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1 Basic

1.1 ascii

int	char	int	char	int	char
32		64	@	96	`
33	!	65	A	97	a
34	"	66	B	98	b
35	#	67	C	99	c
36	\$	68	D	100	d
37	%	69	E	101	e
38	&	70	F	102	f
39	'	71	G	103	g
40	(	72	H	104	h
41	)	73	I	105	i
42	*	74	J	106	j
43	+	75	K	107	k
44	,	76	L	108	l
45	-	77	M	109	m
46	.	78	N	110	n
47	/	79	O	111	o
48	0	80	P	112	p
49	1	81	Q	113	q
50	2	82	R	114	r
51	3	83	S	115	s
52	4	84	T	116	t
53	5	85	U	117	u
54	6	86	V	118	v
55	7	87	W	119	w
56	8	88	X	120	x
57	9	89	Y	121	y
58	:	90	Z	122	z
59	;	91	[	123	{
60	<	92	\	124	|
61	=	93	]	125	}
62	>	94	^	126	~
63	?	95	_		

1.2 limits

[Type]	[size]	[range]
char	1	127 to -128
signed char	1	127 to -128
unsigned char	1	0 to 255
short	2	32767 to -32768
int	4	2147483647 to -2147483648
unsigned int	4	0 to 4294967295
long	4	2147483647 to -2147483648
unsigned long	4	0 to 18446744073709551615
long long	8	9223372036854775807 to -9223372036854775808
double	8	1.79769e+308 to 2.22507e-308
long double	16	1.18973e+4932 to 3.3621e-4932
float	4	3.40282e+38 to 1.17549e-38
unsigned long long	8	0 to 18446744073709551615
string	32	

1.3 priorityqueue

```

1 priority_queue<int> pq;
2
3 pq.push(x);
4
5 x = pq.top();
6 pq.pop(); // delete after read
7
8 pq.empty() //return true
9 pq.size() //return 0
10
11 priority_queue<T> pq; //from big to small
12 priority_queue<T, vector<T>, greater<T>> pq; //from
    small to big
13 priority_queue<T, vector<T>, cmp> pq; //cmp

```

1.4 graph

```

1
2 #include<bits/stdc++.h>
3 using namespace std;
4
5 class Node {
6 public:
7     int val;
8     vector<Node*> children;
9
10    Node() {}
11
12    Node(int _val) {
13        val = _val;
14    }
15
16    Node(int _val, vector<Node*> _children) {
17        val = _val;
18        children = _children;
19    }
20 };
21
22 struct ListNode {
23     int val;
24     ListNode *next;
25     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
26     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
27     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x),
28         next(next) {}
29 };
30
31 struct TreeNode {
32     int val;
33     TreeNode *left;
34     TreeNode *right;
35     TreeNode() : val(0), left(nullptr),
36         right(nullptr) {}
37     TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr),
38         right(nullptr) {}
39     TreeNode(int x, TreeNode *left, TreeNode *right)
40         : val(x), left(left), right(right) {}
41 };
42
43 class ListProblem {
44 public:
45     void solve() {
46         return;
47     }
48
49     ListNode* buildList(int idx) {
50         if(idx == nums.size()) return NULL;
51         ListNode *current=new
52             ListNode(nums[idx++],current->next);
53         return current;
54     }
55
56     void deleteList(ListNode* root) {
57         if(root == NULL) return;
58         deleteList(root->next);
59     }

```

```

55     delete root;
56     return;
57 }
58 };
59
60 class TreeProblem {
61     int null = INT_MIN;
62     vector<int> nums = {}, result;
63 public:
64     void solve() {
65
66         return;
67     }
68
69     TreeNode* buildBinaryTreeUsingDFS(int left, int
70         right) {
71         if((left > right) || (nums[(left+right)/2] ==
72             null)) return NULL;
73         int mid = (left+right)/2;
74         TreeNode* current = new TreeNode(
75             nums[mid],
76             buildBinaryTreeUsingDFS(left, mid-1),
77             buildBinaryTreeUsingDFS(mid+1, right));
78         return current;
79     }
80
81     TreeNode* buildBinaryTreeUsingBFS() {
82         int idx = 0;
83         TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(nums[idx++]);
84         queue<TreeNode*> q;
85         q.push(root);
86         while(idx < nums.size()) {
87             if(nums[idx] != null) {
88                 TreeNode* left = new
89                     TreeNode(nums[idx]);
90                 q.front()->left = left;
91                 q.push(left);
92             }
93             idx++;
94             if((idx < nums.size()) && (nums[idx] !=
95                 null)) {
96                 TreeNode* right = new
97                     TreeNode(nums[idx]);
98                 q.front()->right = right;
99                 q.push(right);
100             }
101             idx++;
102             q.pop();
103         }
104         return root;
105     }
106
107     Node* buildNAryTree() {
108         int idx = 2;
109         Node *root = new Node(nums.front());
110         queue<Node*> q;
111         q.push(root);
112         while(idx < nums.size()) {
113             while((idx < nums.size()) && (nums[idx]
114                 != null)) {
115                 Node *current = new Node(nums[idx++]);
116                 q.front()->children.push_back(current);
117                 q.push(current);
118             }
119             idx++;
120             q.pop();
121         }
122         return root;
123     }
124
125     void deleteBinaryTree(TreeNode* root) {
126         if(root->left != NULL)
127             deleteBinaryTree(root->left);
128         if(root->right != NULL)
129             deleteBinaryTree(root->right);
130         delete root;
131         return;
132     }

```

```

124     }
125
126     void deleteNAryTree(Node* root) {
127         if(root == NULL) return;
128         for(int i=0; i<root->children.size(); i++) {
129             deleteNAryTree(root->children[i]);
130             delete root->children[i];
131         }
132         delete root;
133         return;
134     }
135
136     void inorderTraversal(TreeNode* root) {
137         if(root == NULL) return;
138         inorderTraversal(root->left);
139         cout<<root->val<<' ';
140         inorderTraversal(root->right);
141         return;
142     }
143 };
144
145 int main() {
146
147     return 0;
148 }

```

2 Section2

2.1 thm

• 中文測試

$$\bullet \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$