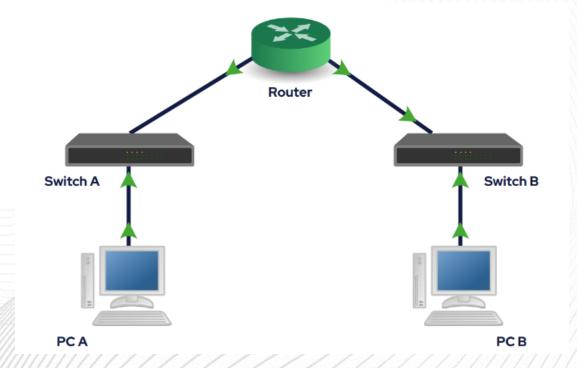
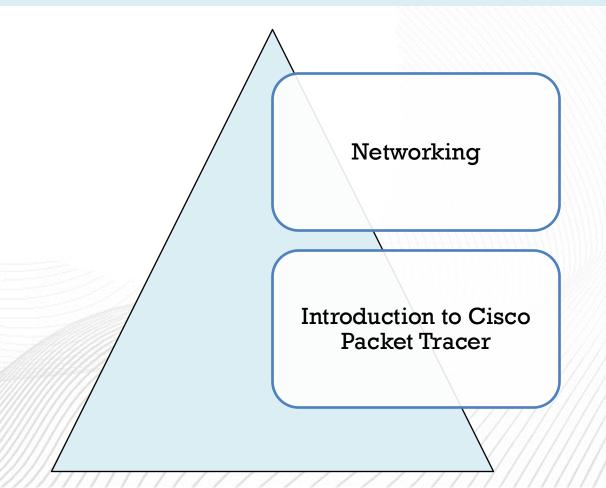
#### **Information Technology**

## **Basic Networking with Cisco Packet Tracer**





### **Basic Networking with Cisco Packet Tracer**





## Networking



## What is a network?

 A computer network is a collection of devices, such as computers, servers, printers and other hardware components, that are linked together to share resources and information.



## **End Devices**

- PC
- Laptop
- Phone
- Printer
- Server







## **Network Devices**

- Switch
- Router
- Hub
- Access Point



## **Switches**

- Connects multiple end devices together on the same network.
- It makes sure that data gets where it needs to go quickly and efficiently.





## **Routers**

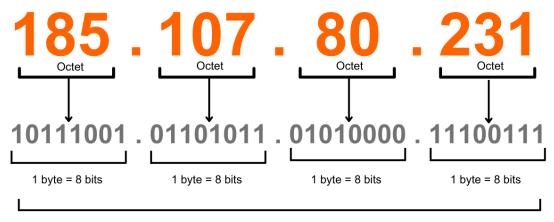
- Connects devices to the internet.
- Can find best path to send and receive data.



## **IP Address**

- a digital address for a device on a network
- IP address must be unique!
- a series of numbers separated by dots

#### **IPv4 Address Format**



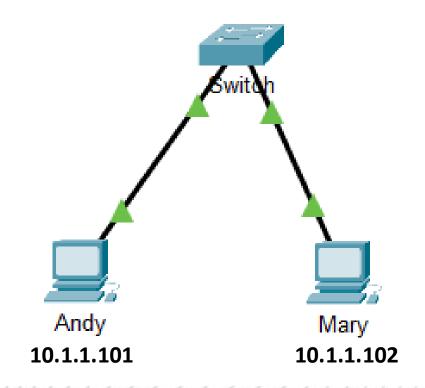
## **Routing Protocol**

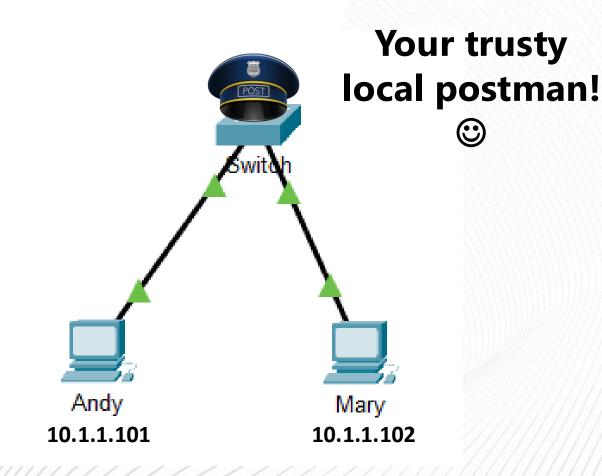
- a set of rules that helps computers and devices on a network figure out the best paths for sending data to each other
- examples of routing protocols:
  - Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP)
  - Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
  - Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
  - Routing Information Protocol (RIP)



## So, how does these devices work?

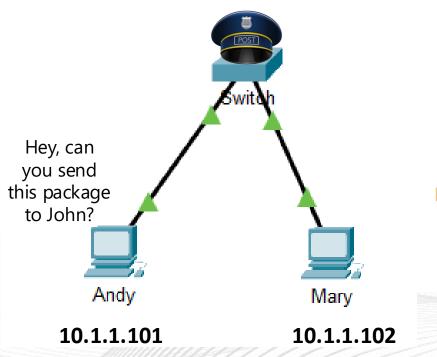
## How to communicate with other devices in the same network

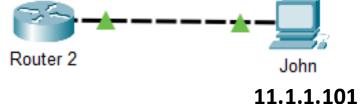




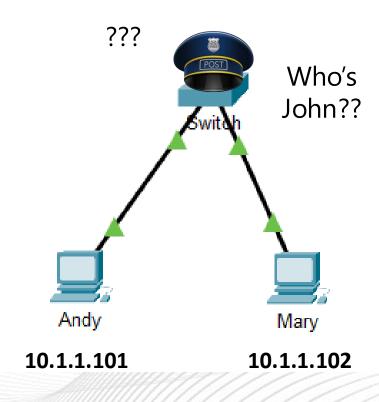


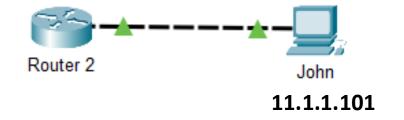
## Can Andy send a package to John?





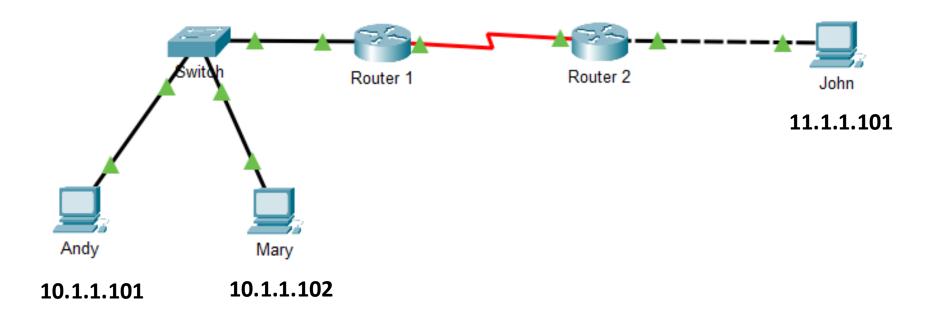




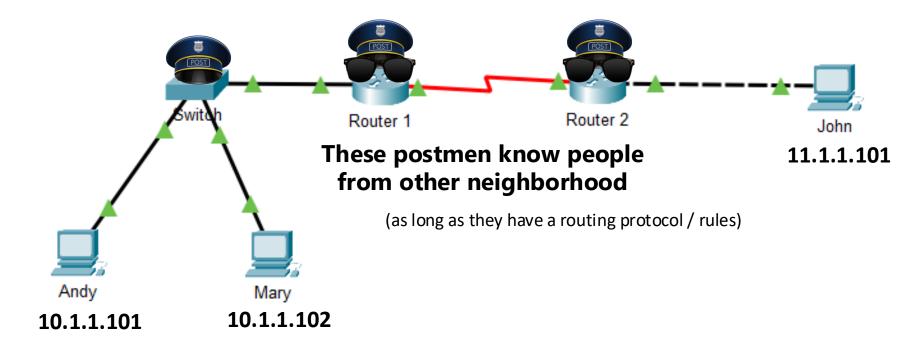




## Will routers be able to help Andy send a package to John?









### **Any Questions?**





# Introduction to Cisco Packet Tracer