

# Lec18\_3

## R Markdown

- a. Poisson. Because the count of children has no upper limit.
- b. Binomial. Because the variable "if the first child is male" has only 2 possible values which are yes or no (special cases exist in real life, but in general this is a yes or no question).
- c. Poisson. Because the number of one picked up his/her phone within a time range can potentially take any values.
- d.
  - i. Poisson. Number of people is not restricted with 0 and 1.
  - ii. Binomial. One either got on the bus or not, so the variable only has 2 possible values.
- e. Poisson. Within a time period, the word can appear many times with no maximum amount.
- f. Binomial. Professor either has at least one typo or no typo at all, therefore only 2 possible outcomes.
- g. Poisson. The number of sleeping students during a lecture may take any values, and this number is unlikely to be upper bounded by 1.