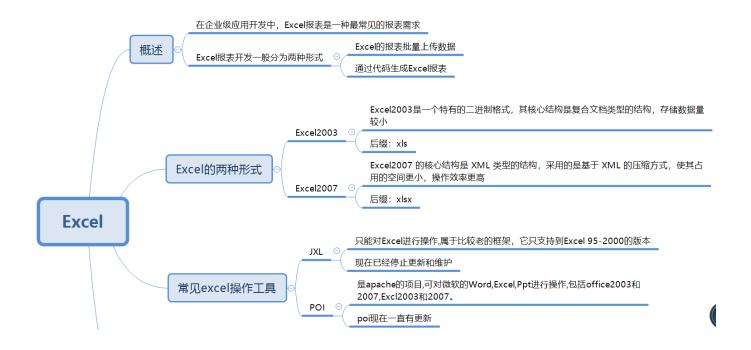
- * 学习目标
- *能够了解企业怎么操作Excel
 - * 03:xls,07:xlsx
 - * 数据存储格式, 07: xlsx--核心是xml
 - * poi
 - * API: WorkBook, Sheet, Row, Cell, Font, Cell Style
- *能够掌握POI的基本操作
 - * 创建excel文件,创建单元格,设置单元格样式,设置图片,查询excel表数据
- *能够使用POI导入Excel员工的信息
 - *文件上传,解析Excel,插入到数据
- *能够使用POI导出员工的信息
 - * 从数据库中查询,创建ExcelAPI对象,通过流输出浏览器
- *能够掌握基于模板打印的POI报表导出
 - * 有模板:在程序中获取样式,在创建新的单元格的时候,设置样式
- * 能够掌握自定义导入导出工具类
 - *提供开发效率,减少代码重复量,尽量避免Ctrl+C+V
 - *前置知识:反射,自定义注解

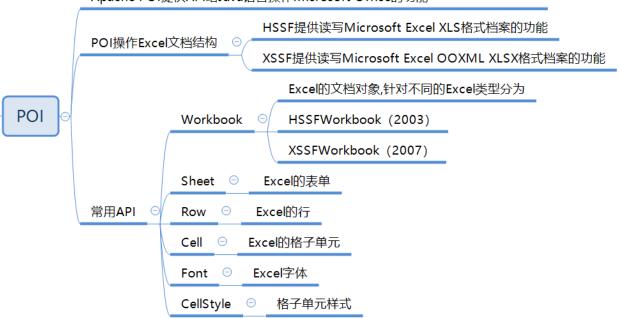
*能够了解企业怎么操作Excel

^{*}回顾



*能够掌握POI的基本操作

是Apache软件基金会的开源项目,由Java编写的免费开源的跨平台的 Java API,Apache POI提供API给Java语言操作Microsoft Office的功能



```
7 <dependency>
    <groupId>org.apache.poi
8
9
    <artifactId>poi-ooxml</artifactId>
    <version>4.0.1
10
11 </dependency>
12 <dependency>
    <groupId>org.apache.poi
13
    <artifactId>poi-ooxml-schemas</artifactId>
14
    <version>4.0.1
15
16 </dependency>
17 * 案例一(创建Excel)
18 @Test
19 public void test1() throws Exception {
20
    //1.创建workbook工作簿
    Workbook workbook=new XSSFWorkbook();
21
    //2. 创建表单Sheet
22
    workbook.createSheet("test1");
23
    //3.文件流
24
    FileOutputStream fos=new FileOutputStream("D:\\wook666\\excel\\test.xlsx");
25
    //4.写入文件
26
27
    workbook.write(fos);
28
    //5.释放资源
    fos.close();
29
30 }
31
32 * 案例二(创建单元格)
33 @Test
34 public void test2() throws Exception {
    Workbook workbook=new XSSFWorkbook();
35
    Sheet sheet = workbook.createSheet("test1");
36
    // 创建行对象,下标从0开始
37
    Row row = sheet.createRow(2);
38
    //创建单元格,从0开始
39
    Cell cell = row.createCell(1);
40
    //单元格设置内容
41
    cell.setCellValue("亮哥教育");
42
    FileOutputStream fos=new FileOutputStream("D:\\wook666\\excel\\test1.xlsx");
43
    workbook.write(fos);
44
    fos.close();
45
46 }
```

```
47
48 * 案例三(创建单元格,样式)
49 @Test
50 public void test3() throws Exception {
    Workbook workbook=new XSSFWorkbook();
51
52
    Sheet sheet = workbook.createSheet("test1");
    // 创建行对象,下标从0开始
53
    Row row = sheet.createRow(∅);
54
    //创建单元格,从0开始
55
    Cell cell = row.createCell(0);
56
    // 设置边框
57
    CellStyle cellStyle = workbook.createCellStyle();
58
     cellStyle.setBorderBottom(BorderStyle.DOUBLE);
59
     cellStyle.setBorderTop(BorderStyle.DOTTED);
60
     cellStyle.setBorderLeft(BorderStyle.DASH_DOT);
61
     cellStyle.setBorderRight(BorderStyle.HAIR);
62
    // 设置字体
63
     Font font = workbook.createFont();
64
    font.setFontName("华文细黑");
65
     font.setFontHeightInPoints((short) 32);
66
     cellStyle.setFont(font);
67
     cell.setCellStyle(cellStyle);
68
    // 跨行跨列
69
    CellRangeAddress region = new CellRangeAddress(0, 3, 0, 2);
70
     sheet.addMergedRegion(region);
71
72
     cellStyle.setAlignment(HorizontalAlignment.CENTER);//水平居中
     cellStyle.setVerticalAlignment(VerticalAlignment.CENTER);//垂直居中
73
    //单元格设置内容
74
    cell.setCellValue("亮哥教育");
75
     FileOutputStream fos=new FileOutputStream("D:\\wook666\\excel\\test2.xlsx");
76
77
    workbook.write(fos);
    fos.close();
78
79 }
80 * 案例四
   //绘制图形
81
82 @Test
83 public void test4() throws Exception {
    Workbook workbook=new XSSFWorkbook();
84
    Sheet sheet = workbook.createSheet("test1");
85
     FileInputStream fis=new FileInputStream("D:\\wook666\\excel\\logo.jpg");
86
```

```
87
     //向Excel添加一张图片,并返回该图片在Excel中的图片集合中的下标
     int pictureIndex = ((XSSFWorkbook) workbook).addPicture(fis, Workbook.PICTURE
88
     //绘图工具类
89
     CreationHelper creationHelper = workbook.getCreationHelper();
90
     //创建一个绘图对象
91
92
     Drawing<?> drawingPatriarch = sheet.createDrawingPatriarch();
93
     //创建锚点,设置图片坐标
94
     ClientAnchor clientAnchor = creationHelper.createClientAnchor();
     clientAnchor.setCol1(0);
95
     clientAnchor.setRow1(0);
96
97
     //创建图片
98
     Picture picture = drawingPatriarch.createPicture(clientAnchor, pictureIndex);
     picture.resize();
99
100
     FileOutputStream fos=new FileOutputStream("D:\\wook666\\excel\\test3.xlsx");
101
     workbook.write(fos);
     fis.close();
102
     fos.close();
103
104 }
105 * 案例五(读取Excel内容)
106 @Test
107 public void test5() throws Exception {
108 //创建workbook工作簿
109
    Workbook workbook=new XSSFWorkbook("D:\\wook666\\excel\\emps.xlsx");
110 // 获取sheet 从0开始
     Sheet sheet = workbook.getSheetAt(0);
111
    //获得最后一行
112
     int lastRowNum = sheet.getLastRowNum();
113
     for (int i = 0; i <=lastRowNum ; i++) {</pre>
114
          Row row = sheet.getRow(i);
115
          // 在一行中获得最后一列
116
          short lastCellNum = row.getLastCellNum();
117
          StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
118
          for (int j = 0; j < lastCellNum; j++) {</pre>
119
              Cell cell = row.getCell(j);
120
              Object value = ExcelUtils.getValue(cell);
121
              sb.append(value).append(" ");
122
            }
123
124
             System.out.println(sb.toString());
125
           }
126 }
```

```
127 public class ExcelUtils {
        // 处理Excel数据类型
128
        public static Object getValue(Cell cell) {
129
            Object value = null;
130
            switch (cell.getCellType()) {
131
132
                case STRING:
133
                    value = cell.getStringCellValue();
134
                    break;
135
                case BOOLEAN:
                    value = cell.getBooleanCellValue();
136
137
                    break;
                case NUMERIC://数字类型(包含日期和普通数字)
138
139
                    if (DateUtil.isCellDateFormatted(cell)) {
                        value = cell.getDateCellValue();
140
                    } else {
141
142
                        value = cell.getNumericCellValue();
143
                    }
144
                    break;
145
                case FORMULA:
                    value = cell.getCellFormula();
146
147
                    break;
                default:
148
                    break;
149
150
            }
            return value;
151
152
        }
153
154 }
```

*能够使用POI导入Excel员工的信息

```
1 * 配置
2 @Bean("multipartResolver")
3 public CommonsMultipartResolver multipartResolver(){
4    CommonsMultipartResolver commonsMultipartResolver=new CommonsMultipartResolve//50M
5    //50M
6    commonsMultipartResolver.setMaxUploadSize(52428800);
```

```
return commonsMultipartResolver;
 8 }
 9 * 实体
10 @Data
11 @AllArgsConstructor
12 @NoArgsConstructor
13 public class Employee {
       private int id;
14
       private String empno;
15
       private String name;
16
       private String sex;
17
       private int age;
18
       private String job;
19
20
       private int departid;
       private List<Goods> goods;
21
22 }
23
24 * Dao
25 public interface EmployeeDao {
       @Insert("INSERT INTO employee(empno, NAME, sex, age, job, departid)
26
               VALUES(#{empno},#{name},#{sex},#{age},#{job},#{departid})")
27
28
       void save(Employee employee);
29 }
30 public interface DepartmentDao {
       @Update("UPDATE department SET dnum=dnum+1 WHERE deptno=#{ndid}")
31
       void updateDepartmentByIncrease(Map<String, Object> params);
32
33 }
34 * Service
35 public interface ExcelService {
        void importExcel(List<Employee> employees);
36
37 }
38 @Service
39 public class ExcelServiceImpl implements ExcelService {
       @Autowired
40
       private EmployeeDao employeeDao;
41
42
       @Autowired
       private DepartmentDao departmentDao;
43
44
       @Transactional
       @Override
45
       public void importExcel(List<Employee> employees) {
46
```

```
47
           for (Employee employee : employees) {
               employeeDao.save(employee);
48
               Map<String,Object> params=new HashMap<>();
49
               params.put("ndid",employee.getDepartid());
50
               departmentDao.updateDepartmentByIncrease(params);
51
52
           }
       }
53
54 }
55 * Controller
56 @Controller
  @RequestMapping("/emp")
58 public class EmployeeController {
       @RequestMapping("/uploadExcel")
59
60
       public String fileUpload(MultipartFile uploadFile, Model model){
61
           try {
           //创建workbook工作簿
62
           Workbook workbook=new XSSFWorkbook(uploadFile.getInputStream());
63
           // 获取sheet 从0开始
64
           Sheet sheet = workbook.getSheetAt(0);
65
           //获得最后一行
66
           int lastRowNum = sheet.getLastRowNum();
67
68
           List<Employee> employees=new ArrayList<>();
           for (int i = 1; i <= lastRowNum; i++) {
69
               Row row = sheet.getRow(i);
70
               // 在一行中获得最后一列
71
               short lastCellNum = row.getLastCellNum();
72
               Object[] objs=new Object[lastCellNum];
73
               for (int j = 0; j < lastCellNum; j++) {</pre>
74
                   Cell cell = row.getCell(j);
75
                   Object value = ExcelUtils.getValue(cell);
76
77
                   objs[j]=value;
78
               }
               Employee employee=new Employee();
79
               employee.setEmpno((String) objs[0]);
80
               employee.setName((String) objs[1]);
81
               employee.setSex((String) objs[2]);
82
               employee.setAge(((Double) objs[3]).intValue());
83
84
               employee.setJob((String) objs[4]);
               employee.setDepartid(((Double) objs[5]).intValue());
85
               employees.add(employee);
86
```

```
87
            }
                excelService.importExcel(employees);
 88
                model.addAttribute("result","上传成功");
89
            }catch (Exception e){
90
                e.printStackTrace();
91
92
                model.addAttribute("result","上传失败");
            }
93
            return "uploadsuccess";
94
95
        }
96 }
97
98 * 页面
99 * 在webapp下
100 < m page contentType="text/html;charset=UTF-8" language="java" isELIgnored="fa]
101 <html>
102 <head>
        <title>测试</title>
103
104 </head>
105 <body>
106 <form action="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/emp/uploadExcel" method="post"
          enctype="multipart/form-data">
107
108
        图片: <input type="file" name="uploadFile"/><br/>
109
        <input type="submit" value="上传"/>
110 </form>
111 </body>
112 </html>
113 * 在/WEB-INF/jsps/下
114 < page contentType="text/html;charset=UTF-8" language="java" isELIgnored="fal
115 <html>
116 <body>
| 117 | <h2>文件${result}</h2>
118 </body>
119 </html>
```

*能够使用POI导出员工的信息

```
1 * dao
2 public interface EmployeeDao {
3  @Select("SELECT empno,NAME,sex,age,job,departid FROM employee")
```

```
4
       List<Employee> selectEmps();
 5 }
 6
 7 * service
 8 public interface ExcelService {
 9
        List<Employee> exportExcel();
10 }
11 * Controller
12 @Controller
13 @RequestMapping("/emp")
14 public class EmployeeController {
15
       @Autowired
       private ExcelService excelService;
16
17
       @RequestMapping("/exportExcel")
       public void exportExcel(HttpServletResponse response,Model model){
18
19
           try {
               List<Employee> employees = excelService.exportExcel();
20
               Workbook workbook = new XSSFWorkbook();
21
               Sheet sheet = workbook.createSheet("一月");
22
               String[] titles = {"员工编号", "姓名", "性别", "年龄", "职位", "部门编
23
               Row row = sheet.createRow(∅);
24
25
               for (int i = 0; i < titles.length; i++) {</pre>
                   Cell cell = row.createCell(i);
26
                   cell.setCellValue(titles[i]);
27
28
               }
               for (int i = 0; i < employees.size(); i++) {</pre>
29
                   row = sheet.createRow(i + 1);
30
                   Employee employee = employees.get(i);
31
                   Cell empnoCell = row.createCell(0);
32
                   empnoCell.setCellValue(employee.getEmpno());
33
                   Cell nameCell = row.createCell(1);
34
                   nameCell.setCellValue(employee.getName());
35
                   Cell sexCell = row.createCell(2);
36
                   sexCell.setCellValue(employee.getSex());
37
                   Cell ageCell = row.createCell(3);
38
                   ageCell.setCellValue(employee.getAge());
39
                   Cell jobCell = row.createCell(4);
40
41
                   jobCell.setCellValue(employee.getJob());
                   Cell departIdCell = row.createCell(5);
42
                   departIdCell.setCellValue(employee.getDepartid());
43
```

```
44
               }
               String fileName = URLEncoder.encode("员工表.xlsx", "UTF-8");
45
               response.setContentType("application/octet-stream");
46
               response.setHeader("content-disposition", "attachment; filename=" +
47
               response.setHeader("filename", fileName);
48
49
               workbook.write(response.getOutputStream());
           }catch (Exception e){
50
               e.printStackTrace();
51
           }
52
53
       }
54 }
55
56 * 访问测试: http://localhost:8080/ssm02/emp/exportExcel
```

*能够掌握基于模板打印的POI报表导出

```
1 * 在企业开发中,我们可以先做模板,在程序获取模板的样式
     生成模板格式的excel文件
 2
 3 * 代码
4
   @RequestMapping("/exportExcelStyle")
  public void exportExcelStyle(HttpServletResponse response){
           try {
 6
7
               List<Employee> employees = excelService.exportExcel();
               Workbook workbook = new XSSFWorkbook(
8
                   Objects.requireNonNull(EmployeeController.class.
9
                       getClassLoader().getResourceAsStream("/excel/template.xlsx"
10
11
               Sheet sheet = workbook.getSheetAt(0);
12
               Row row1= sheet.getRow(2);
               //获取模板的样式
13
               CellStyle[] cellStyles=new CellStyle[row1.getLastCellNum()];
14
15
               for (int i = 0; i <cellStyles.length ; i++) {</pre>
                   cellStyles[i]=row1.getCell(i).getCellStyle();
16
               }
17
               for (int i = 0; i < employees.size(); i++) {</pre>
18
                   Row row = sheet.createRow(i + 2);
19
20
                   Employee employee = employees.get(i);
                   Cell empnoCell = row.createCell(0);
21
                   empnoCell.setCellValue(employee.getEmpno());
22
                   empnoCell.setCellStyle(cellStyles[0]);
23
```

```
24
                   Cell nameCell = row.createCell(1);
                   nameCell.setCellValue(employee.getName());
25
                   nameCell.setCellStyle(cellStyles[1]);
26
                   Cell sexCell = row.createCell(2);
27
                   sexCell.setCellValue(employee.getSex());
28
29
                   sexCell.setCellStyle(cellStyles[2]);
                   Cell ageCell = row.createCell(3);
30
31
                   ageCell.setCellValue(employee.getAge());
                   ageCell.setCellStyle(cellStyles[3]);
32
                   Cell jobCell = row.createCell(4);
33
                   jobCell.setCellValue(employee.getJob());
34
                   jobCell.setCellStyle(cellStyles[4]);
35
                   Cell departIdCell = row.createCell(5);
36
37
                   departIdCell.setCellValue(employee.getDepartid());
                   departIdCell.setCellStyle(cellStyles[5]);
38
               }
39
               String fileName = URLEncoder.encode("员工表2.xlsx", "UTF-8");
40
               response.setContentType("application/octet-stream");
41
               response.setHeader("content-disposition", "attachment; filename=" +
42
               response.setHeader("filename", fileName);
43
               workbook.write(response.getOutputStream());
44
45
           }catch (Exception e){
               e.printStackTrace();
46
47
           }
48
       }
```

* 能够掌握自定义导入导出工具类

```
* 案例一: (导出工具类封装)

* 自定义注解

@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)

Target(ElementType.FIELD)

public @interface ExcelAttribute {
    /** 列序号 */
    int sort();

}

* 导出工具类封装

public class ExcelExportUtil<T> {
```

```
12
       public void export(HttpServletResponse response,
           Map<String,Object> params) throws Exception{
13
           String classFilePath= (String) params.get("classFilePath");
14
           Integer styleIndex= (Integer) params.get("styleIndex");
15
           Integer rowIndex= (Integer) params.get("rowIndex");
16
17
           List<T> objs= (List<T>) params.get("objs");
           String fileName= (String) params.get("fileName");
18
           Workbook workbook = new XSSFWorkbook(Objects.requireNonNull(ExcelExport
19
                   getClassLoader().getResourceAsStream(classFilePath)));
20
           Sheet sheet = workbook.getSheetAt(0);
21
           Row row1= sheet.getRow(styleIndex);
22
           CellStyle[] cellStyles=new CellStyle[row1.getLastCellNum()];
23
           for (int i = 0; i <cellStyles.length ; i++) {</pre>
24
25
               cellStyles[i]=row1.getCell(i).getCellStyle();
           }
26
           for (int i = 0; i < objs.size(); i++) {</pre>
27
               Row row = sheet.createRow(i + rowIndex);
28
29
               T t = objs.get(i);
               for (int j = 0; j <cellStyles.length ; j++) {</pre>
30
                   Cell cell = row.createCell(j);
31
                   cell.setCellStyle(cellStyles[j]);
32
33
                   Class<?> clazz = t.getClass();
                   Field[] fields = clazz.getDeclaredFields();
34
                   for (Field field : fields) {
35
                        if(field.isAnnotationPresent(ExcelAttribute.class)){
36
                            field.setAccessible(true);
37
                            ExcelAttribute excelAttribute =
38
                                field.getAnnotation(ExcelAttribute.class);
39
                            if(j==excelAttribute.sort()){
40
                                cell.setCellValue(field.get(t).toString());
41
                            }
42
43
                        }
                   }
44
               }
45
           }
46
           fileName = URLEncoder.encode(fileName, "UTF-8");
47
           response.setContentType("application/octet-stream");
48
           response.setHeader("content-disposition", "attachment;filename=" + file
49
           response.setHeader("filename", fileName);
50
           workbook.write(response.getOutputStream());
51
```

```
52
       }
53 }
54
55 * Controller
   @RequestMapping("/exportExcelStyle2")
56
   public void exportExcelStyle2(HttpServletResponse response) throws Exception {
57
         List<Employee> employees = excelService.exportExcel();
58
         ExcelExportUtil excelExportUtil=new ExcelExportUtil();
59
         Map<String,Object> params=new HashMap<String,Object>();
60
         params.put("classFilePath","/excel/template.xlsx");
61
         params.put("styleIndex",2);
62
         params.put("rowIndex",2);
63
         params.put("objs",employees);
64
65
         params.put("fileName","员工表3.xlsx");
         excelExportUtil.export(response,params);
66
   }
67
68
69 * 案例二: (导入工具类封装)
70 public class ExcelImportUtil<T> {
71
       public List<T> excelImportUtil(InputStream is,Class<T> clazz,int rowIndex)
       throws Exception {
72
73
           //创建workbook工作簿
           Workbook workbook = new XSSFWorkbook(is);
74
           // 获取sheet 从0开始
75
           Sheet sheet = workbook.getSheetAt(0);
76
           //获得最后一行
77
           int lastRowNum = sheet.getLastRowNum();
78
           List<T> list = new ArrayList<>();
79
           for (int i = rowIndex; i <= lastRowNum; i++) {</pre>
80
               Row row = sheet.getRow(i);
81
               // 在一行中获得最后一列
82
               short lastCellNum = row.getLastCellNum();
83
               Object[] objs = new Object[lastCellNum];
84
               T t = clazz.newInstance();
85
               Field[] fields = clazz.getDeclaredFields();
86
87
               for (int j = 0; j < lastCellNum; j++) {</pre>
                   Cell cell = row.getCell(j);
88
                   Object value = ExcelUtils.getValue(cell);
89
                   objs[j] = value;
90
               }
91
```

```
92
                for (int j = 0; j < lastCellNum; j++) {</pre>
                    for (Field field : fields) {
 93
                        field.setAccessible(true);
 94
                         if(field.isAnnotationPresent(ExcelAttribute.class)){
 95
                             ExcelAttribute excelAttribute =
 96
 97
                        field.getAnnotation(ExcelAttribute.class);
                             int sort = excelAttribute.sort();
 98
                             if(j==sort){
 99
                                 // todo:类型,根据需要添加
100
                                 if(objs[j] instanceof Double){
101
                                  // employee.setAge(((Double) objs[3]).intValue());
102
103
                                     field.set(t,((Double) objs[j]).intValue());
104
                                 }else{
105
                                     field.set(t,objs[j]);
106
                                 }
107
                            }
108
109
                        }
                    }
110
                }
111
                list.add(t);
112
113
            }
114
            return list;
        }
115
116 }
117 * Controller
     @RequestMapping("/uploadExcel2")
118
119 public String fileUpload2(MultipartFile uploadFile, Model model){
120
            try {
                ExcelImportUtil<Employee> excelImportUtil=new ExcelImportUtil<>();
121
                List<Employee> employees = excelImportUtil.
122
                    excelImportUtil(uploadFile.getInputStream(), Employee.class, 1)
123
                excelService.importExcel(employees);
124
                model.addAttribute("result","上传成功");
125
            }catch (Exception e){
126
                e.printStackTrace();
127
                model.addAttribute("result","上传失败");
128
129
            }
            return "uploadsuccess";
130
131 }
```