray[i];
       i++;
     }
     else
       a[k] = RightArray[j];
       j++;
     }
     k++;
  while (i<n1)
     a[k] = LeftArray[i];
     i++;
     k++;
  }
  while (j<n2)
     a[k] = RightArray[j];
     j++;
     k++;
  }
void mergeSort(int a[], int beg, int end)
{
  if (beg < end)
     int mid = (beg + end) / 2;
```

}

```
mergeSort(a, beg, mid);
     mergeSort(a, mid + 1, end);
     merge(a, beg, mid, end);
  }
}
void printArray(int a[], int n)
  int i;
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     printf("%d ", a[i]);
  printf("\n");
}
int main()
  int a[] = \{ 12, 31, 25, 8, 32, 17, 40, 42 \};
  int n = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
  printf("Before sorting array elements are - \n");
  printArray(a, n);
  mergeSort(a, 0, n - 1);
  printf("After sorting array elements are - \n");
  printArray(a, n);
  return 0;
}
```