

Messages in a bottle: Small mammal bones from discarded bottles

Jelle S. Zijlstra, Hesperomys Database, jelle.zijlstra@gmail.com

Wait what, bones in bottles?

- Thirsty small mammals go into discarded bottles
- They die and their bones remain (along with dirt, dead insects, and isopods)
- ~Half of nonempty bottles contain bones
- Previously reported: Pagels, J.F. and French, T.W. 1987. Discarded bottles as a source of small mammal distribution data. *The American Midland Naturalist* 118(1):217-219.



Several of these bottles contained bones



Mouse in a bottle. Usually the animal is already decomposed.



Bottle contents, including some shrew skulls



Bones from one bottle (mostly rodents)

Where do you find them?

- Along roads outside cities
- Best areas are steep slopes below roads



A road near Berkeley where I found many bottled bones



Another nearby road that has yielded bottles

What do you find?

In 60 bottles from around Berkeley, CA:

- 73 *Sorex* (48%)
- 47 *Peromyscus* (31%)
- 26 *Reithrodontomys* (17%)
- 4 *Microtus* (3%)
- 1 *Mus* (1%)

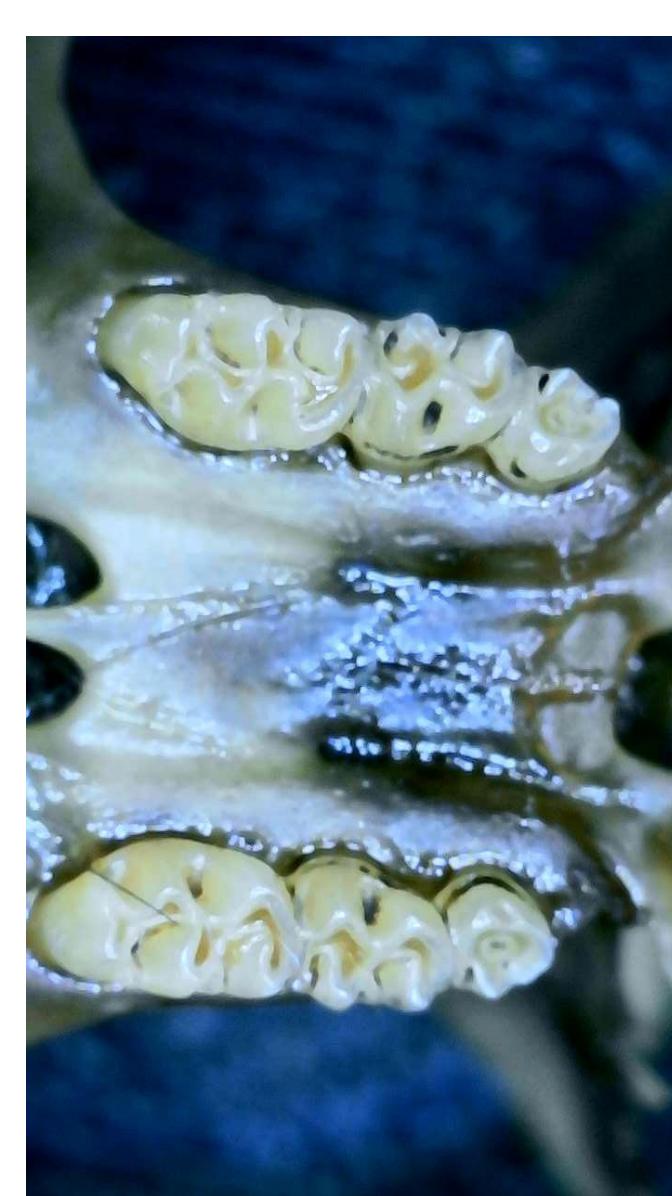
Elsewhere in CA, also found *Neurotrichus*



Grooved incisors indicate Reithrodontomys



Reithrodontomys skull. Often some molars are lost.



Peromyscus skull



Neurotrichus humerus



Neurotrichus maxillary dentition

Why does this matter?

- Education: Introduce students to local mammals and their osteology
- Research: Non-invasive way to study small mammal populations
- Conservation: Potentially significant source of mortality



Mus mandible. Invasive rodents are very rare in my samples.



Sorex mandible with stunning red teeth.



Sorex skull. Sometimes the teeth are stained black.



Peromyscus skeleton. Finding the whole skeleton requires a careful search.