



Placement Empowerment Program

Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

. Deploy a Web Application on the CloudWrite a Python Flask application and deploy it on your cloud VM. Configure the firewall to allow HTTP traffic.

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Introduction

Cloud computing has revolutionized the way applications are developed and deployed, offering scalability, flexibility, and cost-effectiveness. This PoC focuses on deploying a Python-based Flask web application on an AWS EC2 instance. Flask, a lightweight web framework, is ideal for building simple yet powerful web applications. Through this project, you will learn how to set up a virtual machine in AWS, configure it, and deploy a web application, making it accessible to users globally.

Overview

In this project, a Flask application is developed and deployed on an Amazon EC2 instance. The application runs on a cloud-hosted Linux server with an accessible HTTP endpoint. The steps include:

- 1. Launching an EC2 instance.
- 2. Configuring the instance environment (Python, Flask, and dependencies).
- 3. Writing a Flask web application.
- 4. Setting up the firewall to allow HTTP traffic.
- 5. Testing the application on a browser.

The PoC demonstrates a simple yet effective way to understand deploying web applications in a cloud environment.

Objectives

- **1. Understand Flask Framework**: Learn the basics of Flask and how to write a simple web application.
- **2. Cloud Deployment**: Gain hands-on experience deploying an application on AWS EC2.
- **3. Security Configuration**: Configure inbound rules in AWS to allow HTTP traffic securely.
- **4. Application Accessibility**: Ensure the application is accessible globally via a public IP.
- **5. Real-World Skills**: Develop skills in cloud computing and web application deployment.

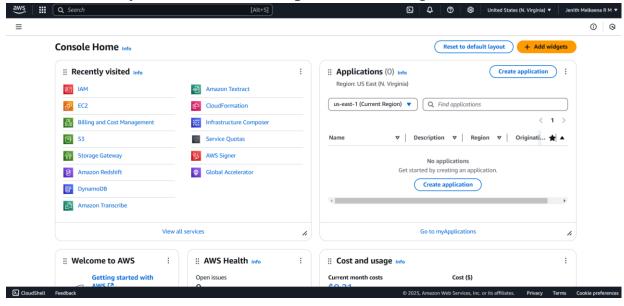
Importance

- **1. Practical Exposure**: Provides real-world experience in deploying applications to the cloud, an essential skill in modern IT infrastructure.
- **2. Skill Development**: Improves your understanding of cloud services, virtual machines, and web development.
- **3. Scalability**: Demonstrates how applications can be deployed and scaled easily using cloud infrastructure.
- **4. Career Advancement**: Builds foundational knowledge in cloud computing, a highly sought-after skill in the tech industry.
- **5. Problem-Solving**: Encourages troubleshooting skills by resolving deployment issues and configuring environments.

Step-by-Step Overview

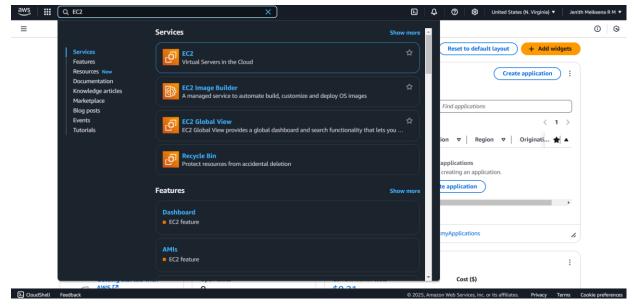
Step 1:

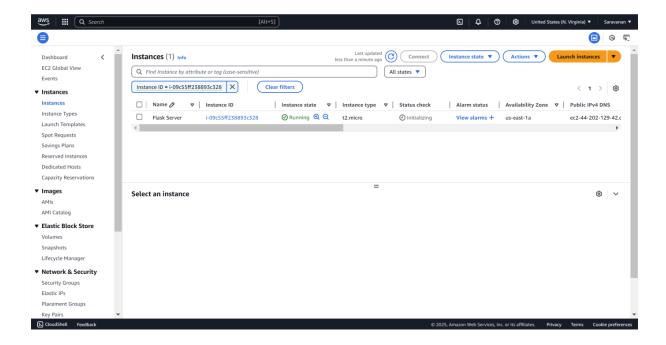
- 1. Go to AWS Management Console.
- 2. Enter your username and password to log in.



Step 2:

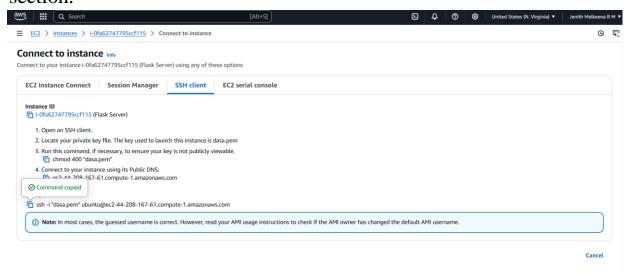
On the EC2 Dashboard, click on **Launch Instances** and enter a name for your instance (e.g., "Flask Server") and select Ubuntu as OS and create a key pair. Leave other settings as default and Click **Launch Instance**.





Step 3:

Click the 'Connect' option on your launched instance, go to the SSH client section, and copy the command provided under the 'Example' section.



Step 4:

Open PowerShell, navigate to the 'Downloads' directory where the downloaded key pair is located using the **cd Downloads** command

Paste the command copied from the EC2 Connect's SSH client section, replace the key pair name with your downloaded key (e.g., new.pem), press Enter, and type 'yes' when prompted.

```
PS C:\Users\jenit> cd downloads
PS C:\Users\jenit\downloads> ssh -i "jaya.pem" ubuntu@ec2-18-212-171-103.compute-1.amazonaws.com
The authenticity of host 'ec2-18-212-171-103.compute-1.amazonaws.com (18.212.171.103)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:VfVYWF8To60g07a2bUIZU/0wdqFL212GC5SH0y1/jag.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-18-212-171-103.compute-1.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.8.0-1021-aws x86_64)
```

Step 5:

Update the Package List:

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~$ sudo apt-get update
```

Step 6:

Install Python3 and pip

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~$ sudo apt-get install python3 python3-pip -y
```

Step 7:

Install Virtual Environment Tools: This helps keep your app's dependencies separate.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~$ sudo apt-get install python3-venv -y
```

Step 8:

Create and Activate a Virtual Environment and install Flask

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~$ python3 -m venv flaskenv ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~$ source flaskenv/bin/activate (flaskenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~$ pip install Flask
```

Step 9:

Create a Directory for Your App and Create a file called app.py using a text editor (like nano).

```
(flaskenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~$ mkdir ~/flask_app (flaskenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~$ cd ~/flask_app (flaskenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~/flask_app$ nano app.py
```

Step 10:

Write this code into the editor and press Ctrl + O (to write out) and then Enter, then Ctrl + X to exit.

```
GNU nano 7.2
from flask import Flask
app = Flask(_name_)
@app.route('/')
def home():
    return "Hello, world! Welcome to my Flask app on AWS!"

if _name_ == '__main__':
    # Listen on all interfaces so that the app can be reached externally app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=80)
```

Step 11:

Exit the virtual environment:

(flaskenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~/flask_app\$ deactive

Step 12:

Add your virtual environment's Python path to the sudo command and Run the application using the virtual environment's Python:

(flaskenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~/flask_app\$ pip install Flask

Step 13:

Your Flask app is now running!

(flaskenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-39:~/flask_app\$ sudo ~/flaskenv/bin/python app.py

Step 14:

Go to the **EC2 Dashboard** > **Instances**.

Find your instance and note the **Security Group** attached to it.

Navigate to **Security Groups** under the **Network & Security** section.

Select the Security Group associated with your EC2 instance.

Under the **Inbound Rules** tab, ensure there is a rule for **HTTP** (port 80):

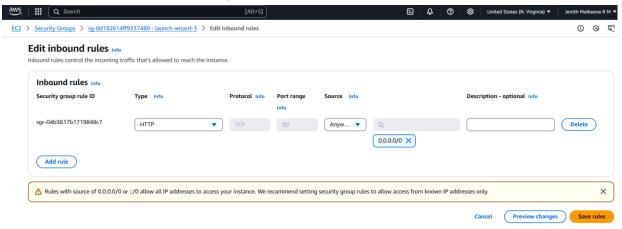
Type: HTTP

Protocol: TCP

Port Range: 80

Source: Anywhere (0.0.0.0/0, ::/0)

If there isn't an HTTP rule, click Edit inbound rules and add it.



Step 15:

Open your browser and navigate to:

http://<Your-Instance-Public-IP>/

Replace <Your-Instance-Public-IP> with the Public IPv4 address of your EC2 instance (e.g., http://18.212.1714.103/).

Public IPv4 address can be found in you Ec2 instance dashboard.

Outcome

By completing this PoC of deploying a Flask web application using an EC2 instance, you will:

- 1. Launch and configure an EC2 instance with Ubuntu as the operating system.
- 2. Install and configure the necessary Python environment and dependencies for the Flask framework.
- 3. Write a simple Flask application (app.py) that displays a message when accessed through a web browser.
- 4. Host the Flask web application on the EC2 instance and configure it to allow HTTP traffic by updating the security group rules.
- 5. Access your Flask web application live on the web using the EC2 instance's Public IPv4 DNS or IP address.