Hacking for Diplomacy DS 6 – Data Architecture for Cybersecurity

Meet the Team

Jaime Campanelli, A.J. Musacchio, Jenelle Salazar, Randall Weber



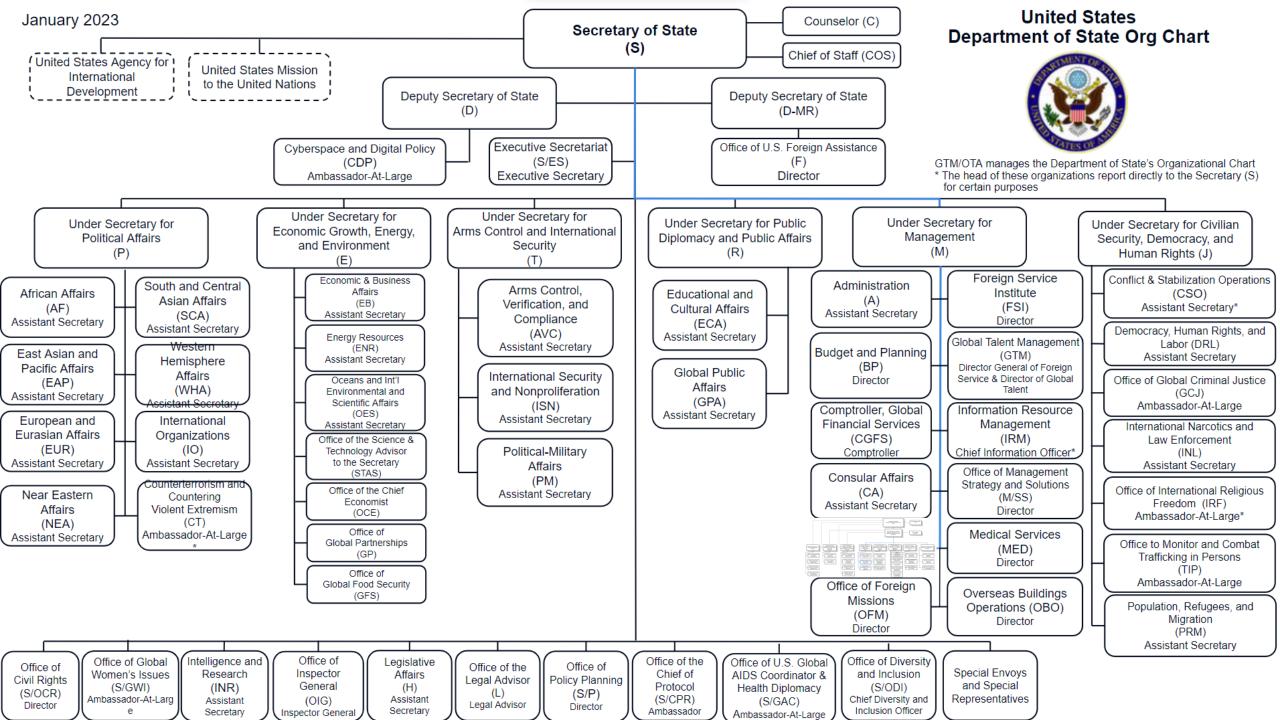


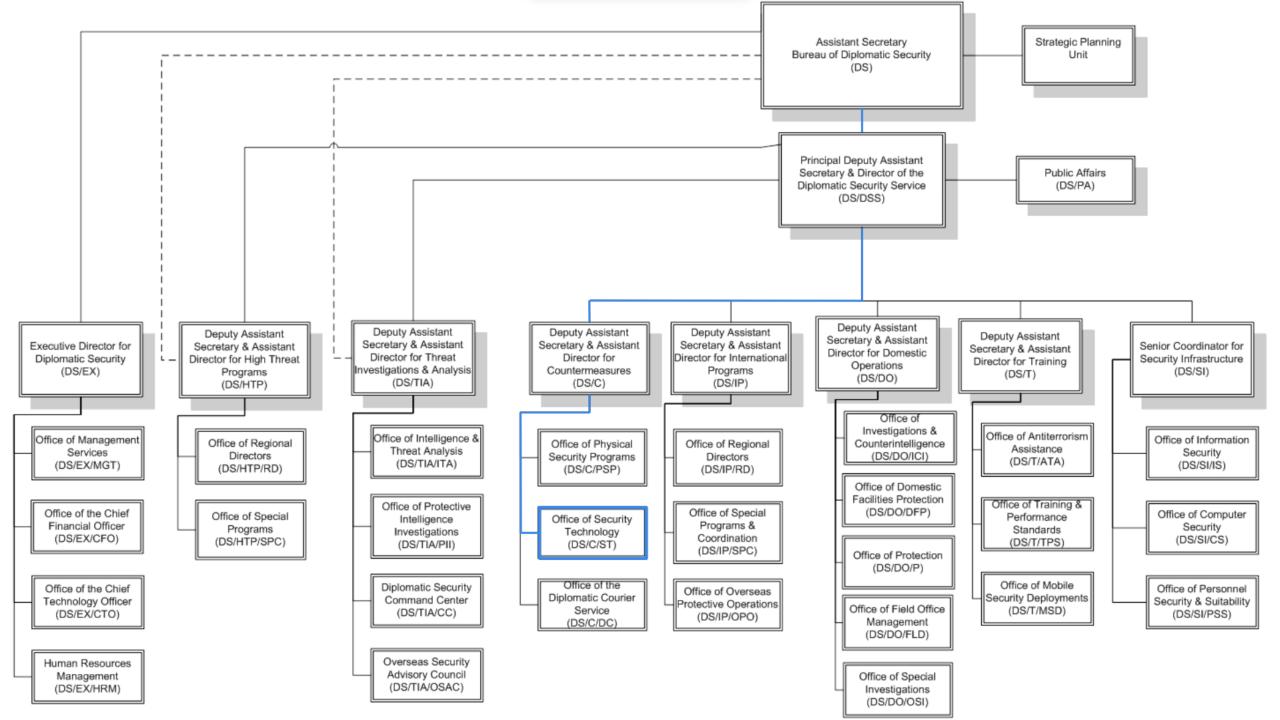
Initial Problem Statement

Network defenders in the Office of Cyber Monitoring and Operations need a better way to query and correlate data in a hybrid and multi-cloud data ecosystem in order to develop analytics capability at the network defender level and inform insight-driven decisions on cybersecurity incident response at the senior leadership level.

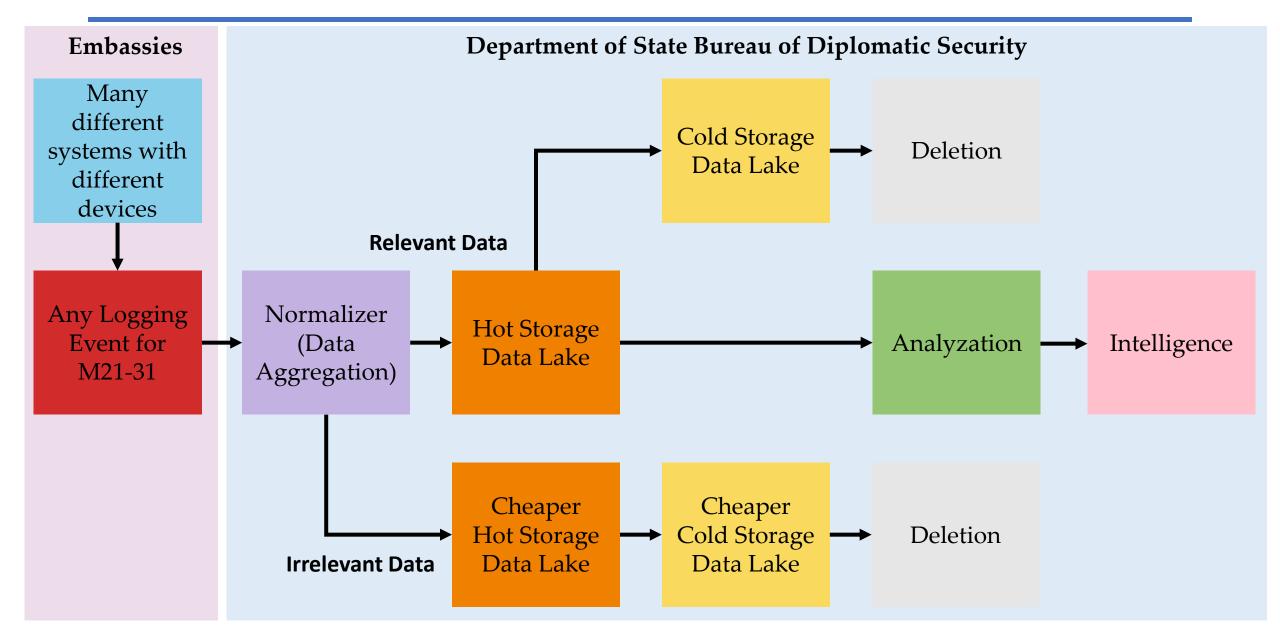
Revised Problem Statement

Network defenders in the Office of Cyber Monitoring and Operations need a better agnostic way to collect, store, and analyze logs. This system will be used to inform cybersecurity related decisions on the network defender and incident response level. To pair with this, policy will be required to help Network Defenders implement new changes and become more aware.



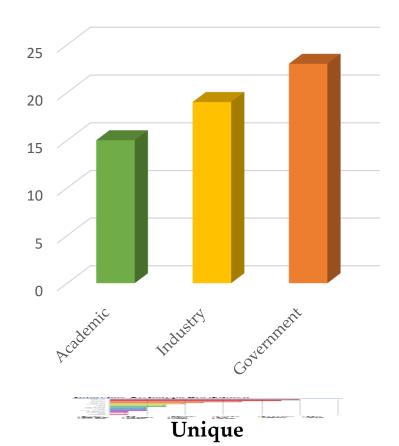


Final MVP

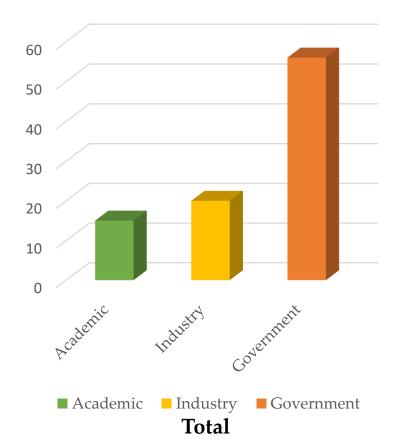


Interview Breakdown By Sector

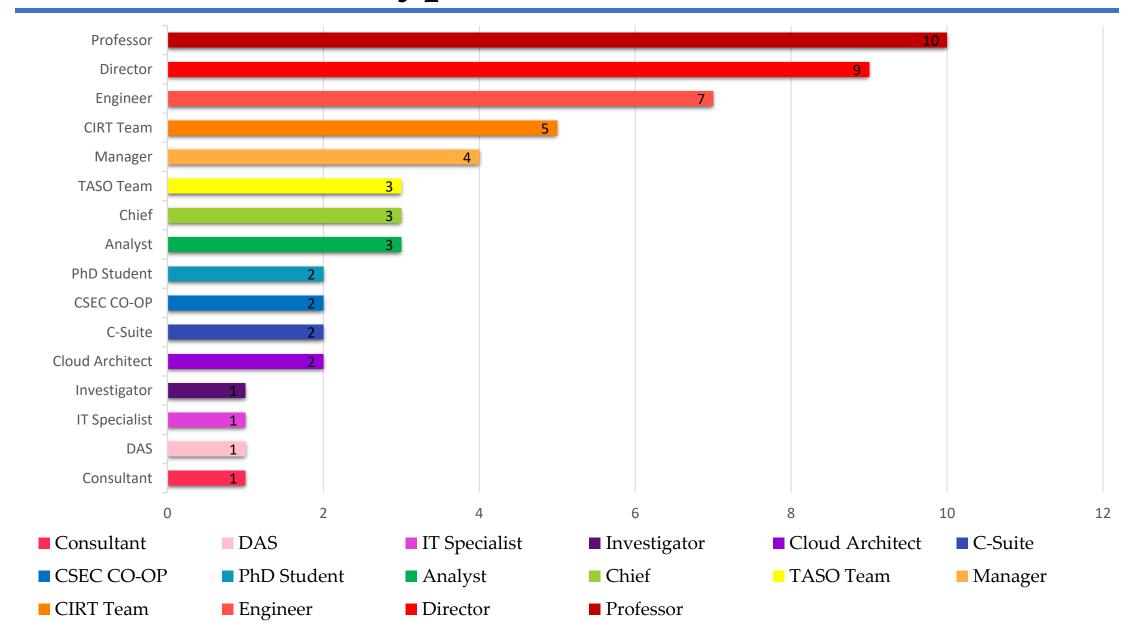
- ❖ Across all 15 weeks we had a total of 59 unique interviews across 3 sectors:
 - **♦** Academic 15
 - **❖** Industry 19
 - **❖** Government 23



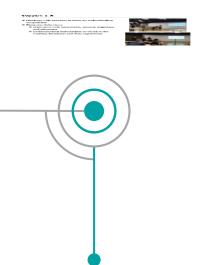
- Across all 15 weeks we had a total of 91 total interviews across 3 sectors:
 - **❖** Academic 15
 - **❖ Industry** 20
 - **❖** Government 56



Interview Archetype Breakdown



Project Journey

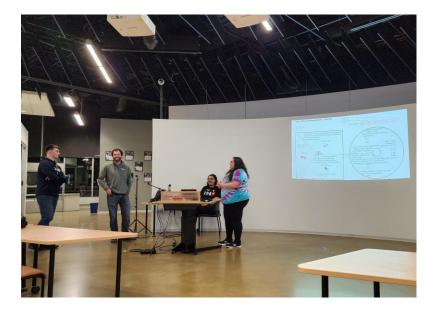


Total Interviews: 17 Research Papers: 20

Days Left: 70

Weeks 1-5

- Meetings with sponsors to focus on understanding the problem
- Discovery Interviews
 - Interviews with consultants, security engineers, and educators
 - Understanding technologies involved in the Problem Statement and their capabilities





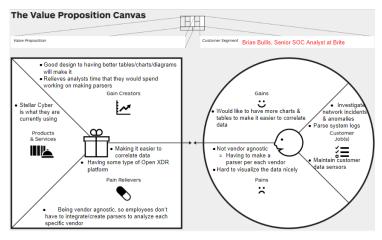
Weeks 1-5: Interviews

David Hagan – Cloud Data Architect, Office of Cyber Monitoring and Operations

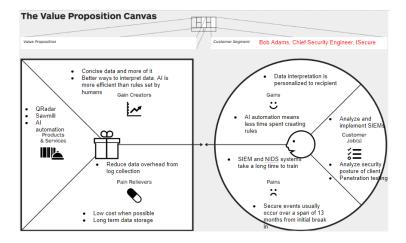
- ❖ Data storage and log aggregation
- ❖ Big takeaway: Data Lakes for storage
 - ❖ Aggregate events and then place in cloud storage

Other Important VPCs

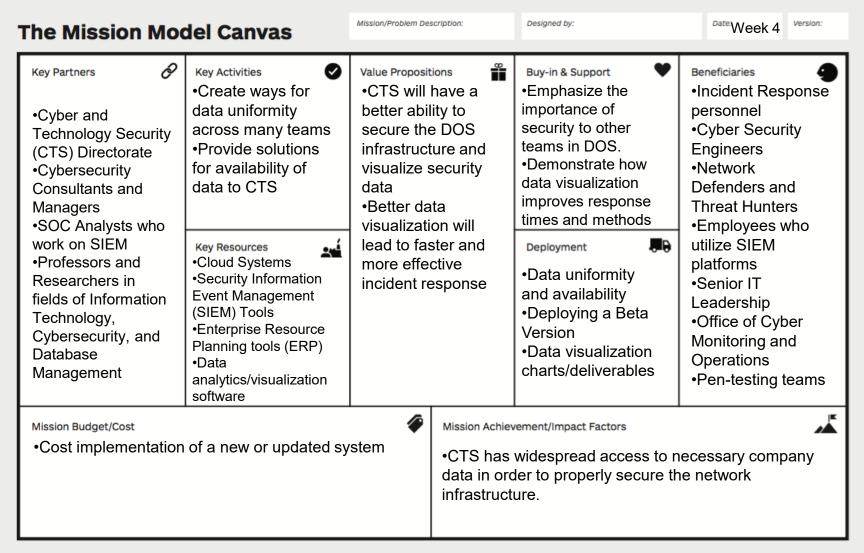
Brian Bullis



Bob Adams

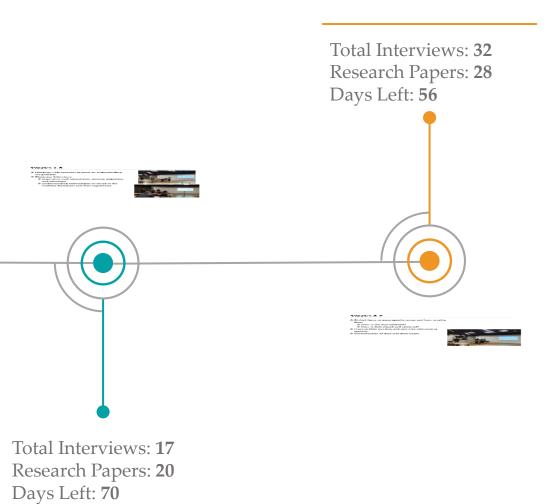


Weeks 1-5: Mission Model Canvas



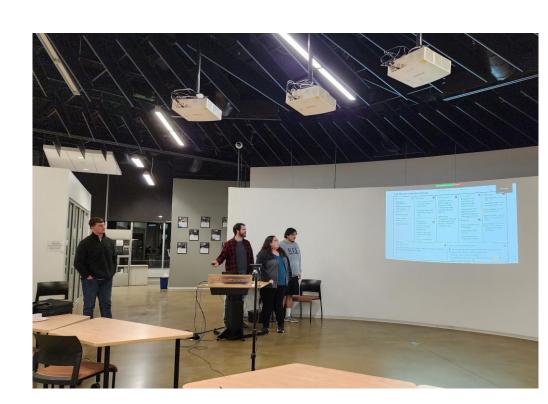


Project Timeline



Weeks 6-7

- Shifted focus to more specific issues and how to solve them
 - ❖ How is the data collected?
 - ❖ How is data stored and retrieved?
- Ways to filter out data and sort it by relevance to security
- Centralization of data into Data Lakes



Weeks 6-7: Interviews

Mike Pinch – Director, Security Risk Advisors

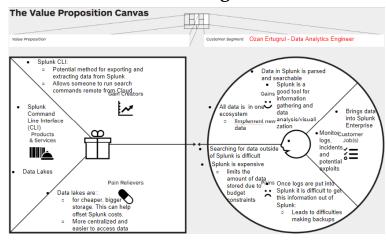
- ❖ Presented the idea of a data pipeline and fusion center
- Cribl allowed easy traversal of unsorted logs within a data lake
- ❖ Importance of filtering incoming information as "useful" or less-useful.

"The problem with SOCs across the industry view and use SIEM as the center of their data universe... which it shouldn't be"

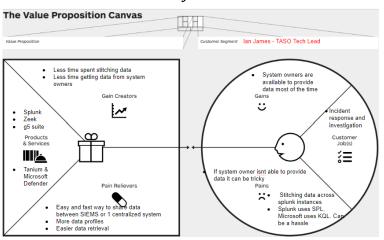
- Mike Pinch

Other Important VPCs

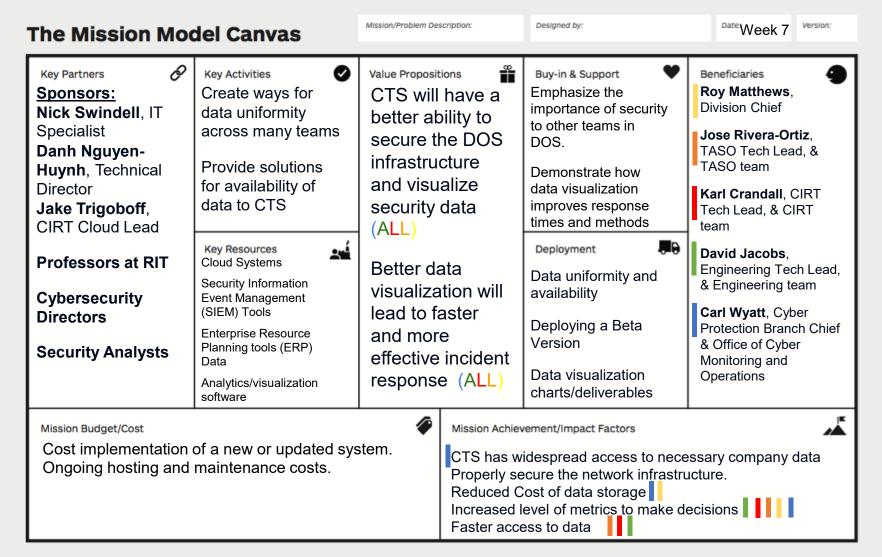
Ozan Ertugrul



Ian James

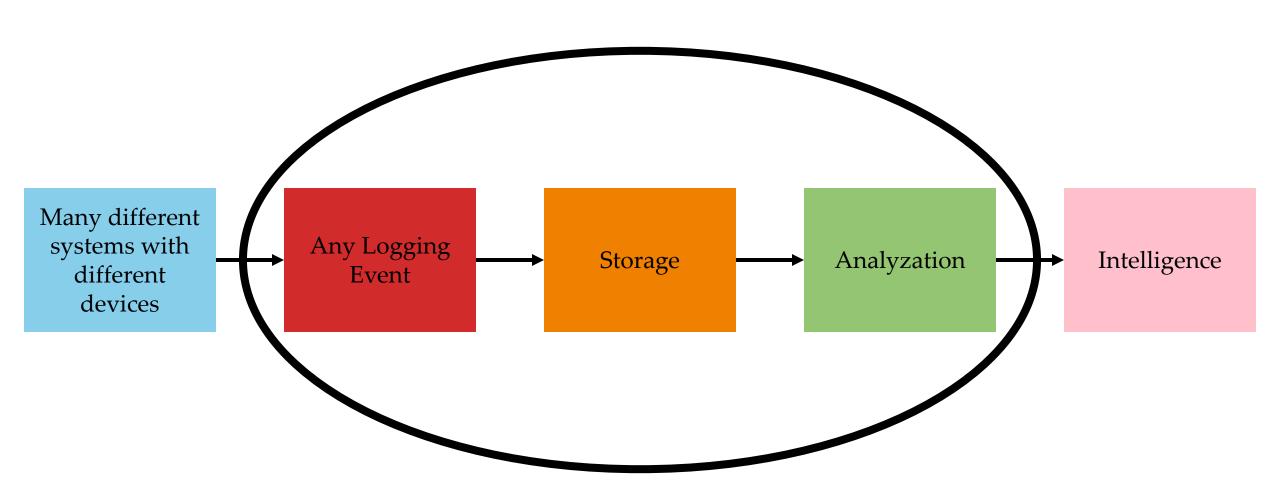


Weeks 6-7: Mission Model Canvas

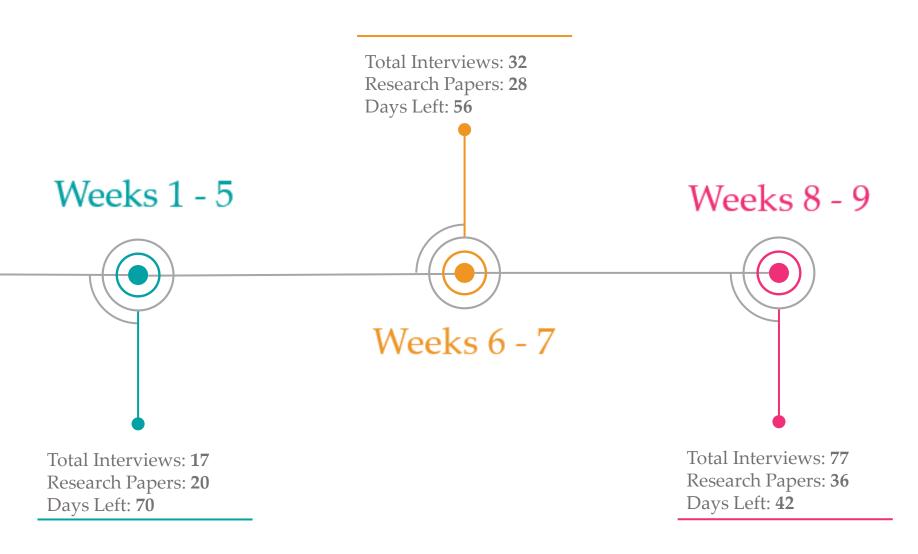




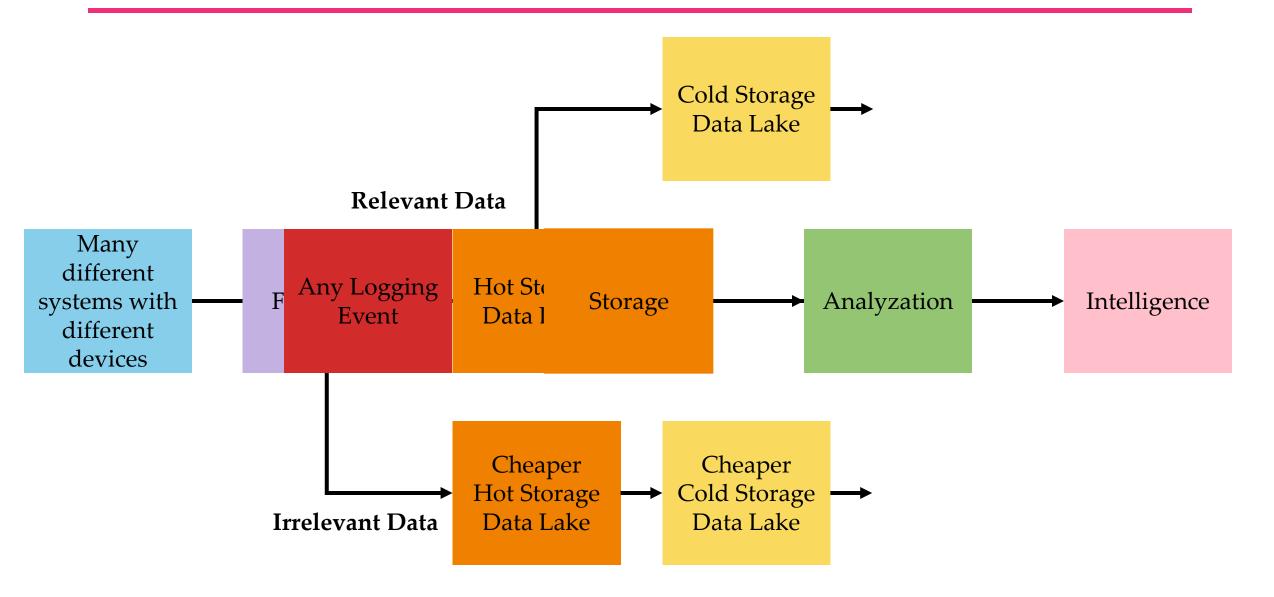
Week 6 – First Problem Flowchart



Project Timeline



Week 8 – Second MVP



Weeks 8-9

- During Weeks 8 & 9 we visited our sponsors in Washington D.C., Maryland & Virginia
 - ❖ Toured DoS SA-20 location & off-site data center
 - ❖ Met with 15+ people including, but not limited to:
 - Senior management
 - ❖ Incident response personnel









Weeks 8-9: Interviews

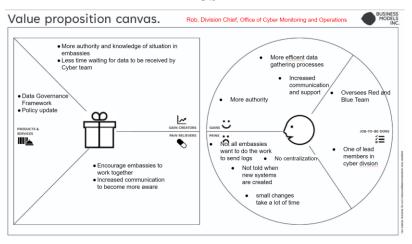
Roy Matthews - Division Chief, Office of Cyber Monitoring and Operations

- Discussed change management and onboarding processes
- ❖ New software goes through engineering management process to ensure it complies with standards/"meets baseline"

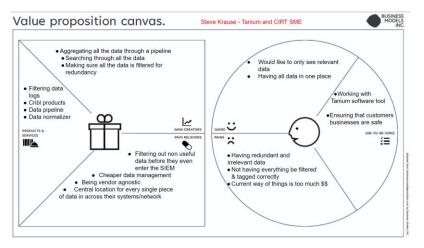
"Walk through the critical path with milestones."
- Roy Matthews

Other Important VPCs

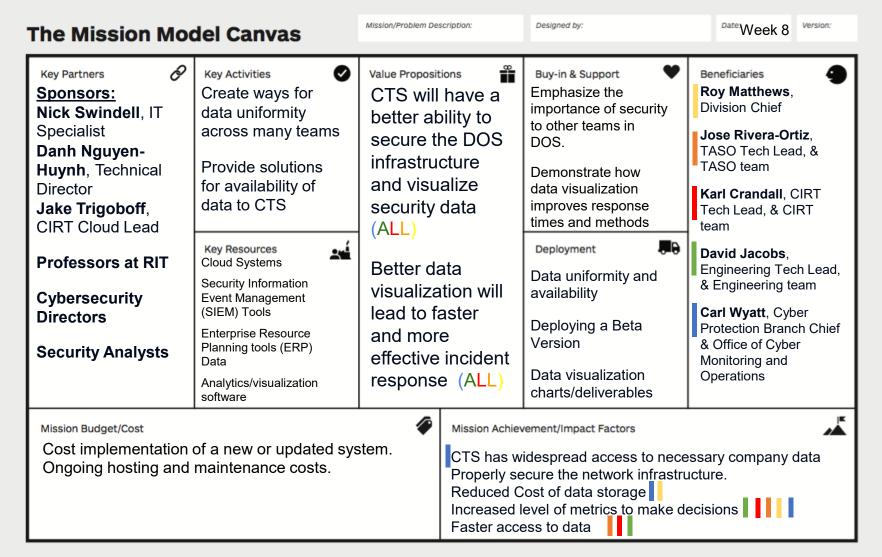
Rob



Steve Krause

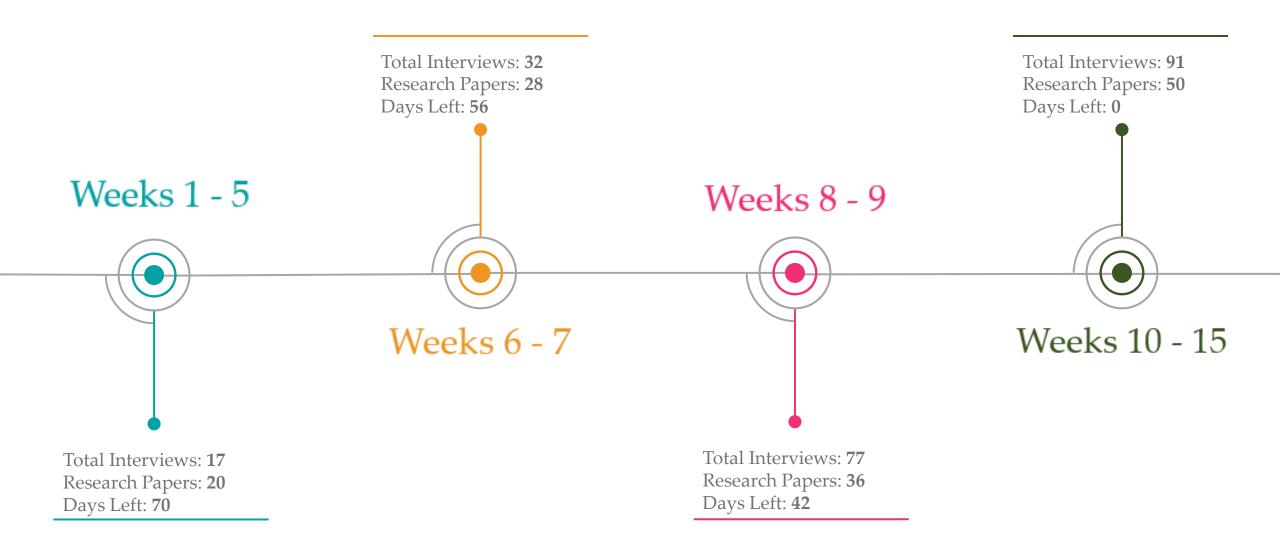


Weeks 8-9: Mission Model Canvas



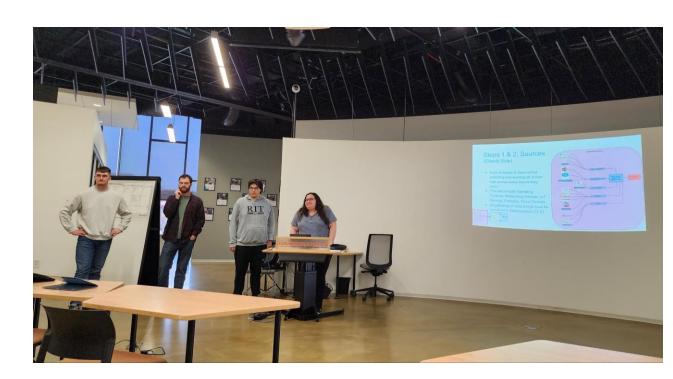


Project Timeline



Weeks 10-15

- Created proper Gantt Deployment Chart
- ❖ Finalized our MVP with sponsors
- ❖ Interviews focused on following areas:
 - ❖ Disaster Recovery & Business Continuity
 - Onboarding Procedures
 - * Risk Management



Weeks 10-15: Interviews

Jake Trigoboff - CIRT Cloud Lead, Office of Cyber

Monitoring and Operations

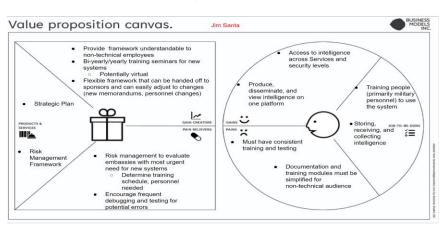
- Onboarding and introduction phases
- Collaboration with Technical and Management
- KPIs are focused on incident statistics (types, frequency, logging requirements)

"Once we figure out flow of change management having some integrations between management and technical side will be important."

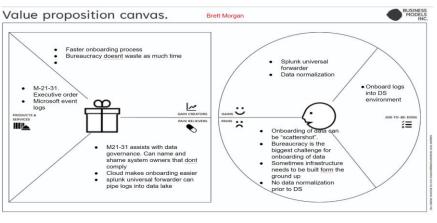
- Jake Trigoboff

Other Important VPCs

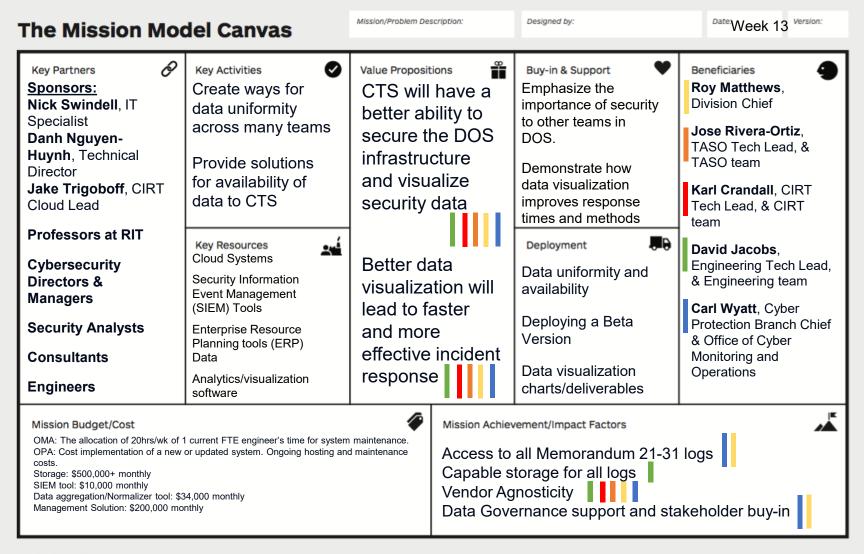
Dr. Jim Santa



Brett Morgan

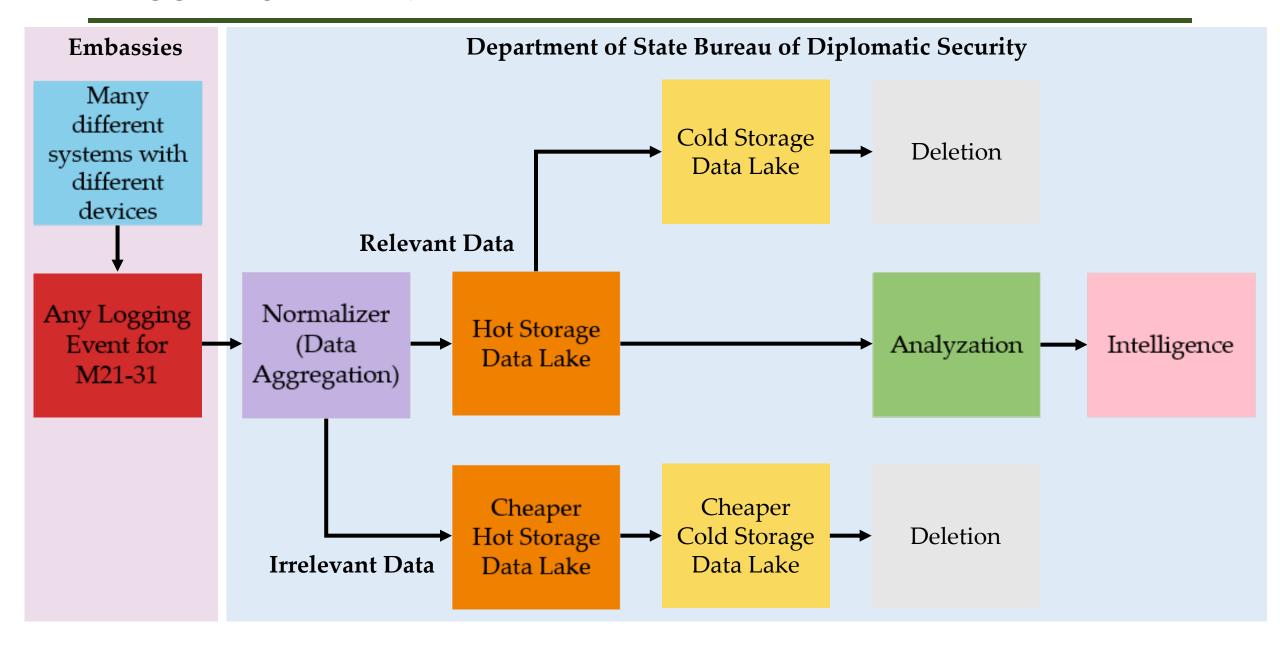


Weeks 10-15: Mission Model Canvas



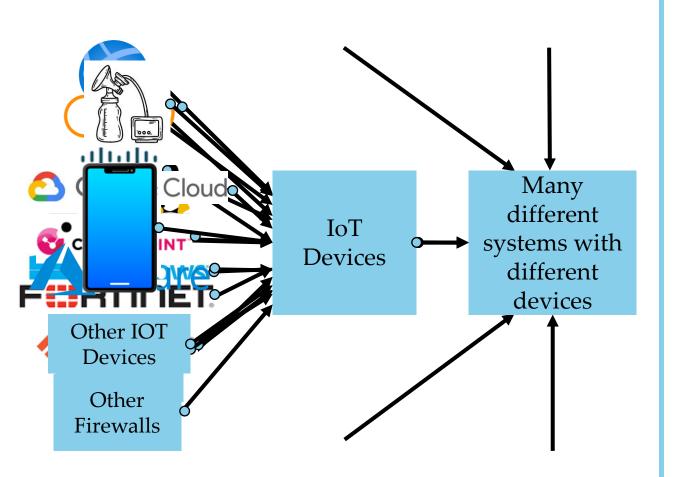


Week 10 - Final MVP



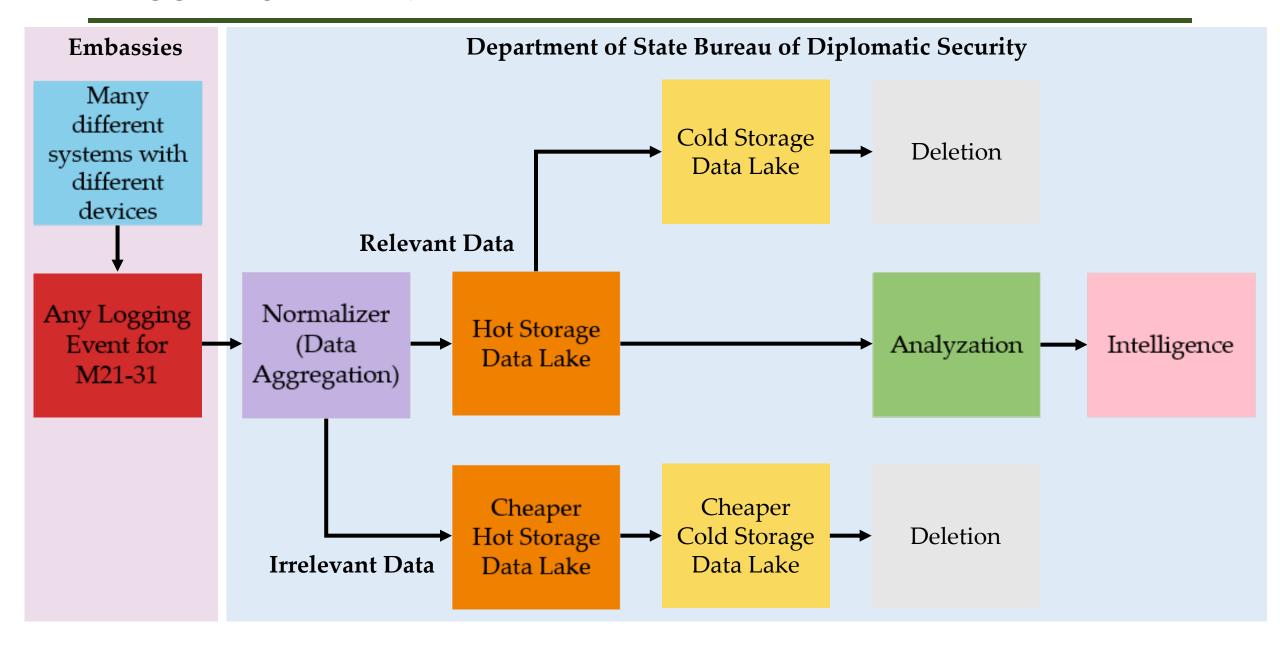
Step 1 - Sources

Embassies Side



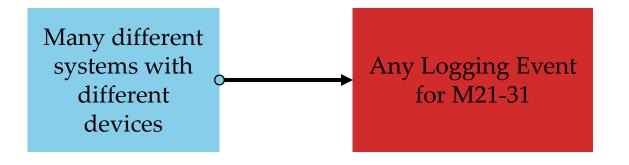
- ❖ Each embassy will collect all of their source logs
- ❖ Every data source will be categorized by its type
- Including all
 - Operating Systems
 - **❖** Networking Devices
 - Firewalls
 - Cloud Devices
 - **❖** IoT Devices

Week 10 - Final MVP



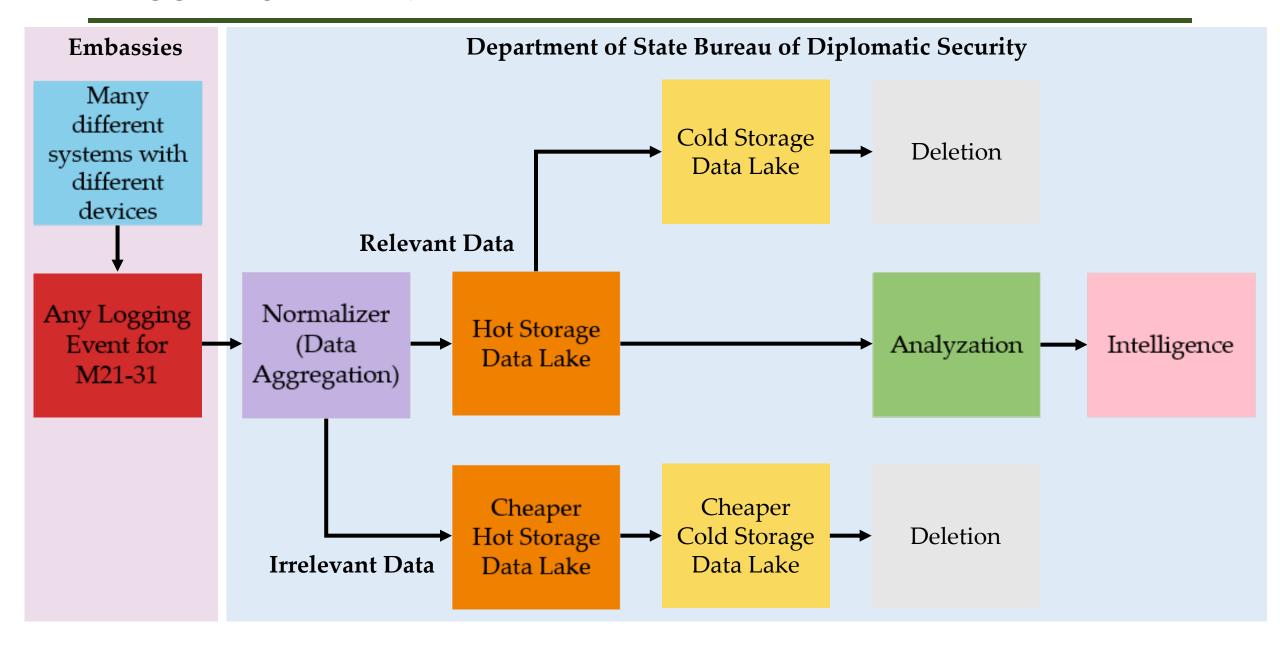
Step 2 - M21-31 Logging Event

Embassies Side

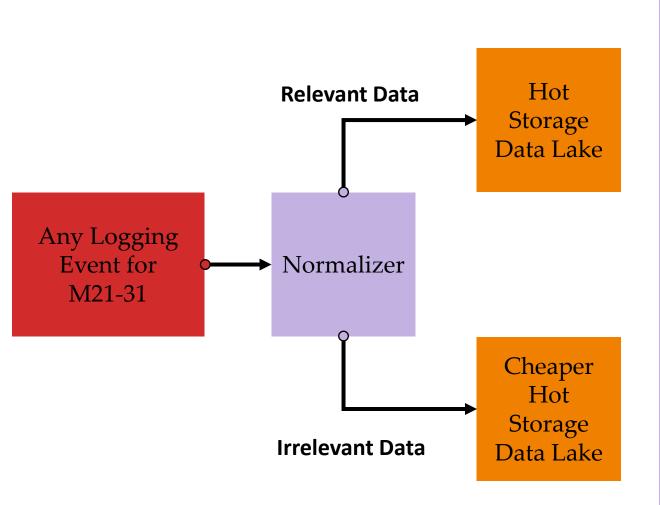


- ❖ All gathering of data & logs must be compliant to Memorandum 21-31
- ❖ Developed to ensure centralized visibility for Security Operations Center (SOC) of federal agencies.
- **❖** It addresses:
 - Logging
 - Log retention
 - Log management

Week 10 - Final MVP



Step 3 - Normalizer



- ❖ Categorized logs are sent to the normalizer
- ❖ Makes sure logs will be tagged with its source
- ❖ Normalizer aggregates all the data and logs
- Analyze and classify each log as relevant or irrelevant
 - ❖ Relevant: This log will help in investigation and is useful
 - ❖ Irrelevant: This log may not help, not have useful info and potentially wastes space

Recommend Software Solutions – Normalizer



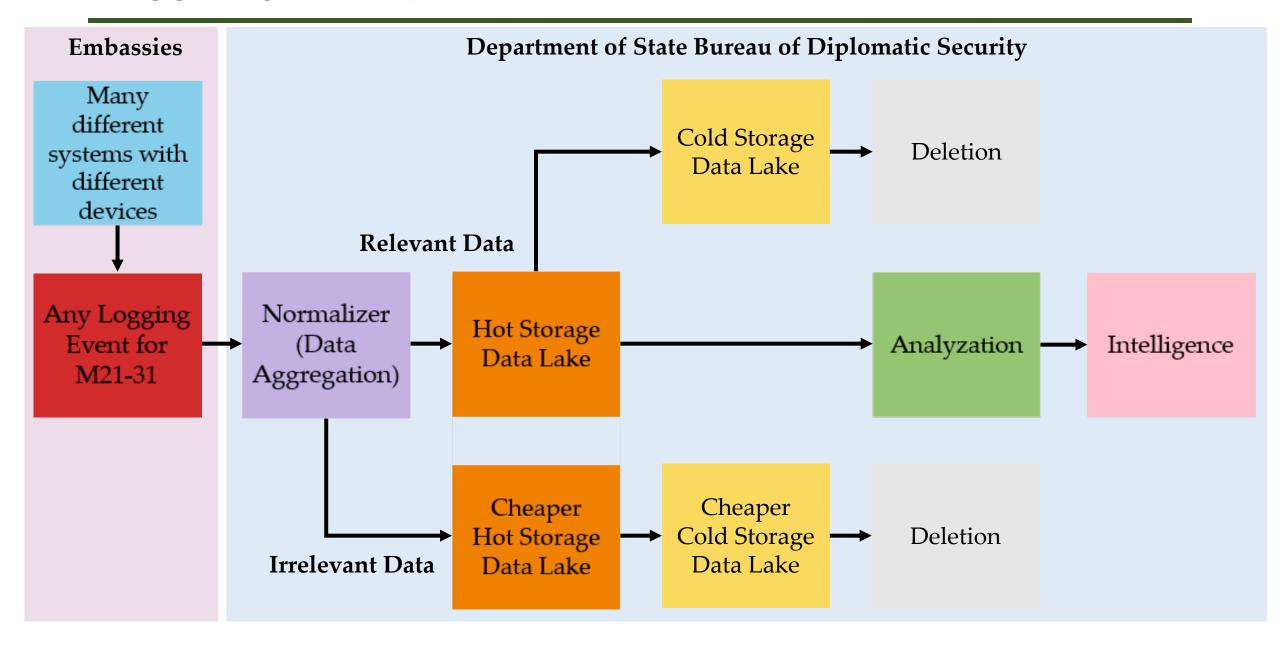
Pros:

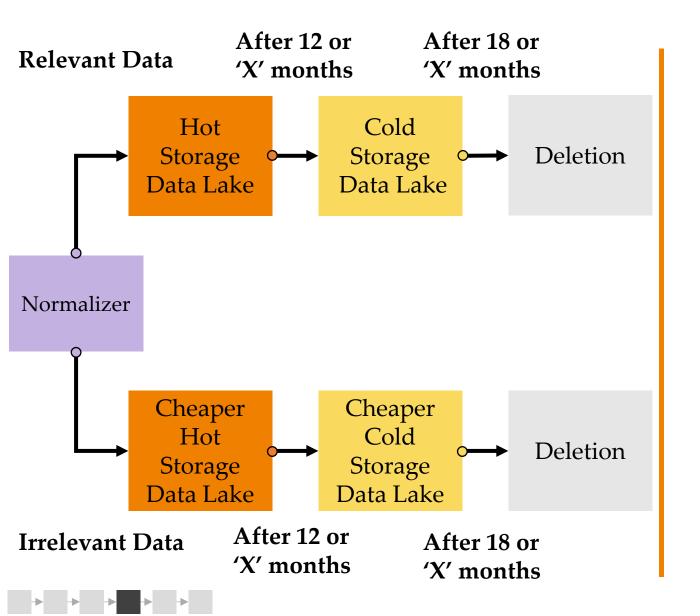
- Universal Receiver
- ❖ Dashboard Easy to understand/use, can click and drag sources to destinations
- ❖ Integration with other software including other recommended software.

Cons:

❖ No Artificial Intelligence or Machine Learning functionality

Week 10 - Final MVP





- Data will be stored in a Data Warehouse in the Department of State
- ❖ Relevant data and irrelevant data will be split up into different data lakes for cost and relevance
- ❖ Mandated in M21-31:
 - ❖ After 12-'X' months in hot storage, data will be moved to cold storage
 - ❖ After 18-'X' months in cold storage, data will be deleted

Recommend Software Solutions – Data Storage



Pros:

- Pricing based on computing usage
- Auto-scaling
- Real-time data lineage

Cons:

Only at-rest encryption on data



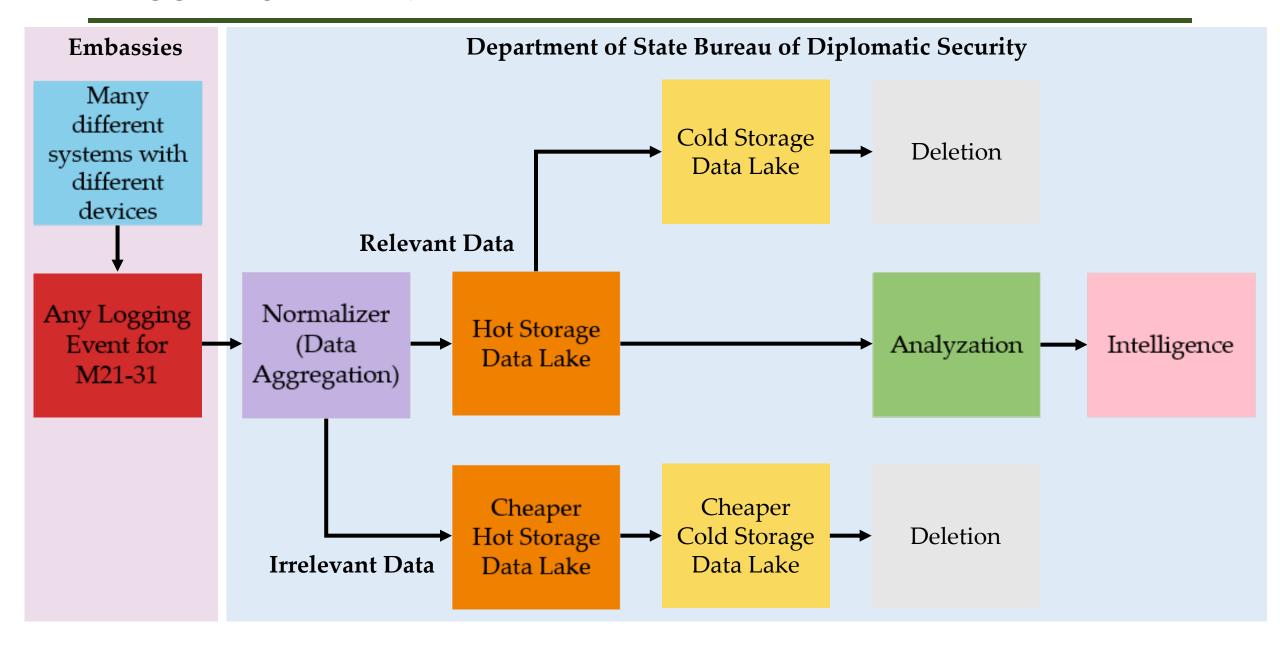
Pros:

- ❖ At-rest and in-transit encryption on data
- Good scaling capabilities
 - ❖ Easy to increase and decrease size of data warehouse based on needs

Cons:

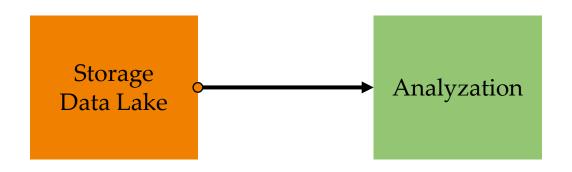
- Pricing based on storage volume
- ❖ No auto-scaling not as fast

Week 10 - Final MVP



Step 7 - Analyze

DoS Side



- ❖ The SIEM tool will pull the data from the data lakes
- ❖ The SIEM tool will display all the data to showcase what is happening on the network & sources

Recommend Software Solutions – Analysis

splunk>

Pros:

- Current SIEM tool
- Well integrated data collection and analysis

Cons:

- Current contract is expensive
- Not easy to get data out of Splunk once it is put in (indexed)



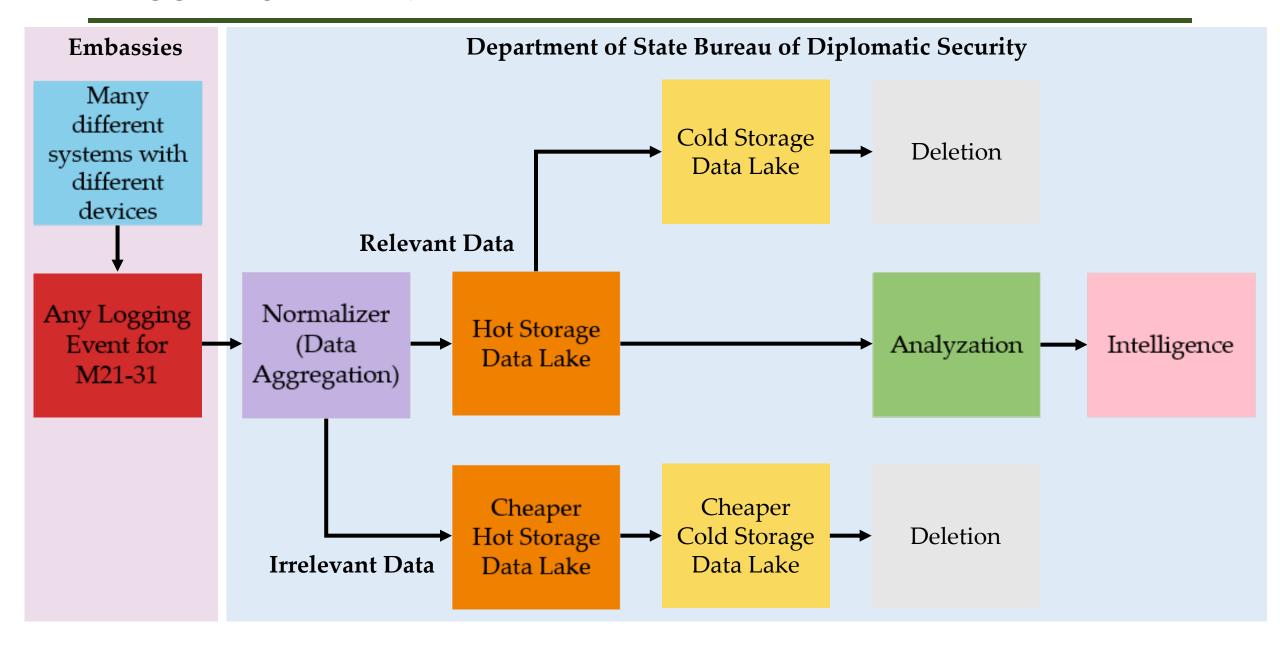
Pros:

- Use of historical data (can bring from cold to hot)
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
 - ❖ Includes behavioral analysis data and task automation

Cons:

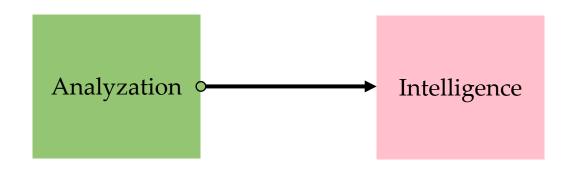
Complex pricing system

Week 10 - Final MVP



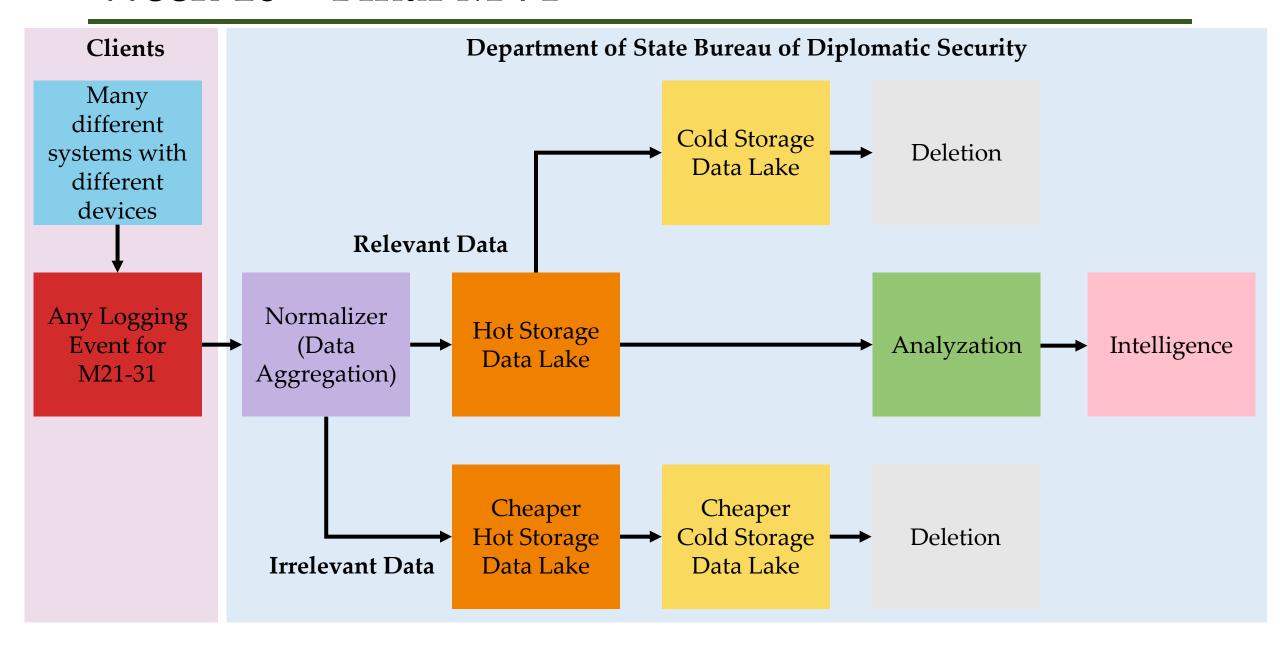
Step 8 - Intelligence

DoS Side



- ❖ Analysts at DoS will analyze & examine the data for any malicious incidents.
- ❖ DoS Analysts will work with the embassies to remediate the issue.
- ❖ Once the issue is resolved, embassies and the DoS Analysts will make sure to prevent similar events from happening in the future

Week 10 - Final MVP



Onboarding Notes

- Annual training highlighting new features, software updates, other changes
- Make sure current equipment can handle project
- Determine implementation on specific embassies with key metrics

"Training on software should be a continuous, long-term process."
- Bryan Reinicke, MIS Capstone Professor

Disaster Recovery Notes

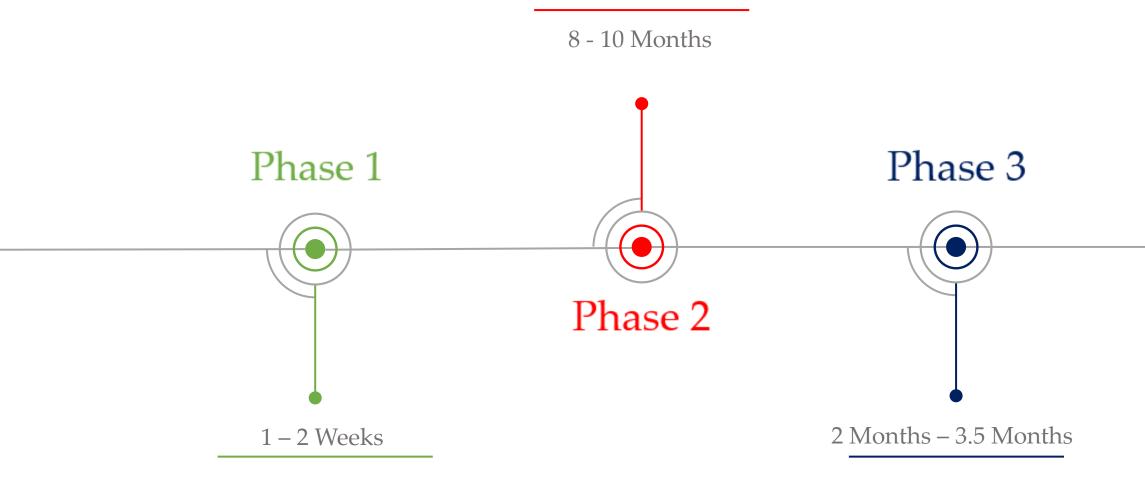
- ❖ Ensure any new software additions meet security standards and do not increase vulnerability.
- ❖ How long are servers active? 24 hours?
- **❖** What is risk tolerance?

"Backups, backups, backups!!!"

– Paul Centanni, CISO at Acture Solutions

Deployment – Overview

Approximate Total Time Length: 10.5 Months – 14 Months



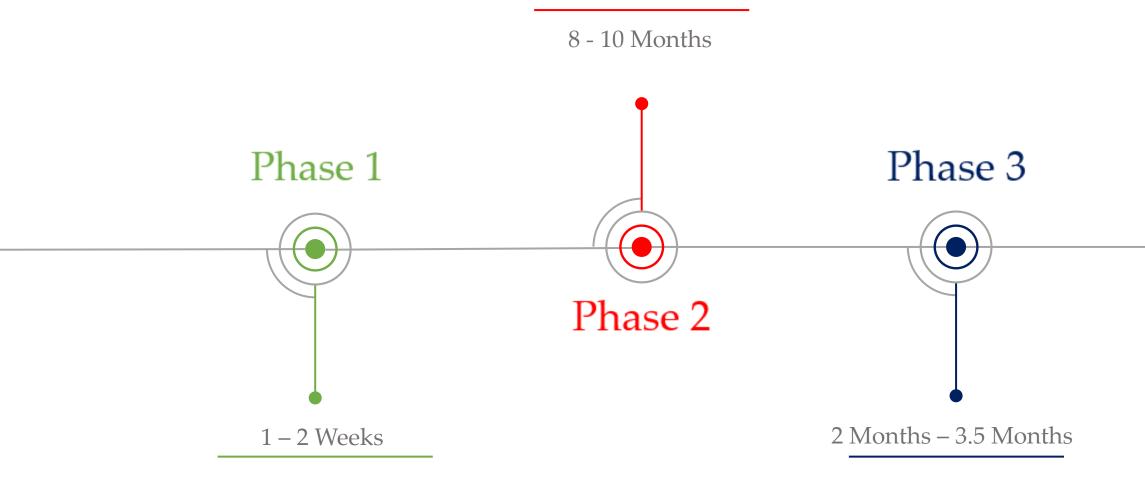
Deployment – Phase 1

	Month 1						
Phase 1	1-2 weeks – Introduce the Solution						

- ❖ The focus of Phase 1 be introducing the solution to sponsors and senior management.
 - ❖ Share research on software
 - Develop estimates of implementation time
 - Outlining risk management process, key performance indicators, and goals.

Deployment – Overview

Approximate Total Time Length: 10.5 Months – 14 Months



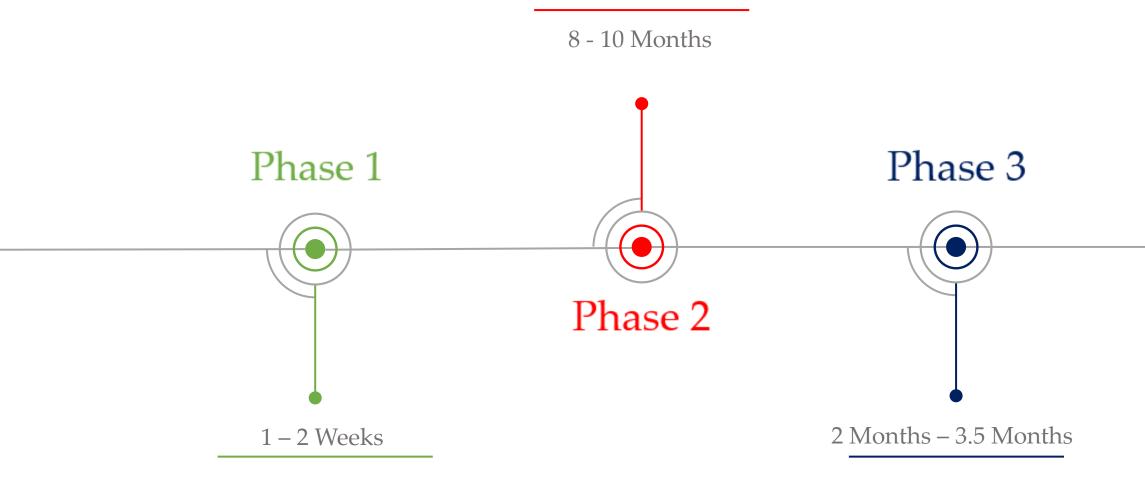
Deployment – Phase 2

	Mon	ıth 1	Mon	ith 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6	Mont	th 7	Month 8	Month 9	Montl	h 10
Phase 2		9 Months: Approximate Full Approval of Project												
	8 − 9 Weeks													
	24 – 26 Weeks: Get Solution Budgeted													
	Resource Allocations for Implementation → 8 – 9 Weeks													
		24 – 35 Weeks: Get Approval from Senior Managemer									gement			

- ❖ The focus of Phase 2 will be approval and resource allocation.
 - ❖ Official project approval from senior management
 - Budgeting and cost projection
 - **❖** Resource allocation
 - Hardware, software, personnel

Deployment – Overview

Approximate Total Time Length: 10.5 Months – 14 Months



Deployment – Phase 3

	Month	h 1 Month 2 – Month 9		Month	nth 10 Month 11		1	Month 12	Month 13	Month 1	14				
Phase 3						2 – 3 Weeks	← Buil	—— Build Out Infrastructure							
	2 − 3 Weeks ← Coordination and Discussion with Customers														
	Employee Training and Onboarding of New Systems & Tools — Weeks 2 - 3 Weeks														
			ard Log Sources, C g Customer's Data				4 –	· 10 Weeks							

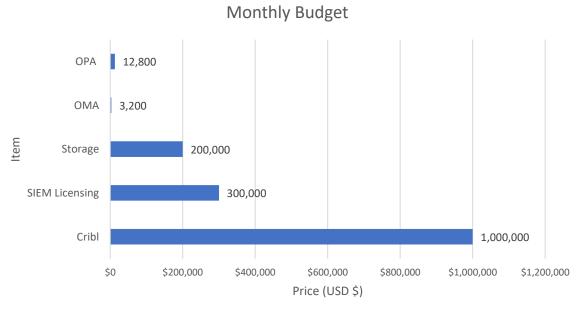
- ❖ The focus of Phase 3 will be onboarding and deployment.
 - Onboarding logs and data
 - **❖** Implementing new software
 - Training employees

Monthly Budget

Implementation:

- ❖ Data Normalizer software (Cribl): \$1,000,000
- ❖ Cost of licensing and use of Data Lake Storage: \$200,000
- ❖ SIEM Licensing and use: \$250,000
- ❖ OMA cost of system maintenance per month: \$3,200
- ❖ OPA cost for system implementation: \$12,800

Total: \$1,516,000



Thank you, Nick, Danh, and Jake, and our other Sponsors!



Thank you to all the people we interviewed!

		Ozan Ertugrul	Manny Medrano								
Carlos R	R. Rivero	Ozan Entagrai	Christine	Shely	Alex McPherson		Gharun Lacy	Andy Meneely	Davi	David Hagan	
Danh Nguye	Bob LaBanz n-Huynh		Jeremy Brown		Ken Miller		Brian Bullis	Tom Kopchak		Dave Ballard	
David Kirk			, ,		Sara Kastner			Bryan Re	inicke	Dave Banaru	
		Roy M	latthews			A1: T 1:	Ray Romano	David Loshin	Ν	Mohammed Saidur	
Quang	5 Bui	Justin Balroop		James Bri		Ali Tosyali			Kyle Smitl	h	
Steve Krause				John Topp		Nick Swindell	Chad Rooi	ney	т.	6 1	
Bill Stackpo		Myra R	Rowell		Rob	Anthony I	Henry	Michael Woffo	:d ^{Jin}	n Santa	
				Mark Johns				Paul Centar	ıni	Sean Doran	
Jon-Mic	hael Lacek	Carl Ra	Randall Mark Joh		SOII	Mehdi Mii	rakhorli Jose	Rivera-Ortiz	Nick (Nick Ortiz	
	Jake Trigboff	Rob Naik			Michael Kelly			Demetrius J Gooden			
	Jane 11150011		Ian James	S			Mike Pinch				
Rob Mennell	Вс	ob Adams	Maxwell Bard		n	James H. Mo	oore	Nate Matthews Bro	ett Morgai	Saikat Biswas n	

Thank you to our mentor Rob!



Thank you, Jim Santa and Suvam!

