# NB05-timing-hwcounters

September 22, 2022

Pathfinder Timing Hooks and Hardware Performance Counters

## 0.0.1 Lesson Objectives

Upon completing this notebook you should be able to understand and apply the following concepts:

- Learn about and utilize timing hooks to measure execution time with the emusim simulator
- Apply the basic concepts of performance measurement and performance counter measurements on the Pathfinder hardware

This notebook goes along with the Lucata profiling and timing slides and the hardware counter slides, so please follow along with the slides for a supplemental resource.

#### 0.0.2 Environment Setup

We first need to initialize our environment to use the Lucata toolchain.

## 0.1 Lucata Timing Hooks

The Lucata toolchain includes a simulation profiler called emusim\_profile. Running the profiler on your entire program can take a long time, so the toolchain provides timing hooks to specify regions of interest for performance profiling. Here we annotate SAXPY by placing timing hooks around the main computational kernel.

```
[2]: Code('timing-hooks-saxpy.c')
[2]: //timing-hooks-saxpy.c
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include <cilk/cilk.h>
    #include "memoryweb.h"
    #include <emu_c_utils/emu_c_utils.h>
    void saxpy(long n, float a, float *x, float *y)
      for (long i = 0; i < n; i++)
        y[i] += a * x[i];
    }
    int main(int argc, char **argv)
      long num = atol(argv[1]); // number blocks
      long size = atol(argv[2]); // block size
      float aval = atof(argv[3]); // constant
      float **x = mw_malloc2d(num, size * sizeof(*x));
      float **y = mw_malloc2d(num, size * sizeof(*y));
      for (long j = 0; j < num; j++) {
        for (long i = 0; i < size; i++) {
          x[j][i] = j * size + i; y[j][i] = 0;
        }
      }
      lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_CLEAR, "CLEAR COUNTERS");
      lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_START, "START COUNTERS");
      //Set a timing hook for simulation
      hooks_region_begin("example");
      for (long i = 0; i < num; i++) {
        cilk_spawn_at (y[i]) saxpy(size, aval, x[i], y[i]);
      }
      cilk_sync;
      //Measure the simulated time at the end of the region
      double time_ms = hooks_region_end();
      lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_STOP, "STOP COUNTERS");
      printf("time (ms) = %lf\n", time_ms);
    }
```

## 0.1.1 Profiling with Timing Hooks

We can then compile and profile the code. This will generate a separate folder "saxpy\_profile" with HTML output files that you can then investigate in further detail.

Note that this process might take a long time! For this reason it is important to only scope the region of interest in your code that you want to gather statistics for. Simulation should take under 3 minutes.

- [3]: | %%bash | emu-cc -o timing-hooks-saxpy.mwx \$FLAGS timing-hooks-saxpy.c
- [4]: %%bash
  time emusim\_profile saxpy\_profile -m 24 --total\_nodes 2 -- timing-hooks-saxpy.

  →mwx 8 128 5.0

Generating profile in saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy

Info: /OSCI/SystemC: Simulation stopped by user.

emusim.x -m 24 --total\_nodes 2
timing-hooks-saxpy.mwx 8 128 5.0
Start untimed simulation with local date and time= Thu Sep 22 11:07:12 2022

Timed simulation starting...
{"region\_name":"example","core\_clk\_mhz":175,"use\_CORE\_CLK\_MHZ\_envvar":0,"time\_ms
":0.45,"ticks":79073}
time (ms) = 0.451846

End untimed simulation with local date and time= Thu Sep 22 11:09:26 2022

Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy\_total\_instructions.png Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy\_total\_migrations.png Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.Thread\_Enqueue\_Map.png Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.Memory\_Read\_Map.png Generating saxpy profile/timing-hooks-saxpy. Memory Write Map.png Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.Atomic\_Transaction\_Map.png Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.Remote\_Transaction\_Map.png Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.MSP\_Activity.png Generating saxpy profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.SRIO Outgoing Activity.png Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.SRIO\_Incoming\_Activity.png Generating saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.Live\_Threads.png saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy.hpc exists Find all graphs in: saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy\_22-09-2022\_11:11:33 The last hpc call to analyze will be 0 Program called lu\_profile\_perfcntr with message: STOP COUNTERS Generating Graphs for [STOP COUNTERS] ... Stopping here after read 0 hpc\_file\_name\_base: timing-hooks-saxpy.hpc Report written to saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy-report.html, you may open it

```
SystemC 2.3.3-Accellera --- Sep 7 2022 09:15:59
        Copyright (c) 1996-2018 by all Contributors,
        ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
/net/tools/emu/pathfinder-sw/22.09-beta/bin/make_tqd_plots.py:12: UserWarning:
Creating legend with loc="best" can be slow with large amounts of data.
 plt.savefig(name, bbox_inches="tight")
/net/tools/emu/pathfinder-sw/22.09-beta/bin/make hpc plots.py:121:
MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: Passing non-integers as three-element position
specification is deprecated since 3.3 and will be removed two minor releases
later.
 plt.subplot(subplotX, subplotY, subplotNum) # place the graph in the correct
subplot in the figure
/net/tools/emu/pathfinder-sw/22.09-beta/bin/make hpc_plots.py:177: UserWarning:
Tight layout not applied. tight layout cannot make axes height small enough to
accommodate all axes decorations
  plt.tight_layout()
/net/tools/emu/pathfinder-sw/22.09-beta/bin/make_hpc_plots.py:177: UserWarning:
Tight layout not applied. The bottom and top margins cannot be made large enough
to accommodate all axes decorations.
 plt.tight_layout()
        5m6.224s
real
        4m55.405s
user
        0m11.449s
sys
```

View Simulation Timing Hook and Profile Output This should have generated the file saxpy\_profile/timing-hooks-saxpy-report.html. Use the Jupyter file browser to navigate to saxpy\_profile and open the report in your browser.

## 0.2 Measuring Performance on the Pathfinder Hardware

We've alluded to the usage of performance counters in many of our previous code examples. The commands below are all counter-related and are meant to be useful for both simulation and hardware execution.

```
//Clear counters, then start counting
lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_CLEAR, "CLEAR COUNTERS");
lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_START, "START COUNTERS");
...
//Stop counters
lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_STOP, "STOP COUNTERS");
```

To investigate this further, we've included a new code example to test with that sums across an array.

```
[5]: Code('array-sum-hw-profiling.c')
[5]: //array-sum-hw-profiling.c
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include <cilk/cilk.h>
    #include "memoryweb.h"
    #include <emu_c_utils/emu_c_utils.h>
    long sum(long **array, long epn) {
      long sum = 0;
      for (long i=0; i<NUM NODES(); i++)</pre>
        for (long j=0; j < epn; j++)
          sum += array[i][j];
      return sum;
    }
    int main(int argc, char **argv)
      //allocate_arrays(); // Allocate arrays using malloc2d
      //initialize_arrays(); // Initialize arrays
      long size = atol(argv[1]); // block size
      //allocate arrays
      long epn = size/NUM_NODES(); // elements per node
      long** A = (long **) mw malloc2d(NUM NODES(), epn * sizeof(long));
      long** B = (long **) mw_malloc2d(NUM_NODES(), epn * sizeof(long));
      long sumA;
      long sumB;
      // Initialize array values
      for (long i=0; i<NUM_NODES(); i++){</pre>
        for (long j=0; j<epn; j++) {
            A[i][j] = 1;
            B[i][j] = 2;
        }
      }
      lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_CLEAR, "CLEAR COUNTERS");
      lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_READ, "READ COUNTERS AFTER CLEAR");
      lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_START, "START COUNTERS");
```

```
sumA = cilk_spawn sum(A, epn); // Spawn child thread for A
      sumB = sum(B, epn); // Sum values of B in parent thread
      cilk_sync; // Wait for spawned thread to complete
      printf("sumA = %ld, sumB = %ld\n", sumA, sumB);
      //Stop the performance counters
      lu_profile_perfcntr(PFC_STOP, "STOP COUNTERS AT END");
      return 0;
    }
    You can run this example with the simulation profiler again. Notice that it will generate some
    counter output in the profile folder.
[6]: | %%bash
     time emusim_profile array_sum_profile -m 24 --total_nodes 2 --
      →array-sum-hw-profiling.mwx 8 128 5.0
    Generating profile in array_sum_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling
    emusim.x -m 24 --total_nodes 2
    array-sum-hw-profiling.mwx 8 128 5.0
    Start untimed simulation with local date and time= Thu Sep 22 11:12:19 2022
    [WARN]: In /home/tdysart/Toolchains/22.R2-Sept7/11vm-
    cilk/mwsim/src/timsim.cpp:sc_main:590 Calling READCNTRS when not profiling!
    Timed simulation starting...
    sumA = 8, sumB = 16
    End untimed simulation with local date and time= Thu Sep 22 11:12:33 2022
    Info: /OSCI/SystemC: Simulation stopped by user.
    Generating array_sum_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling_total_instructions.png
    Generating array_sum_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling_total_migrations.png
    Generating array sum profile/array-sum-hw-profiling. Thread Enqueue Map.png
    Generating array_sum_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling.Memory_Read_Map.png
    Generating array_sum_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling.Memory_Write_Map.png
    Generating array sum profile/array-sum-hw-profiling. Atomic Transaction Map.png
    Generating array_sum_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling.Remote_Transaction_Map.png
    Generating array sum profile/array-sum-hw-profiling.MSP_Activity.png
    Generating array_sum_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling.SRIO_Outgoing_Activity.png
    Generating array_sum_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling.SRIO_Incoming Activity.png
    Generating array sum profile/array-sum-hw-profiling.Live Threads.png
```

Program called lu\_profile\_perfcntr with message: READ COUNTERS AFTER CLEAR Generating Graphs for [READ COUNTERS AFTER CLEAR]...

array\_sum\_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling.hpc exists

The last hpc call to analyze will be 1

Find all graphs in: array\_sum\_profile/array-sum-hw-profiling\_22-09-2022\_11:13:00

```
Program called lu_profile_perfcntr with message: STOP COUNTERS AT END
Generating Graphs for [STOP COUNTERS AT END]...
Stopping here after read 1
hpc_file_name_base: array-sum-hw-profiling.hpc
Report written to array sum profile/array-sum-hw-profiling-report.html, you may
open it in your browser now
        SystemC 2.3.3-Accellera --- Sep 7 2022 09:15:59
        Copyright (c) 1996-2018 by all Contributors,
       ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
/net/tools/emu/pathfinder-sw/22.09-beta/bin/make hpc_plots.py:121:
MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: Passing non-integers as three-element position
specification is deprecated since 3.3 and will be removed two minor releases
later.
 plt.subplot(subplotX, subplotY, subplotNum) # place the graph in the correct
subplot in the figure
/net/tools/emu/pathfinder-sw/22.09-beta/bin/make hpc_plots.py:177: UserWarning:
Tight layout not applied. The bottom and top margins cannot be made large enough
to accommodate all axes decorations.
  plt.tight_layout()
/net/tools/emu/pathfinder-sw/22.09-beta/bin/make_hpc_plots.py:177: UserWarning:
Tight layout not applied. tight_layout cannot make axes height small enough to
accommodate all axes decorations
 plt.tight_layout()
real
       1m51.451s
user
       1m43.897s
```

**Testing on the Pathfinder HW** Then you can use sbatch to launch a single node job on the Pathfinder system.

0m15.229s

sys

Submitted batch job 134217833 on cluster pathfinder

```
Output from the run: sumA = 8, sumB = 16
```

## 0.2.1 Postcript

Once we've finished our testing, we can clean up some of the logfiles that we used for this example with make clean. Uncomment the following line to clean this directory.

[8]: #Uncomment this line to clean up your environment #!make clean