91231R



# **Level 2 History 2022**

91231 Examine sources of an historical event that is of significance to New Zealanders

Credits: Four

## RESOURCE BOOKLET

Refer to this booklet to answer the questions for History 91231.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–11 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MAY KEEP THIS BOOKLET AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

#### **INTRODUCTION: Charlotte Badger and George Wilder**

At first glance, Charlotte Badger and George Wilder have little in common.

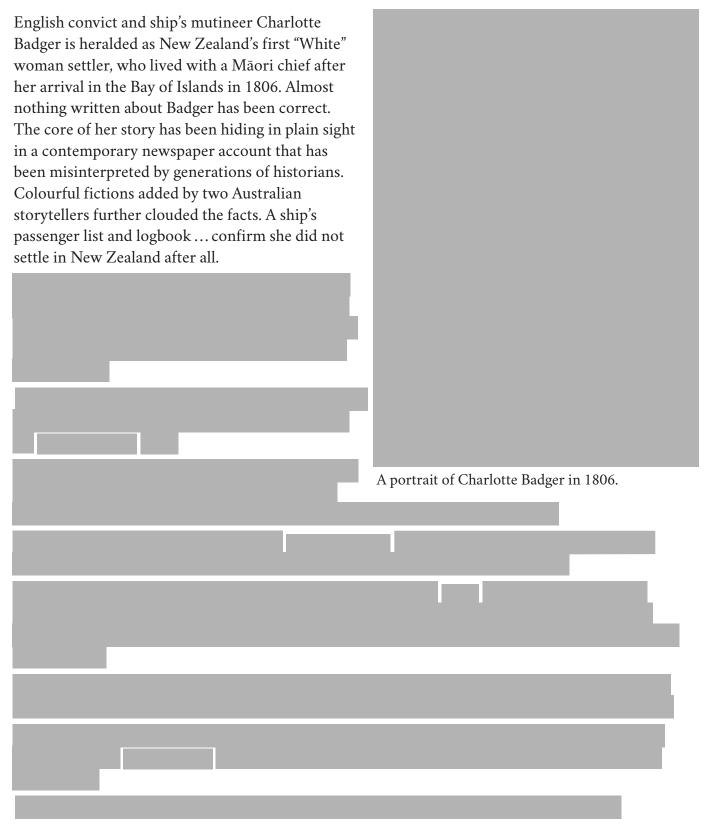
Charlotte Badger was born in 1778 in Bromsgrove, a small village outside Worcester in England. Having been deported from England for theft, she became one of the first European women to live in New Zealand. She was also a pirate, or so the story goes.

George Wilder was a well-known figure in New Zealand in the 1960s. He was both an accidental folk hero and a prison escapee – one who broke into holiday homes for food and shelter, leaving polite thank you and apology notes on his departure.

Both characters have had plays written about them and their respective adventures, sometimes taken as factual accounts instead of the entertainment they were created to be. George Wilder was also the subject of a song banned on public radio in the 1970s called 'The Wilder Boy', by the Howard Morrison Quartet.

What they have in common is that their stories started out with theft and grew to capture the imagination of a nation, becoming larger than the crimes themselves.

#### **SOURCE A:** Charlotte Badger-colonial renegade?

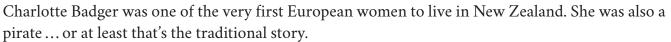


Badger features in the New South Wales population musters of 1811 and 1814.... Badger was in Windsor in 1824 and in Parramatta in 1825.

Source (adapted): Hardie, E. (2019). Was Charlotte Badger a Colonial Renegade? *Journal of New Zealand Studies NS28*, 84, 87, 89, 91-92. https://doi.org/10.26686/jnzs.v0iNS28.5422

Image: Harper, M.~[Poster~of~Charlotte~Badger].~Massey~University.~https://www.rnz.co.nz/programmes/black-sheep/story/2018634264/pirate-mystery-the-story-of-charlotte-badger

## **SOURCE B: The pirate mystery of Charlotte Badger**





So, unfortunately, it may be that the fantastic tale of Charlotte Badger, the female pirate and first European woman to live in Aotearoa is ... just a story.

Source (adapted): Ray, W. (Host). (2018, March 19). Pirate Mystery: the story of Charlotte Badger. [Audio podcast episode]. In *Black Sheep*. RNZ. https://www.rnz.co.nz/programmes/black-sheep/story/2018634264/pirate-mystery-the-story-of-charlotte-badger

### SOURCE C(i): The mutiny on the Venus, 1895

Captain Chace ... was returning ... when he heard sounds of great hilarity proceeding from those on board. [He] found that the two convict ladies were entertaining Mr Kelly, the mate, with a dancing exhibition ... Mr Chace at once put an end to the harmony by seizing the bucket of rum and throwing it overboard, and ... he put them in irons.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1.</sup> corpulent having a large bulky body

Of the other woman – Charlotte Badger – and her child, nothing was known, save that in 1808 she and the child were offered a passage to Port Jackson by Captain Bunker, but declined, saying she [Badger] would rather live with the Maoris than return to New South Wales to be hanged. In May, 1826 ... a native of Oahu (Hawaii) ... informed the Captain ... that ... about ten years before (this would be about 1816) ... [he saw] a very big, stout woman with a little girl about eight years of age with her. ... who had escaped from captivity with the Maoris. No doubt this was the woman Badger, described in the official account of the mutiny of the *Venus* as "a very corpulent person".

Source (adapted): Becke, L. (1895, November 23). The Mutiny on the Venus. Evening News. p. 3

## SOURCE C(ii): Charlotte Badger's colourful career

Charlotte Badger, Australia's only woman pirate, is not a figure of fiction, but a woman who actually existed in early Sydney... Charlotte Badger entered into a partnership with the mate of the *Venus*. The two seized the ship, put the captain and crew off in a ship's boat, boarded and stripped another vessel, and then sailed across the Tasman Sea to New Zealand.



In 1826...the American ship Lafayette called at Vavau, in the Tongan Islands [and] brought the last news of the indomitable Badger.... Speaking a Polynesian dialect fluently – as well she might after living with Maoris for twelve years – Charlotte had related her experiences in New Zealand to the Tongans. They described her as being an enormously fat woman with a young child – poor Charlotte had evidently lost her looks after feasting all those years in Maori villages.

Source (adapted): Alexander, R. (1937, October 26). Australia's Only Woman Pirate, Charlotte Badger's Colourful Career. *The Sydney Morning Herald.* p. 21

SOURCE D: George Wilder-New Zealand's renegade folk hero	
Caught again: George Wilder is handcuffed in a police van near Whakamaru after being recaptured in 1962.	
On 17 May 1962, George Wilder escaped from prison. On the run for 65 days, his escapades captured public's interest. Years later, when Antonios Papaspiropoulos [a New Zealand author, who spent simonths holed up in Wilder's hideout in 2015] found pencil sketches by the notorious prison escapee walls of his cottage on the western shores of Lake Taupō, he went in search of the 1960s gentleman-this	x on the
I want to talk to George Wilder, but he won't talk to me.	
	F



"Here in New Zealand, we seem to enjoy our legends a trifle more real – Sir Ed Hillary, von Tempsky, Hone Heke, George Wilder. In the early 1960s, we were hungry for someone to relate to, someone who wasn't an All Black. He was a loner, a petty thief, a gentleman rogue. Should you follow the swallow on his daily rounds, do you run with the foxes or hunt with the hounds? In some way, we are all, at times, on the run."

Source (adapted): Papaspiropoulos, A. (2019, May 17). Looking for George Wilder: New Zealand's Renegade Folk Hero. *North & South.* https://web.archive.org/web/20190516185806/https://www.noted.co.nz/life/life-in-nz/george-wilder-looking-for-new-zealands-renegade-folk-hero/

 $Image: Fairfax\ NZ.\ [Photograph].\ The\ Dominion\ Post.\ https://www.stuff.co.nz/dominion-post/8688866/Prison-escaper-Wilder-caught-heart-of-nation$ 

## SOURCE E(i): The Ballad of Jimmy Costello

The play <i>The Ballad of Jimmy Costello</i> was inspired by a true story [George Wilder's life]. In
the 1960s, New Zealanders began cheering on a car thief-prison-escaper and inadvertently
promoted a small-town Kiwi boy from petty criminal to multi-prison escapee to national folk
icon

.... The Ballad of Jimmy Costello is a "rollicking tiki tour of Kiwi kultcha" (*The Dominion Post*) and nearly every incident in this wild and witty adventure story is really true.

Source (adapted): Theatre Tours International. (1997). The Ballad of Jimmy Costello (NZ). [Review of The Ballad of Jimmy Costello]. Theatre Tours International. https://www.theatretoursinternational.com/PastShows/PSJC.html

## SOURCE E(ii): The wild New Zealand boy

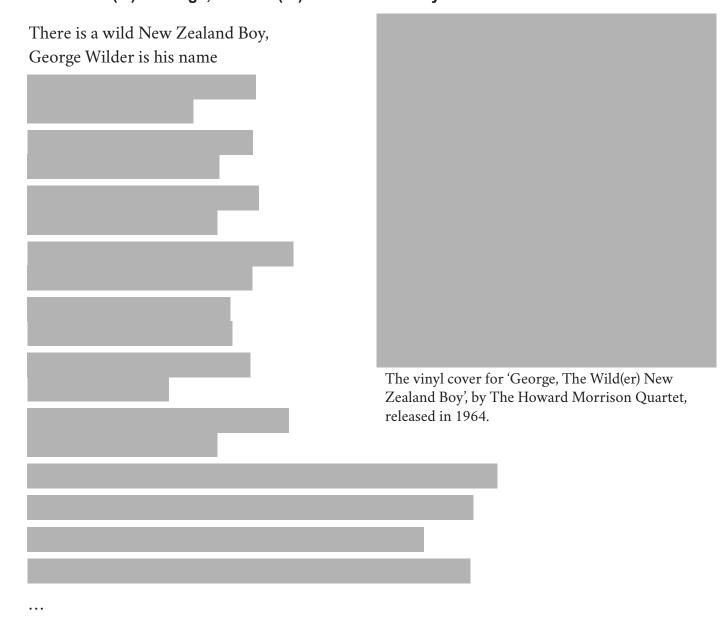
celebrating this guy."

Radio New Zealand's (RNZ) William Ray came across the story of how a popular song about George Wilder by the Howard Morrison Quartet was banned on public radio.

"I still haven't got to the bottom of it, but I have two theories: the first is that the song was initially released in between his first and second escapes, and, because that third escape was a lot more serious, it might be that the powers that be at RNZ thought that the crime was pretty tough stuff compared to what he'd been involved with previously, and we shouldn't be

Source (adapted): Mulligan, J. (2021, April 8). Finding out why a song about George Wilder was banned [interview]. Radio New Zealand. https://www.rnz.co.nz/national/programmes/afternoons/audio/2018790749/finding-out-why-a-song-about-george-wilder-was-banned

## SOURCE E(iii): George, the Wild(er) New Zealand Boy



To all the folks who admire this man, there's one thing I must say

For every day he was at large, the bill we had to pay

Don't kid yourselves, the laugh's on us, George Wilder isn't coy

And he may always be that way, the wild New Zealand Boy, the wild New Zealand Boy.

<sup>1</sup> conversion stealing something in order to claim it as your own (an old-fashioned way of describing car theft)

Source (adapted): Howard Morrison Quartet. (1964). George, The Wild(er) New Zealand Boy [Song]. La Gloria Records. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AwOV6N2\_RsY

Image: https://www.discogs.com/release/1855438-Howard-Morrison-Quartet-GeorgeWilder-NZ-Boy/image/SW1hZ2U6ODc2MjQ4MA==

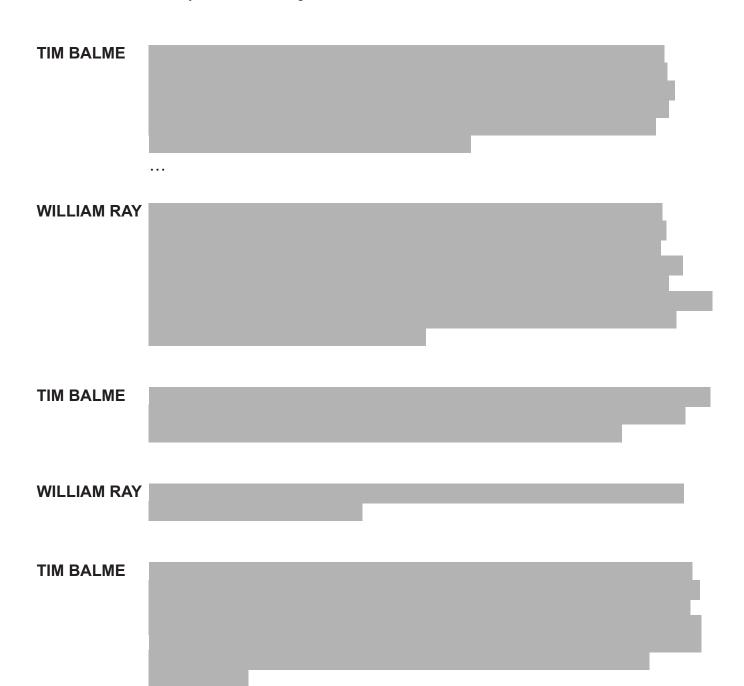
## **SOURCE F:** Escape artist

William Ray is a producer for RNZ's Series and Podcasts unit, and Tim Balme is a New Zealand actor and screenwriter. In the process of writing his play The Ballad of Jimmy Costello, Balme became the closest thing we have to a George Wilder expert. This is an audio podcast transcript of William Ray and Tim Balme discussing the story of George Wilder.

TIM BALME

I did want to tell George Wilder's story as a pure biography... I reached out to him to see if he was okay with it and he wasn't. He didn't tell me that directly, he got a very clear message sent through some friends of his... it was at that point that I went 'okay, I'm not going to tell the George Wilder story', but on the other hand, I told a story that was very much like his story.

**WILLIAM RAY** Tim Balme's play was called *The Ballad of Jimmy Costello* and, like he said, it's heavily based on George Wilder's life.





## **TIM BALME**

His task was to disappear and the more he tried to disappear, the more people wrote songs, and that's what happens with folklore, isn't it? People elevate small facts into big fictions.

 $Source \ (adapted): Ray, W. \ (2021, May \ 10). \ Escape \ artist: the \ story \ of \ George \ Wilder \ [Audio \ podcast \ episode]. \ In \ {\it Black \ Sheep}. \ RNZ. \ https://www.rnz.co.nz/programmes/black-sheep/story/2018794417/escape-artist-the-story-of-george-wilder$