Jeonghyeok Kim

Department of Economics E-mail: jkim124@uh.edu

University of Houston Web: https://www.jeonghyeok-kim.com TU 2 104, 4104 MLK Blvd. Cell: (832) 212-3446

Houston, TX 77204-5019 Fax: (713) 206-8312

EDUCATION University of Houston

Ph.D. Candidate, Economics, 2019 – present (Expected completion May 2025)

Updated: January, 2025

Seoul National University M.A., Economics, 2019

Dongguk University B.A., Sociology, 2016

REFERENCES Professor Aimee Chin (Co-Chair) Professor Chinhui Juhn (Co-Chair)

Department of Economics
University of Houston

(712) 7/2 27/1

(713) 7/2 2822

(713) 743-3761 (713) 743-3823 achin@uh.edu cjuhn@uh.edu

Professor Emily Hannum Professor Blake Heller

Department of Sociology and Education Hobby School of Public Affairs

University of Pennsylvania University of Houston (215) 898-9633 (713) 743-8727

hannumem@soc.upenn.edu bhheller@uh.edu

FIELDS OF Labor Economics, Economics of Education, Public Economics
Interest

JOB MARKET "The Long Shadow of School Closures: Impacts on Students' Educational and Labor Market Paper Outcomes"

(Abstracts at End) Recognized as One of the Five Best Education Research Studies of 2024 by Fordham Institute

Media Coverage: EducationWeek

Experiencing school closures lowers educational attainment and earnings in adulthood.

WORKING PAPERS "The Racial Gap in Friendships Among High-Achieving Students" (with Weonhyeok Chung)

High-achieving minority students have fewer friends mainly because of fewer high-achieving peers

within their own race, which contributes to the racial earnings gap.

"From Population Growth to Demographic Scarcity: Emerging Challenges to Global Primary

Education Provision in the Twenty-first Century" (with Emily Hannum, and Fan Wang)

 $Demographic \ trends \ shape \ the \ challenge \ of \ primary \ education \ provision \ in \ disparate \ ways \ around$

the world.

"Low Psychic Costs of Education for Women and the Gender Wage Gap"

Differential education sorting based on multiple skills accounts for a part of the gender wage gap.

WORK IN "Neighborhood Impacts on STEM Choice"

Progress Neighborhoods where students grow up shape their choice of college major and career.

PUBLICATIONS "The Relative Poorness of the Old Living Alone," Korean Journal of Population Studies, Volume

41, Issue 3, October 2018.

RESEARCH University of Houston, Research Assistant for Professor Chinhui Juhn, June 2019 - August 2023

(Assisted with a project "Task Requirements, Hours Requirements, and the Gender Gap in Jobs and EXPERIENCE

Pay. ")

TEACHING Instructor at the University of Houston:

EXPERIENCE Intermediate Microeconomics (Asynchronous), Fall 2023

Principles of Microeconomics, Fall 2022

Teaching Assistant at the University of Houston:

Econometrics (M.A.), Fall 2024 Industrial Organization, Spring 2024 Applied Econometrics, Spring 2024 Labor Economics, Spring 2022 Economics of Gender, Fall 2021 Microeconomics (Ph.D.), Spring 2020

Awards and Dr. Walter J. Primeaux Jr. and Natalie A. Primeaux Scholarship, University of Houston, 2024 Fellowships

(Awarded to the Economics Ph.D. students who have made remarkable progress on their dissertations)

Cullen Fellowship Travel Grant, University of Houston, 2023

CLASS Summer Fellowship for Research Excellence and Diversity, University of Houston, 2023

(Awarded to the most promising Ph.D. students in the College of Liberal Arts and Social Sciences)

Price Theory Summer Camp, Becker Friedman Institute, University of Chicago, 2022

Santosh Kumar Research Grant, University of Houston, 2023

(Merit-based grant for doctoral research)

Graduate Tuition Fellowship, University of Houston, 2019 - present

Conference 2024: Population Association of America (PAA) Annual Meeting, Society of Labor Economics (SOLE) Annual Meeting, Memorial Conference for Dr. Rodney Andrews (UT Dallas), Presentations

Stanford Education School Ph.D. Student Research Seminar

2023: Texas Camp Econometrics, Stata Texas Empirical Microeconomics Conference, Texas Applied Microeconomics Student Workshop, Research on East Asian Demography and Inequality Conference (U Tokyo), Association for Public Policy and Management Fall Re-

search Conference

Professional SERVICE

Journal Referee: Economics of Education Review

SKILLS Languages: Korean (Native), English (Fluent)

Software: Stata, R, Matlab Python, LATEX, QGIS

WORKING PAPERS WITH ABSTRACTS

"The Long Shadow of School Closures: Impacts on Students' Educational and Labor Market Outcomes"

Abstract: Each year, about a thousand public schools in the US close, displacing hundreds of thousands of students. I examine the impact of public school closures on displaced students using linked schooling and labor market data from Texas. I first document that most public school closures are driven by declines in the school-age population. I implement difference-in-differences strategies using the within-school across-time/cohort variation in student exposure to school closure. I find that school closures decrease test scores, increase absenteeism, and lead to more disciplinary actions. Furthermore, I find that school closures decrease high school completion, college attainment, employment, and earnings at ages 25-27. These impacts are larger for secondary school students, Hispanic students, and those from economically disadvantaged backgrounds. This research highlights the far-reaching consequences of school closures and emphasizes the need for careful policy consideration in educational restructuring.

"The Racial Gap in Friendships Among High-Achieving Students" (with Weonhyeok Chung) *Abstract:* High-achieving minority students have fewer friends than their majority counterparts. Exploring patterns of friendship formation in the Add Health data, we find strong racial homophily in friendship formations as well as strong achievement homophily within race. However, we find that achievement matters less in cross-racial friendships. As a result, high-achieving Black students lose Black friends as they move away from the mean achievement of their group, but do not gain high-achieving White friends in offsetting fashion. We find that high-achieving Black students have fewer friends, mainly due to the fact that they are exposed to fewer high-achieving peers within their own race. Estimating causal returns to friendship, we find that this could account for as much as 5–9 percentage points (16-33%) of the racial earnings gap observed among high achievers.

"From Population Growth to Demographic Scarcity: Emerging Challenges to Global Primary Education Provision in the Twenty-first Century" (with Emily Hannum, and Fan Wang)

Abstract: Demographic trends shape the challenge of primary education provision in disparate ways around the world. In some societies, ever-increasing child cohorts continue to exert expansionary pressures. In others, declining child cohorts create pressures for system consolidation. We show that recent demographic trends constitute a highly dis-equalizing force on primary educational provision globally, with persistent expansionary pressures affecting some of the world's least-resourced educational systems. Strikingly, in recent decades, system responses to demographic pressures have produced a converging trend in child-teacher ratios while generating distinct patterns and trends in school size. Ultralow-fertility Korea offers a stark illustration of the emerging salience of rural-urban spatial hierarchies. Demographic pressures and associated policy responses constitute an essential yet neglected research agenda for understanding global educational inequalities.

"Low Psychic Costs of Education for Women and the Gender Wage Gap"

Abstract: In recent years, women have surpassed men in terms of schooling, leading some researchers to propose that women may have lower psychic costs of attending school. To understand the implications of this, I incorporate psychic costs explicitly into the Becker model of human capital. The model generates predictions about differential sorting into college and gender gaps in skills, education, and wages, which I investigate with data from the NLSY97. I find that women have lower psychic costs—measured by behavioral misdemeanors—which explains one-third of the gender college attainment gap. While women in the population have higher cognitive skills, this is reversed when controlling for educational level because of the differential education sorting. Given that the returns to cognitive skills are higher than the returns to good behavior in the labor market, I find that accounting for skill mix explains 7-12 percent of the gender wage gap among the college-educated in the NLSY97. The findings highlight the potential problems

associated with gender comparisons at the same educational level, particularly when various skills are not available.

WORK IN PROGRESS "Neighborhood Impacts on STEM Choice"

WITH ABSTRACTS

Abstract: I show that the neighborhoods where students grow up significantly influence their choice of STEM by using variation in the grades at which students move across districts and counties in Texas. Students moving to high STEM areas—measured by the proportion of non-moving students obtaining a STEM degree—show a linear increase in their probability of selecting a STEM major with the time spent in the new place. To distinguish the causal effects of neighborhoods from confounding factors, I exploit sharp variations in predicted neighborhood effects across school cohorts, genders, races, and specific college majors. The tests also suggest that the observed exposure effects are not merely due to an overall improvement in educational attainment. Importantly, I find that the STEM exposure measure is strongly tied to occupational composition. Lastly, I find that the positive effects extend to students from both disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged families.