___Apple Stock Price Prediction_

importing necessary libraries

In [5]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline

reading the data file

| | Onnamed: 0 | symbol | date | close | high | low | open | volume | adjClose | ŧ |
|---|---------------|--------|------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|----------|------------|-----|
| (| 0 | AAPL | 2015-05-27 00:00:00+00:00 | 132.045 | 132.260 | 130.05 | 130.34 | 45833246 | 121.682558 | 121 |
| | l 1 | AAPL | 2015-05-28 00:00:00+00:00 | 131.780 | 131.950 | 131.10 | 131.86 | 30733309 | 121.438354 | 121 |
| 2 | 2 2 | AAPL | 2015-05-29 00:00:00+00:00 | 130.280 | 131.450 | 129.90 | 131.23 | 50884452 | 120.056069 | 121 |
| 3 | 3 | AAPL | 2015-06-01 00:00:00+00:00 | 130.535 | 131.390 | 130.05 | 131.20 | 32112797 | 120.291057 | 121 |
| 4 | 4 | AAPL | 2015-06-02 00:00:00+00:00 | 129.960 | 130.655 | 129.32 | 129.86 | 33667627 | 119.761181 | 120 |

→

In [11]: df.tail()

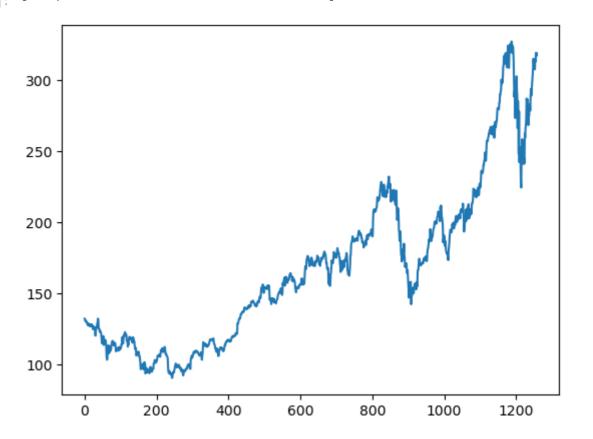
Out[11]: **Unnamed:** symbol date close high volume adjClose low open 2020-05-18 AAPL 1253 1253 314.96 310.3241 314.96 00:00:00+00:00 2020-05-19 1254 1254 AAPL 313.14 318.52 313.0100 315.03 25432385 313.14 00:00:00+00:00 2020-05-20 1255 1255 **AAPL** 319.23 319.52 316.2000 316.68 27876215 319.23 00:00:00+00:00 2020-05-21 AAPL 1256 1256 316.85 320.89 315.8700 318.66 25672211 316.85 00:00:00+00:00 2020-05-22 AAPL 1257 1257 318.89 319.23 315.3500 315.77 20450754 318.89 00:00:00+00:00

So the data shows, initial date as 2015-05-27 and last date as 2020-05-22

```
df1=df.reset_index()["close"]
In [14]:
         df1
In [15]:
                  132.045
Out[15]:
                  131.780
                  130.280
                  130.535
                  129.960
         1253
                  314.960
         1254
                  313.140
         1255
                  319.230
         1256
                  316.850
         1257
                  318.890
         Name: close, Length: 1258, dtype: float64
```

Plotting the "close" attribute pattern

```
In [16]: plt.plot(df1)
Out[16]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x29a211f1310>]
```



scaling down all the values between 0 to 1

```
In [17]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler

In [18]: mmscaler=MinMaxScaler()
```

```
df1=mmscaler.fit_transform(np.array(df1).reshape(-1,1))
In [19]:
          array([[0.17607447],
Out[19]:
                 [0.17495567],
                 [0.16862282],
                 [0.96635143],
                 [0.9563033],
                 [0.96491598]])
          plt.plot(df1)
In [20]:
          [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x29a21c7aa00>]
Out[20]:
           1.0
           0.8
           0.6
           0.4
           0.2
           0.0
```

dividing the data into two parts initially

400

200

```
In [24]: training_size=int(len(df1)*0.65)
    test_size=len(df1)-training_size

In [35]: training_size,test_size

Out[35]: (817, 441)

In [33]: training_dataset,testing_dataset=df1[:training_size],df1[training_size:len(df1)]

In [34]: training_dataset.shape,testing_dataset.shape

Out[34]: ((817, 1), (441, 1))
```

600

800

1000

1200

defined a function which will give arrays according to the used given training days

```
import numpy
def create_dataset(dataset, time_step=1):
    dataX, dataY = [], []
    for i in range(len(dataset)-time_step-1):
        a = dataset[i:(i+time_step), 0] ###i=0, 0,1,2,3----99 100
        dataX.append(a)
        dataY.append(dataset[i + time_step, 0])
    return numpy.array(dataX), numpy.array(dataY)
```

using above function, splitted our *featured* data into train & test

```
In [50]: time_step = 100
X_train, y_train = create_dataset(training_dataset, time_step)
X_test, ytest = create_dataset(testing_dataset, time_step)

In [53]: X_train.shape,y_train.shape,X_test.shape,ytest.shape
Out[53]: ((716, 100), (716,), (340, 100), (340,))
```

preparing data for adding into Stacked LSTM model

imported necessary deep learning libraries

```
In [59]: from tensorflow import keras
  from keras.models import Sequential
  from keras.layers import Dense
  from keras.layers import LSTM
```

Stacked LSTM model preparation

```
In [60]: model=Sequential()
    model.add(LSTM(50,return_sequences=True,input_shape=(100,1)))
    model.add(LSTM(50,return_sequences=True))
    model.add(LSTM(50))
    model.add(Dense(1))
In [61]: model.compile(optimizer="adam",loss="mean_squared_error")
In [62]: model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|---------------|-----------------|---------|
| lstm (LSTM) | (None, 100, 50) | 10400 |
| lstm_1 (LSTM) | (None, 100, 50) | 20200 |
| lstm_2 (LSTM) | (None, 50) | 20200 |
| dense (Dense) | (None, 1) | 51 |
| | | |

Total params: 50,851 Trainable params: 50,851 Non-trainable params: 0

In [63]: model.fit(X_train,y_train,epochs=100,batch_size=32,validation_data=(X_test,ytest),

```
Epoch 1/100
23/23 [============] - 12s 227ms/step - loss: 0.0094 - val_loss:
0.0043
Epoch 2/100
0.0040
Epoch 3/100
ss: 0.0052
Epoch 4/100
ss: 0.0036
Epoch 5/100
ss: 0.0036
Epoch 6/100
ss: 0.0046
Epoch 7/100
ss: 0.0031
Epoch 8/100
ss: 0.0031
Epoch 9/100
ss: 0.0026
Epoch 10/100
ss: 0.0024
Epoch 11/100
ss: 0.0025
Epoch 12/100
ss: 0.0024
Epoch 13/100
ss: 0.0022
Epoch 14/100
ss: 0.0020
Epoch 15/100
ss: 0.0023
Epoch 16/100
ss: 0.0023
Epoch 17/100
ss: 0.0023
Epoch 18/100
ss: 0.0019
Epoch 19/100
ss: 0.0015
Epoch 20/100
ss: 0.0020
Epoch 21/100
ss: 0.0026
Epoch 22/100
```

```
ss: 0.0021
Epoch 23/100
ss: 0.0032
Epoch 24/100
ss: 0.0015
Epoch 25/100
ss: 0.0015
Epoch 26/100
ss: 0.0014
Epoch 27/100
ss: 0.0015
Epoch 28/100
ss: 0.0014
Epoch 29/100
ss: 0.0014
Epoch 30/100
ss: 0.0016
Epoch 31/100
ss: 0.0014
Epoch 32/100
ss: 0.0019
Epoch 33/100
ss: 0.0012
Epoch 34/100
ss: 0.0012
Epoch 35/100
ss: 0.0015
Epoch 36/100
ss: 0.0013
Epoch 37/100
ss: 0.0013
Epoch 38/100
ss: 0.0018
Epoch 39/100
ss: 0.0012
Epoch 40/100
ss: 9.8565e-04
Epoch 41/100
ss: 9.8294e-04
Epoch 42/100
ss: 0.0010
Epoch 43/100
```

```
ss: 9.9591e-04
Epoch 44/100
ss: 9.2194e-04
Epoch 45/100
ss: 9.1775e-04
Epoch 46/100
ss: 8.6270e-04
Epoch 47/100
ss: 0.0017
Epoch 48/100
ss: 9.0809e-04
Epoch 49/100
ss: 8.0840e-04
Epoch 50/100
ss: 8.0028e-04
Epoch 51/100
ss: 0.0012
Epoch 52/100
ss: 0.0011
Epoch 53/100
23/23 [===========] - 3s 149ms/step - loss: 1.4029e-04 - val lo
ss: 0.0013
Epoch 54/100
ss: 9.8292e-04
Epoch 55/100
ss: 9.6539e-04
Epoch 56/100
ss: 8.1020e-04
Epoch 57/100
ss: 0.0011
Epoch 58/100
ss: 9.3823e-04
Epoch 59/100
ss: 0.0010
Epoch 60/100
ss: 7.8292e-04
Epoch 61/100
ss: 9.0188e-04
Epoch 62/100
ss: 0.0010
Epoch 63/100
ss: 8.1804e-04
Epoch 64/100
23/23 [============] - 3s 151ms/step - loss: 1.0817e-04 - val_lo
ss: 7.9841e-04
```

```
Epoch 65/100
ss: 7.9825e-04
Epoch 66/100
ss: 8.1503e-04
Epoch 67/100
ss: 9.4862e-04
Epoch 68/100
ss: 7.9669e-04
Epoch 69/100
ss: 8.0069e-04
Epoch 70/100
ss: 8.6567e-04
Epoch 71/100
ss: 7.9957e-04
Epoch 72/100
ss: 8.0508e-04
Epoch 73/100
ss: 8.1529e-04
Epoch 74/100
ss: 9.1021e-04
Epoch 75/100
ss: 8.3658e-04
Epoch 76/100
ss: 8.3158e-04
Epoch 77/100
ss: 0.0010
Epoch 78/100
ss: 8.8973e-04
Epoch 79/100
ss: 8.7121e-04
Epoch 80/100
ss: 8.8602e-04
Epoch 81/100
ss: 0.0012
Epoch 82/100
ss: 8.7559e-04
Epoch 83/100
ss: 8.8369e-04
Epoch 84/100
ss: 0.0010
Epoch 85/100
ss: 0.0011
Epoch 86/100
```

Out[63]:

```
ss: 9.0211e-04
Epoch 87/100
ss: 9.3266e-04
Epoch 88/100
ss: 9.5723e-04
Epoch 89/100
ss: 0.0013
Epoch 90/100
ss: 9.4381e-04
Epoch 91/100
ss: 0.0012
Epoch 92/100
ss: 0.0012
Epoch 93/100
ss: 0.0010
Epoch 94/100
ss: 0.0010
Epoch 95/100
ss: 0.0011
Epoch 96/100
ss: 0.0011
Epoch 97/100
ss: 0.0011
Epoch 98/100
ss: 0.0013
Epoch 99/100
ss: 0.0012
Epoch 100/100
ss: 0.0016
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x29a326e44f0>
```

Predicting the data and inversing it from 0 to 1 to actual value form

Testing Root Mean Squared Error

```
In [74]: from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
    import math
    rmse=math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(ytest,test_predict))
    rmse
Out[74]: 233.37424217437922
```

Training RMSE value

```
In [82]: from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
import math
    rmse2=math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_train,train_predict))
    rmse2

Out[82]: 140.88441834199475

In [96]: a=numpy.empty_like(df1)

In [103... len(train_predict)

Out[103]: 716

In [104... len(df1)

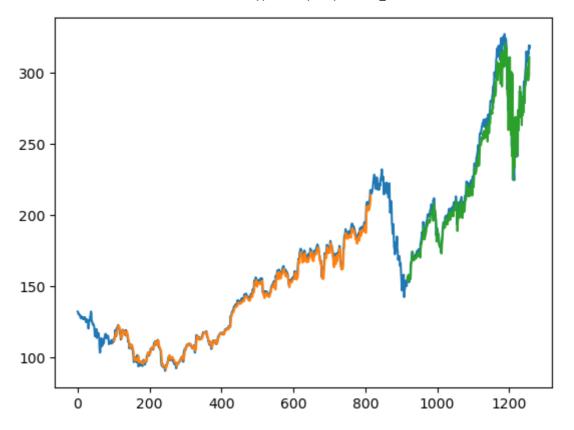
Out[104]: 1258
```

Plotting Actual, Training and Testing graph together

```
In [99]: time_step=100
    trainPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(df1)
    trainPredictPlot[:, :] = np.nan
    trainPredictPlot[time_step:len(train_predict)+time_step, :] = train_predict

    testPredictPlot = numpy.empty_like(df1)
    testPredictPlot[:, :] = numpy.nan
    testPredictPlot[len(train_predict)+(time_step*2)+1:len(df1)-1, :] = test_predict

    plt.plot(mmscaler.inverse_transform(df1))
    plt.plot(trainPredictPlot)
    plt.plot(testPredictPlot)
    plt.show()
```



In the above graph

- 1). Blue line --> acutal data
- 2).Orange --> training predicted data
- 3). Green -->testing predicted data

In []: