Derivative Lazy Proofs

Jeremy Chow

10/23/18

Here are some proofs or rules useful in taking derivatives Addition Rule

$$\begin{aligned} y &= f(x) + g(x) \\ y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) + g(x + \Delta x) - f(x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} \\ y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} + \frac{g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} \right) \\ y' &= f'(x) + g'(x) \\ \text{Constant Multiplier} \\ y &= k f(x) \\ y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{k f(x + \Delta x) - k f(x)}{\Delta x} \\ y' &= k \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \\ y' &= k f'(x) \\ \text{Power Rule} \\ y &= x^n \\ y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^n - x^n}{\Delta x} \\ y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(n x^{n-1} \Delta x + C_2^n x^{n-2} \Delta x^2 + \dots + \Delta x^n \Delta x^{n-2} \right) \\ y' &= n x^{n-1} \\ \text{Chain Rule} \\ y &= f(g(x)) \\ y' &= \lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(g(x)) - f(g(a))}{x - a} \\ y' &= \lim_{x \to a} \left(\frac{f(g(x)) - f(g(a))}{g(x) - g(a)} * \frac{g(x) - g(a)}{x - a} \right) \\ \text{Let } u &= g(x), \text{ and } a' &= g(a) \\ y' &= \lim_{x \to a} \frac{g(x) - g(a)}{x - a} * \lim_{x \to a'} \frac{f(u) - f(a')}{u - a} \end{aligned}$$

$$y' = f'(u) * g'(x)$$

$$y' = f'(g(x)) * g'(x)$$