דוח הפרויקט שלב ג

יובל יפת 213938905 ג׳רמי תורג׳מן 1828264

Main Program

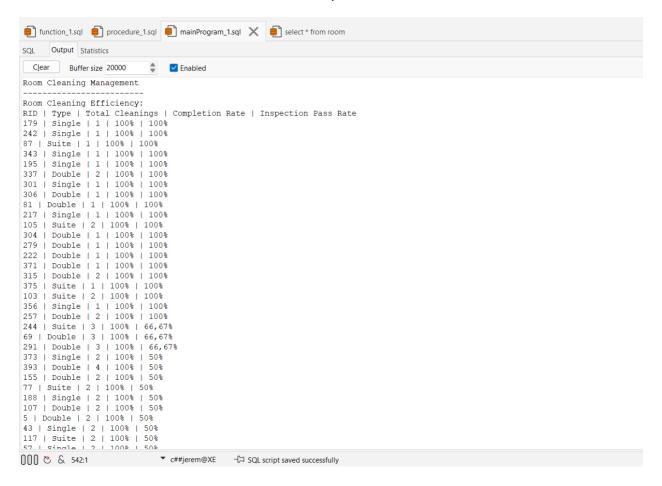
room_cleaning_management

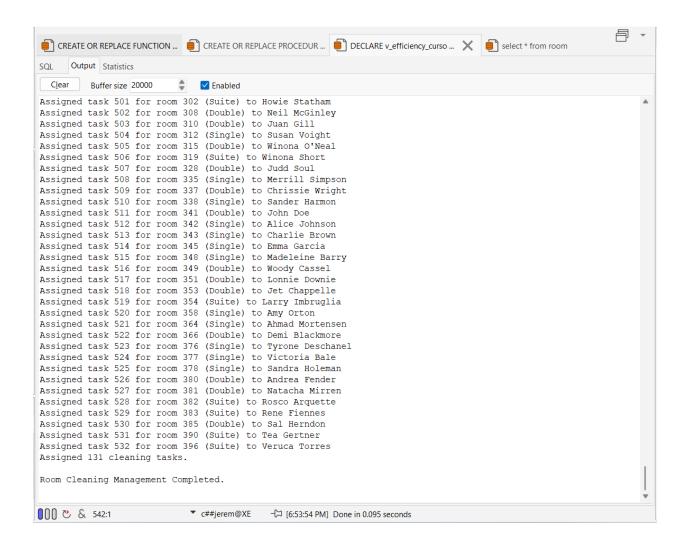
This program combines the room efficiency function and task assignment procedure which will be explained later. It:

- Calls get_room_cleaning_efficiency to display room cleaning statistics
- Calls assign_cleaning_tasks to assign new cleaning tasks
- Provides an overview of room cleaning status and task assignment

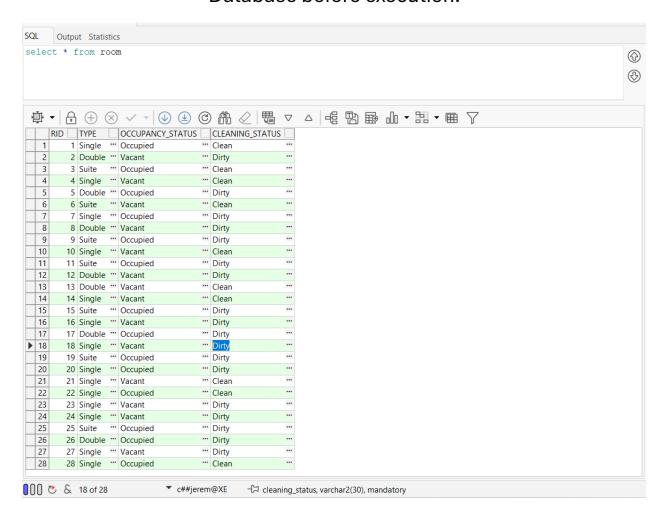
```
🎒 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ... 🎒 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDUR ... 🏮 DECLARE v_efficiency_curso ... 🗶 🗐 select * from room
    Output Statistics
DECLARE
                                                                                                               4
    v_efficiency_cursor SYS_REFCURSOR;
    TYPE EfficiencyRecord IS RECORD (
                                                                                                              (P)
       RID ROOM.RID%TYPE,
                                                                                                              Type Room. Type % TYPE,
       Total Cleanings INT,
        Completion Rate FLOAT,
       Inspection_Pass_Rate FLOAT
    v_efficiency EfficiencyRecord;
    DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Room Cleaning Management');
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('----');
    -- Get room cleaning efficiency
    v efficiency cursor := get room cleaning efficiency;
    DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Room Cleaning Efficiency:');
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('RID | Type | Total Cleanings | Completion Rate | Inspection Pass Rate');
        FETCH v_efficiency_cursor INTO v_efficiency;
        EXIT WHEN v efficiency cursor%NOTFOUND;
        DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(
           v_efficiency.RID || ' | ' ||
            v_efficiency.Type || ' | ' ||
            v_efficiency.Total_Cleanings || ' | ' ||
           ROUND (v efficiency.Completion Rate, 2) || '% | ' ||
           ROUND(v_efficiency.Inspection_Pass_Rate, 2) || '%'
       );
    END LOOP;
   CLOSE v efficiency cursor;
    DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(CHR(10) |  'Assigning Cleaning Tasks...');
    assign_cleaning_tasks;
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(CHR(10) || 'Room Cleaning Management Completed.');
EXCEPTION
       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error in room_cleaning_management: ' || SQLERRM);
(10 € & 40:2
```

Output:



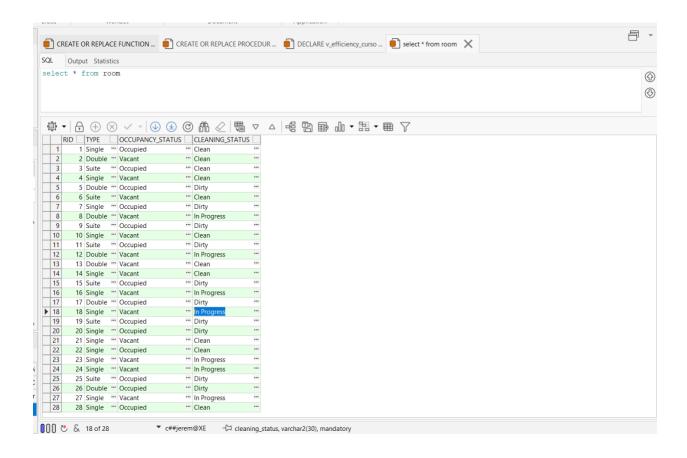


Database before execution:



Database after execution:

RID 18 changed from "Dirty" to "In Progress"



Function: get_room_cleaning_efficiency

This function calculates and returns the cleaning efficiency for each room. It uses a REF CURSOR to return a result set containing:

- Room ID and Type
- Total number of cleaning tasks for each room
- Completion rate of cleaning tasks
- Inspection pass rate

It joins the Room, Cleaning_Task, and Inspection_Logs tables to gather this information. The results are ordered by completion rate and inspection pass rate in descending order.

```
月 -
🌓 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ... 🗶 🌓 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDUR ... 🍵 DECLARE v_efficiency_curso ... 🍵 select * from room
SQL Output Statistics
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_room_cleaning_efficiency
                                                                                                                                                                 (1)
RETURN SYS REFCURSOR
                                                                                                                                                                 (P)
    v_result SYS_REFCURSOR;
BEGIN

    OPEN v_result FOR
              COUNT (ct.TID) as Total Cleanings,
                  WHEN ct.Status = 'Completed' THEN 1
              END) * 100 as Completion_Rate,
              AVG (CASE
                  WHEN i.Inspection_Result = 'Pass' THEN 1
              END) * 100 as Inspection Pass Rate
         FROM Room r

LEFT JOIN Cleaning Task ct ON r.RID = ct.RID

LEFT JOIN Inspection_Logs i ON r.RID = i.RID
         GROUP BY r.RID, r.Type
ORDER BY Completion_Rate DESC, Inspection_Pass_Rate DESC;
    RETURN v_result;
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error in get_room_cleaning_efficiency: ' || SQLERRM);
END get_room_cleaning_efficiency;
000 🖰 & 9:20
                                ▼ c##jerem@XE
                                                 - ☐ [6:31:07 PM] Done in 0.141 seconds
```

Procedure: assign_cleaning_tasks

This procedure assigns cleaning tasks to available staff members. It:

- Uses cursors to find dirty, vacant rooms and available staff
- Assign tasks to staff members, trying to distribute work evenly
- Updates the room status to 'In Progress' when a task is assigned
- Handles exceptions, such as when no staff is available

```
-
📦 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ... 🏮 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDUR ... 🗶 📦 DECLARE v_efficiency_curso ... 🎳 select * from room
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE assign_cleaning_tasks
                                                                                                                                                                                      (4)
     CURSOR c_dirty_rooms IS
          SELECT RID, Type
          FROM Room
                                                                                                                                                                                      F
          WHERE Cleaning_Status = 'Dirty'
AND Occupancy_Status = 'Vacant'
          FOR UPDATE;
     CURSOR c_available_staff IS
SELECT SM.SID, SM.First_Name, SM.Last_Name
FROM Staff_Member SM
          LEFT JOIN (
SELECT SID, COUNT(*) as Active_Tasks
               FROM Cleaning_Task
               WHERE Status = 'Pending'
GROUP BY SID
          ) CT ON SM.SID = CT.SID
          WHERE CT.Active Tasks IS NULL OR CT.Active Tasks < 3
ORDER BY CT.Active_Tasks NULLS FIRST;
     TYPE StaffRecord IS RECORD (
           SID Staff_Member.SID%TYPE,
          First_Name Staff_Member.First_Name%TYPE,
Last_Name Staff_Member.Last_Name%TYPE
     v_staff StaffRecord;
     v_task_id Cleaning_Task.TID%TYPE;
v_assigned_count INT := 0;
e_no_staff EXCEPTION;
     OPEN c_available_staff;
FETCH c_available_staff INTO v_staff;
     IF c_available_staff%NOTFOUND THEN
          RAISE e_no_staff;
     CLOSE c_available_staff;
                                   ▼ c##jerem@XE
000 ₺ & 65:12
                                                       - ☐ [6:33:48 PM] Done in 0.050 seconds
```

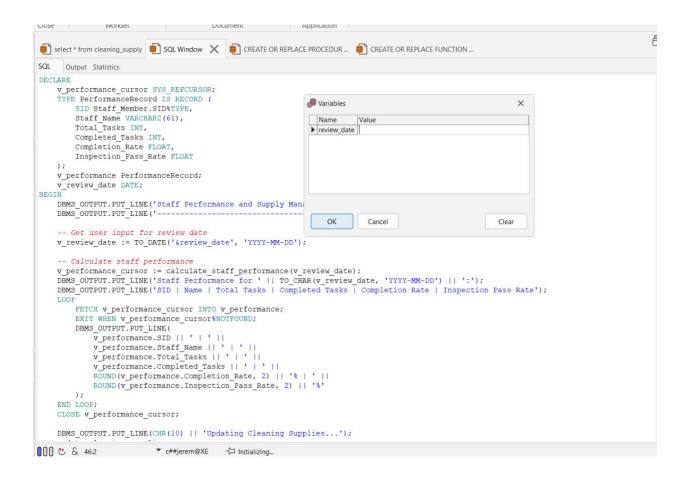
Main Program:

staff_performance_and_supply_management

This program focuses on staff performance and supply management, the function and procedure will be explained later. It:

- Prompts for a review date
- Calls calculate_staff_performance to display staff performance metrics
- Calls update_cleaning_supplies to restock necessary supplies
- Gives a comprehensive view of staff efficiency and supply status

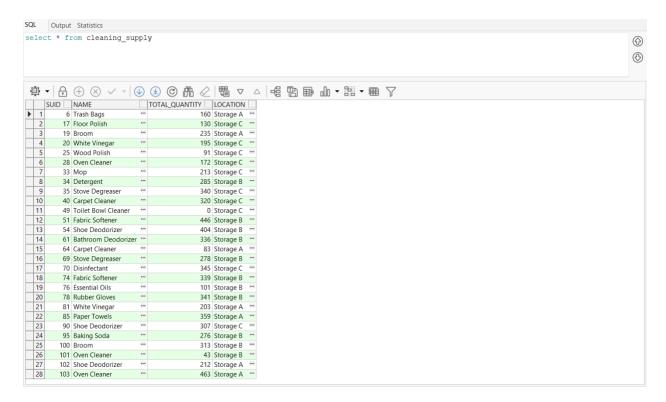
```
F
🌓 select * from cleaning_supply 🗐 DECLARE v_performance_curs ... 🗶 🎒 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDUR ... 🍵 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ...
DECLARE
     v_performance_cursor SYS_REFCURSOR;
TYPE PerformanceRecord IS RECORD (
          SID Staff_Member.SID%TYPE,
          Staff_Name VARCHAR2(61),
          Total_Tasks INT,
         Completed_Tasks INT,
Completion Rate FLOAT,
          Inspection_Pass_Rate FLOAT
     v performance PerformanceRecord;
     v_review_date DATE;
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Staff Performance and Supply Management');
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('--
       - Get user input for review date
     v_review_date := TO_DATE('&review_date', 'YYYY-MM-DD');
      -- Calculate staff performance
     v performance cursor := calculate_staff_performance(v_review_date);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Staff Performance for ' || TO_CHAR(v_review_date, 'YYYY-MM-DD') || ':');
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('SID | Name | Total Tasks | Completed Tasks | Completion Rate | Inspection Pass Rate');
          FETCH v performance cursor INTO v performance;
          EXIT WHEN v_performance_cursor%NOTFOUND;
          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(
               v performance.SID || ' | ' ||
               v_performance.Staff_Name || ' | ' || v_performance.Total_Tasks || ' | ' || v_performance.Completed_Tasks || ' | ' ||
                ROUND(v_performance.Completion_Rate, 2) || '% | ' ||
               ROUND(v_performance.Inspection_Pass_Rate, 2) || '%'
     END LOOP;
     CLOSE v_performance_cursor;
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(CHR(10) || 'Updating Cleaning Supplies...');
                                     ▼ c##jerem@XE - - [7:14:23 PM] Done in 0.012 seconds
```



Output:

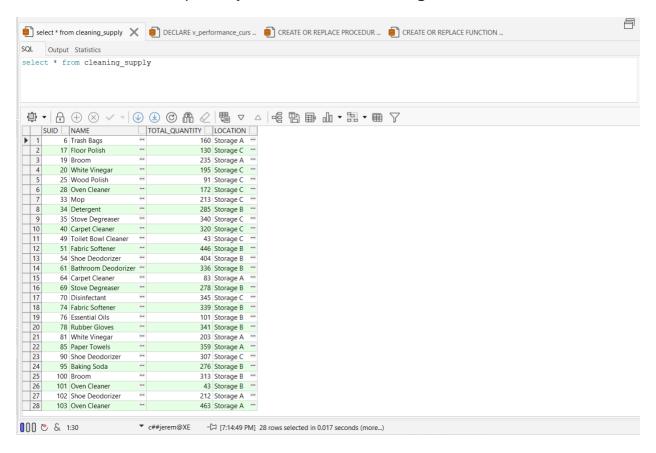


Database before execution:



Database after execution:

The total quantity of Item SUID 49 changed from 0 to 43.



Function: calculate_staff_performance

This function evaluates staff performance for a given date. It returns a REF CURSOR with:

- Staff ID and full name
- Total tasks assigned
- Number of completed tasks
- Task completion rate
- Inspection pass rate for their cleaned rooms

It uses a Common Table Expression (CTE) to calculate these metrics, joining the Staff_Member, Cleaning_Task, and Inspection_Logs tables. The results are ordered by completion rate and inspection pass rate.

```
select * from room SQL Window CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ... X
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION calculate_staff_performance(p_date IN DATE)
RETURN SYS REFCURSOR
    v_result SYS_REFCURSOR;
    OPEN v result FOR
        WITH staff tasks AS (
            SELECT
                ct.SID,
                COUNT(*) as Total Tasks,
                SUM(CASE WHEN ct.Status = 'Completed' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) as Completed Tasks,
                AVG (CASE
                   WHEN i.Inspection_Result = 'Pass' THEN 1
                    ELSE 0
               END) as Inspection_Pass_Rate
            FROM Cleaning Task ct
LEFT JOIN Inspection Logs i ON ct.RID = i.RID
            WHERE TRUNC(i.Inspection_Date) = TRUNC(p_date)
            GROUP BY ct.SID
            Sm.First_Name || ' ' || sm.Last_Name as Staff_Name,
NVL(st.Total_Tasks, 0) as Total_Tasks,
            NVL(st.Completed_Tasks, 0) as Completed_Tasks,
               WHEN NVL(st.Total Tasks, 0) > 0 THEN
                    ROUND(NVL(st.Completed_Tasks, 0) / NVL(st.Total_Tasks, 0) * 100, 2)
               ELSE 0
            END as Completion Rate,
            NVL(ROUND(st.Inspection_Pass_Rate * 100, 2), 0) as Inspection_Pass_Rate
        FROM Staff Member sm
        LEFT JOIN staff tasks st ON sm.SID = st.SID
        ORDER BY Completion Rate DESC, Inspection Pass Rate DESC;
    RETURN v_result;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
```

Procedure: update_cleaning_supplies

This procedure manages the restocking of cleaning supplies. It:

- Identifies supplies with low quantities
- Restocks them with a random amount between 20 and 50 units
- Calculates the total cost of restocking
- Limits restocking to 5 items per run to prevent overstocking

```
select * from room SQL Window CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDUR ... X CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ...
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE update cleaning supplies
                                                                                                                                                  (
    CURSOR c low supplies IS
        SELECT SUID, Name, Total_Quantity, Location
        FROM Cleaning_Supply
                                                                                                                                                  1
        WHERE Total_Quantity < 10
    v_restock_amount INT;
    v_total_restocked INT := 0;
v_total_cost FLOAT := 0;
    e_restock_limit_reached EXCEPTION;
BEGIN
    FOR supply IN c_low_supplies LOOF
        v_restock_amount := FLOOR(DBMS_RANDOM.VALUE(20, 51)); -- Random restock between 20 and 50
        SET Total_Quantity = Total_Quantity + v_restock_amount WHERE CURRENT OF c_low_supplies;
        v_total_restocked := v_total_restocked + 1;
        v_total_cost := v_total_cost + (v_restock_amount * 2.5); -- Assuming $2.5 per unit
        DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Restocked' || supply.Name || ' with' || v restock amount || ' units in' || supply.Location);
        IF v_total_restocked >= 5 THEN
             RAISE e_restock_limit_reached;
        END IF;
    END LOOP;
    IF v total restocked = 0 THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('All supplies are adequately stocked.');
    ELSE
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total items restocked: ' || v_total_restocked);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total restock cost: $' || ROUND(v_total_cost, 2));
    END IF;
    COMMIT:
```