

## 1. E-commerce Sales Data Cleaning and Aggregation

### 1) Loading the csv file

- This file consists of 1k unique rows with 7 different columns

Column Name	TransactionID	ProductID	Product Category	Quantity	Price	CustomerCity	TransactionDate
Data Type	String	String	String	Integer	Float	String	Date

- Loaded the file in colab directory and into dataframe with custom schema - df

### 2) Cleaning the data frame

- Quantity - There are negative which needs to be removed - using filter - stored in df\_valid\_data  

```
df_valid_data = df.filter((col("Quantity") > 0) |  
col("Quantity").isNull())
```
- Quantity - There are NULL values, we fill the missing values as 1 (assuming a missing quantity implies a single item)  

```
df_updated_quantity = df_valid_data.fillna(1, subset=["Quantity"])
```
- Price - Drop rows where price is null (since calculating revenue requires a price).  

```
df_updated_quantity_price =  
df_updated_quantity.dropna(subset=["Price"])
```

### 3) Aggregation

- Total\_per\_transaction - Calculating it by multiplying Quantity and Price  

```
df_total_per_transaction =  
df_updated_quantity_price.withColumn("total_per_transaction",  
(col("Quantity") * col("Price")))
```
- Total\_per\_day - Calculating the revenue per day using window function  

```
from pyspark.sql.window import Window  
from pyspark.sql.functions import sum  
window_spec = Window.partitionBy("TransactionDate")  
df_total_per_day =  
df_total_per_transaction.withColumn("total_per_day",  
  
sum(col("total_per_transaction")).over(window_spec))  
df_result =  
df_total_per_day.select("TransactionDate", "total_per_day").distinct(  
) .orderBy("TransactionDate")
```

### 4) Writing the df\_total\_per\_day to output folder

```
output_folder = "daily_sales_output"  
df_final_result.coalesce(1).write.csv(output_folder, mode="overwrite",  
header=True)  
print(f>Data successfully written to the folder: {output_folder})
```