Assignment#6

Numerical Integration

1. Given that:

	X	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.2
10	og x	1.3963	1.4351	1.4816	1.5261	1.5686	1.6094	1.6487

Evaluate $\int_{4}^{5.2} \log x \, dx$ by

a. Trapezoidal rule

- b. Simpson's 1/3rd rule
- c. Simpson's 3/8th rule & also find the error in each case
- 2. Write an algorithm to calculate the definite integral $\int_a^b f(x)dx$ using composite Simpson's $1/3^{\rm rd}$
- 3. Evaluate $\int_0^2 f(x) dx$ for the function $f(x) = e^x + \sin(2x)$ using Simpson's $3/8^{th}$ rule taking $h = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 f(x) dx$
- 4. Evaluate $\int_0^3 (\sin(x) + \cos(x) + 12) dx$ using Simpson's $3/8^{th}$ rule taking h = 0.5, Determine the percent error by comparing the result with the result with exact solution.
- 5. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$ using
 - a. Trapezoidal rule taking $h = \frac{1}{4} = 0.25$
 - b. Simpson's $1/3^{rd}$ rule taking n=4, h = $\frac{1}{4}$ = 0.25
 - Simpson's $3/8^{th}$ rule taking n=6, h = 1/6

Hence compute an approximate value of π in each case. [Hint: generate two tables]

6. The velocity v of a particle at a distance s from a point on its path is given in the table below:

s (ft)	4.0	0	10	20	30	40	50	60
v (ft/sec)	1.3963	47	58	64	65	61	52	38

Estimate the time taken to travel a distance of 60ft by using Simpson's 1/3rd rule. Compare the result with Simpson's $3/8^{th}$ rule. [Ans: $I_{1/3} = 1.06352$, $I_{3/8} = 1.06445$]

- 7. Write a pseudo-code to integrate a given function within given limits using Simpson's 3/8th
- 8. Use Romberg's Integration method to compute $\int_0^{0.5} \frac{x}{\sin x} dx$, correct to 3 decimal places.
- 9. Evaluate following using Gaussian Quadrature 3-point formula:

a.
$$\int_0^1 \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{x} dx$$

b.
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} e^{\sin x} dx$$

c.
$$\int_{0.2}^{1.5} e^{-x^2} dx$$

d.
$$\int_2^3 \frac{\cos 2x}{1+\sin x} dx$$

b.
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} e^{\sin x} dx$$

c. $\int_{0.2}^{1.5} e^{-x^2} dx$
d. $\int_2^3 \frac{\cos 2x}{1+\sin x} dx$
e. $\int_{0.2}^{1.2} (\log(x+1) + \sin 2x) dx$

10. Use Gauss-Legendre three-point formula to evaluate $\int_{2}^{4} (x^{4} + 1) dx$