## Seminar 1

In this seminar you will study:

- Composition of Functions
- Inverse Functions
- Sketching Graphs of Functions
- Modulus Inequalities

## Composition of functions

### **Example:**

Given 
$$f(x) = 2x + 3$$
 and  $g(x) = x^2 + 1$ , find  $(f \circ g)(x)$  and  $(g \circ f)(x)$ .

#### **Solution:**

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

$$= f(x^2 + 1)$$

$$= 2(x^2 + 1) + 3$$

$$= 2x^2 + 5$$

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$$
  
=  $g(2x + 3)$   
=  $(2x + 3)^2 + 1$   
=  $4x^2 + 12x + 10$ 

### Inverse functions

**Example:** Given  $f(x) = \frac{2x-3}{x+4}$ ,  $x \neq -4$ , find the formula for  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

**Solution:** 

**Step 1:** Let 
$$y = f(x) = \frac{2x-3}{x+4}$$

Step 2: Express 
$$x$$
 as a function of  $y$ :  $y = \frac{2x-3}{x+4} \Rightarrow xy+4y=2x-3$   $\Rightarrow x(y-2)=-3-4y$   $\Rightarrow x = \frac{4y+3}{2-y}$ 

**Step 3:**  $f^{-1}(x)$  is obtained by replacing y with x on the RHS:

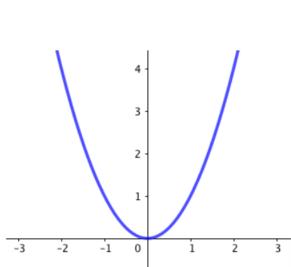
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4x+3}{2-x}, \ x \neq 2$$

# Sketching graphs of functions

**Example:** Sketch the graph of  $y = (x-3)^2 + 4$ 

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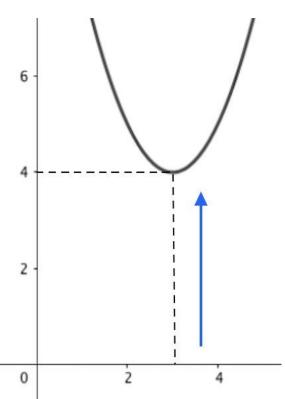
**Solution:** 



(a) To start with,

the function  $y = x^2$ 

(b) Shift the graph of draw the graph of  $y = x^2$  to the right by 3 units to give  $y = (x - 3)^2$ 



(c) Shift the resultant graph upwards by 4 units:  $y = (x - 3)^2 + 4$ 

## Modulus Inequalities

**Example:** Solve  $|4x-1| \geq 7$ .

#### **Solution:**

$$|4x-1| \ge 7 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \pm (4x-1) \ge 7$$

$$\Rightarrow (4x-1) \ge 7$$
 or  $-(4x-1) \ge 7$ 

$$\Rightarrow 4x > 8$$

$$\Rightarrow x \ge 2$$

$$\Rightarrow -4x + 1 \ge 7$$

$$\Rightarrow -4x > 6$$

$$\Rightarrow -4x \ge 6$$

$$\Rightarrow x \le -\frac{3}{2}$$

Note the change in the inequality

Thus 
$$x \leq -\frac{3}{2}$$
 or  $x \geq 2$  i.e.  $x \in \mathbb{R} - \left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2\right)$