

# Is there any difference in the type of cereal and the manufacturer? Independent chi-square

```
library("gmodels")  
library("dplyr")
```

```
CrossTable(cereal$mfr, cereal$type, fisher=TRUE, chisq=TRUE, expected=TRUE, sresid = TRUE, format="SPSS")
```

# A is much more likely to produce a hot cereal than any other manufacturer.

# From my experience, there are not many makers of hot cereal (oatmeal) or many different types, so I expect that there is a 70/30 ratio of cold to hot cereal. Let's test that with an independent chi-square

## Data Wrangling

```
cereal %>% group_by(type) %>% summarise(count=n())
```

## Run the analysis

```
observed = c(74, 3)  
expected = c(0.7, 0.3)  
chisq.test(x=observed, p = expected)
```

## Looks like they are significantly different from that

# McNemar Chi-Square - look at whether the number of homes that have upholstery changed over time from 1700 to 1770

```
CrossTable(upholstery$TimePoint, upholstery$Upholstery, fisher=TRUE, chisq=TRUE, mcnemar=TRUE,  
expected=TRUE, sresid=TRUE, format="SPSS")
```

## Although it is significant, when we actually look at the standardized residuals, there's nothing over the absolute value of 2, so not really