

Universidad Distrital Francisco Jose de Caldas



**UNIVERSIDAD DISTRITAL
FRANCISCO JOSÉ DE CALDAS**

WORKSHOP No. 2 — APPLICATION DESIGN AND UI PROGRESS

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1 Class Diagrams

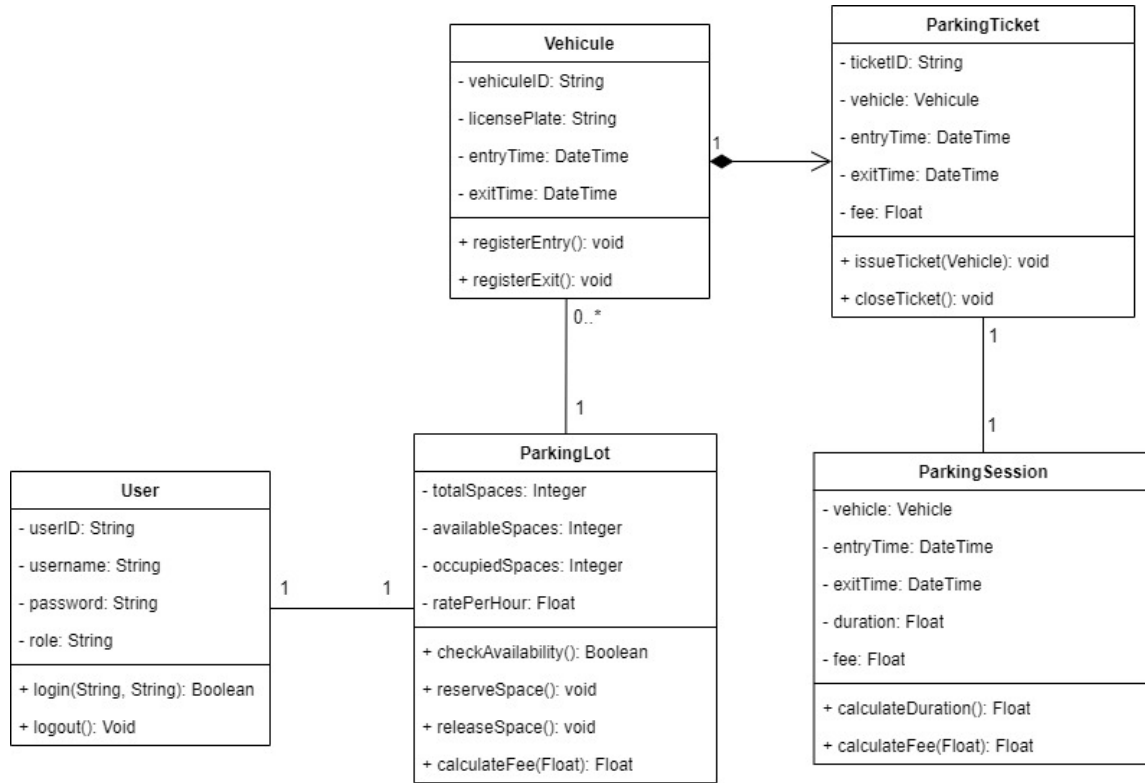


Figure 1: UML Class Diagram for the Parking Management System

This system consists of the following classes:

1. **User (Admin)**
2. **Vehicle**
3. **ParkingTicket**
4. **ParkingLot**
5. **ParkingSession**

Each class has certain attributes and methods, and the relationships between them are defined as follows.

1.1 Classes and Their Details

1.1.1 User Class

The **User** class represents the administrator who manages the parking lot operations.

Attributes

- `userID (String)`: A unique identifier for the user (e.g., "admin001").
- `username (String)`: The username used to log into the system.
- `password (String)`: The password for the user account.
- `role (String)`: The role of the user (typically "admin").

Methods

- `login(username: String, password: String): Boolean`: Verifies the login credentials. Returns `true` if the login is successful, otherwise returns `false`.
- `logout(): void`: Logs the user out of the system.

1.1.2 Vehicle Class

The **Vehicle** class represents a vehicle entering or exiting the parking lot.

Attributes

- `vehicleID (String)`: A unique identifier for the vehicle (e.g., "V001").
- `licensePlate (String)`: The license plate number of the vehicle.
- `entryTime (DateTime)`: The time when the vehicle enters the parking lot.
- `exitTime (DateTime)`: The time when the vehicle exits the parking lot.

Methods

- `registerEntry(): void`: Records the entry time of the vehicle.
- `registerExit(): void`: Records the exit time of the vehicle.

1.1.3 ParkingTicket Class

The **ParkingTicket** class represents a ticket issued when a vehicle enters the parking lot.

Attributes

- `ticketID` (String): A unique identifier for the parking ticket (e.g., "T001").
- `vehicle` (Vehicle): The vehicle associated with this ticket.
- `entryTime` (DateTime): The entry time of the vehicle.
- `exitTime` (DateTime): The exit time of the vehicle.
- `fee` (Float): The parking fee based on the vehicle's duration in the lot.

Methods

- `issueTicket(vehicle: Vehicle): void`: Issues a parking ticket when a vehicle enters the parking lot.
- `closeTicket(): void`: Closes the ticket and calculates the parking fee based on the duration.

1.1.4 ParkingLot Class

The **ParkingLot** class represents the parking lot itself and manages parking spaces.

Attributes

- `totalSpaces` (Integer): The total number of spaces in the parking lot.
- `availableSpaces` (Integer): The number of available spaces in the parking lot.
- `occupiedSpaces` (Integer): The number of spaces occupied by vehicles.
- `ratePerHour` (Float): The parking rate per hour.

Methods

- `checkAvailability(): Boolean`: Returns `true` if there are available spaces, otherwise `false`.
- `reserveSpace(): void`: Reserves a space when a vehicle enters the parking lot.
- `releaseSpace(): void`: Releases a space when a vehicle exits the parking lot.
- `calculateFee(duration: Float): Float`: Calculates the parking fee based on the duration the vehicle stayed.

1.1.5 ParkingSession Class

The **ParkingSession** class tracks the duration and fee for a vehicle's parking session.

Attributes

- **vehicle** (**Vehicle**): The vehicle associated with the parking session.
- **entryTime** (**DateTime**): The entry time of the vehicle.
- **exitTime** (**DateTime**): The exit time of the vehicle.
- **duration** (**Float**): The duration in hours the vehicle was parked.
- **fee** (**Float**): The parking fee for the session.

Methods

- **calculateDuration(): Float**: Calculates the duration of the vehicle's stay, in hours, between entry and exit times.
- **calculateFee(ratePerHour: Float): Float**: Calculates the fee based on the duration and rate per hour.

1.2 Relationships Between Classes

1.2.1 User < - > ParkingLot

The **User** class (admin) interacts with the **ParkingLot** class to view and manage the parking lot's statistics and vehicle entries and exits.

Relationship Type

- **Association**: The admin interacts with the parking lot but does not own it.
- **Multiplicity**: 1 **User** < - > 1 **ParkingLot** (one user can manage one parking lot).

1.2.2 Vehicle < - > ParkingTicket

The **Vehicle** class is associated with the **ParkingTicket** class, which tracks the vehicle's entry and exit times.

Relationship Type

- **Composition:** A parking ticket cannot exist without the vehicle it is assigned to.
- **Multiplicity:** 1 **Vehicle** < – > 1 **ParkingTicket** (each vehicle has exactly one parking ticket).

1.2.3 **ParkingLot** < – > **Vehicle**

The **ParkingLot** class manages multiple vehicles, and each vehicle occupies one parking space.

Relationship Type

- **Association:** The parking lot can contain multiple vehicles.
- **Multiplicity:** 1 **ParkingLot** < – > 0..* **Vehicle** (a parking lot can contain multiple vehicles, but a vehicle is in only one parking lot at a time).

1.2.4 **ParkingTicket** < – > **ParkingSession**

The **ParkingTicket** class is associated with the **ParkingSession** class, which tracks the duration and fee of the parking session.

Relationship Type

- **Association:** Each parking ticket has one associated parking session.
- **Multiplicity:** 1 **ParkingTicket** < – > 1 **ParkingSession** (one ticket has exactly one parking session).

2 Architecture Diagram

3 Deployment Diagram

This diagram on the figure ?? illustrates how the Parking Lot System components are organized and deployed in an on-premises environment.

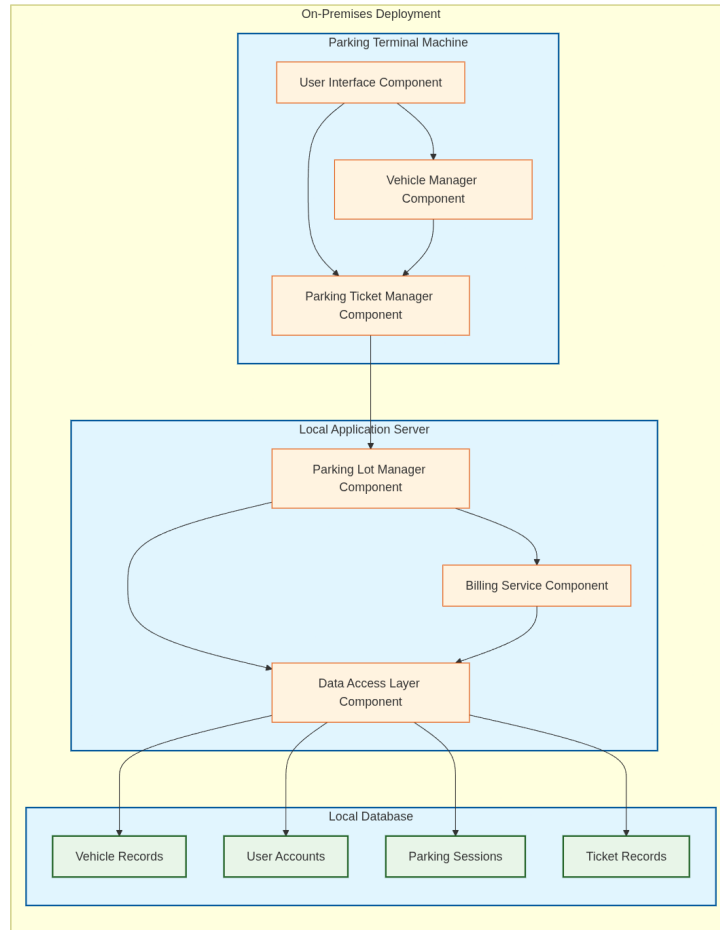


Figure 2: Deployment Diagram

3.1 Terminal Machine

3.1.1 User Interface Component (UI)

Purpose: Desktop application interface for parking attendants

Function:

- Vehicle entry/exit registration forms
- Ticket management screens
- Real-time space availability display
- Payment processing interface

3.1.2 Vehicle Manager Component (VM)

Purpose: Handle all vehicle-related operations

Function:

- Vehicle registration and validation
- License plate processing
- Entry/exit time recording
- Vehicle data management

3.1.3 Parking Ticket Manager Component (PTM)

Purpose: Manage ticket lifecycle operations

Function:

- Ticket issuance and printing
- Ticket validation and closure
- Ticket status tracking

3.2 Application Server Layer

3.2.1 Parking Lot Manager Component (PLM)

Purpose: Core parking lot management logic

Function:

- Space allocation and reservation
- Availability monitoring
- Capacity management
- Space inventory tracking

3.2.2 Billing Service Component (BS)

Purpose: Handle all financial calculations and transactions

Function:

- Parking fee calculations based on duration
- Rate management (hourly/daily rates)
- Payment processing logic
- Receipt generation

3.2.3 Data Access Layer Component (DAL)

Purpose: Database communication abstraction

Function:

- SQL query execution
- Data validation and sanitization
- Connection pooling management
- Transaction handling

4 Businnes Process

Process Description:

This business process handles the complete workflow when a vehicle enters the parking lot. It encompasses vehicle registration, space allocation, ticket issuance, and session tracking. This is the core business process that initiates the parking service and generates revenue for the system.

Role in Application:

This process serves as the primary interaction point between the parking attendant and the system. It ensures proper tracking of vehicles, manages parking space allocation, creates financial records, and provides the customer with proof of parking authorization.

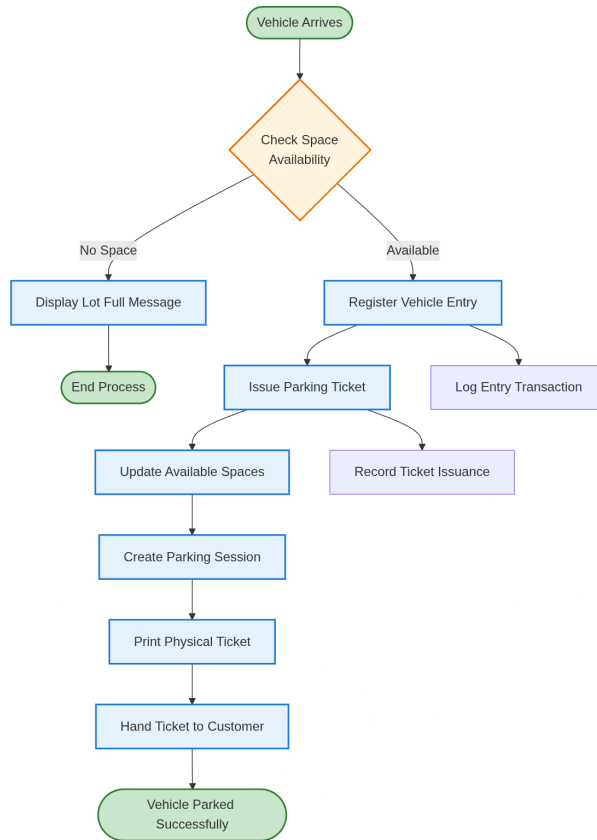


Figure 3: Businnes process

5 Mockups

This section presents the visual prototypes (mockups) of the application interface. Each image represents a key screen of the system, designed to illustrate the layout, navigation flow, and user experience of the platform.



Figure 4: Mockup, main page

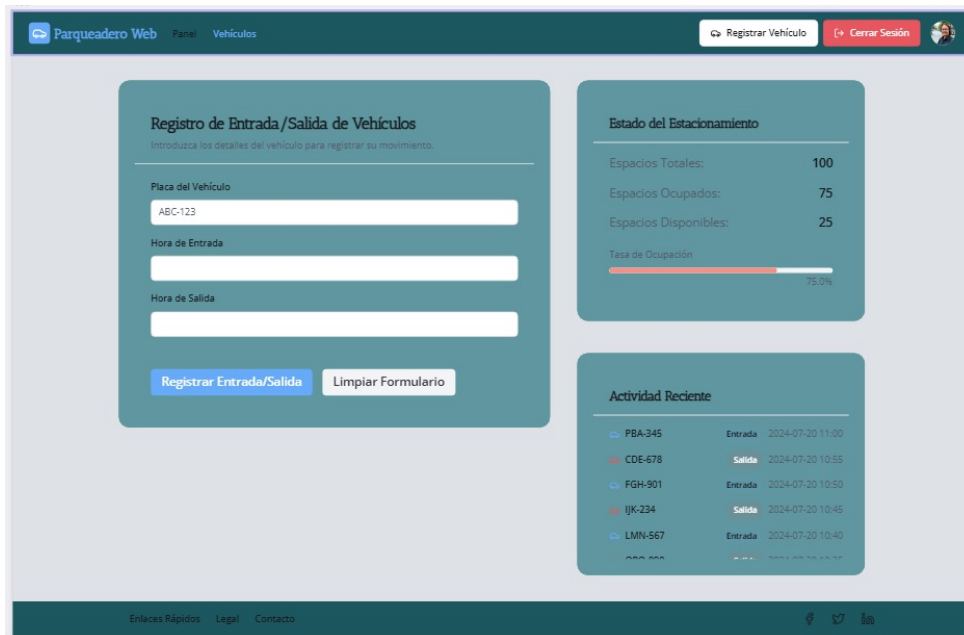


Figure 5: Mockup, user dashboard

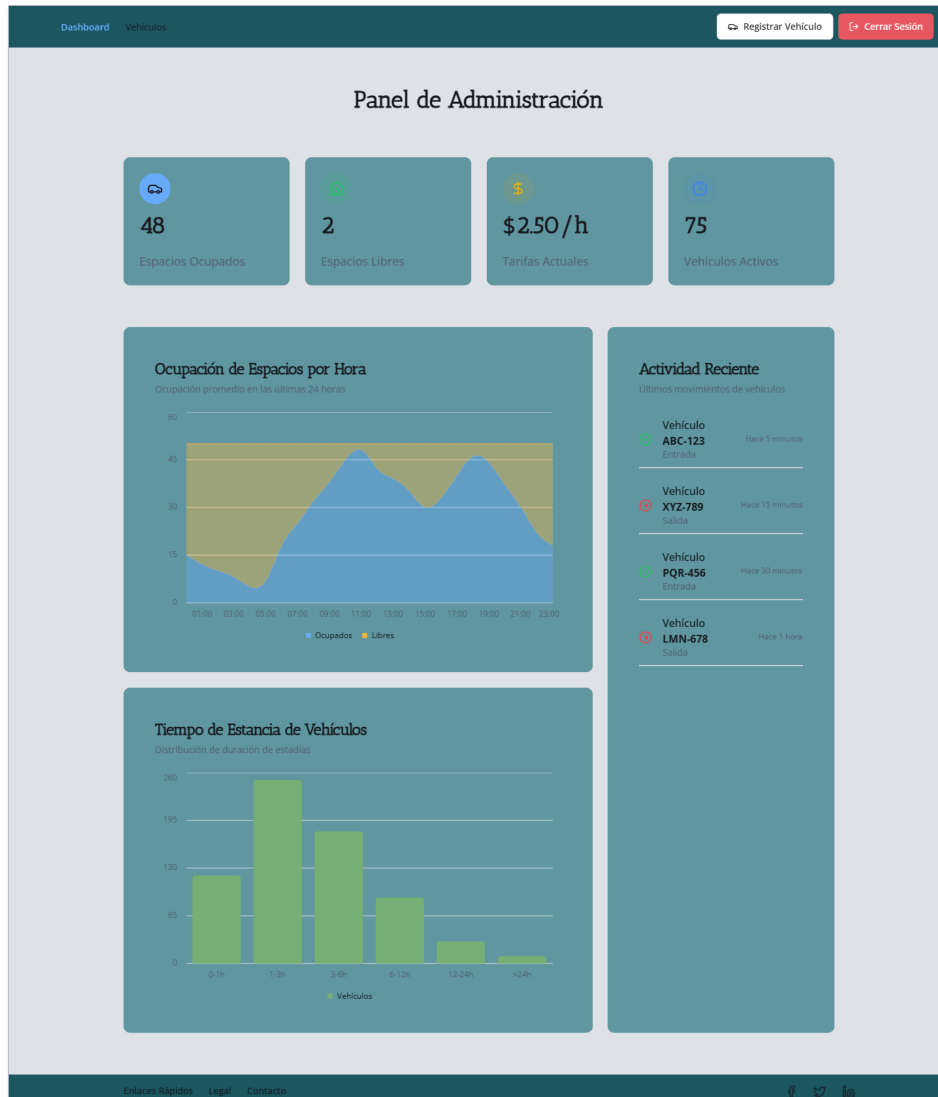


Figure 6: Mockup, settings page