- * 学习目标 *能够自定义JDBC的框架 * JDBCUtils.update * sql , params * stmt.getParamterMetaData()-->getParamterCount(); * stmt.setOject(i+1,params[i]); * JDBCUtils.query * sql,params,ResultSetHandler >obj(Bean,List<Bean>,Map,MapList,ScalarHandler,ColunmListHander,ArrayHandler,Array ListHandler,....) * ResultSetHandler * Object handle(ResultSet rs); * T handle (ResultSet rs); * BeanHandler implements ResultSetHandler * Class<?> clazz * handle * clazz.newInstance(); * map * ResultSetMetadata * getColumnCount * getColumnName(i+1).tolowercace(); * ResultSet rs.next(),.rs.getObject(i+1); * 反射基础代码,内省,BeanUtils
 - * MapHandler
 - * map
 - * ResultSetMetadata

```
* getColumnCount
            * getColumnName(i+1).tolowercace();
            * ResultSet rs.next(),.rs.getObject(i+1);
   * ArrayHandler
   * BeanListHandler
   * ArrayListHandler
   * MapListHandler
   * ScalarHandler
   * ColumnListHandler
*能够掌握DBUtils的框架
   * apache
   * QueryRunner
     * update
     * query
        * ResultSetHandler
     * batch
*能够阅读DBUtils的核心源码
  * QueryRunner--update
    *健壮性比我好,处理细节,....
  * query
  * batch
* 回顾
 * 反射:在运行时,可以动态创建对象,调用方法,给属性设置值,....
 * Class, Constructor, Method, Field
 * 内省: JavaBean: set, get
   * Instrospector,BeanInfo,PropertyDescripto
```

- * BeanUtils.populate(obj,map);
- *数据库的元数据
 - * DatabaseMetaData
 - * ParameterMetaData-->PrepareStatement(?,?,?)
 - * ResultSetMetaData-->ResultSet
- * JDBCUtils
 - * CUD
 - * 不同点:参数不一样, sql不一样
- * 共同点:获取链接,通过sql获得PrepareStatement,executeUpdate,处理异常,释

放资源

*能够自定义JDBC的框架

```
1 * Student
     public class Student {
 2
 3
       private String sid;
 4
       private String sname;
 5
       private int age;
 6
       private String gender;
 7
   }
 8 * 观察StudentDaoImpl
 9 public class StudentDaoImpl implements StudentDao {
10
11
       @Override
       public boolean add(Student student) {
12
13
           if (student == null) {
               throw new IllegalArgumentException("student is null");
14
15
           Connection con = ConnectionUtils.getConn();
16
           PreparedStatement st = null;
17
           int result = 0;
18
           try {
19
               String sql = "insert into stu(sid, sname, age, gender) values(?,?,?)
20
               st = con.prepareStatement(sql);
21
               st.setString(1, student.getSid());
22
               st.setString(2, student.getSname());
23
```

```
24
               st.setInt(3, student.getAge());
               st.setString(4, student.getGender());
25
               result = st.executeUpdate();
26
           } catch (SQLException e) {
27
               e.printStackTrace();
28
29
           } finally {
               ConnectionUtils.close(con, st, null);
30
           }
31
           return result > 0;
32
33
       }
34
35
       @Override
       public boolean update(String sid, String name) {
36
37
           Connection con = ConnectionUtils.getConn();
           PreparedStatement st = null;
38
           int result = 0;
39
40
           try {
41
               String sql = "update stu set sname=? where sid=?";
               st = con.prepareStatement(sql);
42
               st.setString(1, name);
43
               st.setString(2, sid);
44
45
               result = st.executeUpdate();
           } catch (SQLException e) {
46
               e.printStackTrace();
47
           } finally {
48
               ConnectionUtils.close(con, st, null);
49
50
           return result > 0;
51
       }
52
53
       @Override
54
       public boolean delete(String sid) {
55
           Connection con = ConnectionUtils.getConn();
56
           PreparedStatement st = null;
57
           int result = 0;
58
59
           try {
               String sql = "delete from stu where sid=?";
60
61
               st = con.prepareStatement(sql);
               st.setString(1, sid);
62
               result = st.executeUpdate();
63
```

```
64
            } catch (SQLException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
 65
            } finally {
 66
                ConnectionUtils.close(con, st, null);
 67
            }
 68
 69
            return result > 0;
        }
 70
 71
        @Override
 72
        public Student queryById(String id) {
 73
 74
            String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from stu where sid=?";
            Connection con = ConnectionUtils.getConn();
 75
            PreparedStatement st = null;
 76
 77
            ResultSet rs = null;
            Student student = null;
 78
 79
            try {
                st = con.prepareStatement(sql);
 80
 81
                st.setString(1, id);
                rs = st.executeQuery();
 82
                if (rs.next()) {
 83
                     String sid = rs.getString("sid");
 84
 85
                     String sname = rs.getString("sname");
                     String gender = rs.getString("gender");
 86
                     try {
 87
                         int age = Integer.parseInt(rs.getString("age"));
 88
                         student = new Student(sid, sname, age, gender);
 89
                     } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
 90
                         student = new Student(sid, sname, 0, gender);
 91
                     }
 92
 93
                }
            } catch (SQLException e) {
 94
                e.printStackTrace();
 95
            } finally {
 96
                ConnectionUtils.close(con, st, rs);
 97
            }
 98
 99
            return student;
100
101
        }
102
        @Override
103
```

```
104
        public List<Student> queryAllStudents() {
            String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from stu ";
105
106
            Connection con = ConnectionUtils.getConn();
107
            PreparedStatement st = null;
            ResultSet rs = null;
108
109
            List<Student> students = new ArrayList<Student>();
110
            try {
111
                st = con.prepareStatement(sql);
112
                rs = st.executeQuery();
                while (rs.next()) {
113
114
                    String sid = rs.getString("sid");
                    String sname = rs.getString("sname");
115
                    String gender = rs.getString("gender");
116
117
                    try {
118
                         int age = Integer.parseInt(rs.getString("age"));
                         students.add(new Student(sid, sname, age, gender));
119
                    } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
120
121
                         students.add(new Student(sid, sname, 0, gender));
122
                    }
                }
123
            } catch (SQLException e) {
124
125
                e.printStackTrace();
            } finally {
126
                ConnectionUtils.close(con, st, rs);
127
128
            return students;
129
        }
130
131
        // offset: row:多少行
132
133
        @Override
        public List<Student> queryStudents(int offset, int row) {
134
            String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from (select rownum rn, sid, sr
135
136
            Connection con = ConnectionUtils.getConn();
            PreparedStatement st = null;
137
138
            ResultSet rs = null;
139
            List<Student> students = new ArrayList<Student>();
140
            try {
141
                st = con.prepareStatement(sql);
142
                st.setInt(1, row);
                st.setInt(2, offset);
143
```

```
144
               rs = st.executeQuery();
               while (rs.next()) {
145
                  String sid = rs.getString("sid");
146
147
                  String sname = rs.getString("sname");
                  String gender = rs.getString("gender");
148
149
                  try {
150
                      int age = Integer.parseInt(rs.getString("age"));
151
                      students.add(new Student(sid, sname, age, gender));
                  } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
152
                      students.add(new Student(sid, sname, 0, gender));
153
154
                  }
155
               }
           } catch (SQLException e) {
156
157
               e.printStackTrace();
158
           } finally {
               ConnectionUtils.close(con, st, rs);
159
160
           }
161
           return students;
162
       }
163
164 }
165
166 * 总结增删改
167
      * 一样地方获取连接,释放资源,获得PreparedStatement,执行executeUpdate
      * 不一样的地方, sql语句不一样, 设置参数也不一样
168
169 * 总结查询单个
      * 一样地方获取连接,释放资源,获得PreparedStatement, executeQuery
170
      * 不一样的地方, sql语句不一样, 设置参数也不一样, 返回值不一样
171
172 * 总结查询列表
       * 一样地方获取连接,释放资源,获得PreparedStatement, executeQuery
173
174
       * 不一样的地方, sql语句不一样, 设置参数也不一样, 返回值列表不一样
175
176 * JdbcUtils的编写
177 public class JdbcUtils {
178
       /**
179
        * @param sql
180
        * @param args
181
        * @return
182
        * CUD
183
```

```
184
         */
        public static boolean update(String sql,Object... args) {
185
            Connection conn=ConnectionUtils.getConn();
186
            PreparedStatement psmt=null;
187
188
            int result=-1;
            try {
189
190
                psmt=conn.prepareStatement(sql);
191
                int paramCount=psmt.getParameterMetaData().getParameterCount();
                if(paramCount!=args.length) {
192
                    throw new IllegalArgumentException("expected is "+paramCount+",
193
194
                }
195
                for (int i = 0; i < args.length; i++) {
                    psmt.setObject(i+1, args[i]);
196
197
                }
198
                result=psmt.executeUpdate();
            } catch (SQLException e) {
199
                e.printStackTrace();
200
201
            }finally {
202
                ConnectionUtils.close(conn, psmt, null);
203
204
            return result>0;
205
        }
206
        public static Object query(String sql, ResultSetHandler handler, Object... a
207
            Connection conn=ConnectionUtils.getConn();
208
            PreparedStatement psmt=null;
209
            ResultSet rs=null;
210
211
            try {
212
                psmt=conn.prepareStatement(sql);
213
                int paramCount=psmt.getParameterMetaData().getParameterCount();
                if(paramCount!=args.length) {
214
                    throw new IllegalArgumentException("expected is "+paramCount+",
215
                }
216
                for (int i = 0; i < args.length; i++) {</pre>
217
218
                    psmt.setObject(i+1, args[i]);
219
                }
220
                rs = psmt.executeQuery();
                // 如何处理这个结果: 有可能是Bean, List<Bean>,Map,List<Map>,1个值(cour
221
                // 不能在处理这些结果,而是交给用户自己决定,
222
                // 框架决定不了,此时可以定接口,让调用者实现
223
```

```
224
                if(handler==null) {
                    throw new IllegalArgumentException("handler is null");
225
                }
226
                Object result=handler.handle(rs);
227
228
                return result;
229
            } catch (SQLException e) {
230
                e.printStackTrace();
            }finally {
231
                ConnectionUtils.close(conn, psmt, rs);
232
233
234
            return null;
235
        }
236 }
237 * 定义ResultSetHandler
238 public interface ResultSetHandler {
239
        Object handle(ResultSet rs);
240 }
241 * BeanHandler编写
242 public class BeanHandler implements ResultSetHandler {
243
        private Class<?> clazz;
244
245
        public BeanHandler(Class<?> clazz) {
246
            this.clazz = clazz;
247
        }
248
        @Override
249
        public Object handle(ResultSet rs) {
250
251
            Object obj = null;
252
            try {
253
                if (rs.next()) {
                    obj = this.clazz.newInstance();
254
                    Map<String, Object> properties = new HashMap<String, Object>();
255
                    ResultSetMetaData metaData = rs.getMetaData();
256
                    int columnCount = metaData.getColumnCount();
257
                    for (int i = 0; i < columnCount; i++) {</pre>
258
                         String columnName = metaData.getColumnName(i + 1);
259
                         Object param = rs.getObject(i + 1);
260
261
                         properties.put(columnName.toLowerCase(), param);
262
                    BeanUtils.populate(obj, properties);
263
```

```
264
            } catch (Exception e) {
265
266
                e.printStackTrace();
267
            }
268
            return obj;
269
        }
270
271 }
272 * ListBeanHandler 编写
273 public class ListBeanHandler implements ResultSetHandler {
274
        private Class<?> clazz;
275
        public ListBeanHandler(Class<?> clazz) {
276
277
            this.clazz = clazz;
278
        }
279
        @Override
280
        public Object handle(ResultSet rs) {
281
            List<Object> objs = new ArrayList<Object>();
282
283
            try {
284
                while (rs.next()) {
285
                     Object obj = this.clazz.newInstance();
286
                    Map<String, Object> properties = new HashMap<String, Object>();
287
                     ResultSetMetaData metaData = rs.getMetaData();
                     int columnCount = metaData.getColumnCount();
288
                     for (int i = 0; i < columnCount; i++) {</pre>
289
                         String columnName = metaData.getColumnName(i + 1);
290
291
                         Object param = rs.getObject(i + 1);
292
                         properties.put(columnName.toLowerCase(), param);
293
294
                     BeanUtils.populate(obj, properties);
                     objs.add(obj);
295
                }
296
            } catch (Exception e) {
297
                e.printStackTrace();
298
299
            }
300
            return objs;
301
        }
302 }
303
```

```
304 * copy StudentDaoImpl修改成StudentDaoImpl2
305 public class StudentDaoImpl2 implements StudentDao {
306
        @Override
307
        public boolean add(Student student) {
308
309
            if (student == null) {
                throw new IllegalArgumentException("student is null");
310
311
            String sql = "insert into stu(sid, sname, age, gender) values(?,?,?,?)";
312
            Object[] args = { student.getSid(), student.getSname(), student.getAge()
313
            boolean result = JdbcUtils.update(sql, args);
314
315
            return result;
        }
316
317
        @Override
318
        public boolean update(String sid, String name) {
319
            String sql = "update stu set sname=? where sid=?";
320
321
            Object[] args = { name, sid };
            boolean result = JdbcUtils.update(sql, args);
322
            return result;
323
324
        }
325
        @Override
326
        public boolean delete(String sid) {
327
            String sql = "delete from stu where sid=?";
328
            Object[] args = { sid };
329
            boolean result = JdbcUtils.update(sql, args);
330
            return result;
331
        }
332
333
        @Override
334
        public Student queryById(String id) {
335
            String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from stu where sid=?";
336
337
            Object[] args = { id };
            Student student=(Student) JdbcUtils.query(sql, new BeanHandler(Student.
338
339
            return student;
340
        }
341
        @Override
342
343
        public List<Student> queryAllStudents() {
```

```
344
            String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from stu ";
345
            @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
            List<Student> students=(List<Student>) JdbcUtils.query(sql, new ListBea
346
347
            return students;
348
        }
349
        // offset: row:多少行
350
351
        @Override
        public List<Student> queryStudents(int offset, int row) {
352
            String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from (select rownum rn, sid, sr
353
354
            Object[] args = {row,offset };
            @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
355
            List<Student> students=(List<Student>) JdbcUtils.query(sql, new ListBea
356
357
            return students;
358
        }
359 }
360
361 * 测试
      * studentDao=new StudentDaoImpl2();
362
363
```

- *能够掌握DBUtils的框架
 - * DBUtils的概述
 - * DBUtils库是一个小类集,目标是使jdbc更容易使用
 - * DBUtils的优点
 - * 不可能发生资源泄漏
 - * 更干净,更清晰的持久性代码
 - * 从结果集自动填充JavaBean属性
 - * 下载jar和源码
 - * https://commons.apache.org/proper/commons-dbutils/



Apache Commons

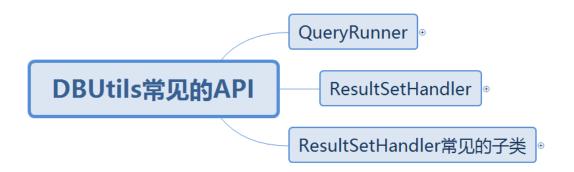
http://commons.apache.org/

Apache Commons DbUtils ™

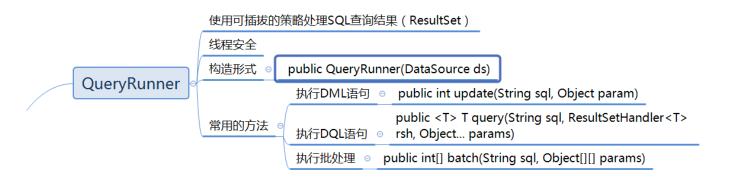


Apache Commons DbUtils 1.7 Binaries jar,源码jar commons-dbutils-1.7-bin.tar.gz md5 md5 commons-dbutils-1.7-bin.zip pgp Source 源码 commons-dbutils-1.7-src.tar.gz commons-dbutils-1.7-src.zip md5 pgp **Archives** Older releases can be obtained from the archives · browse download area archives

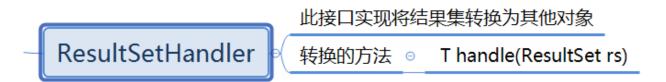
* DBUtils常见的API



* QueryRunner



* ResultSetHandler



* ResultSetHandler常见的子类

```
将结果集 (ResultSet)第一行转换为JavaBean
BenaHandler
              线程安全
              构建形式 o new BeanHandler < User > (User.class)
                将结果集(ResultSet)转换为List<JavaBean>
BeanListHandler 💿
                线程安全
                构建形式 ⊙ new BeanListHandler < User > (User.class)
              将结果集(ResultSet)第一行转换为Map
MapHandler
             线程安全
             new MapHandler()
                将结果集(ResultSet)转换为List<Map>
MapListHandler 

                线程安全
                new MapListHandler()
               将结果集(ResultSet)的某一列转换为Object
ScalarHandler
              线程安全
              new ScalarHandler()
                  将结果集(ResultSet)的某一列转换为List<Object>
                  线程安全
ColumnListHandler 

                  new ColumnListHandler()
```

ResultSetHandler常见的子类

```
1 * StudentDaoImpl 使用DBUtils
    * StudentDaoImpl3
 3 public class StudentDaoImpl3 implements StudentDao {
 4
 5
       @Override
 6
       public boolean add(Student student) {
 7
           if (student == null) {
 8
               throw new IllegalArgumentException("student is null");
 9
           String sql = "insert into stu(sid,sname,age,gender) values(?,?,?,?)";
10
           Object[] args = { student.getSid(), student.getSname(), student.getAge()
11
           QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
12
           int result=-1;
13
14
           try {
               result = queryRunner.update(sql, args);
15
           } catch (SQLException e) {
16
               e.printStackTrace();
17
18
           return result>0;
19
```

```
20
21
22
       @Override
       public boolean update(String sid, String name) {
23
           String sql = "update stu set sname=? where sid=?";
24
25
           Object[] args = { name, sid };
           QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
26
27
           int result=-1;
           try {
28
               result = queryRunner.update(sql, args);
29
           } catch (SQLException e) {
30
               e.printStackTrace();
31
32
33
           return result>0;
       }
34
35
       @Override
36
37
       public boolean delete(String sid) {
           String sql = "delete from stu where sid=?";
38
           Object[] args = { sid };
39
           QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
40
41
           int result=-1;
           try {
42
               result = queryRunner.update(sql, args);
43
           } catch (SQLException e) {
44
               e.printStackTrace();
45
46
           return result>0;
47
       }
48
49
       @Override
50
       public Student queryById(String id) {
51
           String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from stu where sid=?";
52
           Object[] args = { id };
53
           QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
54
           Student student=null;
55
56
           try {
57
               student = queryRunner.query(sql, new BeanHandler<Student>(Student.
           } catch (SQLException e) {
58
               e.printStackTrace();
59
```

```
60
           return student;
61
62
       }
63
       @Override
64
65
       public List<Student> queryAllStudents() {
           String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from stu ";
66
           QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
67
           List<Student> students=null;
68
69
           try {
               students = queryRunner.query(sql, new BeanListHandler<Student>(Student)
70
71
           } catch (SQLException e) {
               e.printStackTrace();
72
73
           }
74
           return students;
75
       }
76
       // offset: row:多少行
77
       @Override
78
79
       public List<Student> queryStudents(int offset, int row) {
           String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from (select rownum rn, sid, sr
80
81
           Object[] args = {row,offset };
           QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
82
           List<Student> students=null;
83
84
           try {
               students = queryRunner.query(sql, new BeanListHandler<Student>(Student)
85
           } catch (SQLException e) {
86
               e.printStackTrace();
87
88
89
           return students;
       }
90
91
92 }
93
94 * DataSourceUtil
95 public class DataSourceUtil {
       private static DataSource dataSource;
96
97
       static {
           Properties props=new Properties();
98
           try {
99
```

```
100
                props.load(ConnectionUtils.class.getClassLoader().getResourceAsStre
                dataSource=DruidDataSourceFactory.createDataSource(props);
101
            } catch (IOException e) {
102
                e.printStackTrace();
103
104
            } catch (Exception e) {
105
                e.printStackTrace();
            };
106
107
        }
108
109
        public static DataSource getDataSource() {
110
111
            return dataSource;
        }
112
113 }
114
115 * 测试
116
        studentDao=new StudentDaoImpl3();
117
118 * 测试其他子类
119
      * MapHandler, MapListHandler, ScalarHandler, ColumnListHandler
120 @Test
121
        public void test1() throws SQLException {
122
            String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from stu where sid=?";
123
            Object[] params = { "S_1006" };
            QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
124
            Map<String, Object> map = queryRunner.query(sql, new MapHandler(), para
125
            System.out.println(map);
126
127
        }
128
129
        @Test
        public void test2() throws SQLException {
130
            String sql = "select sid, sname, age, gender from stu";
131
            QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
132
            List<Map<String, Object>> maps = queryRunner.query(sql, new MapListHanc
133
            for(Map<String,Object> map:maps) {
134
                System.out.println(map);
135
136
            }
137
        }
138
        @Test
139
```

```
140
        public void test3() throws SQLException {
141
            String sql = "select count(*) from stu";
            QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
142
            BigDecimal bd = queryRunner.query(sql, new ScalarHandler<BigDecimal>())
143
144
            System.out.println("count:"+bd.intValue());
145
        }
146
147
        @Test
        public void test4() throws SQLException {
148
            String sql = "select sname from stu";
149
            QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource())
150
            List<String> names = queryRunner.query(sql, new ColumnListHandler<Strir</pre>
151
            System.out.println(names);
152
153
        }
154
155
156 * 测试批处理
157
     create table testbatch(
158
        name varchar2(50)
     );
159
     @Test
160
161
     public void test5() throws SQLException {
162
        long start = System.currentTimeMillis();
163
        // 1 获得连接
        String sql = "insert into testbatch(name) values(?)";
164
        QueryRunner queryRunner=new QueryRunner(DataSourceUtil.getDataSource());
165
        Object[][] params=new Object[1000][];
166
        for (int i = 1; i <= 10000; i++) {
167
                params[i % 1000]=new Object[] {"xiaobai" + i};
168
                // 每次发一千条
169
                if (i % 1000 == 0) {
170
                    queryRunner.batch(sql, params);
171
                }
172
            }
173
                // 剩余再执行一次
174
        params=new Object[8][];
175
        for (int i = 10001; i <= 10008; i++) {
176
                params[i % 8]=new Object[] {"xiaobai" + i};
177
178
                queryRunner.batch(sql, params);
179
```

```
long end = System.currentTimeMillis();

//使用批处理花的时间:1079

System.out.println("使用批处理花的时间:" + (end - start));

}
```

- *能够阅读DBUtils的核心源码
 - *参考<u>09-DBUtils源码分析</u>