

Electrical and Computer Engineering

Computer Organization and Microprocessors – ENCS2380

Assembly Assignment

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Sec: 2

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My Code:

AREA RESET, DATA, READONLY

EXPORT __Vectors
__Vectors DCD 0x20001000; stack pointer value when stack is empty
DCD Reset_Handler; reset vector
align
;AREA DATA

AREA MYRAM, DATA, READWRITE

;Assigning initial values to the variables

Array DCB 34,56,27,156,200,68,128,235,17,45

Sumation DCD 0

EVENSUM DCD 0

Array2 DCB 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0

;AREA CODE

area mycode, code, readonly

;Naming the registers with names to know what we want to store in them

SUM RN R10

EVENsum RN R11

count RN R12

count2 RN R9

returnValue RN R6

ENTRY

 $EXPORT\ Reset_Handler$

Reset_Handler

BL GetSUM ;Calling the procedure GetSUM

LDR R5,=Sumation ;Take the address where we want to store the SUM

STR SUM,[R5] ;Data storage in memory

BL GetEVENSUM ;Calling the procedure GetEVENSUM

LDR R5,=EVENSUM ;Take the address where we want to store the EVENsum

STR EVENsum,[R5] ;Data storage in memory

MOV count,#10

LDR R1,=Array ;Marking the location of the first element in the Array To READ

LDR R5,=Array2 ;Marking the location of the first element in the Second Array TO Store

AGAIN3 LDRB R2,[R1] ;loop to pass the values

BL POW ;Calling the procedure POW

SUBS count,count,#1 ;Decrement for the counter

ADD R1,R1,#1 ;Take the second item's location To READ

STRB returnValue,[R5] ;Store Data in Memory

ADD R5,R5,#1 ;Take the second item's location To Store

BNE AGAIN3 ;Branch for loop

here B here

end

GetSUM :Procedure For Get the Sumation

;Give the required values for the program in the registry

MOV count,#10

MOV SUM ,#0

LDR R1, =Array ;Marking the location of the first element in the Array

AGAIN LDRB R2,[R1] ;A loop to add the values in the Array and put the sum into the SUM register

ADD SUM, SUM, R2

SUBS count,count,#1 ;Decrement for the counter

ADD R1,R1,#1 ;Take the second item's location To READ

BNE AGAIN ;Branch for loop

BX LR

GetEVENSUM ;Procedure For Get the even numbers Sumation

;Give the required values for the program in the registry

MOV EVENsum,#0

MOV count,#10

LDR R1, =Array ;Marking the location of the first element in the Array

AGAIN2 LDRB R2,[R1] ;A loop to add the EVEN values in the Array and put the sum into the SUM register

TST R2,#1 ;Check the first bit to see if the number is EVEN or Odd

BNE ODD ;Branch if is in not EVEN

ADD EVENsum,EVENsum,R2 ;Add it to EVENsum if it is EVEN

ODD

SUBS count,count,#1 ;Decrement for the counter

ADD R1,R1,#1 ;Take the second item's location To READ

BNE AGAIN2 ;Branch for loop

BX LR

count3 RN R8

POW ;Procedure For Find the largest power of 2 divisor that divides into a number

;Give the required values for the program in the registry

MOV count2,#8

mov R3,#1

mov count3,#0

CMP R2,#0 ;compare if it is ZERO

MOV returnValue,#0

BEQ leave ;Branch to leave

loop ;Loop for Find the largest power of 2 divisor that divides into a number

TST R2,R3 ;Check the specific bit to find which bit we arrive

BNE out

ADD count3,count3,#1

SUBS count2,count2,#1 ;Decrement for the counter

LSL R3,#1 ;Shift left to check the second bit

BNE loop ;Branch for loop

out

MOV returnValue,#1

MOV R7,#2

CMP count3,#0

BEQ leave

loop2 ;loop for get the Required Number

MUL returnValue,returnValue,R7 ; returnValue = returnValue * 2

SUBS count3,count3,#1 ;Decrement for the counter

BNE loop2 ;Branch for loop

leave BX LR

Output:

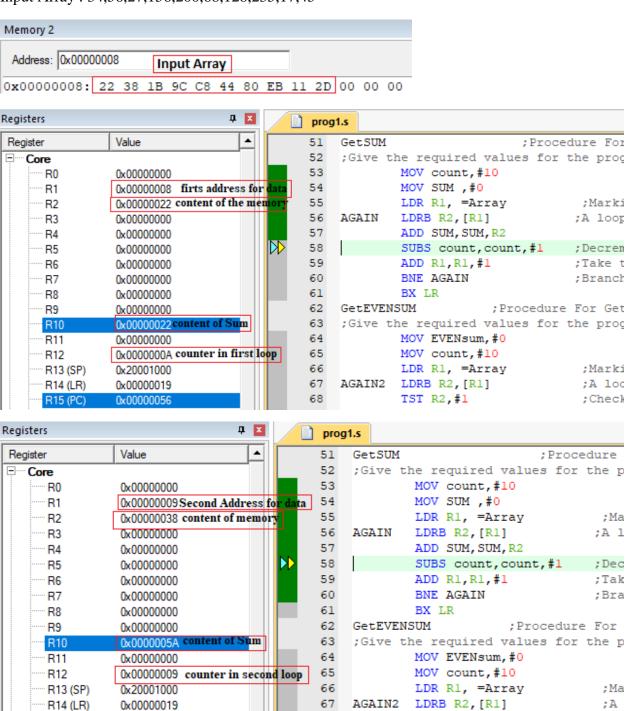
Input Array: 34,56,27,156,200,68,128,235,17,45

0x00000056

0x21000000

R15 (PC)

±·····xPSR



68

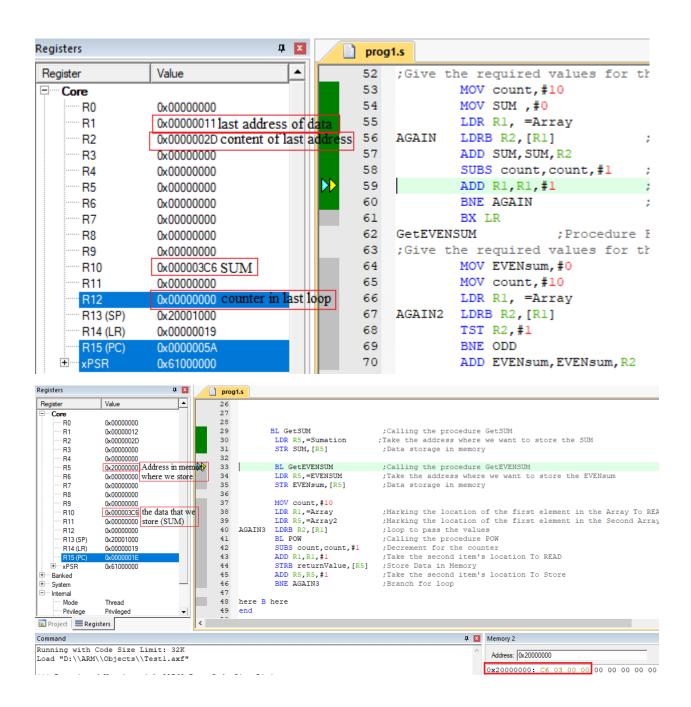
69

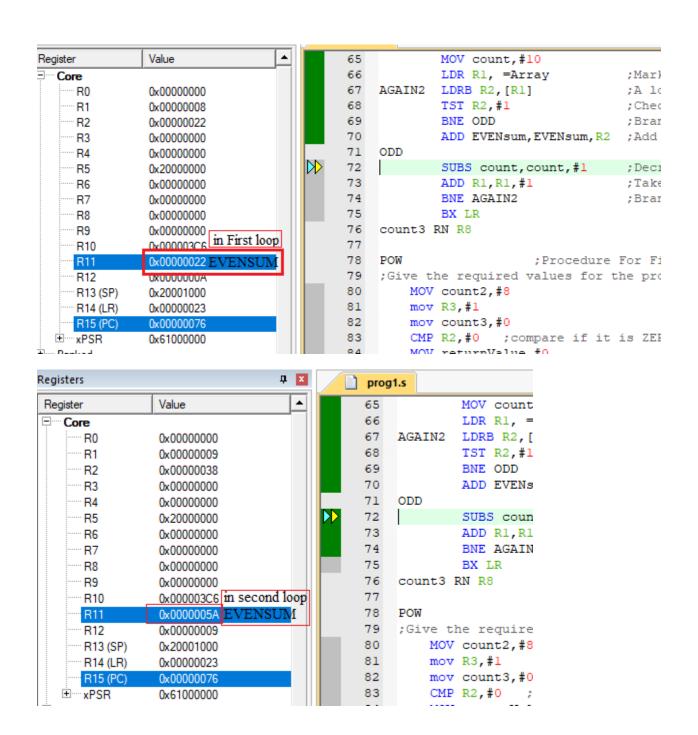
TST R2,#1

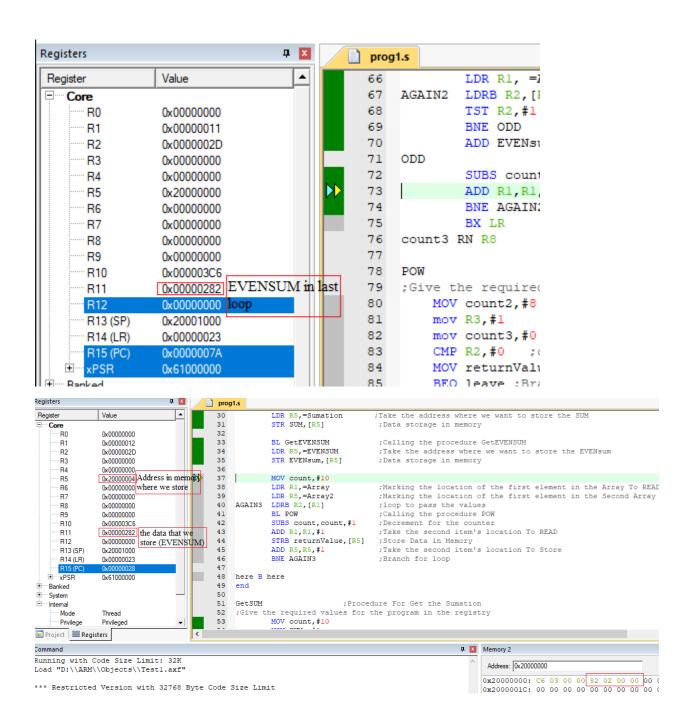
BNE ODD

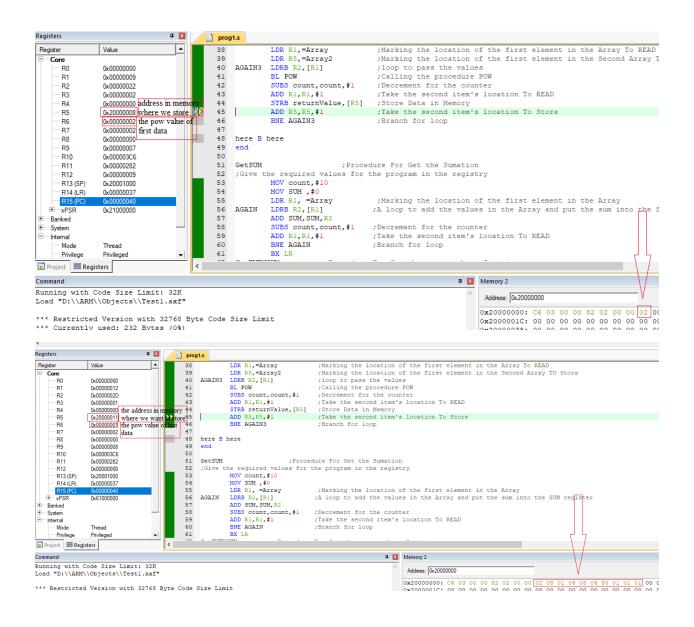
; Ch

;Br



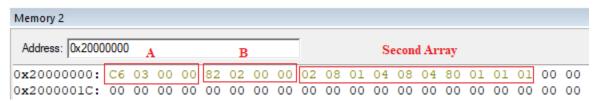






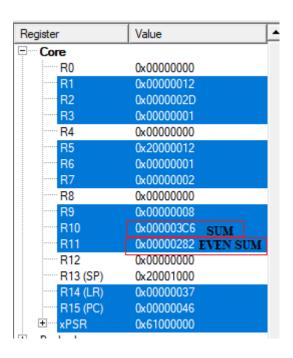
Input Array: 34,56,27,156,200,68,128,235,17,45

Output:



- 1- A (SUM) = 0x3C6
- 2- B (EVENsum) = 0x282
- 3- Second Array = $(34) \rightarrow \frac{0x2}{(56)} \rightarrow \frac{0x8}{(27)} \rightarrow \frac{0x1}{(156)} \rightarrow \frac{0x4}{(200)} \rightarrow \frac{0x8}{(68)} \rightarrow \frac{0x4}{(200)}$

$$(128) \rightarrow \frac{0x8}{(235)} \rightarrow \frac{0x1}{(17)} \rightarrow \frac{0x1}{(45)} \rightarrow \frac{0x1}{(45)}$$



Input Array: 4,5,7,16,20,8,28,25,7,5



- 1- A (SUM) = 0x7D
- 2- B (EVENsum) = 0x4C
- 3- Second Array = $(4) \rightarrow 0x4, (5) \rightarrow 0x1, (7) \rightarrow 0x1, (16) \rightarrow 0x10, (20) \rightarrow 0x4, (8) \rightarrow 0x8,$

