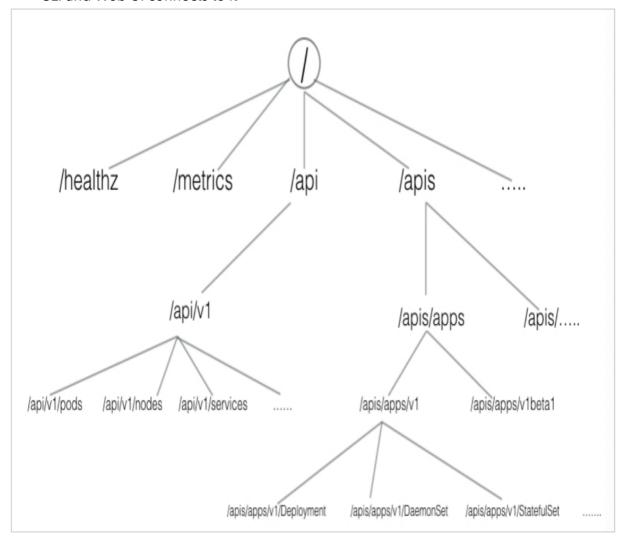
Chapter 7 Accessing Minikube

- kubectl Kubernetes CLI client
 - manage cluster resources and applications
 - deploy apps, manage/configure K8s resources
- Kubernetes Dashboard Web UI
 - interact with a K8s cluster to manage resources and containerized apps
- API server
 - On master node
 - CLI and Web UI connects to it



http API Space of Kubernetes

- Core Group (/api/v1)
 - pods, services, nodes, namespaces, configmaps, secrets, etc.
- Named Group (/apis/\$NAME/\$VERSION)
 - version imply different levels of stability/support
 - Alpha level (/apis/batch/v2alpha1)
 - It may be dropped at any point

- Beta level (/apis/certificates/v1beta1)
 - Well-tested, but subject to change
- Stable level (/apis/networks/v1)
 - released software
- System-wide
 - /healthz /logs /metrics /ui
- Installing kubectl on macOS
 - brew install kubernetes-cli
- Kubectl Configuration File
 - ~/.kube/config
 - kubectl config view
 - kubectl cluster-info
- Kubernetes Dashboard
 - minikube dashboard
 - kubectl proxy
 - authenticates with the API server on the master node
 - Makes the dashboard available on a different URL
 - proxy port 8001
- Bearer Token
 - access token for client to connect to k8s API to access resources
 - token:

```
$ TOKEN=$(kubectl describe secret -n kube-system $(kubectl get secrets -n kube-system | grep default | cut -f1 -d ' ') | grep -E '^token' | cut -f2 -d':' | tr -d ''\t' | tr -d " ")
```

• api server endpoint:

```
APISERVER=$(kubectl config view | grep https | cut -f 2- -d ":" | tr -d " ")
```

access API server

```
curl $APISERVER --header "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN" --insecure
```