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Optimization Methods

2024

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Discussed with:

Assignment 4

Due date: Monday, 3 June 2024, 12:00 AM

1. Exercise (20/100)

Consider the quadratic function $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ defined as:

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = 7x^2 + 4xy + y^2 \tag{1}$$

where $\mathbf{x} = (x, y)^T$.

- 1. Write this function in canonical form, i.e. $f(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{b}^T\mathbf{x} + c$, where A is a symmetric matrix.
- 2. Descrive briefly how th Conjugate Gradient (CG) Method works and discuss whether it is suitable to minimize f from equation 1. Explain your reasoning in detail (max. 30 lines).

2. Exercise (20/100)

Consider the following constrained minimization problem for $\mathbf{x} = (x, y, z)^T$

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} f(\mathbf{x}) := -3x^2 + y^2 + 2z^2 + 2(x + y + z)$$
subject to $c(\mathbf{x}) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 1 = 0$ (2)

Write down the Lagrangian function and derive th KKT conditions for 2

3. Exercise (60/100)

- 1. Read the chapter on Simplex method, in particular the section 13.3 The Simplex Method, in Numerical Optimization, Nocedal and Wright. Explain how the method works, with a particular attention to the search direction.
- 2. Consider the following contrained minimization problem, $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2)^T$;

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} f(\mathbf{x}) := 4x_1 + 3x_2 \tag{3}$$

subect to:

$$6 - 2x_1 - 3x_2 \ge 0$$

$$3 + 3x_1 - 2x_2 \ge 0$$

$$5 - 2x_2 \ge 0$$

$$4 - 2x_1 - x_2 \ge 0$$

$$x_2 \ge 0$$

$$x_1 \ge 0$$

$$(4)$$

- a) Sketch the feasible region for this problem.
- b) Which are the basic feasible points of the problem 3? Compute them by hand using the geometrical interpretation and find the optimal point \mathbf{x}^* that minimizes f subject to the constraints.
- c) Prove that the first order necessary conditions holds for the optimal point.