## arbrededecision

## March 24, 2023

## 0.1 Arbre de décision

```
[2]: import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
 [3]: df = pd.read_csv('spam.csv')
 [4]: X = df.iloc[:, 0:-1].values
      y = df.iloc[:, -1].values
 [5]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25,__
       →random_state = 0)
 [7]: from sklearn import tree
      clf = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
      clf = clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
 [8]: | y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
 [9]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
      cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
      print(cm)
     [[634 57]
      [ 56 404]]
[10]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
      accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
[10]: 0.9018245004344049
 []:
```