



**Type 1: Composition of functions**

1. Given  $f(x) = (x + 1)(x - 2)$  and  $g(x) = 2x$ . Find  $(f \circ g)(x)$  and  $(g \circ f)(x)$ .

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}(f \circ g)(x) &= f(g(x)) \\ &= f(2x) \\ &= (2x + 1)(2x - 2) \\ &= 4x^2 + 2x - 4x - 2 \\ &= 4x^2 - 2x - 2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(g \circ f)(x) &= g(f(x)) \\ &= g((x + 1)(x - 2)) \\ &= 2(x + 1)(x - 2) \\ &= 2(x^2 - 2x + x - 2) \\ &= 2x^2 - 2x - 4\end{aligned}$$

**Type 2: Inverse functions**

4. Given  $f(x) = 2x^2 + 7$ ;  $x \in \mathbb{R}^+ \cup \{0\}$ . Find  $f^{-1}(x)$  and its domain.

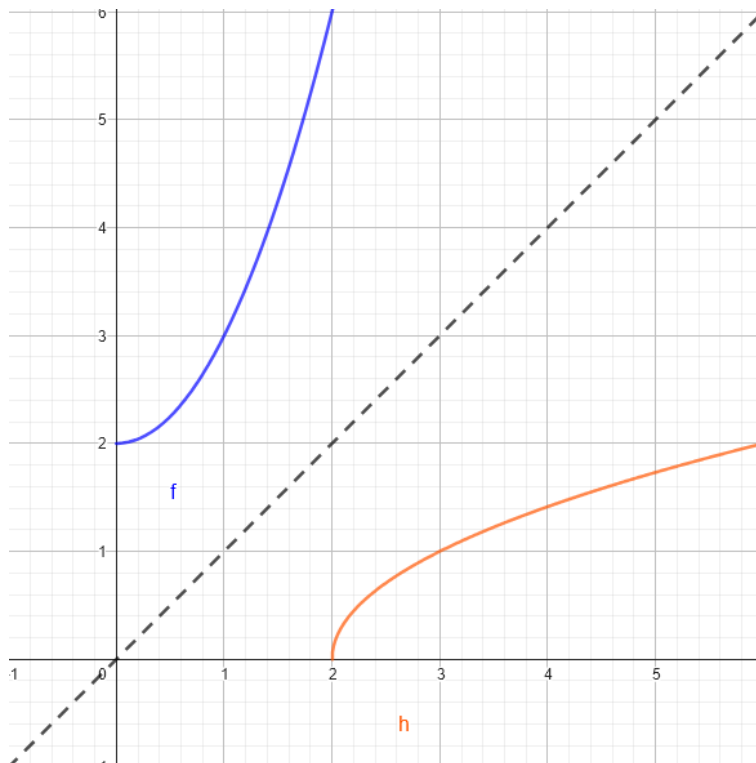
Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}y &= f(x) = 2x^2 + 7 \\ \implies y - 7 &= 2x^2 \\ \implies \frac{y - 7}{2} &= x^2 \\ \implies x &= \sqrt{\frac{y - 7}{2}} \\ \therefore f^{-1}(x) &= \sqrt{\frac{x - 7}{2}}, x \geq 7\end{aligned}$$

**Type 3: Sketching graphs of functions**

11. Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = x^2 + 2$ ;  $x \in \mathbb{R}, x \geq 0$ . Use this information to draw the graph of  $f^{-1}(x)$  without finding the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

Solution:

**Type 4: Modulus inequalities**

15. Express the set  $\{x \in \mathbb{R} / |2x - 1| < 7\}$  as an interval.

Solution:

$$|2x - 1| < 7$$

$$\implies -7 < 2x - 1 < 7$$

$$\implies -6 < 2x < 8$$

$$\implies -3 < x < 4$$

$$\therefore (-3, 4)$$