

Hardware Performance Counters

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Motivation for Hardware Performance Counters

- ➤The Lucata workflow allows for many opportunities to check functional correctness via x86 execution and simulation
- ➤ However, understanding system performance may require more detailed insight into the hardware performance counters that can be used.
- >There are 5 types of possible counters
 - Node Counters
 - MSP Counters
 - GC Cluster Counters
 - GC Counters
 - SRIO Counters





Function for Hardware Performance Counters

➤ Single library function controls counters

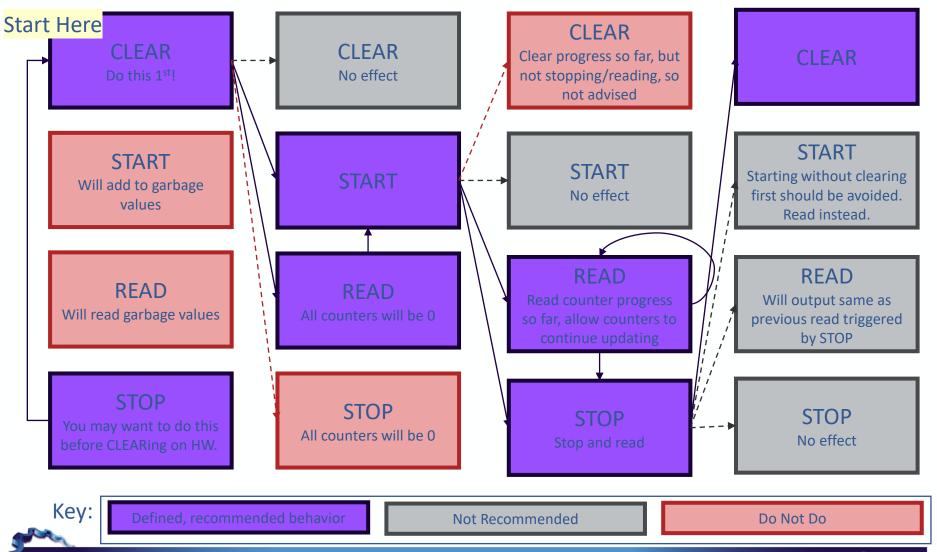
void lu_profile_perfcntr(perfcntr_e op, char *str);

- > "Op" argument determines operation to be performed
 - PFC CLEAR: initialize/clear counters
 - PFC_START: start the counters without reading
 - PFC_READ: output current counter values
 - PFC_STOP: stop and read counters
- > "Str" argument determines string for output file
 - Used as key for JSON object
 - Should be unique for all calls to profiler
- >Use only during serial portion of code
- >Must be used according to rules for well-defined behavior





Performance Counter Usage Flowchart



Performance Counters: example

```
starttiming();
lu profile perfcntr(PFC CLEAR, "SIMPLE ARRAY SUM CLEARING COUNTERS");
lu profile perfcntr(PFC READ, "SIMPLE ARRAY SUM READING COUNTERS AFTER CLEARING");
lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_START, "SIMPLE ARRAY SUM STARTING COUNTERS");5
                                                      Initialize and start counters in
// Spawn child thread to sum values in A
                                                      beginning, serial portion of program
sumA = cilk spawn sum(A, epn);
// Call function to sum values of B (in current/parent thread)
sumB = sum(B, epn);
// Wait for spawned thread to complete
cilk sync;
                                                          Stop and read counters
                                                          at end of program
printf("A = %ld, B = %ld\n", sumA, sumB);
lu profile perfcntr(PFC STOP, "SIMPLE ARRAY SUM STOPPING COUNTERS AT END");
return 0;
```



Performance Counter Output

```
1 {
   "SIMPLE ARRAY SUM CLEARING COUNTERS": "N/A",
   "SIMPLE ARRAY SUM READING COUNTERS AFTER CLEARING": {
       "System Parameters": {
          "Total Nodes":2,
5
          "MSPs Per Node":8,
          "GC Clusters Per Node":3,
          "GCs Per GC Cluster":8
8
9
       "MSP Counters": {
10
          "MSP memory reads": {
11
12
              "Node0": {
                 "MSP0":0,
13
                 "MSP1":0,
14
15
                 "MSP2":0,
16
                 "MSP3":0,
17
                 "MSP4":0,
18
                 "MSP5":0,
                 "MSP6":0,
19
                 "MSP7":0
20
21
              },
22
              "Node1": {
                 "MSP0":0,
23
24
                 "MSP1":0,
                 "MSP2":0,
25
                 "MSP3":0,
26
27
                 "MSP4":0,
                 "MSP5":0,
28
                 "MSP6":0,
29
                 "MSP7":0
30
31
32
          },
```

```
1 "SIMPLE ARRAY SUM STARTING COUNTERS": "N/A",
  "SIMPLE ARRAY SUM STOPPING COUNTERS AT END": {
   "System Parameters": {
       "Total Nodes":2,
5
       "MSPs Per Node":8,
       "GC Clusters Per Node":3,
       "GCs Per GC Cluster":8
7
8
  },
   "MSP Counters": {
       "MSP memory reads": {
10
11
          "Node0": {
12
              "MSP0":49,
13
              "MSP1":23,
14
              "MSP2":144,
15
              "MSP3":153,
16
              "MSP4":7,
17
              "MSP5":70,
18
              "MSP6":61,
              "MSP7":109
19
20
          },
          "Node1": {
21
22
              "MSP0":35,
              "MSP1":5,
23
24
              "MSP2":2,
25
              "MSP3":0,
              "MSP4":0,
26
27
              "MSP5":0,
              "MSP6":0,
28
29
              "MSP7":0
30
31 ...
```

Output in JSON format

.hpc file created automatically by simulator



Hardware Execution

- ➤ Node managing software creates log files for each node in JSON format
- ➤ Counter output .hpc file is created by Python script that aggregates hardware log files



Performance Counter Graphs

➤ Graph images are created by Python script that operates on .hpc output file





Graph Directory Structure

```
simpleArraySum_hwperfcntrs_30-11-2021_15:37:39
  SIMPLE_ARRAY_SUM_READING_COUNTERS_AFTER_CLEARING
       - GC_Cluster_Counters
       - GC_Counters

    MSP_Counters

       - SRIO_In_Counters
       - SRIO_Out_Counters
   SIMPLE_ARRAY_SUM_STOPPING_COUNTERS_AT_END
       - GC_Cluster_Counters
       - GC_Counters
       - MSP_Counters
       - SRIO_In_Counters
       - SRIO_Out_Counters
```



Performance Counter Comparison

➤ Counter reads from different versions of program compared by Python script that operates on .hpc output files

Usage:

./compare_hwperfcntr_jsons.py -f simpleArraySum_hwperfcntrs_diffele.hpc simpleArraySum_hwperfcntrs.hpc -d example_dir





Performance Counter Polling

- >Frequent sampling of performance counters on hardware to gather data on system changes over time
- >Activated via flag to hardware execution command
- ➤ Raw data .csv file and graphs created by Python script executing on hardware log file with polling data





Graph Generation from Polling Data

```
1 usage: emu_analyze_pr.py [-h] -f PR_FILE [-d OUTPUT_DIR] [-p PREFIX] [-n]
                [-c NUM_INTERVALS] [-v] [-l] [-s] [-b] [-i INPUT_CSV]
2
3
4 optional arguments:
5
    -h, --help show this help message and exit
    -f PR FILE, --pr file PR_FILE
6
                mn exec pr.PID.log file name
7
8
    -d OUTPUT DIR, --output dir OUTPUT DIR
9
                path to directory to save output files to if you don't
                want to save it to default location (path to
10
11
                mn exec pr.PID.log file)
12
    -p PREFIX, --prefix PREFIX
13
                Add prefix to graph directory name and graph names
    -n, --no graphs only make csvs, no graphs
14
    -c NUM INTERVALS, --choose intervals NUM INTERVALS
15
16
                choose which intervals to graph
17
    -v, --no csv do not create csv
18
    -1, --no max line do not add max threads line to threads graphs
    -s, --stacked gc plot
19
20
                graph GC CONTEXTS as stacked area plot
    -b, --gc subplots graph GC CONTEXTS as one subplot per GC
21
22
    -i INPUT CSV, --input csv INPUT CSV
23
                path to existing csv, don't have to re-create. CAN
24
                SAVE A LOT OF TIME
```



Example: Array Sum

```
int main()
  allocate arrays(); // Allocate arrays using malloc2d
  initialize arrays(); // Initialize arrays
  starttiming();
  lu profile perfcntr(PFC CLEAR, "CLEAR COUNTERS");
  lu profile perfcntr(PFC READ, "READ COUNTERS AFTER CLEAR");
  lu profile perfcntr(PFC START, "START COUNTERS");
  sumA = cilk spawn sum(A, epn); // Spawn child thread for A
  sumB = sum(B, epn); // Sum values of B in parent thread
  cilk sync; // Wait for spawned thread to complete
  printf("A = %ld, B = %ld\n", sumA, sumB);
  lu profile perfcntr(PFC STOP, "STOP COUNTERS AT END");
```

Clear, read, then start counters

Read after clear; values are zero

Stop counters at end; implicit read of values



Sample Program Execution: Array_Sum.c

```
>>>>>> emu-cc ArraySum hpc.c -o ArraySum hpc.mwx -l memoryweb
>>>>> emusim.x ArraySum hpc.mwx
        SystemC 2.3.3-Accellera --- Sep 7 2022 09:15:59
        Copyright (c) 1996-2018 by all Contributors,
        ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
Start untimed simulation with local date and time= Wed Sep 14 12:49:27 2022
[WARN]: In /home/tdysart/Toolchains/22.R2-Sept7/llvm-
cilk/mwsim/src/timsim.cpp:sc main:590 Calling READCNTRS when not profiling!
Timed simulation starting...
A = 32, B = 64
End untimed simulation with local date and time= Wed Sep 14 12:49:31 2022
                                                          Counter
Info: /OSCI/SystemC: Simulation stopped by user.
>>>>>> ls ArraySum hpc.*
                                                          output file
ArraySum hpc.c
                 ArraySum hpc.hpc ArraySum hpc.mwx
ArraySum hpc.cdc ArraySum hpc.mps
>>>>>> make hpc plots.py -f ArraySum hpc.hpc
                                                          created
Find all graphs in: ./ArraySum hpc 14-09-2022 12:49:55
The last hpc call to analyze will be 1
Program called lu profile perfcntr with message: SIMPLE ARRAY SUM READING
COUNTERS AFTER CLEARING
Generating Graphs for [SIMPLE ARRAY SUM READING COUNTERS AFTER CLEARING]...
/home/tdysart/Toolchains/22.R2-Sept7/llvm-cilk/lucata-
22.R2.Sept7/bin/make hpc plots.py:177: UserWarning: Tight layout not
applied. The bottom and top margins cannot be made large enough to
accommodate all axes decorations.
  plt.tight layout()
Program called lu profile perfcntr with message: SIMPLE ARRAY SUM STOPPING
COUNTERS AT END
Generating Graphs for [SIMPLE ARRAY SUM STOPPING COUNTERS AT END]...
Stopping here after read 1
hpc file name base: ArraySum hpc.hpc
>>>>>> ls ArraySum hpc 14-09-2022 12\:49\:55/*
ArraySum hpc 14-09-2022 12:49:55/ArraySum hpc.hpc.csv
```

- Simulator creates .hpc file automatically
- ➤ Profile images generated after simulation by script
- Subdirectory created for each read of counters in program

Graphs created in subdirectory

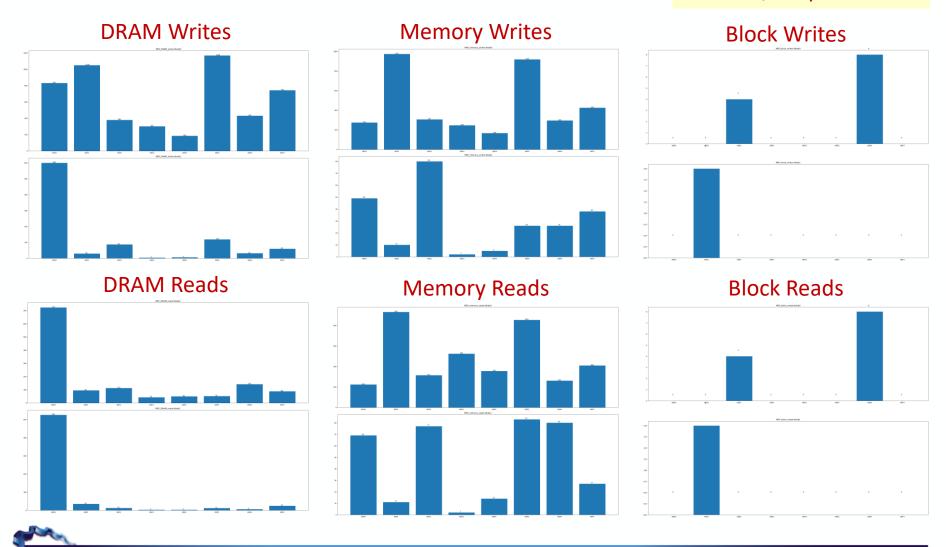
2022 12:49:55/SIMPLE ARRAY SUM READING COUNTERS AFTER CLEARING':

'ArraySum hpc 14-09-

GC Cluster Counters MSP Counters

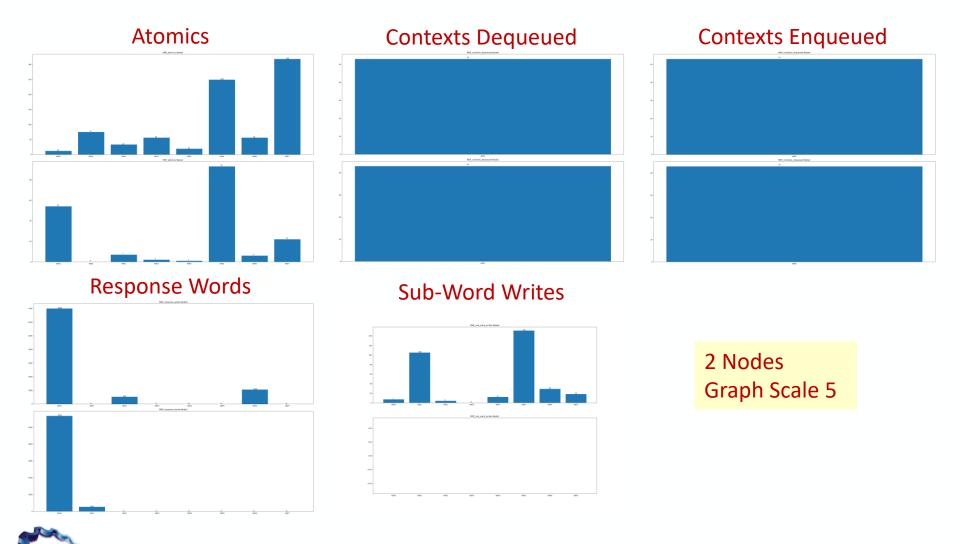
Hybrid BFS: MSP Counters I

2 Nodes, Graph Scale 5

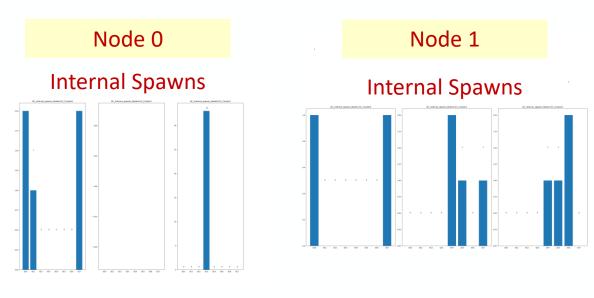




Hybrid BFS: MSP Counters II

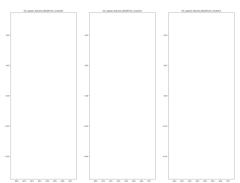


Hybrid BFS: GC Counters I

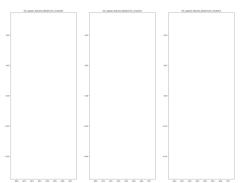


2 Nodes Graph Scale 5





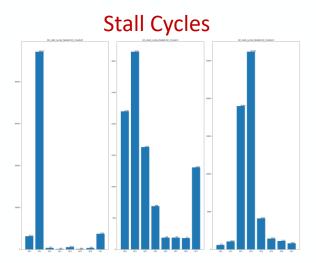
Spawn Failures



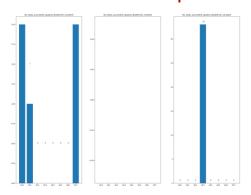
9/22/2022 17 LUCATA

Hybrid BFS: GC Counters II

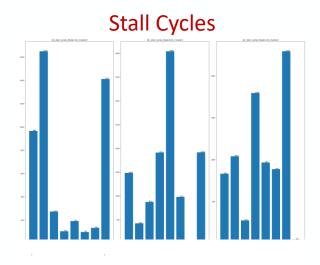




Total Successful Spawns

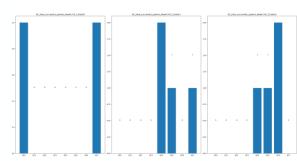


Node 1



2 Nodes Graph Scale 5

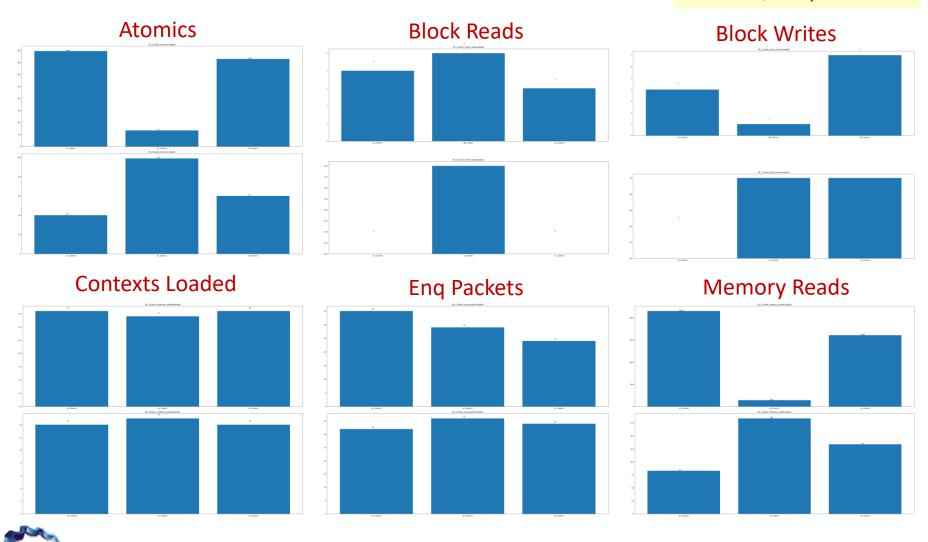
Total Successful Spawns





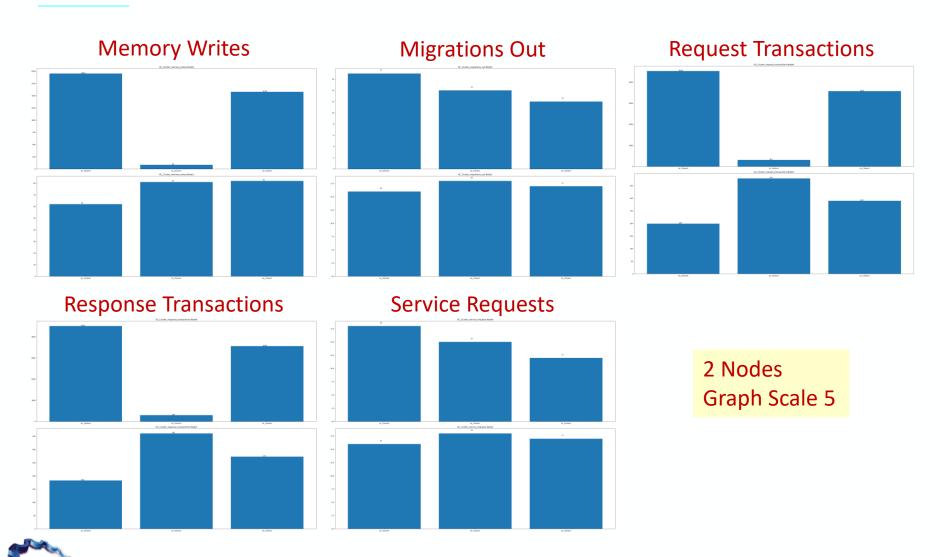
Hybrid BFS: GC Cluster Counters I

2 Nodes, Graph Scale 5



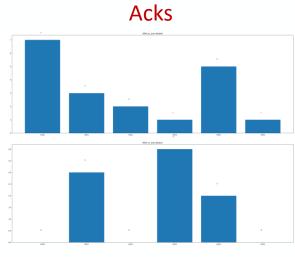


GC Cluster Counters II

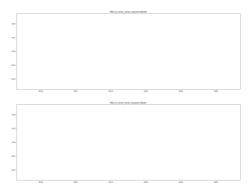




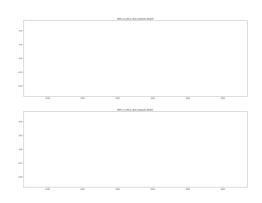
BFS: SRIO In I



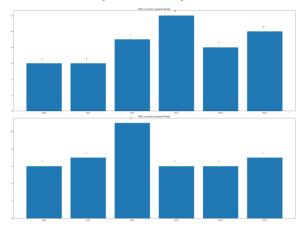
Block Write Requests



Block Read Requests



EnqTSR Requests

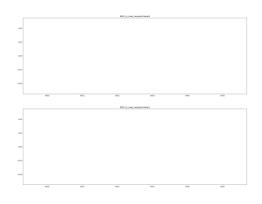


2 NodesGraph Scale 5

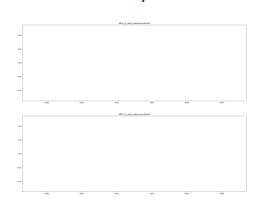


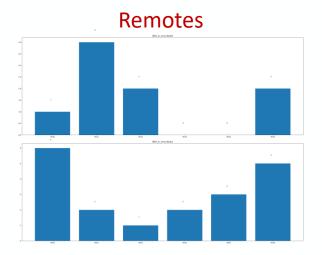
BFS: SRIO In II

Read Requests



Read Responses

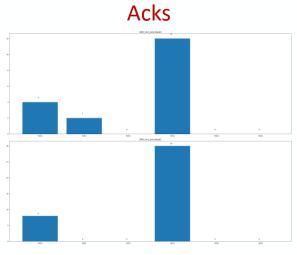




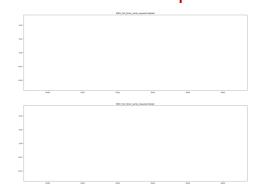
2 Nodes **Graph Scale 5**



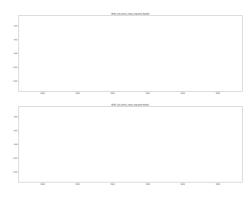
BFS: SRIO Out I



Block Write Requests

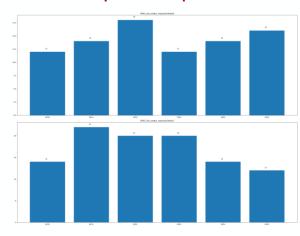


Block Read Requests



2 Nodes Graph Scale 5

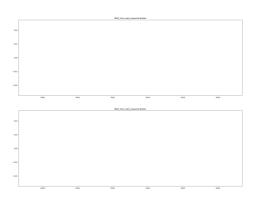
EnqTSR Requests



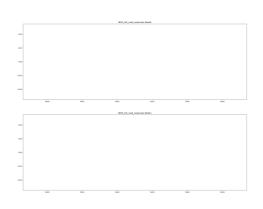


BFS: SRIO Out II

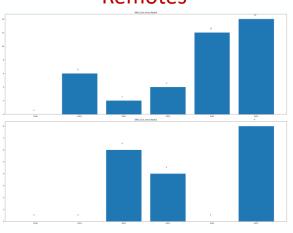
Read Requests



Read Responses



Remotes



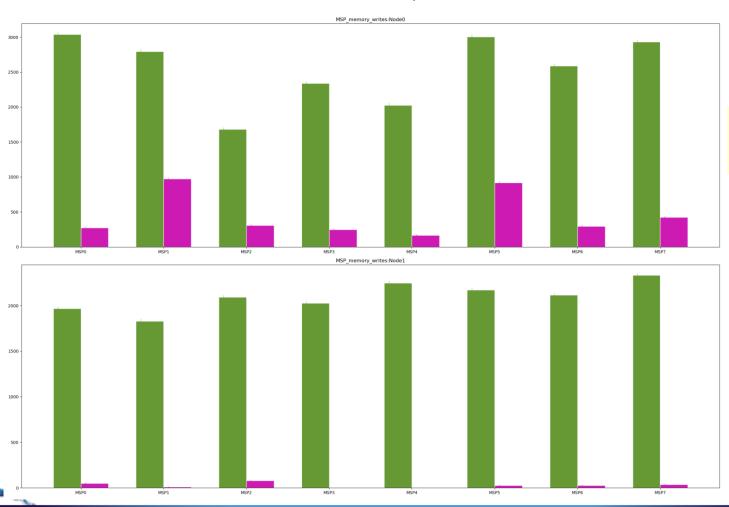
2 Nodes Graph Scale 5



BFS Comparison: Beamer vs. Migrating Threads

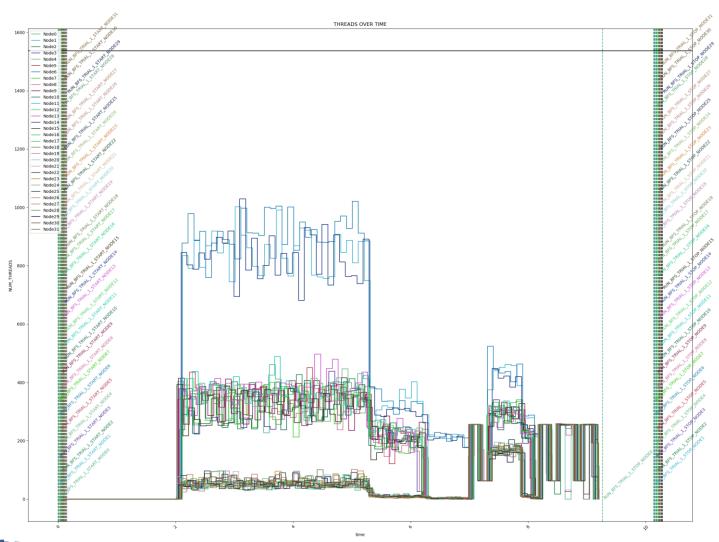
RUN_BFS_TRIAL_1_STOP-G5_N2_migrating_threads/hybrid_bfs_bfs_no_worklist_hpc_T256.hpc
RUN_BFS_TRIAL_1_STOP-G5_N2_beamer_hybrid/hybrid_bfs_bfs_no_worklist_hpc_T256.hpc

MSP Memory Writes



2 Nodes Graph Scale 5

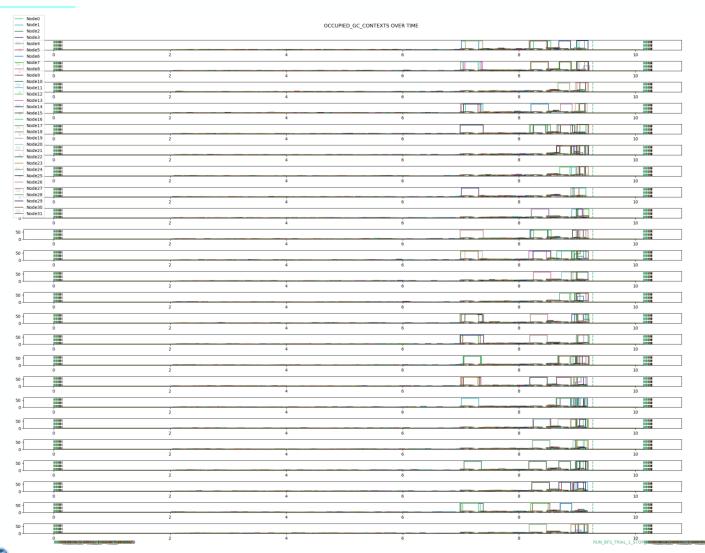
BFS Polling: Number of Threads over Time



32 Nodes 100 ms Graph Scale 28



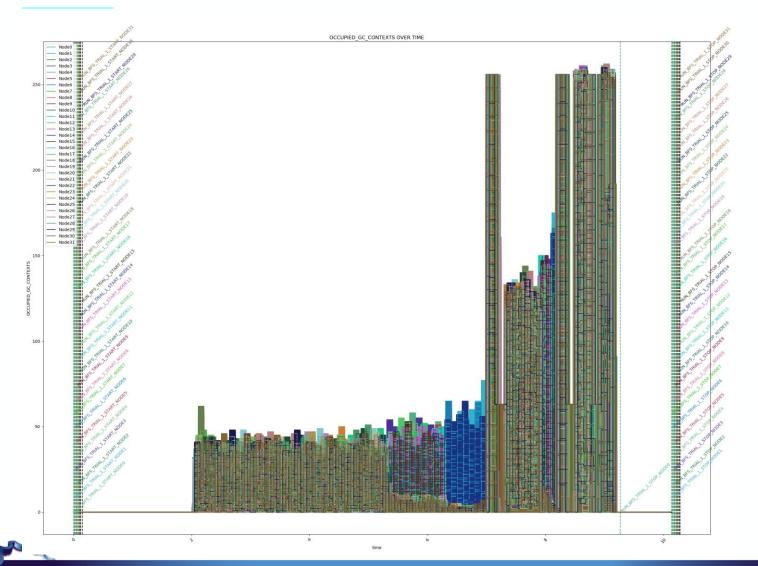
BFS Polling: GC Contexts over Time



32 Nodes 100 ms Graph Scale 28



BFS Polling: GC Contexts Stacked



32 Nodes 100 ms Graph Scale 28

Unit Summary: Performance Counters

- ➤ Library call inserted in code
- ➤ Graphs generated by script
- ➤ Example graphs shown

Exercises:

Try reading counters with more complex codes (extra spawns to create failures, extra memory operations)
Try inserting multiple read commands in code
Try comparing versions and running on hardware with polling



