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Installing QGIS

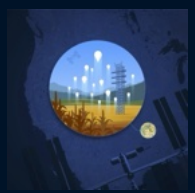
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Objectives:

1. Recognize geospatial data as information connected to a location.
2. Install a geographic information system software called QGIS.
3. Consider the elements of effective maps.



1.1 WHAT IS QGIS? WHY DO I NEED IT?

Geospatial data are any data that are connected to a specific location. Geospatial data can refer to objects, events, and other real-world phenomena that are relative to a geographical area identified by a latitude and longitude. We use data like this everyday when we navigate to museums, restaurants, or a friend's house using maps on our cellphones. In this course, we are going to analyze geospatial data from satellite remote sensing instruments and create maps visualizing environmental events (e.g., natural disasters or weather events).

When we work with geospatial data, we refer to the system that organizes, analyzes and visualizes that data as a geographic information system (GIS). QGIS is a GIS software program that supports viewing, editing, printing, and analyzing geospatial data. If you have ever worked with GIS software before, you might have used a software program called ArcGIS. QGIS is a free and open-source alternative to ArcGIS that is widely used in government, industry, and academic settings. Increasingly, researchers are also turning to programming languages (e.g., R and Python) and writing code in order to process and analyze geospatial data; however, the advantage of QGIS and ArcGIS is that they are menu-driven software programs.

Each week, you will use QGIS to complete a new tutorial and submit a "Map-of-the-Week" assignment that will give you practice working with geospatial data and add new tools to your skillset.

1.2 INSTALLING QGIS

1. Head over to <https://qgis.org/en/site/forusers/download.html> and download the stable version of QGIS for your operating system (e.g., Mac, Windows or Linux). If you already have another version of QGIS installed, we recommend you update to the latest stable version, so that your screen matches the tutorials.

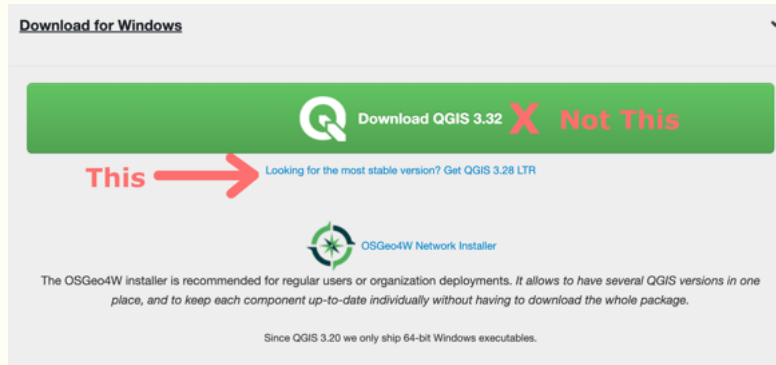
NOTE: QGIS offers a "latest release" of its software which is cutting edge and unstable. We suggest downloading the Long Term Release (LTR), which is stable and easier to use. See images below for each operating system:



1. Use your package manager to install the stable version from your distribution's repository or follow these instructions to install a more up-to-date version :
<https://www.qgis.org/en/site/forusers/alldownloads.html#linux>
2. Open QGIS by selecting it in your applications launcher.

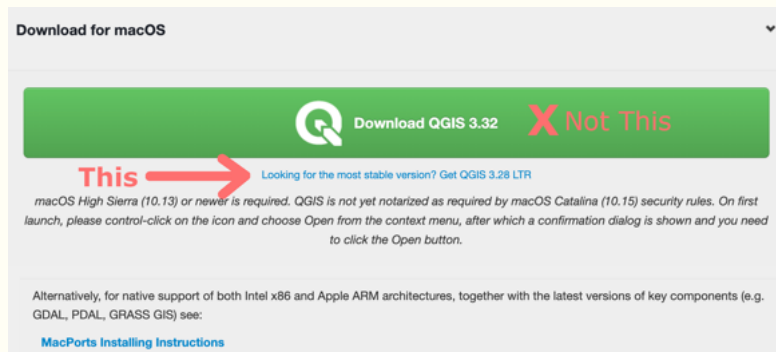


Windows



1. Check for the QGIS executable file (.msi) in whichever folder you downloaded it to and open it. Follow the prompts to install the software.
2. Open QGIS Desktop from the start menu or desktop icon.

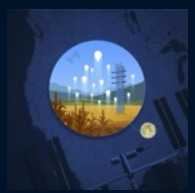
Apple macOS



1. Check for the QGIS executable file (.dmg) in whichever folder you downloaded it to and open it. Follow the prompts to accept the terms and conditions. To install the software, hold and drag the file into your Applications.
2. Open QGIS by selecting it in Launchpad or use Go → Applications and double click on QGIS.

NOTE: In some instances on MAC, it may warn you that QGIS is not from a verifiable source. To override this problem, you can control-click the app, choose "Open" from the menu, and then click "Open" in the dialog that appears. The same can be done from the toolbar.

Congratulations! You have now successfully installed QGIS. In our next tutorial, we will get you up and running to make your first map.



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