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```

# 1 Basic

#### 1.1 ascii

```
1 int
                        int
                                  char
                                             int
             char
                                                       char
2
   32
                        64
                                  @
                                             96
                                             97
3
  33
                        65
                                  Α
                                                       а
 4 34
              "
                        66
                                  В
                                             98
                                                       b
              #
5 35
                        67
                                  C
                                             99
6 36
             $
                        68
                                  D
                                             100
                                                       d
7
   37
              %
                        69
                                  Ε
                                             101
8 38
                                  F
                                                       f
              &
                        70
                                             102
9 39
                        71
                                  G
                                             103
                                                       g
              (
10 40
                        72
                                  Н
                                             104
                                                       h
11 41
                        73
                                  Ι
                                             105
                                                       i
12
   42
                        74
                                  J
                                             106
                                                       j
                        75
                                  K
                                             107
13 43
                                                       k
                                             108
14 44
                        76
15 45
                        77
                                  М
                                             109
                                                       m
16
   46
                        78
                                  Ν
                                             110
                                                       n
17
   47
                        79
                                  0
                                             111
                                                       0
             0
                                  Р
18 48
                        80
                                             112
                                                       р
19 49
              1
                        81
                                  Q
                                             113
                                                       q
20 50
             2
                        82
                                  R
                                             114
21
   51
             3
                        83
                                  S
                                             115
                                                       s
22 52
              4
                        84
                                  Т
                                             116
                                                       t
23 53
             5
                        85
                                  U
                                             117
                                                       и
24 54
              6
                        86
                                  V
                                             118
25 55
             7
                        87
                                  W
                                             119
                                                       w
   56
             8
                        88
                                  Χ
                                             120
26
                                                       X
                                  Υ
27 57
             9
                        89
                                             121
                                                       у
28 58
                        90
                                  Ζ
                                             122
                                                       z
29 59
                        91
                                  Ε
                                             123
                        92
30 60
              <
                                             124
                                  ١
31 61
              =
                        93
                                   J
                                             125
32 62
                        94
                                             126
33 63
```

### 1.2 limits

```
1 [Type]
                     [size]
                                   [range]
                                 127 to -128
2 char
                       1
3 signed char
                       1
                                 127 to -128
4 unsigned char
                       1
                                 0 to 255
                       2
                                 32767 to -32768
5 short
6 int
                        4
                                 2147483647 to -2147483648
7 unsigned int
                                 0 to 4294967295
8 long
                                 2147483647 to -2147483648
                       4
9 unsigned long
                                 0 to 18446744073709551615
10 long long
                       8
11
              9223372036854775807 to -9223372036854775808
12 double
                             1.79769e+308 to 2.22507e-308
                       8
                        16
                             1.18973e+4932 to 3.3621e-4932
13 long double
                                3.40282e+38 to 1.17549e-38
14 float
                       4
                                 0 to 18446744073709551615
15 unsigned long long
                       8
16 string
                        32
```

#### 1.3 graph

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
  using namespace std;
4
  class Node {
 5
6
  public:
       int val:
7
       vector<Node*> children;
10
       Node() {}
11
       Node(int _val) {
12
           val = _val;
13
14
15
16
       Node(int _val, vector<Node*> _children) {
17
           val = _val;
           children = _children;
18
       }
19
  };
20
21
22
  struct ListNode {
23
       int val;
24
       ListNode *next;
25
       ListNode(): val(0), next(nullptr) {}
       ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
26
27
       ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x),
           next(next) {}
28 };
29
  struct TreeNode {
30
31
       int val;
32
       TreeNode *left;
       TreeNode *right;
33
       TreeNode() : val(0), left(nullptr),
34
           right(nullptr) {}
       TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr),
35
           right(nullptr) {}
       TreeNode(int x, TreeNode *left, TreeNode *right)
36
           : val(x), left(left), right(right) {}
37 };
38
39
  class ListProblem {
40
       vector<int> nums={};
41
  public:
42
       void solve() {
43
       }
44
45
       ListNode* buildList(int idx) {
46
47
           if(idx == nums.size()) return NULL;
48
           ListNode *current=new
                ListNode(nums[idx++], current->next);
49
           return current;
       }
50
51
       void deleteList(ListNode* root) {
52
53
           if(root == NULL) return;
54
           deleteList(root->next);
55
           delete root;
56
           return;
57
       }
58
  };
59
  class TreeProblem {
60
       int null = INT_MIN;
       vector<int> nums = {}, result;
62
63
  public:
       void solve() {
64
65
           return;
67
       }
68
69
       TreeNode* buildBinaryTreeUsingDFS(int left, int
           right) {
```

```
if((left > right) || (nums[(left+right)/2] ==
70
                                                            140
                                                                        inorderTraversal(root->right);
               null)) return NULL;
                                                            141
                                                                        return:
71
           int mid = (left+right)/2;
                                                                    }
                                                            142
           TreeNode* current = new TreeNode(
72
                                                            143 };
73
               nums[mid],
                                                            144
               buildBinaryTreeUsingDFS(left,mid-1),
                                                            145 int main() {
74
75
               buildBinaryTreeUsingDFS(mid+1, right));
                                                            146
76
                                                            147
                                                                    return 0:
77
       }
                                                            148 }
78
79
       TreeNode* buildBinaryTreeUsingBFS() {
           int idx = 0;
80
81
           TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(nums[idx++]);
                                                               2
                                                                    STL
           queue < TreeNode *> q;
82
83
           q.push(root);
                                                               2.1 priority_queue
           while(idx < nums.size()) {</pre>
84
               if(nums[idx] != null) {
85
86
                   TreeNode* left = new
                                                              1| priority_queue <int> pq; //宣告
                        TreeNode(nums[idx]);
87
                   q.front()->left = left;
                                                               pq.push(x);
                   q.push(left);
88
89
               }
                                                              5
                                                               x = pq.top();
90
               idx++;
                                                                                           //讀取後刪除
               if((idx < nums.size()) && (nums[idx] !=</pre>
                                                              6
                                                               pq.pop();
91
                    null)) {
                                                                                           //回傳 true
92
                   TreeNode* right = new
                                                              8 pa.emptv()
                        TreeNode(nums[idx]);
                                                             9 pq.size()
                                                                                           //回傳0
93
                   q.front()->right = right;
                                                             10
                   q.push(right);
94
                                                             11 priority_queue < T > pq;
                                                                                          //預設由大到小
95
               }
                                                             12 priority_queue<T, vector<T>, greater<T> > pq;
               idx++:
96
                                                                                          //改成由小到大
                                                             13
97
               q.pop();
                                                             14 priority_queue<T, vector<T>, cmp> pq; //cmp
98
           }
99
           return root;
       }
100
101
                                                               2.2 map
102
       Node* buildNAryTree() {
           int idx = 2;
103
                                                              1 元素存取
           Node *root = new Node(nums.front());
104
                                                               operator[]:存取指定的[i]元素的資料
105
           queue < Node *> q;
           q.push(root);
106
                                                               迭代器
107
           while(idx < nums.size()) {</pre>
               while((idx < nums.size()) && (nums[idx]</pre>
108
                                                              5| begin():回傳指向map頭部元素的迭代器
                    != null)) {
                                                               end():回傳指向map末尾的迭代器
                   Node *current = new Node(nums[idx++]);
109
                                                               rbegin():回傳一個指向map尾部的反向迭代器
                   q.front()->children.push_back(current);
110
                                                               rend():回傳一個指向map頭部的反向迭代器
111
                   q.push(current);
                                                              9
               }
112
                                                             10 容量
113
               idx++;
                                                               empty():檢查容器是否為空,空則回傳true
               q.pop();
114
                                                             12 size():回傳元素數量
115
           }
                                                               max\_size():回傳可以容納的最大元素個數
                                                             13
116
           return root;
117
118
                                                             15 修改器
       void deleteBinaryTree(TreeNode* root) {
119
                                                             16 clear():刪除所有元素
           if(root->left != NULL)
120
                                                             17 insert():插入元素
               deleteBinaryTree(root->left);
                                                               erase():刪除一個元素
                                                             18
121
           if(root->right != NULL)
                                                             19
                                                               swap():交換兩個map
                deleteBinaryTree(root->right);
                                                             20
122
           delete root:
                                                             21 查找
123
           return:
                                                             22 count():回傳指定元素出現的次數
       }
124
                                                             23 find(): 查找一個元素
125
                                                             24
       void deleteNAryTree(Node* root) {
126
127
           if(root == NULL) return;
                                                               #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                             26
128
           for(int i=0; i<root->children.size(); i++) {
                                                             27
                                                               using namespace std;
               deleteNAryTree(root->children[i]);
129
               delete root->children[i];
                                                             28
130
                                                             29
                                                               int main(){
131
                                                             30
132
           delete root;
                                                             31
                                                                    //declaration container and iterator
133
           return;
                                                             32
                                                                    map<string, string> mp;
       }
134
                                                                   map<string, string>::iterator iter;
                                                             33
135
                                                                   map<string, string>::reverse_iterator iter_r;
                                                             34
       void inorderTraversal(TreeNode* root) {
136
           if(root == NULL) return;
                                                             35
137
                                                             36
                                                                    //insert element
138
           inorderTraversal(root->left);
                                                                    mp.insert(pair<string, string>("r000",
                                                             37
           cout << root -> val << ' ';</pre>
139
                                                                        "student_zero"));
```

```
38
       mp["r123"] = "student_first";
39
       mp["r456"] = "student_second";
40
41
42
       //traversal
       for(iter = mp.begin(); iter != mp.end(); iter++)
43
            cout << iter -> first << " "<< iter -> second << endl;</pre>
44
45
       for(iter_r = mp.rbegin(); iter_r != mp.rend();
            iter_r++)
            cout<<iter_r->first<<"
46
                 "<<iter_r->second<<endl;
47
48
       //find and erase the element
       iter = mp.find("r123");
49
50
       mp.erase(iter);
51
52
       iter = mp.find("r123");
53
       if(iter != mp.end())
54
           {\tt cout} << "Find, the value is
55
                "<<iter->second<<endl;
56
          cout << "Do not Find" << endl;</pre>
57
58
59
       return 0;
60 }
```

# 2.3 unorder\_map

## 3 Section2

### 3.1 thm

中文測試

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

# 3.2 algorithm

```
· min :取最小值。
```

min(a, b)

min(list)

· max : 取最大值。

max(a, b)

max(list)

· min\_element :找尋最小元素

min\_element(first, last)

· max\_element :找尋最大元素

max\_element(first, last)

· sort :排序,預設由小排到大。

sort(first, last)

· sort(first, last, comp) :可自行定義比較運算子 Comp 。

· find :尋找元素。

find(first, last, val)

· lower\_bound :尋找第一個小於 x 的元素位置,如果不存在,則回傳 last 。

 $\cdot$  lower\_bound(first, last, val)

• upper\_bound :尋找第一個大於 x 的元素位置,如果不存在,則回傳 last 。

upper\_bound(first, last, val)

· next\_permutation :將序列順序轉換成下一個字典序,如果存在回傳 true , 反之回傳 false 。

next\_permutation(first, last)

· prev\_permutation :將序列順序轉換成上一個字典序,如果存在回傳 true , 反之回傳 false 。

prev\_permutation(first, last)