

* 学习目标

* 能够掌握Spring 整合单元测试框架

* 添加依赖--

* @RunWith (SpringJUnit4Runner.class)

@ContextConfiguration("classpath:applicationContext.xml")

* @SpringJUnitConfig(SpringConfiguration.class);

* Junit单元测试用可以用到Spring IOC

* 能够掌握Spring的AOP的概述

* AOP : Aspect(切入点和通知)+Oriented+Programming--横切思想去考虑问题的

* 在不修改源码的情况，增强功能

* 符合我们开闭原则，对修改进行关闭，对扩展进行

* 连接点---切入点---通知--织入（静态织入，动态织入）--代理模式--JDK代理模式和Cglib
子类代理

* 面向编程的时候

* 怎么样找到我们的切入点：execution(修饰符 返回值 包.类.方法 (参数类型))---> 简单
形式

* 编写通知：before,after,around afterreturning afterthrowing

* 能够掌握SpringAOP的XML开发方式

* 编写一个切面

* 通知

* 把切面放到IOC中

* xml里面：编写切入点和通知对应起来

* 能够掌握SpringAOP的注解开发方式

* Spring2x

* 切面：通知+切入点

* @Aspect , @Pointcut,@Before,....

* xml--<aop:aspectj-autoproxy proxy-target-class="true"/>

* Spring3

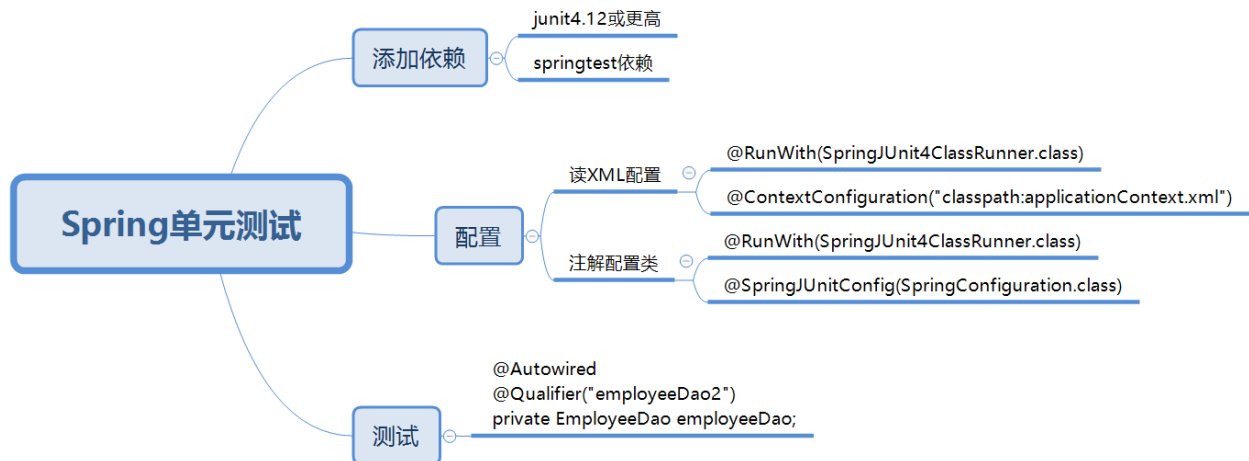
- * 切面：通知+切入点
- * @Aspect , @Pointcut,@Before,....
- * @EnableAspectJAutoProxy

- * 能够了解Spring 集成JDBC
- * 添加依赖-复制代码--看一下效果

* 回顾

- * Spring : 2003
- * IOC , AOP , SpEL , JDBC , MyBatis , SpringMVC , ...
- * IOC:控制反转

- * 能够掌握Spring 整合单元测试框架



```

1 * 添加依赖
2   <dependencies>
3     <dependency>
4       <groupId>junit</groupId>
5       <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
6       <version>4.12</version>
7       <scope>test</scope>
8     </dependency>

```

```

9      <dependency>
10          <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
11          <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
12          <version>1.18.10</version>
13          <scope>provided</scope>
14      </dependency>
15      <dependency>
16          <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
17          <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
18          <version>5.2.2.RELEASE</version>
19      </dependency>
20      <dependency>
21          <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
22          <artifactId>spring-test</artifactId>
23          <version>5.2.2.RELEASE</version>
24          <scope>test</scope>
25      </dependency>
26  </dependencies>
27  * 单元测试代码
28  @RunWith(SpringJUnit4ClassRunner.class)
29  /*@ContextConfiguration("classpath:applicationContext.xml")*/
30  @SpringJUnitConfig(SpringConfiguration.class)
31  public class AppTest3
32  {
33      @Autowired
34      @Qualifier("employeeDao2")
35      private EmployeeDao employeeDao;
36      @Test
37      public void test1(){
38          employeeDao.addEmployee(new Employee());
39      }
40  }
41  * 温馨提醒：Spring单元测试，就可以直接使用IOC容器的对象

```

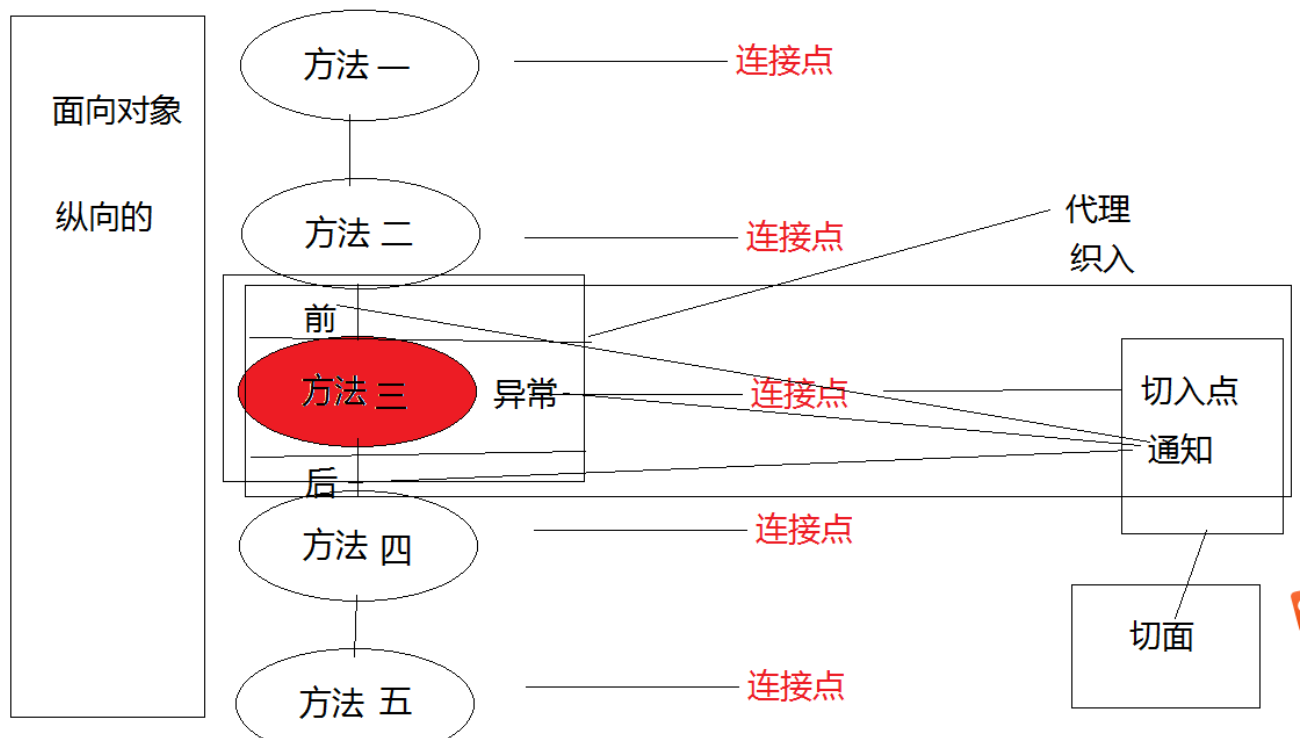
* 能够掌握Spring的AOP的概述

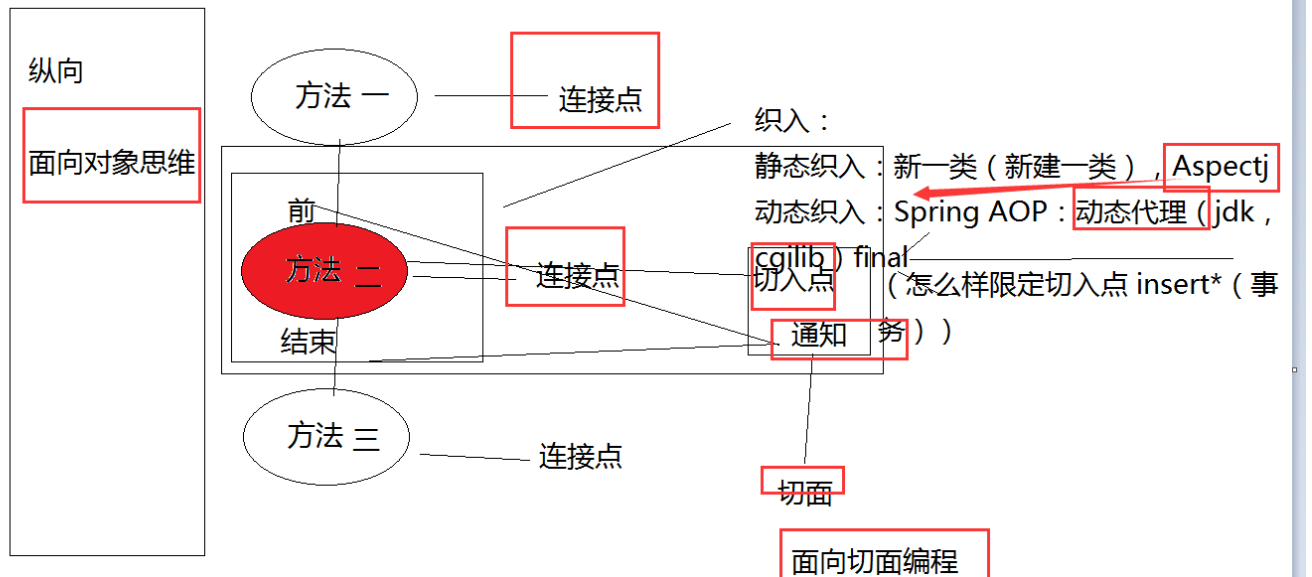
* 复习代理：[09-JDBC高级新1](#)

* AOP的概述



* 画图理解AOP

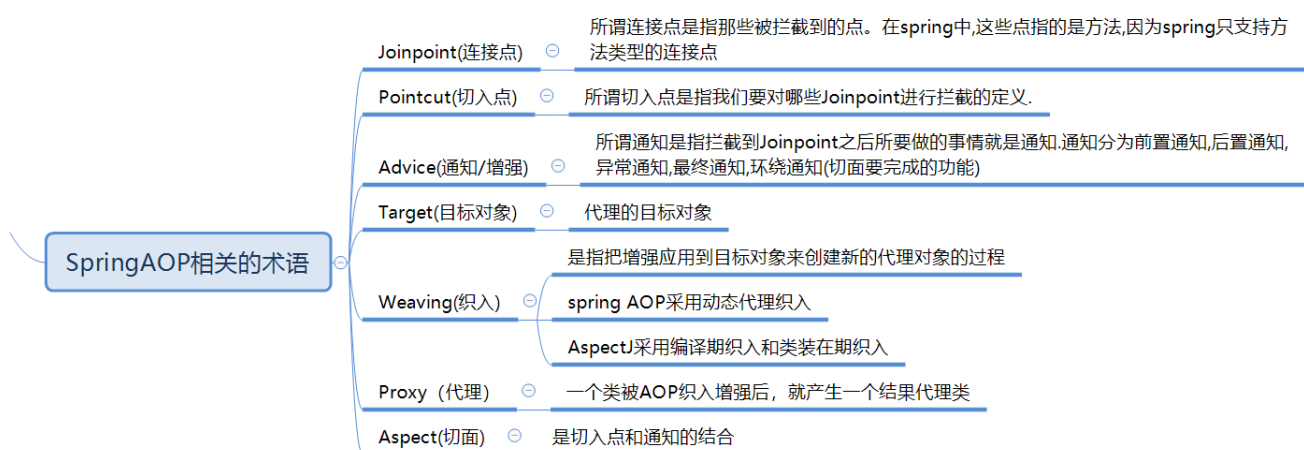




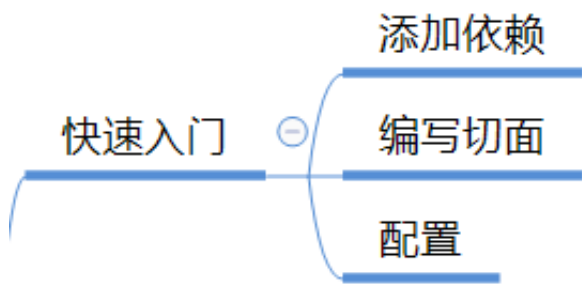
* AOP底层实现



* AOP相关的术语



* 能够掌握Spring的AOP的XML开发方式



```
1 * 案例一（xml）：快速入门
2 * 添加依赖
3     <dependency>
4         <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
5         <artifactId>spring-aspects</artifactId>
6         <version>5.2.2.RELEASE</version>
7     </dependency>
8     <dependency>
9         <groupId>org.aspectj</groupId>
10        <artifactId>aspectjrt</artifactId>
11        <version>1.9.5</version>
12    </dependency>
13    <dependency>
14        <groupId>aopalliance</groupId>
15        <artifactId>aopalliance</artifactId>
16        <version>1.0</version>
17    </dependency>
18 * 代码
19 public interface UserDao {
20     public void addUser(User user);
21 }
22 @Repository("userDao")
23 public class UserDaoImpl implements UserDao {
24     @Override
25     public void addUser(User user) {
26         System.out.println("addUser");
27     }
```

```

28 }
29 * 切面
30 public class TransactionAspect {
31     public void startTransaction(){
32         System.out.println("开始事务...");
33     }
34
35     public void commitTransaction(){
36         System.out.println("提交事务...");
37     }
38 }
39 * 配置
40 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
41 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
42     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
43     xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
44     xmlns:aop="http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop"
45     xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
46         http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
47         http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
48         http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd
49         http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop http://www.springframework.org
50     <context:component-scan base-package="com.lg.*"/>
51     <bean id="userDao" class="com.lg.dao.impl.UserDaoImpl"/>
52     <bean id="tsa" class="com.lg.aspect.TransactionAspect"/>
53     <aop:config>
54         <aop:aspect ref="tsa">
55             <aop:before method="startTransaction" pointcut="execution(public void co
56                 (com.lg.bean.User))"/>
57             <aop:after method="commitTransaction" pointcut="execution(public void co
58                 (com.lg.bean.User))"/>
59         </aop:aspect>
60     </aop:config>
61 * 单元测试
62 @RunWith(SpringJUnit4ClassRunner.class)
63 @ContextConfiguration("classpath:applicationContext.xml")
64 /*@SpringJUnitConfig(SpringConfiguration.class)*/
65 public class AppTest4
66 {
67     @Autowired

```

```

68     private UserDao userDao;
69     @Test
70     public void test1(){
71         userDao.addUser(new User());
72     }
73 }
74

```

* execution表达式简介



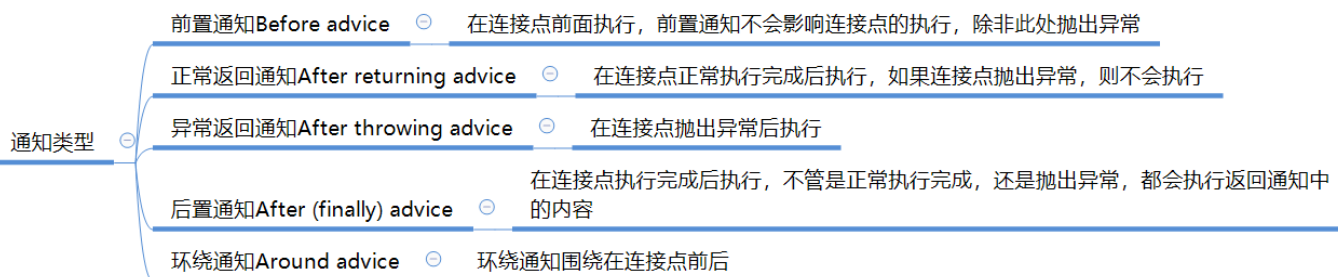
1 * 案例二: 简化表达式编写

```

2 <aop:aspect ref="tsa">
3     <aop:before method="startTransaction" pointcut="execution(* addUser(..))"></a
4     <aop:after method="commitTransaction" pointcut="execution(* addUser(..))"></a
5 </aop:aspect>

```

* 通知类型




```
1 * 案例：测试通知类型
2 * 代码
3 public interface ISpeakService {
4     void speakEnligh();
5     String speak(String language);
6     void err(boolean isThrow);
7 }
8 @Service("speackService")
9 public class SpeakServiceImpl implements ISpeakService {
10     @Override
11     public void speakEnligh() {
12         System.out.println("speak English");
13     }
14     @Override
15     public String speak(String language) {
16         System.out.println("speak "+language);
17         return language;
18     }
19     @Override
20     public void err(boolean isThrow) {
21         System.out.println("error....");
22         throw new RuntimeException("speak error");
23     }
24 }
25 * 切面
26 @Component("sa")
27 public class SpeakAspect {
28     public void speakBefore(){
29         System.out.println("----speakBefore---");
30     }
31     public Object speakAround(ProceedingJoinPoint pjp) throws Throwable {
32         Object obj=null;
33         System.out.println("----around前---");
34         try{
35             // 执行目标方法
36             obj = pjp.proceed();
37         }catch (Throwable e){
38             System.out.println("----around异常---");
39             // 监听参数为true则抛出异常，为false则捕获并不抛出异常
40             if(pjp.getArgs().length>0 && (Boolean) pjp.getArgs()[0]){
```

```

41         throw e;
42     }else{
43         obj=null;
44     }
45 }
46 System.out.println("---around后---");
47 return obj;
48 }
49 public void speakAfter(){
50     System.out.println("---speakAfter---");
51 }
52 public void speakAfterThrowing(){
53     System.out.println("speakAfterThrowing");
54 }
55 public void speakAfterReturning(){
56     System.out.println("speakAfeterReturning");
57 }
58 }
59
60 * 配置
61 <aop:config>
62     <aop:aspect ref="sa">
63         <!--定义连接点-->
64         <aop:pointcut id="speak" expression="execution(* com.lg.service.impl.Speak
65         <aop:before method="speakBefore" pointcut-ref="speak"/>
66         <aop:around method="speakAround" pointcut-ref="speak"/>
67         <aop:after method="speakAfter" pointcut-ref="speak"/>
68         <aop:after-returning method="speakAfterReturning" pointcut-ref="speak"/>
69         <aop:after-throwing method="speakAfterThrowing" pointcut-ref="speak"/>
70     </aop:aspect>
71 </aop:config>
72 * 单元测试
73 @Autowired
74 private ISpeakService speakService;
75 @Test
76 public void test2(){
77     speakService.speakEnligh();
78 }
79 * 结果: speakBefore--around前--speak English--around后--speakAfter-- speakAfete
80 @Test

```

```

81 public void test3(){
82     String language = speakService.speak("中文");
83     System.out.println(language);
84 }
85 * 结果: speakBefore--around前--speak 中文--around后--speakAfter-- speakAfeterRe
86 @Test
87 public void test4(){
88     speakService.err(false);
89 }
90 * 结果: speakBefore--around前--error--around异常--around后--speakAfter-- speakA
91 @Test
92 public void test5(){
93     speakService.err(true);
94 }
95 * 结果: speakBefore--around前--error--around异常--speakAfter-- speakAfterThrow
96 * 报异常

```

* 能够掌握SpringAOP的注解开发方式

```

1 * 案例：测试
2 * 配置方式一
3 <!--proxy-target-class为false或者省略这个属性基于jdk接口代理（假如没有接口类，会自动
4 <!--proxy-target-class为true基于cglib代理-->
5 <aop:aspectj-autoproxy proxy-target-class="false"/>
6 * 配置方式二
7 @EnableAspectJAutoProxy
8 public class SpringConfiguration
9 * 温馨提醒：单元测试需要更改为@SpringJUnitConfig(SpringConfiguration.class)
10 * 代码
11 @Component("sa")
12 @Aspect
13 public class SpeakAspect {
14     /**
15      * 定义切入点
16      */
17     @Pointcut("execution(* com.lg.service.impl.SpeakServiceImpl.*(..))")
18     public void pointcut(){

```

```

19     }
20     @Before("pointcut()")
21     public void speakBefore(){
22         System.out.println("---speakBefore---");
23     }
24     @Around("pointcut()")
25     public Object speakAround(ProceedingJoinPoint pjp) throws Throwable {
26         Object obj=null;
27         System.out.println("---around前---");
28         try{
29             // 执行目标方法
30             obj = pjp.proceed();
31         }catch (Throwable e){
32             System.out.println("---around异常---");
33             // 监听参数为true则抛出异常，为false则捕获并不抛出异常
34             if(pjp.getArgs().length>0 && (Boolean) pjp.getArgs()[0]){
35                 throw e;
36             }else{
37                 obj=null;
38             }
39         }
40         System.out.println("---around后---");
41         return obj;
42     }
43     @After("pointcut()")
44     public void speakAfter(){
45         System.out.println("---speakAfter---");
46     }
47     @AfterReturning("pointcut()")
48     public void speakAfterThrowing(){
49         System.out.println("speakAfterThrowing");
50     }
51     @AfterThrowing("pointcut()")
52     public void speakAfterReturning(){
53         System.out.println("speakAfeterReturning");
54     }
55 }

```

57 * 其他不变，执行单元测试

58 * 发现环绕通知around 比 前置通知before 先执行

* 能够了解Spring 集成JDBC

* SpringJDBC模块是解决持久层CRUD操作，是对JDBC的一个简单封装，类型于DBUtils工具。

```
1 * 添加依赖
2 <dependency>
3     <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
4     <artifactId>spring-jdbc</artifactId>
5     <version>5.2.2.RELEASE</version>
6 </dependency>
7 <dependency>
8     <groupId>mysql</groupId>
9     <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
10    <version>5.1.16</version>
11 </dependency>
12 * 代码
13 @Test
14     public void test6(){
15         // 1 构建JdbcTemplate模板
16         JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate=new JdbcTemplate();
17         // 2 构建连接池(Spring 内置的数据库连接池)
18         DriverManagerDataSource dataSource=new DriverManagerDataSource();
19         dataSource.setUrl("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/lg01?characterEncoding=u
20         dataSource.setDriverClassName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
21         dataSource.setUsername("root");
22         dataSource.setPassword("root");
23         jdbcTemplate.setDataSource(dataSource);
24         String sql="SELECT id,username,psw,sex FROM USER";
25         jdbcTemplate.query(sql, new RowCallbackHandler() {
26             @Override
27             public void processRow(ResultSet resultSet) throws SQLException {
28                 int id=resultSet.getInt(1);
29                 String username=resultSet.getString(2);
30                 String psw = resultSet.getString(3);
31                 char sex=resultSet.getString(4).charAt(0);
32                 System.out.println(id+":"+username+": "+psw+": "+sex);
```

```
33         }
```

```
34     });
```

```
35 }
```