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$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= 0.25x_1 - 0.50x_2 \\ y_2 &= 1.50x_1 - 1.00x_2 \end{aligned} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.50 \\ 1.50 & -1.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.50 \\ 1.50 & -1.00 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{(0.25 \times (-1.00) - (-0.50) \times 1.50)} \begin{bmatrix} -1.00 & 0.50 \\ -1.50 & 0.25 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -2.00 & 1.00 \\ -3.00 & 0.50 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= -2.00y_1 + 1.00y_2 \\ x_2 &= -3.00y_1 + 0.50y_2 \end{aligned} \text{ 이다.}$$

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 $[2 \ -1 \ -3]^T$  의  $\| \cdot \|_2$ 

$$\| [2 \ -1 \ -3]^T \| = \sqrt{4+1+9} = \sqrt{14}$$

2) 두 벡터  $[4 \ \frac{1}{2} \ -4 \ k]^T$  와  $[1 \ 0 \ \frac{1}{2}]^T$  가 직교하기 위한  $k$ .

$$4 \times (1) + \frac{1}{2} \times 0 + \cancel{-4 \times \frac{1}{2}} + k \times \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -4 + \frac{1}{2} + k \times \frac{1}{2} = 0. \quad \underline{k = 7 \text{ 이다.}}$$