Università della Svizzera italiana

Facoltà di scienze informatiche

Introduction to PyTerrier

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Agenda

- ☐ What is PyTerrier?
- □ Advantages of PyTerrier
- □ Who uses PyTerrier?
- Process of Indexing
- □ Retrieving Documents



Links

PyTerrier repository

https://github.com/terrier-org/pyterrier

PyTerrier documentation

https://pyterrier.readthedocs.io

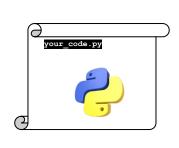
Tutorial repository

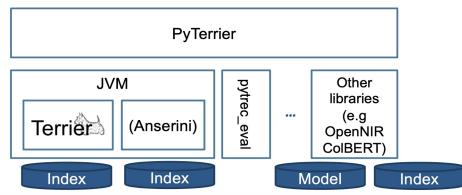




What is PyTerrier

- A Python layer above **Terrier** (and *other* IR platforms). Provides a high-level API for indexing and retrieval tasks. While PyTerrier was new in 2020, Terrier is written in Java and has a long history dating back to 2001.
- A Python framework for expressing and evaluating IR experiments.
- Bridges the gap between Python's ease-of-use and Terrier's powerful.







Why PyTerrier?

Python Integration : PyTerrier is a Python-based library, making it a natural choice
for those already familiar with Python.
Research & Experimentation: Designed primarily for experimental information
retrieval research. Ideal for testing new algorithms and approaches.
Ease of Use: Given our familiarity with Python, PyTerrier offers a more intuitive and
developer-friendly environment.
Customization: Being Python-based, it's easier to customize and tweak according to
specific research needs.
Learning Curve: For a class already versed in Python, the learning curve for PyTerrier
is significantly reduced compared to diving into a new ecosystem like Solr.
Community & Support: Growing community of researchers and developers focused
on Python-based information retrieval.

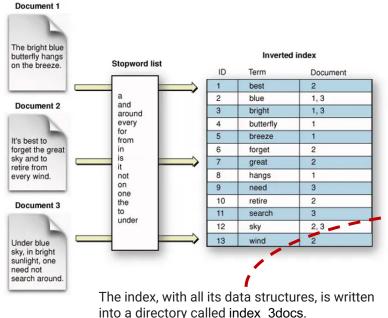


Advantages of PyTerrier

Integration with Python Ecosystem: ☐ Easily integrates with popular Python libraries. Efficient Indexing: Provides fast and scalable indexing solutions. Flexible Retrieval Models: Supports various state-of-the-art retrieval models. Rich Experimentation: ☐ Facilitates systematic experimentation and evaluation. Community-driven: Actively developed with an increasing number of contributors.



Indexing with PyTerrier



PyTerrier makes it easy to index standard Python data structures, particularly Pandas dataframes

```
docs df = pd.DataFrame([
       ["d1", "the bright blue butterfly hangs on the breeze"],
        ["d2", "it is best to forget the great sky and to retire from every wind"],
        ["d3", "under blue sky in bright sunlight one need not search around"]
], columns=["docno", "text"])
                                          docno
                                                                              text
                                                  the bright blue butterfly hangs on the breeze
                                            d1
docs df
                                                   it is best to forget the great sky and to reti...
                                             d2
                                            d3 under blue sky in bright sunlight one need not...
     Data to index
  indexer = pt.DFIndexer("./index_3docs", overwrite=True)
  index ref = indexer.index(docs df["text"], docs df["docno"])
```



Indexing with PyTerrier

You can access the file data.properties to explore some of the stats of your collection that was indexed

```
print(index.getCollectionStatistics().toString())

for kv in index.getLexicon():
   print("%s -> %s " % (kv.getKey(), kv.getValue().toString() ))
```

- It is the number of unique documents that each term occurs in this is useful for calculating IDF
- is the total number of occurrences some weighting models use this instead of Nt
- The numbers in the @{} are a pointer they tell Terrier where the postings are for that term in the inverted index data structure.

```
Number of documents: 3
Number of terms: 14
Number of postings: 17
Number of fields: 0
Number of tokens: 17
Field names: []
Positions: false
```

```
best -> term6 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 0 0} blue -> term0 Nt=2 TF=2 maxTF=1 @{0 0 4} breez -> term1 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 0 1 2} bright -> term3 Nt=2 TF=2 maxTF=1 @{0 1 2} bright -> term3 Nt=2 TF=2 maxTF=1 @{0 1 4} butterfli -> term3 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 2 4} great -> term5 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 3 0} hang -> term4 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 3 0} hang -> term4 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 3 6} retir -> term9 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 4 2} search -> term13 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 4 6} sky -> term7 Nt=2 TF=2 maxTF=1 @{0 5 2} sunlight -> term10 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 6 0} wind -> term10 Nt=1 TF=1 maxTF=1 @{0 6 0}
```



Retrieval

After getting the index, we can perform retrieval on it. We use the **BatchRetrieve** Class



	qid	docid	docno	rank	score	query
0	1	0	d1	0	1.0	bright
1	1	2	d3	1	1.0	bright

A very naive example!

search() method returns:

- qid: this is by default "1", since it's our first and only query
- docid: Terrier' internal integer for each document
- docno: the external (string) unique identifier for each document
- score: since we use the Tf weighting model, this score corresponds the total frequency of the query (terms) in each document
- rank: A handy attribute showing the descending order by score
- query: the input query

http://terrier.org/docs/current/javadoc/org/terrier/matching/models/package-summary.html



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Retrieval - A more complex Example



```
bm25 = pt.BatchRetrieve(index, wmodel="BM25")
queries = pd.DataFrame([["q1", "i need one dance"], ["q2", "hotline bling hennessy"]], columns=["qid",
"query"])
bm25.transform(queries)
```

More than a Query at a Time

pt.io.write results(results, "res bm25.txt", format='trec') # saving the results in trec format

lyrics	lyrics_url	lyrics_title	album
[Verse]\nPut my feelings on ice\nAlways been a	https://genius.com/Drake-certified-lover-boy-	Certified Lover Boy* Lyrics	Certified Lover Boy
[Verse]\nHands are tied\nSomeone's in my ear f	https://genius.com/Drake-like-im-supposed-to-d	Like I'm Supposed To/Do Things Lyrics	Certified Lover Boy
[Intro]\nYeah, we back\nWassup ladies? \nSwisha	https://genius.com/Drake-not-around-lyrics	Not Around Lyrics	Certified Lover Boy
[Intro: Drake]\nAyy, yeah\nPipe this shit up a	https://genius.com/Drake-in-the-cut-lyrics	In the Cut (Ft. Roddy Ricch) Lyrics	Certified Lover Boy
[Verse 1: Drake]'nYou ask how many girls I bee	https://genius.com/Drake-zodiac-sign-lyrics	Zodiac Sign (Ft. Jessie Reyez) Lyrics	Certified Lover Boy
Lyrics from cut studio recording\n\n[Verse 1:	https://genius.com/Drake-pop-style-demo- lyrics	Pop Style (Demo) (Ft. Kanye West) Lyrics	Unreleased Songs
Lyrics from Snippet\n\n[Chorus: Drake & Future	https://genius.com/Drake-time-flies-demo- lyrics	Time Flies (Demo) (Ft. Future) Lyrics	Unreleased Songs
[Intro: Quavo]\nYeah, yeah\n(Deko)\nWoah, hold	https://genius.com/Quavo-walk-it-talk-it-demo	Walk It Talk It (Demo) by Quavo (Ft. Drake) Ly	Unreleased Songs
	harmonia and Barba and also dans		I becale a seed

Title	query	score	rank	docno	docid	qid
Toosie Slide	i need one dance	7.058820	0	d14	13	q1
Extra Special	i need one dance	6.907982	1	d249	248	q1
Houstatlantavegas	i need one dance	6.805303	2	d186	185	q1
Houstatlantavegas	i need one dance	6.805303	3	d194	193	q1
One Dance (Ft. Kyla & Wizkid)	i need one dance	6.746017	4	d104	103	q1
4PM in Calabasas	i need one dance	5.765120	5	d30	29	q1
Not Around	i need one dance	5.711609	6	d3	2	q1
Used To (Ft. Lil Wayne)	i need one dance	4.980032	7	d123	122	q1
Easy (Ft. Young Thug)	i need one dance	4.810545	8	d271	270	q1
Under Ground Kings	i need one dance	4.557192	9	d155	154	q1
Hotline Bling	hotline bling hennessy	24.171606	0	d112	111	q2
One Dance (Ft. Kyla & Wizkid)	hotline bling hennessy	12.097098	1	d104	103	q2
Deep Pockets	hotline bling hennessy	8.620365	2	d10	9	q2
Can I (Ft. Beyoncé)	hotline bling hennessy	7.705727	3	d40	39	q2
Know Yourself	hotline bling hennessy	5.889291	4	d116	115	q2
HYFR (Ft. Lil Wayne)	hotline bling hennessy	5.807828	5	d164	163	q2
The Motto (Ft. Lil Wayne)	hotline bling hennessy	5.552596	6	d167	166	q2
Give Ya (Ft. Trey Songz)	hotline bling hennessy	5.197095	7	d220	219	q2
The Motto (Remix) (Ft. Lil Wayne & Tyga)	hotline bling hennessy	4.910863	8	d169	168	q2



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Thank You for the Attention & Good Luck for the Project!

