概念上簡單來說,每個 chip 會有一 unique id 區分彼此 (例如 id 可放在 flash 某固定位址),而在 PC 端應用程式則有一 mutex 物件對應,為了避免同時有兩應用程式對同一 chip 做動作,所以應用程式必須先取得板子對應的 mutex 物件,才能有 chip 佔有權接著下出指令動作.當然實際應用上考慮的情況會複雜許多.

Please reference to the following files:

- 1. Sample\USB\Smpl HIDTransfer\WindowsTool\HIDTransferTest\HIDTransferTest.cpp
- 2. Sample\USB\Smpl HIDTransfer\WindowsTool\HIDTransferTest\HID.hpp
- 3. Sample\USB\Smpl HIDTransfer\HIDTransfer API.c function HID CmdID

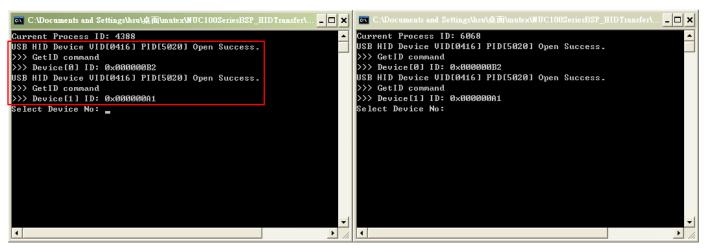
## Reference:

1. http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/ms686927(v=vs.85).aspx

## Simple Demo:

PC 連接兩 NUC120AN chip 測試, 而 id 分別為 0x0000000A1 & 0x000000B2 (P.S. sample code 內預設都是回傳 0xfffffffff, 這部分需自己去實作),接著同時執行兩 HIDTransferTest 應用程式如下:

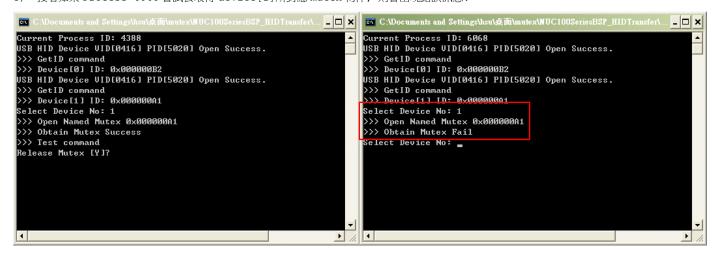
a) 一開始根據 VID 及 PID 去列舉出所有與 PC 相連的 HID USB 裝置,接著會跳出"Select Device No"訊息提示輸入選取裝置號碼.



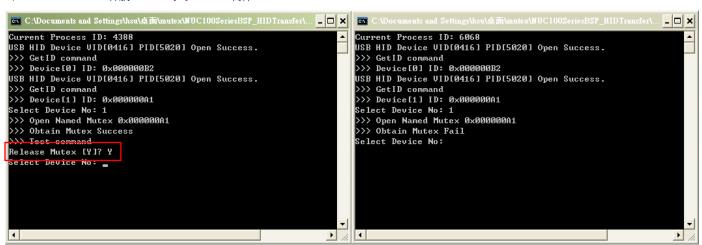
b) 假設現在 Process 4388 選取了 device[1]即 id 0x000000A1 裝置,則會嘗試去取得對應 mutex 物件.

```
_ | _ | × |
C:\Documents and Settings\hsu\桌面\mutex\NUC100SeriesBSP_HIDTransfer\... - □ ×
                                                                            Current Process ID: 6068
USB HID Device VID[0416] PID[5020] Open Success.
Current Process ID: 4388
USB HID Device VIDEO416] PIDE5020] Open Success.
>>> GetID command
                                                                            >>> GetID command
                                                                            >>> Device[0] ID: 0x000000B2
>>> Device[0] ID: 0x000000B2
                                                                            USB HID Device VID[0416] PID[5020] Open Success.
USB HID Device VID[0416] PID[5020] Open Success.
>>> GetID command
                                                                            >>> GetID command
                                                                            >>> Device[1] ID: 0x000000A1
>>> Device[1] ID: 0x0000000A1
Select Device No: 1
                                                                            Select Device No:
>>> Open Named Mutex 0x000000A1
>>> Obtain Mutex Success
>>> Test command
Kelease Mutex LYI? 🕳
                                                                      1
```

c) 接著如果 Process 6068 嘗試去取得 device [1] 所對應 mutex 物件,則會出現錯誤訊息.



d) Process 4388 釋放 device[1] mutex 物件.



e) Process 6068 再一次嘗試去取得 device[1]所對應 mutex 物件,則會回傳成功訊息.

