

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
train = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
train.head()
```

Out[2]:

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	Coappl
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	6000	

```
In [3]: train.shape
```

Out[3]: (614, 13)

```
In [4]: train.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 614 entries, 0 to 613
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Loan_ID               614 non-null    object
1   Gender                601 non-null    object
2   Married               611 non-null    object
3   Dependents            599 non-null    object
4   Education             614 non-null    object
5   Self_Employed         582 non-null    object
6   ApplicantIncome       614 non-null    int64
7   CoapplicantIncome     614 non-null    float64
8   LoanAmount            592 non-null    float64
9   Loan_Amount_Term      600 non-null    float64
10  Credit_History        564 non-null    float64
11  Property_Area         614 non-null    object
12  Loan_Status           614 non-null    object
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(8)
memory usage: 62.5+ KB
```

```
In [5]: train.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[5]: Loan_ID      0
        Gender      13
        Married      3
        Dependents   15
        Education     0
        Self_Employed 32
        ApplicantIncome 0
        CoapplicantIncome 0
        LoanAmount    22
        Loan_Amount_Term 14
        Credit_History 50
        Property_Area  0
        Loan_Status    0
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [6]: train.describe()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
count	614.000000	614.000000	592.000000	600.000000	564.000000
mean	5403.459283	1621.245798	146.412162	342.000000	0.842199
std	6109.041673	2926.248369	85.587325	65.12041	0.364878
min	150.000000	0.000000	9.000000	12.000000	0.000000
25%	2877.500000	0.000000	100.000000	360.000000	1.000000
50%	3812.500000	1188.500000	128.000000	360.000000	1.000000
75%	5795.000000	2297.250000	168.000000	360.000000	1.000000
max	81000.000000	41667.000000	700.000000	480.000000	1.000000

```
In [7]: train.describe(include=[object])
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	Property_Area	Loan_Status
count	614	601	611	599	614	582	614	614
unique	614	2	2	4	2	2	3	2
top	LP001002	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	No	Semiurban	Y
freq	1	489	398	345	480	500	233	422

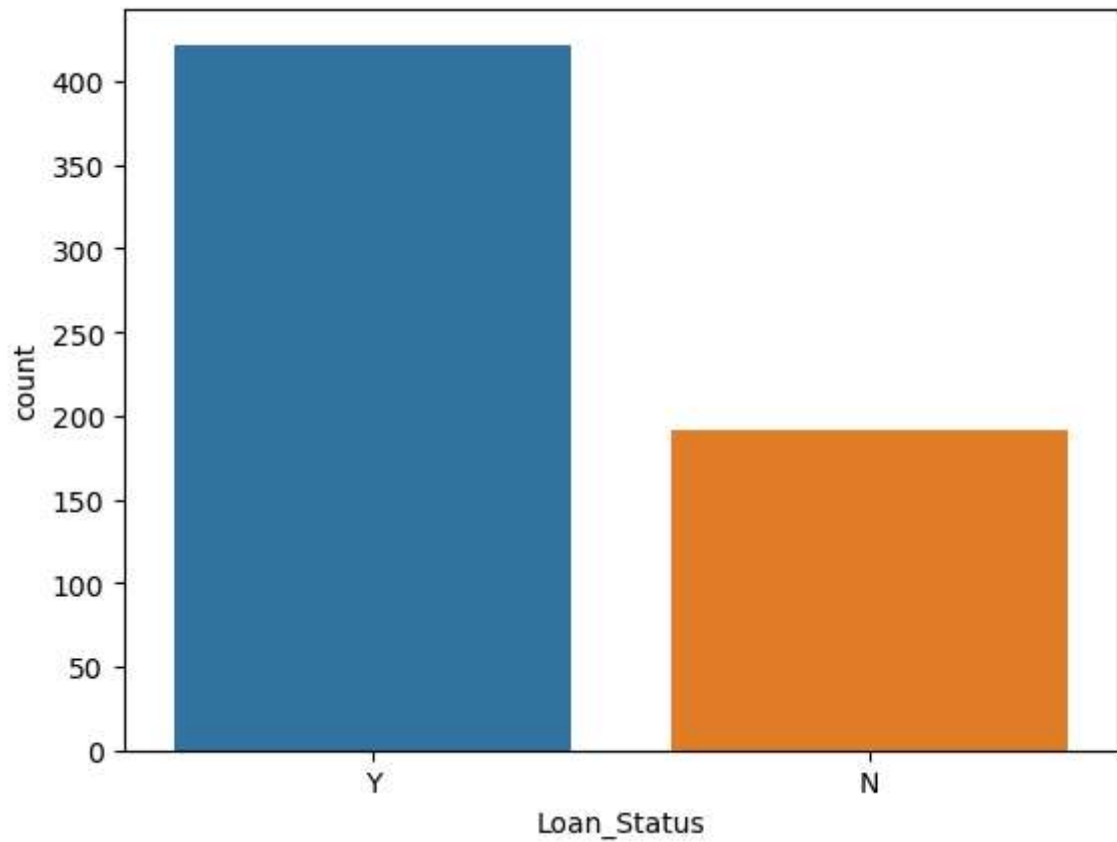
```
In [8]: train = train.drop(['Loan_ID'], axis=1)
```

```
In [9]: train['Loan_Status'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[9]: Y    422
        N    192
        Name: Loan_Status, dtype: int64
```

```
In [10]: import seaborn as sns  
sns.countplot(x=train['Loan_Status'])
```

```
Out[10]: <Axes: xlabel='Loan_Status', ylabel='count'>
```

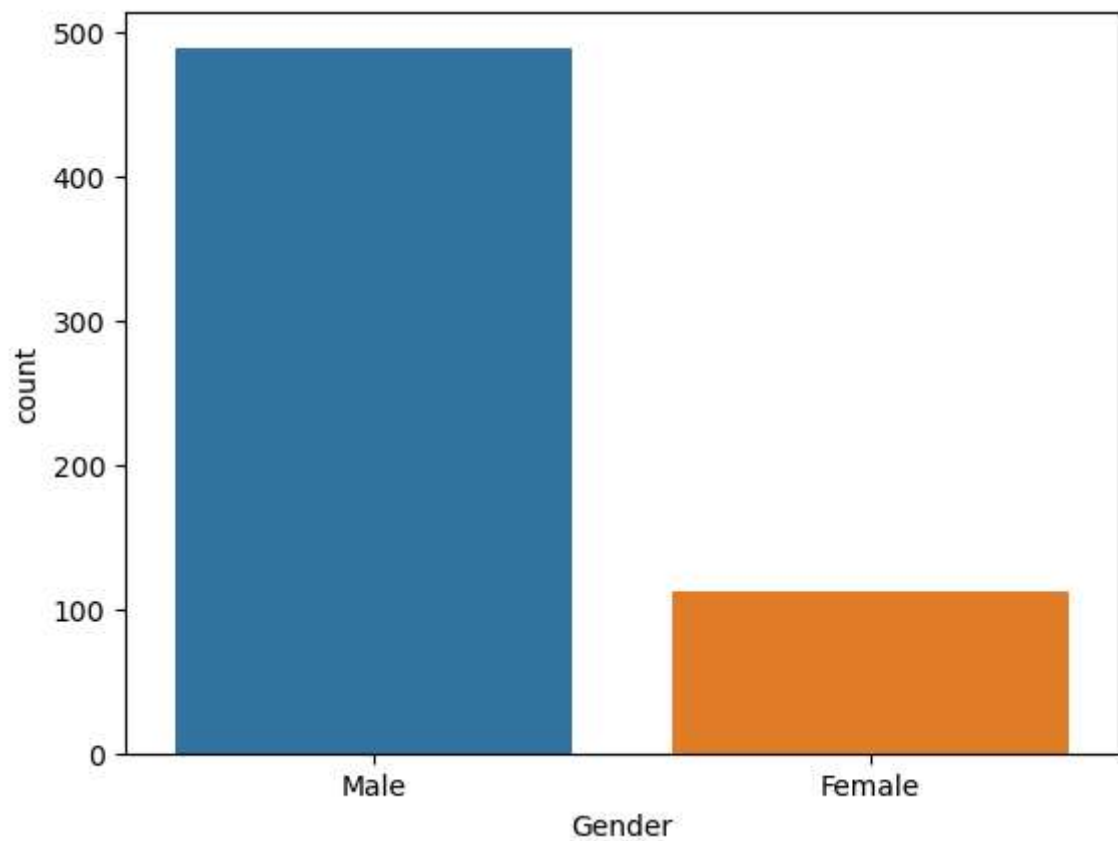


```
In [11]: train['Gender'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[11]: Male      489  
         Female    112  
         Name: Gender, dtype: int64
```

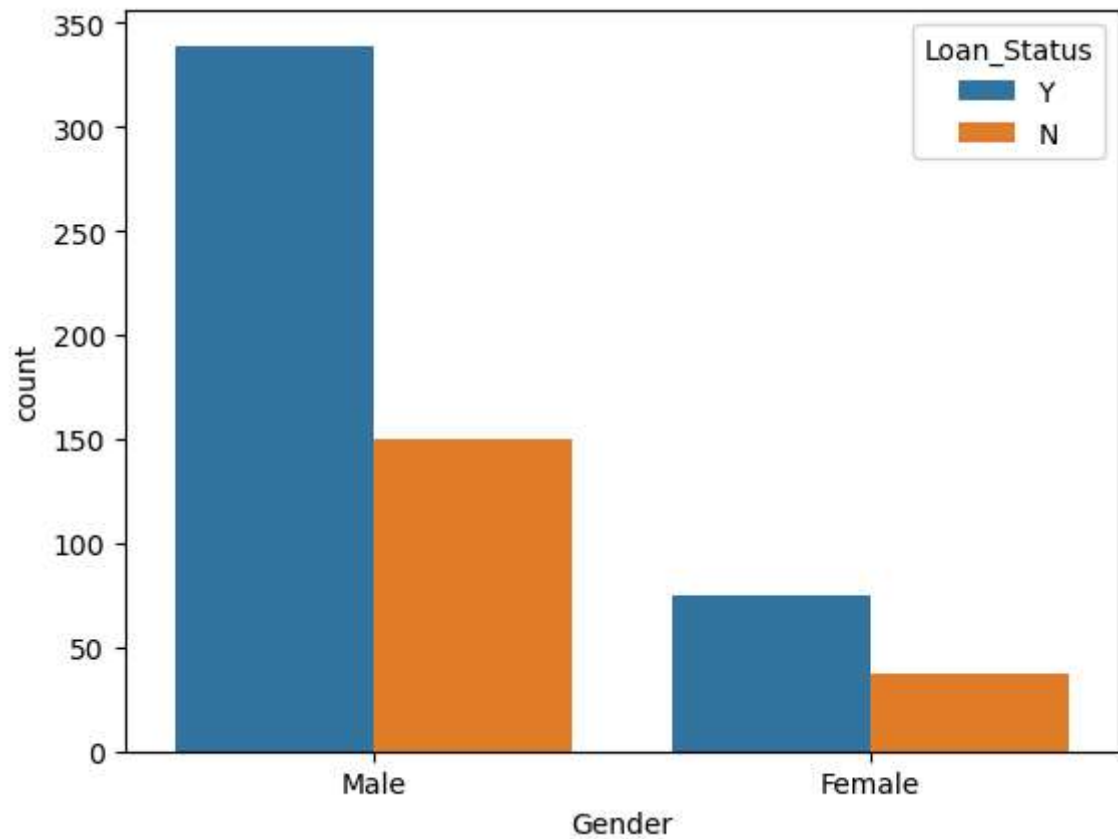
```
In [12]: sns.countplot(x=train['Gender'])
```

```
Out[12]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='count'>
```



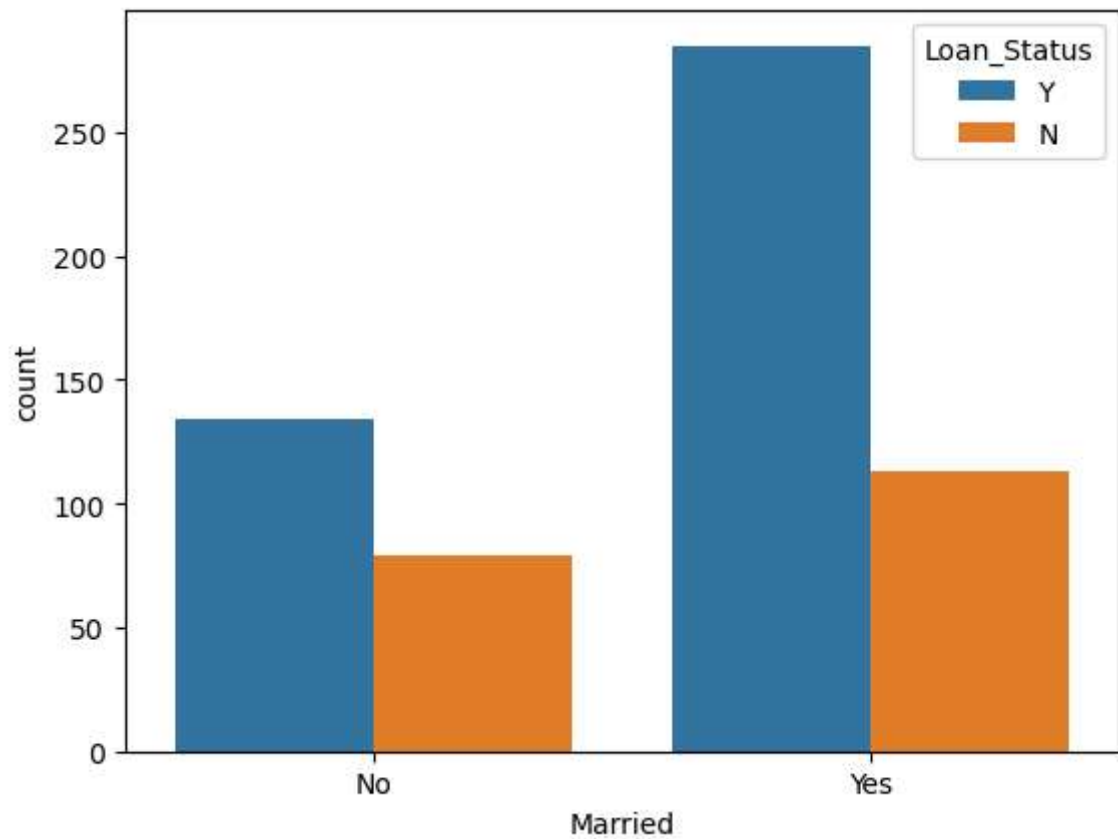
```
In [13]: sns.countplot(x=train['Gender'], hue=train['Loan_Status'])
```

```
Out[13]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='count'>
```



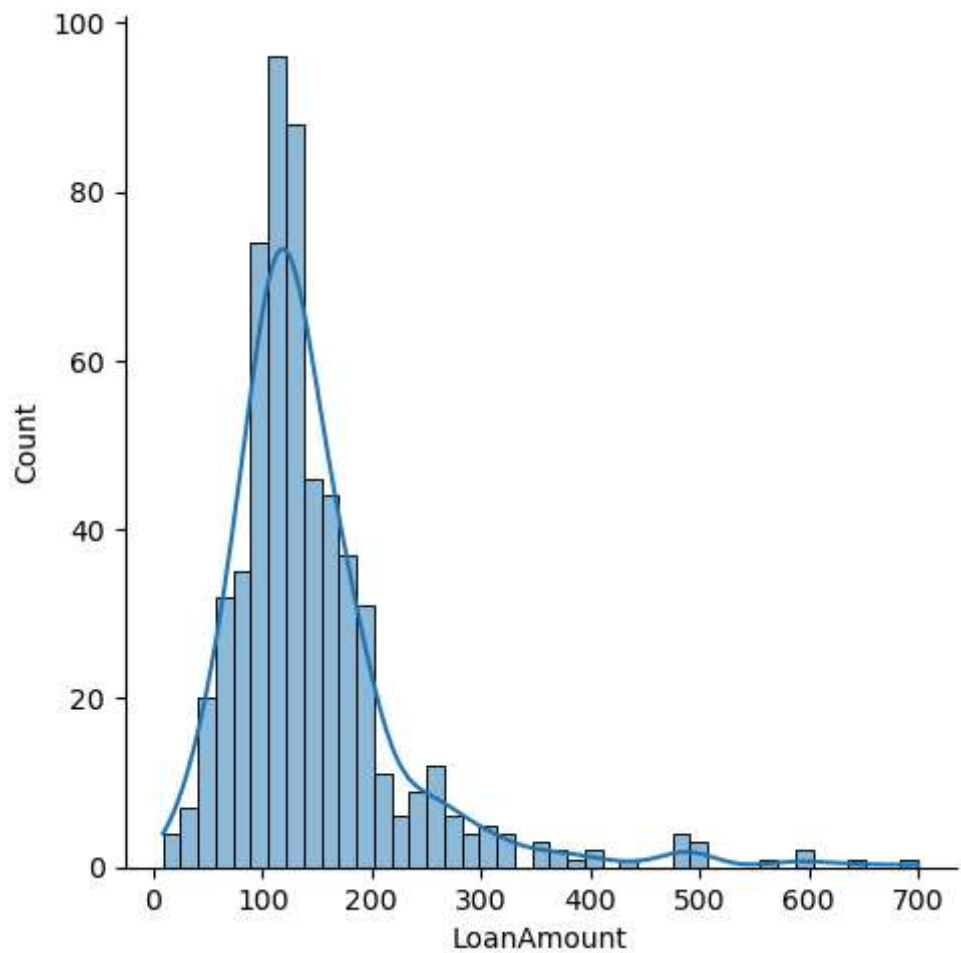
```
In [14]: sns.countplot(x='Married', data=train, hue='Loan_Status')
```

```
Out[14]: <Axes: xlabel='Married', ylabel='count'>
```



```
In [15]: sns.displot(train['LoanAmount'], kde=True)
```

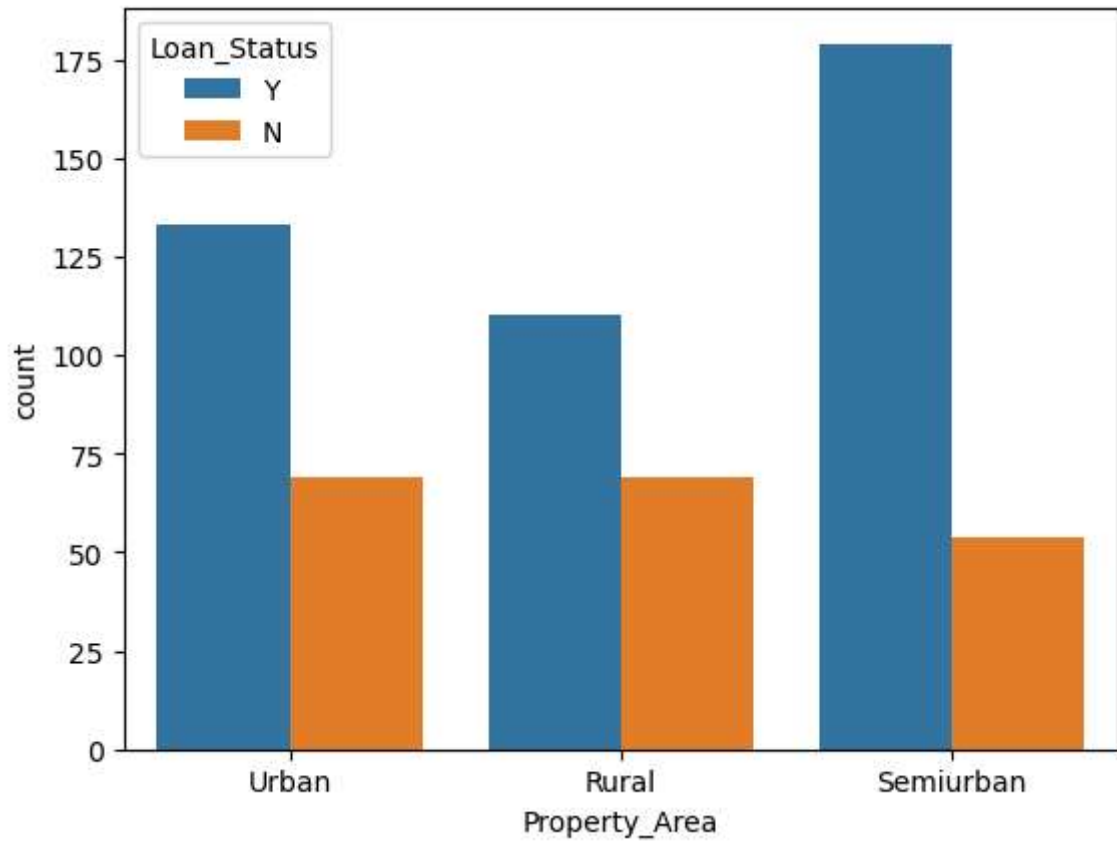
```
Out[15]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1a3b64dda50>
```



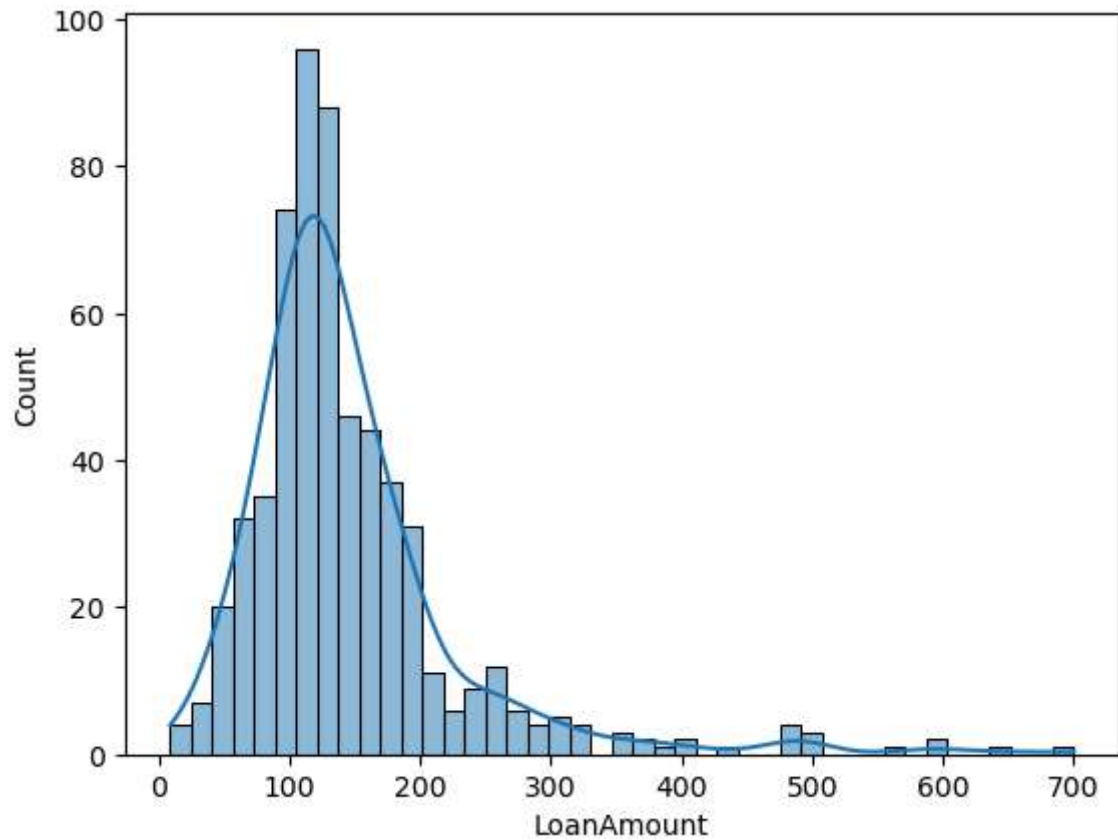
```
In [16]: train['LoanAmount'].skew()
```

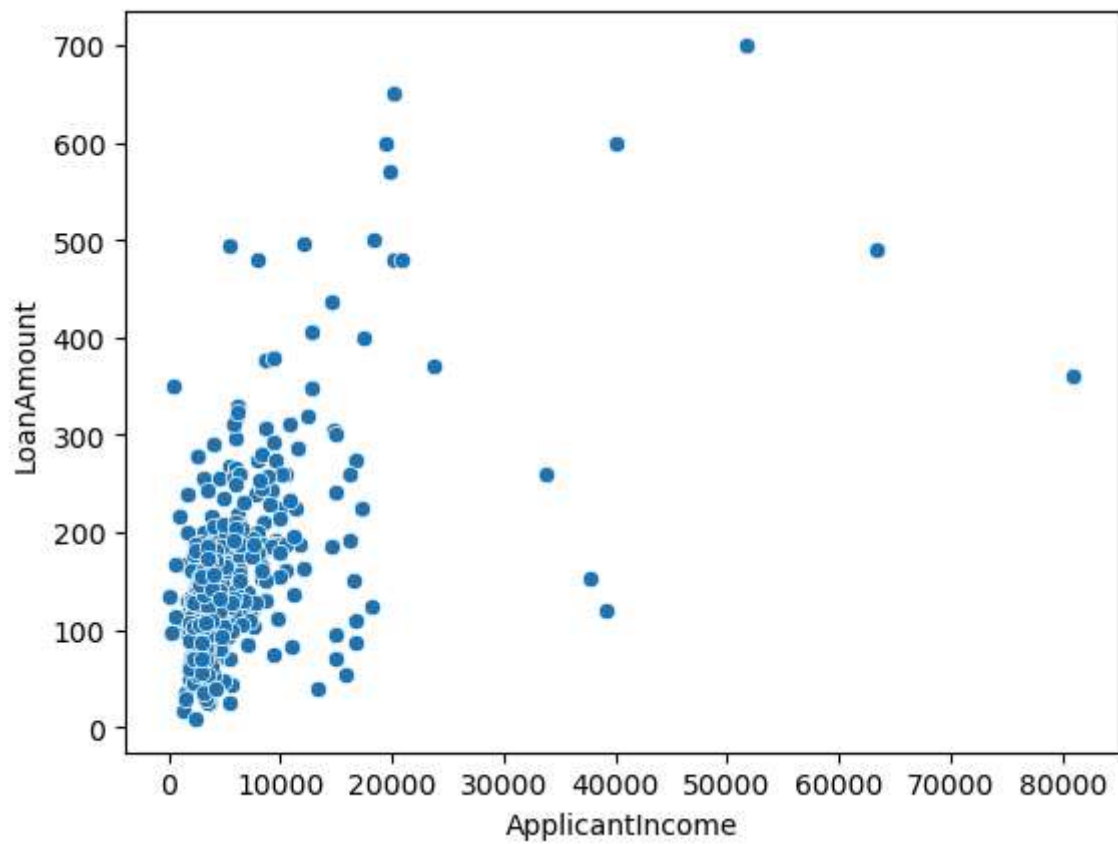
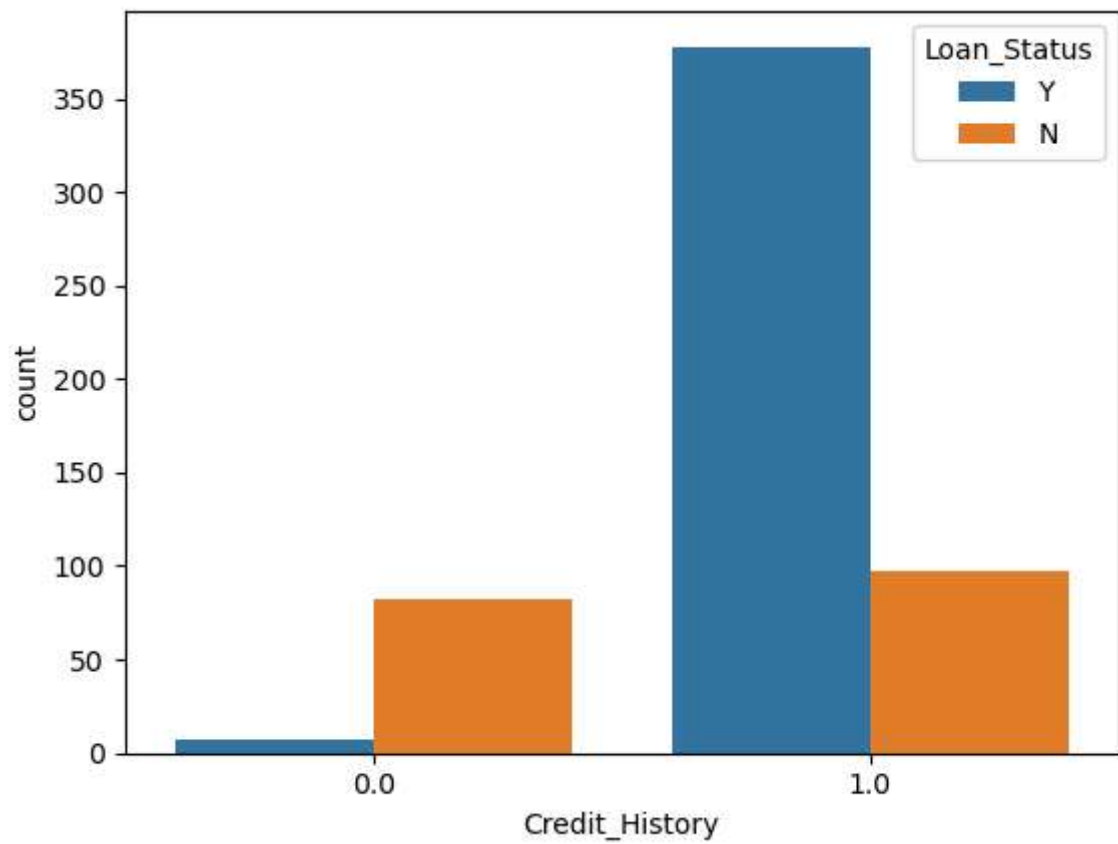
```
Out[16]: 2.677551679256059
```

```
In [17]: import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sns.countplot(data=train, x='Property_Area', hue='Loan_Status')
plt.show()
```



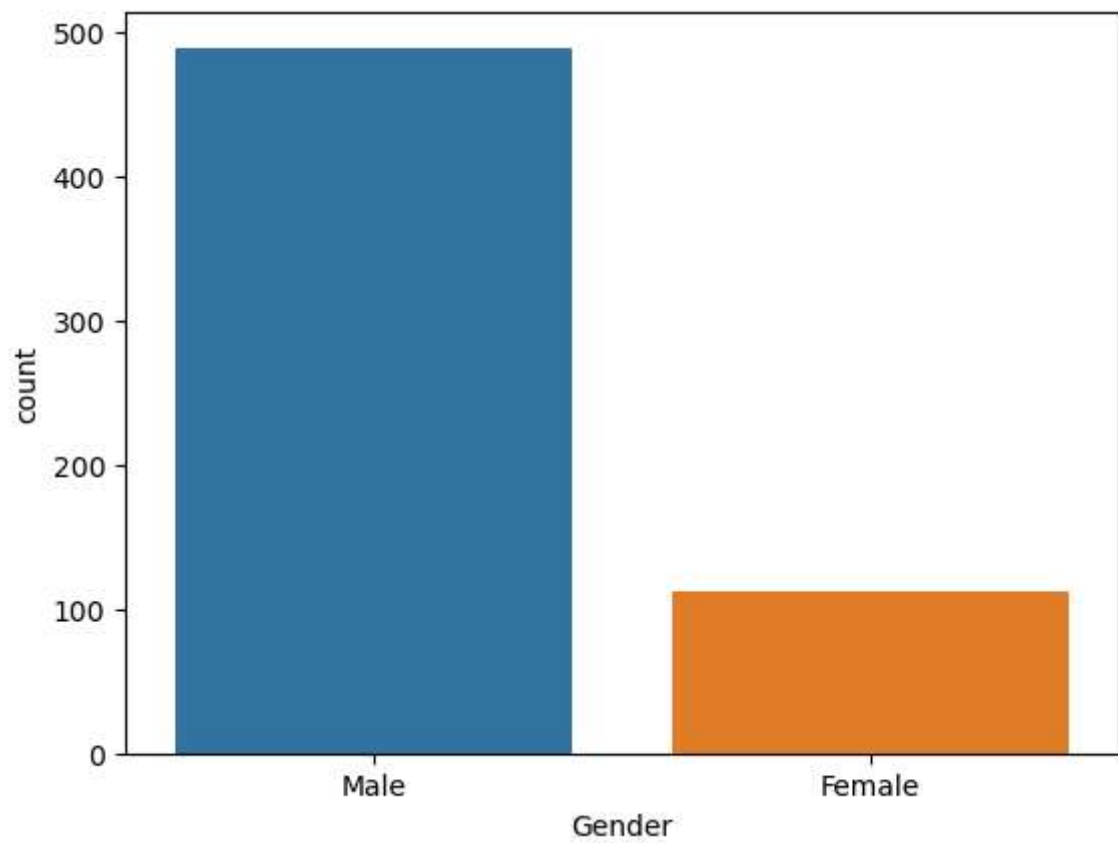

```
In [18]: import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sns.histplot(train['LoanAmount'], kde=True)
plt.show()
sns.countplot(data=train, x='Credit_History', hue='Loan_Status')
plt.show()
sns.scatterplot(data=train, x='ApplicantIncome', y='LoanAmount')
plt.show()
```





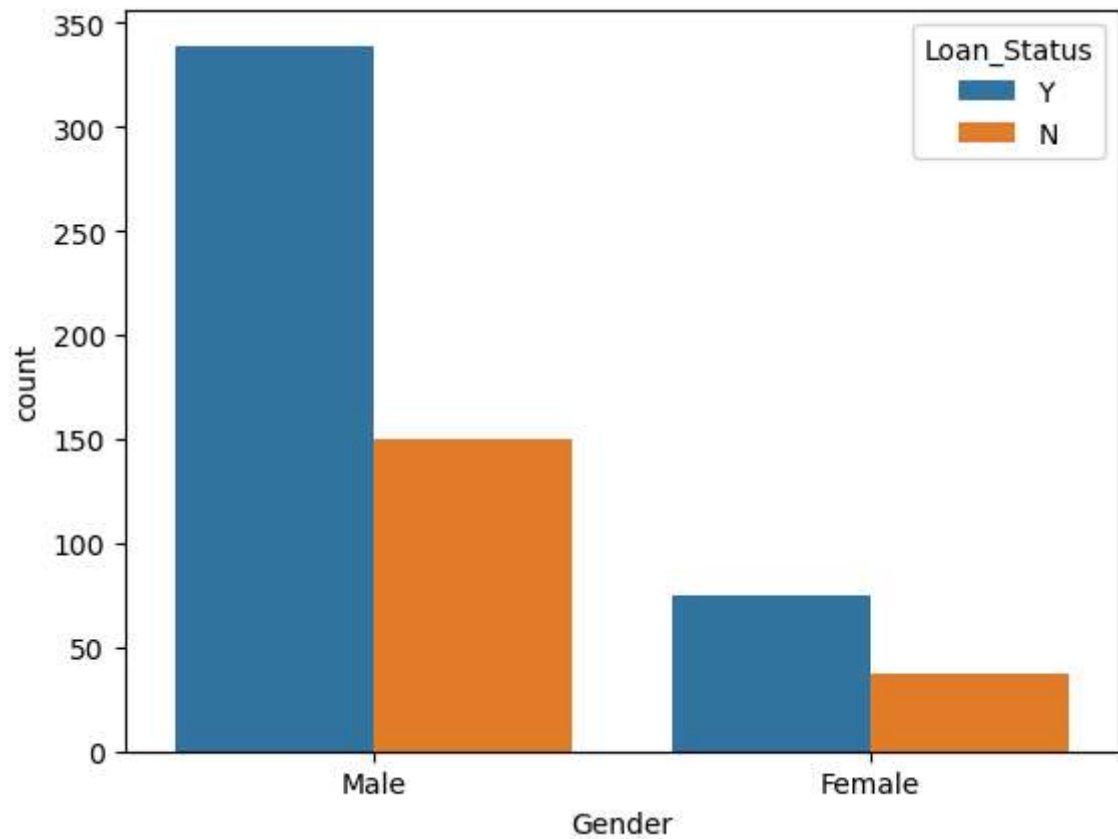
```
In [19]: sns.countplot(x=train['Gender'])
```

```
Out[19]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='count'>
```



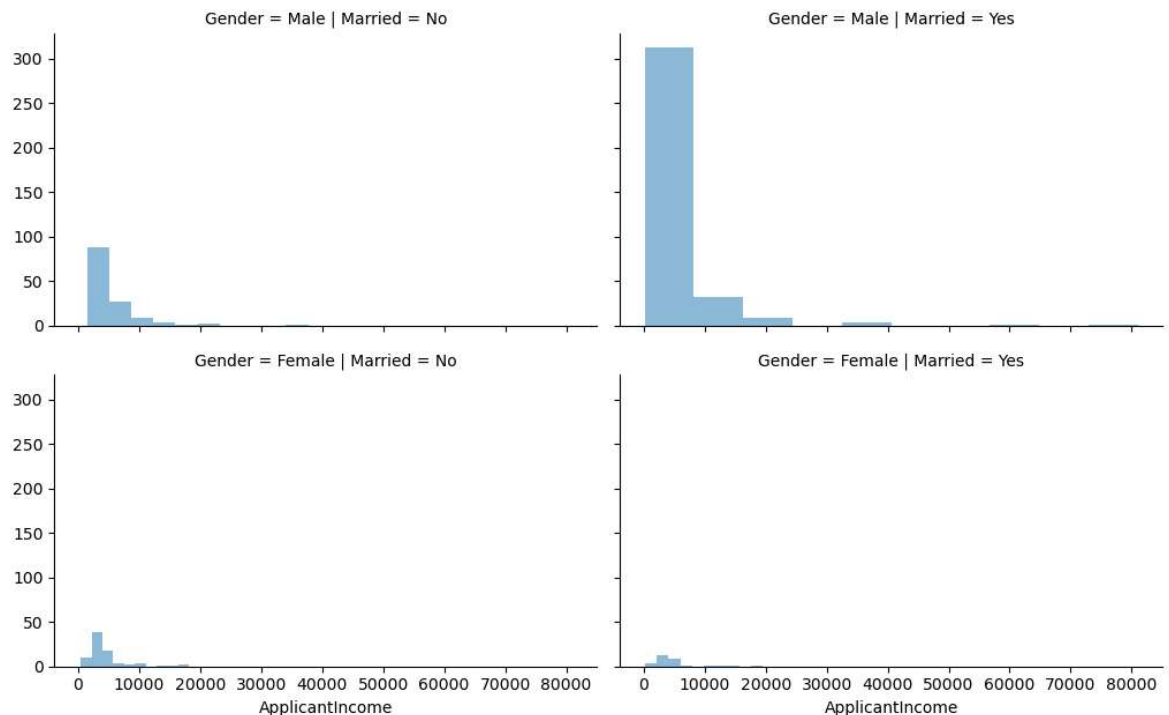
```
In [20]: sns.countplot(x=train['Gender'],hue=train['Loan_Status'])
```

```
Out[20]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='count'>
```



```
In [21]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
grid = sns.FacetGrid(train,row="Gender",col="Married",height=3.2,aspect=1.6)
grid.map(plt.hist,"ApplicantIncome",alpha=.5,bins=10)
grid.add_legend()
```

Out[21]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1a3b910add0>

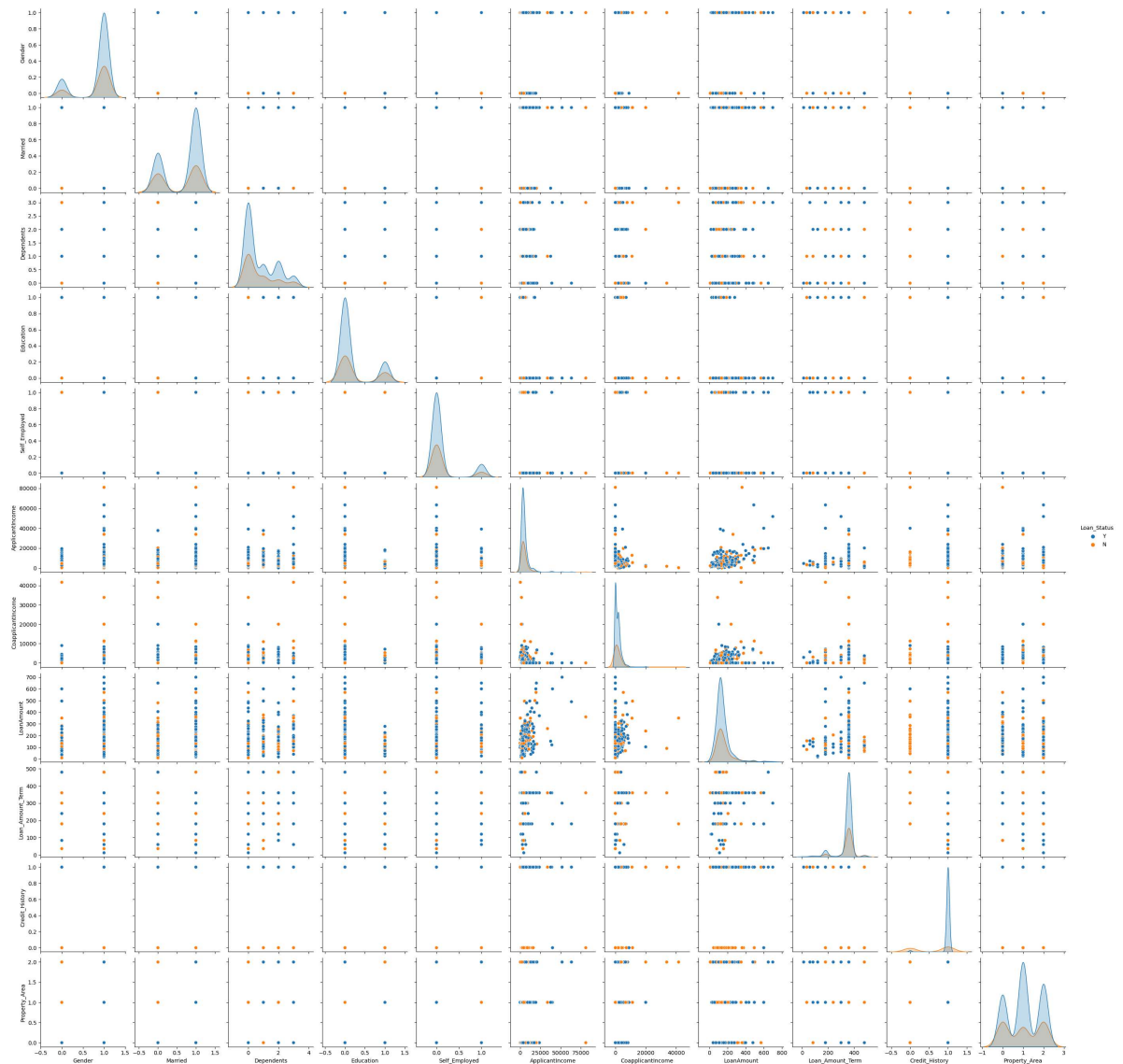


```
In [22]: # Filling missing values
train['Gender'] = train['Gender'].fillna(train['Gender'].mode()[0])
train['Married'] = train['Married'].fillna(train['Married'].mode()[0])
train['Dependents'].fillna(train['Dependents'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['Self_Employed'].fillna(train['Self_Employed'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['LoanAmount'].fillna(train['LoanAmount'].median(), inplace=True)
train['Loan_Amount_Term'].fillna(train['Loan_Amount_Term'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['Credit_History'].fillna(train['Credit_History'].median(), inplace=True)

# Encoding categorical features
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
feature_col = ['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Employed']
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
for col in feature_col:
    train[col] = label_encoder.fit_transform(train[col])
```

```
In [23]: sns.pairplot(train,hue="Loan_Status",height=2.5)
```

```
Out[23]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1a3b9223310>
```



```
In [24]: train.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[24]: Gender                0
Married                0
Dependents              0
Education               0
Self_Employed          0
ApplicantIncome         0
CoapplicantIncome       0
LoanAmount              0
Loan_Amount_Term        0
Credit_History          0
Property_Area           0
Loan_Status             0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [25]: train['Gender'] = train['Gender'].fillna(train['Gender'].mode()[0])
train['Married'] = train['Married'].fillna(train['Married'].mode()[0])
train['Dependents'].fillna(train['Dependents'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['Self_Employed'].fillna(train['Self_Employed'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['LoanAmount'].fillna(train['LoanAmount'].median(), inplace=True)
train['Loan_Amount_Term'].fillna(train['Loan_Amount_Term'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['Credit_History'].fillna(train['Credit_History'].median(), inplace=True)

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
feature_col = ['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Employed']
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
for col in feature_col:
    train[col] = label_encoder.fit_transform(train[col])
train.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[25]: Gender          0
Married          0
Dependents       0
Education        0
Self_Employed    0
ApplicantIncome  0
CoapplicantIncome 0
LoanAmount       0
Loan_Amount_Term 0
Credit_History   0
Property_Area     0
Loan_Status       0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [30]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
feature_col = ['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Employed', 'Property_Area']
le = LabelEncoder()
for col in feature_col:
    train[col] = le.fit_transform(train[col])
```

```
In [33]: train.Loan_Status = train.Loan_Status.replace({"Y": 1, "N": 0})
```

```
In [34]: train.head(3)
```

```
Out[34]:
```

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome
0	1	0	0	0	0	5849	0.0
1	1	1	1	0	0	4583	1508.0
2	1	1	0	0	1	3000	0.0

```
In [36]: train['total_income'] = train['ApplicantIncome'] + train['CoapplicantIncome']
```

```
In [37]: train.drop(columns = ['ApplicantIncome', 'CoapplicantIncome'], inplace=True)
```

```
In [38]: train.head(3)
```

Out[38]:

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	Property_Area	Loan_Status	total_income
0	1	0	0	0	0	128.0	360.0	1	low	A	128000
1	1	1	1	0	0	128.0	360.0	1	low	A	128000
2	1	1	0	0	1	66.0	360.0	1	low	A	66000



```
In [39]: train.columns
```

```
Out[39]: Index(['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Employed',  
               'LoanAmount', 'Loan_Amount_Term', 'Credit_History', 'Property_Area',  
               'Loan_Status', 'total_income'],  
              dtype='object')
```



```

In [40]: # Importing necessary Libraries
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

# Load the dataset
train = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
train = train.drop(['Loan_ID'], axis=1)

# Fill missing values
train['Gender'] = train['Gender'].fillna(train['Gender'].mode()[0])
train['Married'] = train['Married'].fillna(train['Married'].mode()[0])
train['Dependents'] = train['Dependents'].fillna(train['Dependents'].mode()[0])
train['Self_Employed'] = train['Self_Employed'].fillna(train['Self_Employed'].mode()[0])
train['LoanAmount'] = train['LoanAmount'].fillna(train['LoanAmount'].median())
train['Loan_Amount_Term'] = train['Loan_Amount_Term'].fillna(train['Loan_Amount_Term'].mode()[0])
train['Credit_History'] = train['Credit_History'].fillna(train['Credit_History'].mode()[0])

# Encode categorical features
feature_col = ['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Employed']
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
for col in feature_col:
    train[col] = label_encoder.fit_transform(train[col])

train['Loan_Status'] = train['Loan_Status'].map({'Y': 1, 'N': 0})
rel_feat = ['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Employed',
            'LoanAmount', 'Loan_Amount_Term', 'Credit_History', 'Property_Area',
            'ApplicantIncome', 'CoapplicantIncome', 'Loan_Status']

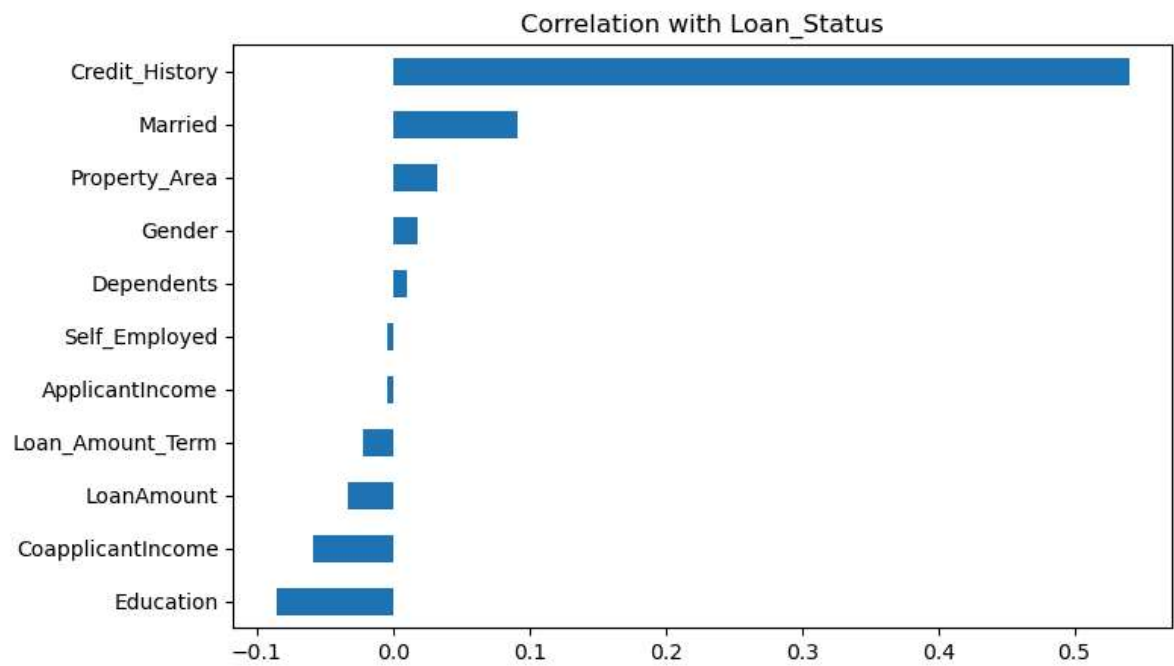
rel_feat_corr = train.corr(numeric_only=True)['Loan_Status'][rel_feat[:-1]]
print(rel_feat_corr)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
rel_feat_corr.sort_values().plot(kind='barh')
plt.title('Correlation with Loan_Status')
plt.show()

```

```

Gender          0.017987
Married         0.091478
Dependents      0.010118
Education       -0.085884
Self_Employed   -0.003700
LoanAmount      -0.033214
Loan_Amount_Term -0.022549
Credit_History  0.540556
Property_Area   0.032112
ApplicantIncome -0.004710
CoapplicantIncome -0.059187
Name: Loan_Status, dtype: float64

```



```
In [41]: # Import necessary Libraries
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_r

# Load the dataset
train = pd.read_csv("train.csv")

# Data preprocessing
# Drop the Loan_ID column (not required for modeling)
train = train.drop(['Loan_ID'], axis=1)

# Fill missing values
train['Gender'].fillna(train['Gender'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['Married'].fillna(train['Married'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['Dependents'].fillna(train['Dependents'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['Self_Employed'].fillna(train['Self_Employed'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['LoanAmount'].fillna(train['LoanAmount'].median(), inplace=True)
train['Loan_Amount_Term'].fillna(train['Loan_Amount_Term'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
train['Credit_History'].fillna(train['Credit_History'].median(), inplace=True)

# Encode categorical variables
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
categorical_cols = ['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Empl
le = LabelEncoder()
for col in categorical_cols:
    train[col] = le.fit_transform(train[col])

# Define features and target variable
X = train.drop(['Loan_Status'], axis=1) # Features
y = train['Loan_Status'] # Target

# Split data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random

# Train a Random Forest Classifier
model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Make predictions
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

# Evaluate the model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
class_report = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)

print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(conf_matrix)
print("Classification Report:")
print(class_report)
```

```
Accuracy: 0.7560975609756098
Confusion Matrix:
[[18 25]
 [ 5 75]]
Classification Report:
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.78        0.42        0.55         43
     1       0.75        0.94        0.83         80

 accuracy          0.76         123
  macro avg       0.77         123
 weighted avg     0.76         123
```

In []: