Banking System Control Structure

Task 1: Conditional Statements

In a bank, you have been given the task is to create a program that checks if a customer is eligible for a loan based on their credit score and income. The eligibility criteria are as follows:

- ©Credit Score must be above 700.
- ②Annual Income must be at least \$50,000.

Tasks:

- 1. Write a program that takes the customer's credit score and annual income as input.
- 2. Use conditional statements (if-else) to determine if the customer is eligible for a loan.
- 3. Display an appropriate message based on eligibility.

```
credit_score = int(input("Enter your credit score: "))
annual_income = float(input("Enter your annual income: "))
if credit_score > 700 and annual_income >= 50000:
    print("You are eligible for a loan.")
else:
    print("You are not eligible for a loan.")
```

```
Enter your credit score: 780
Enter your annual income: 10000
You are not eligible for a loan.
```

Task 2: Nested Conditional Statements

Create a program that simulates an ATM transaction. Display options such as "Check Balance," "Withdraw," "Deposit,". Ask the user to enter their current balance and the amount they want to withdraw or deposit. Implement checks to ensure that the withdrawal amount is not greater than the available balance and that the withdrawal amount is in multiples of 100 or 500. Display appropriate messages for success or failure.

```
balance = float(input("Enter your current balance: "))
options = ["Check Balance", "Withdraw", "Deposit"]

while True:
    print("\nOptions:")
    for i in range(len(options)):
        print(str(i+1) + ". " + options[i])

    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        print("Your current balance is: " + str(balance))
    elif choice == 2:
        amount = float(input("Enter the amount to withdraw: "))
        if amount <= balance and amount % 100 in [0, 100, 500]:
            balance -= amount
            print("Withdrawal successful. Your new balance is: " +

str(balance))
    else:</pre>
```

```
print("Invalid withdrawal amount. Please try again.")
elif choice == 3:
    amount = float(input("Enter the amount to deposit: "))
    balance += amount
    print("Deposit successful. Your new balance is: " + str(balance))
else:
    print("Invalid choice. Please try again.")
break;
```

```
Enter your current balance: 10000

Options:
1. Check Balance
2. Withdraw
3. Deposit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter the amount to withdraw: 100
Withdrawal successful. Your new balance is: 9900.0
```

Task 3: Loop Structures

You are responsible for calculating compound interest on savings accounts for bank customers. You need to calculate the future balance for each customer's savings account after a certain number of years.

Tasks:

- 1. Create a program that calculates the future balance of a savings account.
- 2. Use a loop structure (e.g., for loop) to calculate the balance for multiple customers.
- 3. Prompt the user to enter the initial balance, annual interest rate, and the number of years.
- 4. Calculate the future balance using the formula: $future_balance = initial_balance * (1 + annual_interest_rate/100)^years$.
- 5. Display the future balance for each customer.

```
initial_balances = []
annual_interest_rates = []
years = []

num_customers = int(input("Enter the number of customers: "))
for i in range(num_customers):
    initial_balances.append(float(input("Enter initial balance for customer
" + str(i+1) + ": ")))
    annual_interest_rates.append(float(input("Enter annual interest rate
for customer " + str(i+1) + ": ")))
    years.append(int(input("Enter number of years for customer " + str(i+1) + ": ")))

for i in range(num_customers):
    future_balance = initial_balances[i] * (1 +
annual_interest_rates[i]/100) **years[i]
    print("Future balance for customer " + str(i+1) + " is: $" +
str(future_balance))
```

```
Enter the number of customers: 2
Enter initial balance for customer 1: 10000
Enter annual interest rate for customer 1: 4.5
Enter number of years for customer 1: 5
Enter initial balance for customer 2: 9000
Enter annual interest rate for customer 2: 8
Enter number of years for customer 2: 6
Future balance for customer 1 is: $12461.819376531246
Future balance for customer 2 is: $14281.868906496005
```

Task 4: Looping, Array and Data Validation

You are tasked with creating a program that allows bank customers to check their account balances. The program should handle multiple customer accounts, and the customer should be able to enter their account number, balance to check the balance.

Tasks:

- 1. Create a Python program that simulates a bank with multiple customer accounts.
- 2. Use a loop (e.g., while loop) to repeatedly ask the user for their account number and balance until they enter a valid account number.
- 3. Validate the account number entered by the user.
- **4.** If the account number is valid, display the account balance. If not, ask the user to try again.

```
accounts = {
    101: {"name": "John Doe", "balance": 1000.0},
    102: {"name": "Jane Smith", "balance": 500.0},
    103: {"name": "Bob Johnson", "balance": 2000.0},
}

account_valid = False

while not account_valid:
    account_number = int(input("Enter your account number: "))

if account_number in accounts:
    account_valid = True
    print(f"Account balance for {accounts[account_number]['name']}:
{accounts[account_number]['balance']:.2f}")
    else:
        print("Invalid account number. Please try again.")
```

```
Enter your account number: 1
Invalid account number. Please try again.
Enter your account number: 101
Account balance for John Doe: 1000.00
```

Task 5: Password Validation

Write a program that prompts the user to create a password for their bank account. Implement if conditions to validate the password according to these rules:

- 2The password must be at least 8 characters long.
- Ilt must contain at least one uppercase letter.
- Ilt must contain at least one digit.
- Display appropriate messages to indicate whether their password is valid or not.

```
def validate_password(password):
    if len(password) < 8:
        print("Password must be at least 8 characters long.")
        return False

if not any(char.isupper() for char in password):
        print("Password must contain at least one uppercase letter.")
        return False

if not any(char.isdigit() for char in password):
        print("Password must contain at least one digit.")
        return False

return True

while True:
   password = input("Create a password: ")

if validate_password(password):
        print("Password is valid.")
        break
   else:
        print("Please try again.")</pre>
```

```
Create a password: hjkeionj
Password must contain at least one uppercase letter.
Please try again.
Create a password: hjkeionjQ
Password must contain at least one digit.
Please try again.
Create a password: hjkeionjQ1
Password is valid.
```

Task 6: Password Validation

Create a program that maintains a list of bank transactions (deposits and withdrawals) for a customer. Use a while loop to allow the user to keep adding transactions until they choose to exit. Display the transaction history upon exit using looping statements.

```
def display_transaction_history():
    print("\nTransaction History:")
    for index, transaction in enumerate(transactions, start=1):
        print(f"{index}. {transaction}")

while True:
    print("\nChoose an option:")
    print("Deposit")
    print("Withdrawal")
    print("Transaction History")

    choice = input("Enter your choice: ")

    if choice == '1':
        deposit = float(input("Enter deposit amount: "))
        transactions.append(f"Deposit: +{deposit:.2f}")

    elif choice == '2':
        withdrawal = float(input("Enter withdrawal amount: "))
        transactions.append(f"Withdrawal: -{withdrawal:.2f}")

    elif choice == '3':
        display_transaction_history()
        break
    else:
        print("Invalid choice. Please try again.")
```

```
Choose an option:
Deposit
Withdrawal
Transaction History
Enter your choice: 1
Enter deposit amount: 100

Choose an option:
Deposit
Withdrawal
Transaction History
Enter your choice: 3

Transaction History:
1. Deposit: +100.00
```

OOPS, Collections and Exception Handling

Task 7: Class & Object

1. Create a 'Customer' class with the following confidential attributes:

2 Attributes

- Customer ID
- o First Name
- Last Name
- o Email Address
- o Phone Number
- Address

②Constructor and Methods

o Implement default constructors and overload the constructor with Customer attributes, generate getter and setter, (print all information of attribute) methods for the attributes.

```
class Customer:
    def __init__(self, customer_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone,
address):
    self.__customer_id = customer_id
        self.__first_name = first_name
        self._last_name = last_name
        self.__last_name = last_name
        self.__phone = phone
        self.__address = address

def get_customer_id(self):
        return self.__customer_id

def get_first_name(self):
        return self.__last_name

def get_email(self):
        return self.__last_name

def get_phone(self):
        return self.__email

def get_phone(self):
        return self.__phone

def get_address(self):
        return self.__address

def set_customer_id(self, customer_id):
        self.__customer_id = customer_id

def set_first_name(self, first_name):
        self.__first_name = first_name

def set_last_name(self, last_name):
        self.__last_name = last_name
```

```
def set_email(self, email):
    self.__email = email

def set_phone(self, phone):
    self.__phone = phone

def set_address(self, address):
    self.__address = address

def customer_details(self):
    print(f"Customer ID: {self.__customer_id}")
    print(f"First Name: {self.__first_name}")
    print(f"Last Name: {self.__last_name}")
    print(f"Email: {self.__email}")
    print(f"Phone: {self.__phone}")
    print(f"Address: {self.__address}")
info=Customer("1", "Jeremy", "Joyson", "jeremyjoyson@gmail.com", "9876543219", "
G.N Mills, Coimbatore")
info.customer_details()
```

Customer ID: 1

First Name: Jeremy

Last Name: Joyson

Email: jeremyjoyson@gmail.com

Phone: 123-456-7890

Address: B001,GN Mills,Coimbatore

2. Create an `Account` class with the following confidential attributes:

②Attributes

- o Account Number
- Account Type (e.g., Savings, Current)
- o Account Balance

```
class Account:
    def __init__(self, account_number, account_type, account_balance):
        self.__account_number = account_number
        self.__account_type = account_type
        self.__account_balance = account_balance

def get_account_number(self):
    return self.__account_number

def get_account_type(self):
    return self.__account_type

def get_account_balance(self):
    return self.__account_balance

def set_account_number(self, account_number):
    self.__account_number = account_number
```

```
def set_account_type(self, account_type):
    self._account_type = account_type

def set_account_balance(self, account_balance):
    self._account_balance = account_balance

def deposit(self, amount):
    self._account_balance += amount

def withdraw(self, amount):
    if self._account_balance >= amount:
        self._account_balance -= amount

else:
    print("Insufficient balance.")

def calculate_interest(self):
    interest_rate = 0.045
    interest_amount = self._account_balance * interest_rate
    self._account_balance += interest_amount
    return interest_amount

account = Account(1, "Savings", 10000)

print(f"Account Number: {account.get_account_type()}")
    print(f"Account Type: {account.get_account_balance():.2f}")
    account.deposit(1000)
    account.deposit(1000)
    account.withdraw(4000)
    interest_amount = account.calculate_interest()

print(f"Updated Account Balance: ${account.get_account_balance():.2f}")

print(f"Updated Account Balance: ${account.get_account_balance():.2f}")

print(f"Updated Account Balance: ${account.get_account_balance():.2f}")
```

```
Account Type: Savings
Account Balance: 5000.00
Account Number: 2
Account Type: Current
Account Balance: 10000.00
Deposit of 1000.00 into account 1.
Withdrew 500.00 from account 1.
Interest amount: 275.00
Deposit of 2000.00 into account 2.
Withdrew 1500.00 from account 2.
No interest for current account.
```

②Constructor and Methods

- o Implement default constructors and overload the constructor with Account attributes,
- o Generate getter and setter, (print all information of attribute) methods for the attributes.
- Add methods to the `Account` class to allow deposits and withdrawals.
- deposit(amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account.
- withdraw(amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. withdraw amount only if there is sufficient fund else display insufficient balance.
- calculate_interest(): method for calculating interest amount for the available balance. interest rate is fixed to 4.5%

©Create a Bank class to represent the banking system. Perform the following operation in main method:

- o create object for account class by calling parameter constructor.
- o deposit(amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account.
- o withdraw(amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account.
- o calculate_interest(): Calculate and add interest to the account balance for savings accounts.

```
def create account (self, account number, account type,
account balance):
        account = Account(account number, account type, account balance)
        self.accounts.append(account)
       account = next((acc for acc in self.accounts if
           account.deposit(amount)
{account number}.")
    def calculate interest(self, account number):
acc.get account number() == account number), None)
```

```
account1 = bank.create_account(1, "Savings", 5000)
account2 = bank.create_account(2, "Current", 10000)

bank.deposit(1, 1000)
bank.withdraw(1, 500)
bank.calculate_interest(1)

bank.deposit(2, 2000)
bank.withdraw(2, 1500)
bank.calculate_interest(2)
```

```
Account Type: Savings
Account Balance: 5000.00
Account Number: 2
Account Type: Current
Account Balance: 10000.00
Deposit of 1000.00 into account 1.
Withdrew 500.00 from account 1.
Interest amount: 275.00
Deposit of 2000.00 into account 2.
Withdrew 1500.00 from account 2.
```

Task 8: Inheritance and polymorphism

1. Overload the deposit and withdraw methods in Account class as mentioned below.

2 deposit (amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account.

withdraw(amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. withdraw amount only if there is sufficient fund else display insufficient balance.

②deposit(amount: int): Deposit the specified amount into the account.

withdraw(amount: int): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. withdraw amount only if there is sufficient fund else display insufficient balance.

②deposit(amount: double): Deposit the specified amount into the account.

withdraw(amount: double): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. withdraw amount only if there is sufficient fund else display insufficient balance.

```
class Account:
    def __init__(self, account_number, account_type, account_balance):
        self.__account_number = account_number
        self.__account_type = account_type
        self.__account_balance = account_balance
```

```
def set_account_type(self, account_type):
         self.__account_type = account_type
         print(f"Account Type: {self.__account_type}")
print(f"Account Balance: {self.__account_balance:.2f}")
customer = Customer(1, "Jeremy", "Joyson", "jeremyjoyson@gmail.com", "123-
customer.print customer info()
bank.display menu()
savings account = bank.create account()
current account = bank.create account()
savings account.print account info()
current account.print account info()
```

Customer ID: 1

First Name: Jeremy

Last Name: Joyson

Email Address: jeremyjoyson@gmail.com

Phone Number: 9876543219

Address: coimbatore

2. Create Subclasses for Specific Account Types

☑Create subclasses for specific account types (e.g., `SavingsAccount`, `CurrentAccount`) that inherit from the `Account` class. ○ SavingsAccount: A savings account that includes an additional attribute for interest rate. override the calculate_interest() from Account class method to calculate interest based on the balance and interest rate.

o **CurrentAccount**: A current account that includes an additional attribute overdraftLimit. A current account with no interest. Implement the withdraw() method to allow overdraft up to a certain limit (configure a constant for the overdraft limit).

```
class SavingsAccount(Account):
    def __init__(self, account_number, account_balance, interest_rate):
        super().__init__(account_number, "Savings", account_balance)
        self.__interest_rate = interest_rate

def calculate_interest(self):
    interest_amount = self.get_account_balance() * self.__interest_rate
    self.set_account_balance(self.get_account_balance() +
interest_amount)
    return interest_amount

class CurrentAccount(Account):
    OVERDRAFT_LIMIT = 5000

def __init__(self, account_number, account_balance):
        super().__init__(account_number, "Current", account_balance)

def withdraw(self, amount):
    if self.get_account_balance() + self.OVERDRAFT_LIMIT >= amount:
        self.set_account_balance(self.get_account_balance() - amount)
    else:
        print("Overdraft limit exceeded.")

bank.deposit(savings_account.get_account_number(), 1000.0)
bank.withdraw(savings_account.get_account_number(), 500.0)
bank.calculate_interest(savings_account_number(), 2000.0)
bank.deposit(current_account.get_account_number(), 1500.0)
bank.deposit(current_account.get_account_number(), 1500.0)
bank.calculate_interest(current_account.get_account_number())
```

```
Account Number: 1001
Account Type: Savings
Balance: 5000
Account Number: 1002
Account Type: Current
Balance: 3000
```

3. Create a **Bank** class to represent the banking system. Perform the following operation in main method: Display menu for user to create object for account class by calling parameter constructor. Menu should display options `SavingsAccount` and `CurrentAccount`. user can choose any one option to create account. use switch case for implementation.

deposit(amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account.

withdraw(amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. For saving account withdraw amount only if there is sufficient fund else display insufficient balance.

For Current Account withdraw limit can exceed the available balance and should not exceed the overdraft limit.

@calculate_interest(): Calculate and add interest to the account balance for savings accounts.

```
class Bank:
    def __init__(self):
        self.accounts = []

def display_menu(self):
        print("Choose an account type to create:")
        print("1. Savings Account")
        print("2. Current Account")

def create_account(self):
        choice = int(input("Enter your choice (1 or 2): "))
        initial_balance = float(input("Enter the initial balance: "))

    if choice == 1:
        account = SavingsAccount(len(self.accounts) + 1,
initial_balance, 0.05)
    elif choice == 2:
        account = CurrentAccount(len(self.accounts) + 1,
initial_balance)
    else:
        print("Invalid choice.")
        return None

        self.accounts.append(account)
        return account

def deposit(self, account_number, amount):
        account = next((acc for acc in self.accounts if
acc.get_account_number() == account_number), None)
        if account:
        account.deposit(amount)
```

```
print(f"Account {account number} not found.")
            account.withdraw(amount)
            print(f"Account {account number} not found.")
acc.get account number() == account number), None)
bank = Bank()
customer = Customer(1, "Jeremy", "Joyson", "jeremyjoyson@gmail.com", "123-
customer.print customer info()
bank.display menu()
savings account = bank.create account()
current account = bank.create account()
savings account.print account info()
current account.print account info()
bank.deposit(savings account.get account number(), 1000.0)
bank.withdraw(savings account.get account number(), 500.0)
bank.calculate interest(savings account.get account number())
bank.deposit(current account.get account number(), 2000.0)
bank.withdraw(current account.get account number(), 1500.0)
bank.calculate interest(current account.get account number())
bank.display menu()
new account = bank.create account()
```

```
amount = float(input("Enter deposit amount: "))
    bank.deposit(new_account.get_account_number(), amount)
elif choice == "2":
    amount = float(input("Enter withdrawal amount: "))
    bank.withdraw(new_account.get_account_number(), amount)
elif choice == "3":
    bank.calculate_interest(new_account.get_account_number())
elif choice == "4":
    print("Exiting program.")
    break
else:
    print("Invalid choice.")
```

```
Menu:

1. Deposit

2. Withdraw

3. Calculate Interest (for SavingsAccount)

4. Exit
Enter choice (1/2/3/4): 1
Enter deposit amount: 100
Deposit of 100.0 completed.

Menu:

1. Deposit

2. Withdraw

3. Calculate Interest (for SavingsAccount)

4. Exit
Enter choice (1/2/3/4): 4
Exiting program.
```

Task 9: Abstraction

1. Create an abstract class BankAccount that represents a generic bank account. It should include the following attributes and methods:

?

Attributes:

o Account number.

o Customer name.

o Balance.

?

Constructors:

o Implement default constructors and overload the constructor with Account attributes, generate getter and setter, print all information of attribute methods for the attributes.

Abstract methods:

o deposit(amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account.

o withdraw(amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account (implement error handling for insufficient funds).

o calculate_interest(): Abstract method for calculating interest.

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
         __init__(self, account_number="", customer_name="", balance=0.0): self.__account_number = account_number
    @abstractmethod
savings account.print account info()
print("\nCurrent Account:")
current account.print account info()
```

```
Savings Account:
Account Number: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Balance: 1000.00
Current Account:
Account Number: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Balance: 5000.00
Savings Account:
Account Number: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Balance: 1000.00
Current Account:
Account Number: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Balance: 5000.00
```

2. Create two concrete classes that inherit from BankAccount:

?

SavingsAccount: A savings account that includes an additional attribute for interest rate. Implement the calculate_interest() method to calculate interest based on the balance and interest rate.

CurrentAccount: A current account with no interest. Implement the withdraw() method to allow overdraft up to a certain limit (configure a constant for the overdraft limit).

```
class SavingsAccount(BankAccount):
    def __init__(self, account_number="", customer_name="", balance=0.0,
interest_rate=0.0):
        super().__init__(account_number, customer_name, balance)
        self.__interest_rate = interest_rate

def deposit(self, amount):
        self.set_balance(self.get_balance() + amount)

def withdraw(self, amount):
        if self.get_balance() >= amount:
            self.set_balance(self.get_balance() - amount)
        else:
            print("Insufficient funds.")

def calculate_interest(self):
        interest_amount = self.get_balance() * self.__interest_rate
```

```
self.set balance(self.get balance() + interest amount)
class CurrentAccount (BankAccount):
    OVERDRAFT LIMIT = 5000
        self.set balance(self.get balance() + amount)
deposit amount = 30000
savings account.deposit(deposit amount)
print(f"Savings Account: Deposit of {deposit amount} completed.")
withdraw amount = 13000
savings_account.withdraw(withdraw amount)
print(f"Savings Account: Withdrawal of {withdraw amount} completed.")
savings account.print account info()
interest amount = savings account.calculate interest()
savings account.print account info()
deposit amount current = 15000
current account.deposit(deposit amount current)
print(f"Current Account: Deposit of {deposit amount current} completed.")
current account.print account info()
withdraw amount current = 10000
print(f"Current Account: Insufficient balance. Withdrawal of
current account.print account info()
```

```
Savings Account: Deposit of 30000 completed.
Account Number: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Balance: 31000.00
Savings Account: Withdrawal of 13000 completed.
Account Number: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Balance: 18000.00
Savings Account: Interest amount: 900.0
Account Number: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Balance: 18900.00
Current Account: Deposit of 15000 completed.
Account Number: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Balance: 20000.00
Current Account: Insufficient balance. Withdrawal of 10000 cannot be processed.
Account Number: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Balance: 20000.00
```

3. Create a Bank class to represent the banking system. Perform the following operation in main method:

?

Display menu for user to create object for account class by calling parameter constructor. Menu should display options 'SavingsAccount' and 'CurrentAccount'. user can choose any one option to create account. use switch case for implementation. create_account should display sub menu to choose type of accounts.

```
o Hint: Account acc = new SavingsAccount(); or Account acc = new CurrentAccount();
```

deposit(amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account.

?

withdraw(amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. For saving account withdraw amount only if there is sufficient fund else display insufficient balance. For Current Account withdraw limit can exceed the available balance and should not exceed the overdraft limit.

calculate_interest(): Calculate and add interest to the account balance for savings accounts.

```
class Bank:
    def __init__(self):
        self.accounts = []

def display_menu(self):
        print("Choose an account type to create:")
        print("1. Savings Account")
        print("2. Current Account")

def create_account(self):
        choice = int(input("Enter your choice (1 or 2): "))
        account_number = input("Enter account number: ")
        customer_name = input("Enter customer name: ")
        initial_balance = float(input("Enter initial balance: "))
```

```
account = SavingsAccount(account number, customer name,
            account = CurrentAccount(account number, customer name,
        self.accounts.append(account)
    def withdraw(self, account number, amount):
           account.withdraw(amount)
    def calculate interest(self, account number):
        account = self.find account(account number)
bank = Bank()
bank.display menu()
```

```
if choice == "1":
    amount = float(input("Enter deposit amount: "))
    bank.deposit(account.get_account_number(), amount)
elif choice == "2":
    amount = float(input("Enter withdrawal amount: "))
    bank.withdraw(account.get_account_number(), amount)
elif choice == "3":
    bank.calculate_interest(account.get_account_number())
elif choice == "4":
    print("Exiting program.")
    break
else:
    print("Invalid choice.")
```

```
Choose an account type to create:

1. Savings Account

2. Current Account
Enter your choice (1 or 2): 1
Enter account number: 10
Enter customer name: Jeremy
Enter initial balance: 10000
Enter interest rate: 4.5

Menu:

1. Deposit

2. Withdraw

3. Calculate Interest (for SavingsAccount)

4. Exit
Enter choice (1/2/3/4): 4
Exiting program.
```

Task 10: Has A Relation / Association

1. Create a 'Customer' class with the following attributes:

Customer ID

First Name

Last Name

Email Address (validate with valid email address)

Phone Number (Validate 10-digit phone number)

Address

Methods and Constructor:

o Implement default constructors and overload the constructor with Account attributes, generate getter, setter, print all information of attribute) methods for the attributes.

```
class Customer:
   def init (self, customer id, first name, last name, email address,
       self.__last_name = last name
       self. phone number = phone number
       pattern = r'^[\w\.-]+@[a-zA-Z\d\.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$'
       if re.match(pattern, email):
       if isinstance(phone, int) and len(str(phone)) == 10:
```

```
def email address(self, email address):
@property
    return self.__phone_number
    if self.phone_valid(phone_number):
        self.__phone_number = phone_number
   print("Phone Number:", self.__phone_number)
     init__(self, account_type, customer, balance):
@property
```

```
self._balance -= amount
else:
    print("Insufficient balance.")

def display_account_info(self):
    print("Account Number:", self._account_number)
    print("Account Type:", self._account_type)
    print("Balance:", self._balance)

customer = Customer(1, "Jeremy", "Joyson", "jeremyjoyson@gmail.com",
9876543219, "coimbatore")
account1 = Account("Savings", customer, 5000)
account2 = Account("Current", customer, 3000)
account1.display_account_info()
account2.display_account_info()
```

```
Customer ID: 1
First Name: Jeremy
Last Name: Joyson
Email Address: jeremyjoyson@gmail.com
Phone Number: 9876543219
Address: coimbatore
```

2. Create an 'Account' class with the following attributes:

Account Number (a unique identifier).

Account Type (e.g., Savings, Current)

Account Balance

Customer (the customer who owns the account)

Methods and Constructor:

o Implement default constructors and overload the constructor with Account attributes, generate getter, setter, (print all information of attribute) methods for the attributes.

Create a Bank Class and must have following requirements:

1. Create a Bank class to represent the banking system. It should have the following methods:

create_account(Customer customer, long accNo, String accType, float balance): Create a new bank account for the given customer with the initial balance.

get_account_balance(account_number: long): Retrieve the balance of an account given its account number. should return the current balance of account.

deposit(account_number: long, amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account. Should return the current balance of account.

withdraw(account_number: long, amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. Should return the current balance of account.

transfer(from_account_number: long, to_account_number: int, amount: float): Transfer money from one account to another.

getAccountDetails(account_number: long): Should return the account and customer details.

```
class Customer:
       self.__last_name = last_name
       self.__email_address = email_address
       pattern = r'^[\w\.-]+@[a-zA-Z\d\.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$'
       if re.match(pattern, email):
       self. customer id = customer id
   @property
   @property
```

```
@email address.setter
     def email_address(self, email_address):
    if self.email_valid(email_address):
          return self.__phone_number
     @property
customer.display()
```

```
Customer ID: 1
First Name: Jeremy
Last Name: Joyson
Email Address: jeremyjoyson@gmail.com
Phone Number: 9876543219
Address: coimbatore
```

2. Ensure that account numbers are automatically generated when an account is created, starting from 1001 and incrementing for each new account.

```
self.__account_number = Account.__next_account_number
Account.__next_account_number += 1
    @property
        return self. account type
        print("Account Number:", self. account number)
        print("Account Type:", self. account type)
customer = Customer(1, "Jeremy", "Joyson", "jeremyjoyson@gmail.com",
account1 = Account("Savings", customer, 5000)
account2 = Account("Current", customer, 3000)
account1.display account info()
account2.display account info()
Account Number: 1001
```

Account Type: Savings

Balance: 5000

Account Number: 1002 Account Type: Current

Balance: 3000

3. Create a BankApp class with a main method to simulate the banking system. Allow the user to interact with the system by entering commands such as "create_account", "deposit", "withdraw", "get_balance", "transfer", "getAccountDetails" and "exit." create_account should display sub menu to choose type of accounts and repeat this operation until user exit.

```
class BankApp:
               self.withdraw()
               self.get_balance()
               self.get_account_details()
           account type = "Savings"
           account type = "Current"
       customer id = int(input("Enter customer ID: "))
       first name = input("Enter first name: ")
```

```
phone, address)
        account = self.bank.create account(customer, account type,
        result = self.bank.deposit(account number, amount)
        result = self.bank.withdraw(account number, amount)
        result = self.bank.get account balance(account number)
        account number = int(input("Enter account number: "))
        result = self.bank.get account details(account number)
```

Banking System Menu: 1. Create Account 2. Deposit 3. Withdraw 4. Get Balance 5. Transfer 6. Get Account Details 7. Exit Enter your choice: 1 Create Account Sub Menu: 1. Savings Account 2. Current Account Enter your account type choice: 1 Enter customer ID: 101 Enter first name: Jeremy Enter last name: Joyson Enter email address: jeremy@gmail.com Enter phone number: 9993939290 Enter address: coimbatore Enter initial balance: 90000

Banking System Menu:

Account created successfully.

- 1. Create Account
- 2. Deposit
- 3. Withdraw
- 4. Get Balance
- 5. Transfer
- 6. Get Account Details
- 7. Exit
- Enter your choice: 7

Task 11: Interface/abstract class, and Single Inheritance, static variable

- 1. Create a 'Customer' class as mentioned above task.
- 2. Create an class 'Account' that includes the following attributes. Generate account number using static variable.

②Account Type (e.g., Savings, Current)

②Account Balance

②Customer (the customer who owns the account)

②lastAccNo

```
class Customer:
       self.__last_name = last_name
       self. phone number = phone number
       pattern = r'^[\w\.-]+@[a-zA-z\d\.-]+\.[a-zA-z]{2,}$
       if re.match(pattern, email):
       self.__customer_id = customer id
```

```
def email_address(self, email_address):
    if self.email_valid(email_address):
    return self.__phone_number
@property
    print("First Name:", self.__first_name)
    print("Last Name:", self.__last_name)
    print("Phone Number:", self.__phone_number)
    print("Address:", self.__address)
     init (self, account type, customer, balance):
    Account.lastAccNo += 1
    self. account type = account type
    self. customer = customer
    return self. account type
@property
```

```
def deposit(self, amount):
    self.__balance += amount

def withdraw(self, amount):
    if self.__balance >= amount:
        self.__balance -= amount
    else:
        print("Insufficient balance.")

def display_account_info(self):
    print("Account Number:", self.__account_number)
    print("Account Type:", self.__account_type)
    print("Balance:", self.__balance)

customer = Customer(1, "John", "Doe", "john.doe@example.com", 1234567890,
"123 Main St")
account1 = Account("Savings", customer, 5000)
account2 = Account("Current", customer, 3000)
account1.display_account_info()
account2.display_account_info()
account2.display_account_info()
```

Account Number: 1001
Account Type: Savings
Balance: 5000
Account Number: 1002
Account Type: Current
Balance: 3000

3. Create three child classes that inherit the Account class and each class must contain below mentioned attribute:

SavingsAccount: A savings account that includes an additional attribute for interest rate. Saving account should be created with minimum balance 500.

©CurrentAccount: A Current account that includes an additional attribute for overdraftLimit(credit limit). withdraw() method to allow overdraft up to a certain limit. withdraw limit can exceed the available balance and should not exceed the overdraft limit.

ZeroBalanceAccount: ZeroBalanceAccount can be created with Zero balance.

```
class SavingsAccount(Account):
    def __init__(self, customer, interest_rate, balance=500):
        super().__init__("Savings", customer, balance)
        self.__interest_rate = interest_rate

@property
def interest_rate(self):
    return self.__interest_rate

def calculate_interest(self):
    return self.balance * self.__interest_rate
```

```
class CurrentAccount(Account):
    def __init__ (self, customer, overdraft_limit, balance=0):
        super().__init__ ("Current", customer, balance)
        self.__overdraft_limit = overdraft_limit

@property
def overdraft_limit(self):
        return self.__overdraft_limit

def withdraw(self, amount):
    if amount > self.balance + self.__overdraft_limit:
        print("Withdrawal exceeds overdraft limit.")
    else:
        self.balance -= amount
        print("Withdrawal successful.")

class ZeroBalanceAccount(Account):
    def __init__ (self, customer):
        super().__init__ ("Zero Balance", customer, 0)
```

4. Create ICustomerServiceProvider interface/abstract class with following functions:

get_account_balance(account_number: long): Retrieve the balance of an account given its account number. should return the current balance of account.

Ideposit(account_number: long, amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account.
Should return the current balance of account.

withdraw(account_number: long, amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. Should return the current balance of account. A savings account should maintain a minimum balance and checking if the withdrawal violates the minimum balance rule.

②transfer(from_account_number: long, to_account_number: int, amount: float): Transfer money from one account to another.

@getAccountDetails(account_number: long): Should return the account and customer details.

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

class ICustomerServiceProvider(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def get_account_balance(self, account_number):
        pass

    @abstractmethod
    def deposit(self, account_number, amount):
        pass

    @abstractmethod
    def withdraw(self, account_number, amount):
        pass

    @abstractmethod
    def transfer(self, from_account_number, to_account_number, amount):
        pass

    @abstractmethod
    def getAccountDetails(self, account_number):
        pass
```

5. Create **IBankServiceProvider** interface/abstract class with following functions:

©create_account(Customer customer, long accNo, String accType, float balance): Create a new bank account for the given customer with the initial balance.

DistAccounts():Account[] accounts: List all accounts in the bank.

•calculateInterest(): the calculate_interest() method to calculate interest based on the balance and interest rate.

Attributes

- o accountList: Array of **Accounts** to store any account objects.
- o branchName and branchAddress as String objects

Imain method to simulate the banking system. Allow the user to interact with the system by entering choice from menu such as "create_account", "deposit", "withdraw", "get_balance", "transfer", "getAccountDetails", "ListAccounts" and "exit."

②create_account should display sub menu to choose type of accounts and repeat this operation until user exit.

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

class IBankServiceProvider(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def create_account(self, customer, accNo, accType, balance):
        pass

@abstractmethod
    def listAccounts(self):
        pass

@abstractmethod
    def calculateInterest(self):
        pass
```

6. Create **CustomerServiceProviderImpl** class which implements **ICustomerServiceProvider** provide all implementation methods.

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

class ICustomerServiceProvider(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def get_account_balance(self, account_number):
        pass

@abstractmethod
    def deposit(self, account_number, amount):
        pass

@abstractmethod
    def withdraw(self, account_number, amount):
        pass

@abstractmethod
    def transfer(self, from_account_number, to_account_number, amount):
```

```
pass
@abstractmethod
def getAccountDetails(self, account_number):
    pass
```

Task 12: Exception Handling

throw the exception whenever needed and Handle in main method,

- 1. **InsufficientFundException** throw this exception when user try to withdraw amount or transfer amount to another account and the account runs out of money in the account.
- 2. **InvalidAccountException** throw this exception when user entered the invalid account number when tries to transfer amount, get account details classes.
- 3. **OverDraftLimitExcededException** thow this exception when current account customer try to with draw amount from the current account.
- 4. NullPointerException handle in main method.

Throw these exceptions from the methods in HMBank class. Make necessary changes to accommodate these exception in the source code. Handle all these exceptions from the main program.

```
def calculate interest(self, interest rate):
            self.balance += interest
            raise InvalidAccountException("Invalid account type.")
           account = Account(account_type, account_number)
        elif account type == "CurrentAccount":
           account = Account(account type, account number,
account.balance)
                account.withdraw(amount)
            elif choice == 3 and account type == "SavingsAccount":
                account.calculate interest(interest rate)
account.balance)
    except InsufficientFundException as e:
    except InvalidAccountException as e:
    except OverDraftLimitExceededException as e:
main()
```

```
Enter account type (SavingsAccount/CurrentAccount): SavingsAccount
Enter account number: 1
Enter interest rate for savings account: 4.5

1. Deposit
2. Withdraw
3. Calculate Interest (SavingsAccount)
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter amount to deposit: 5000
Deposit successful. Current balance: 5000.0

1. Deposit
2. Withdraw
3. Calculate Interest (SavingsAccount)
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
```

Task 13: Collection

1. From the previous task change the **HMBank** attribute Accounts to List of Accounts and perform the same operation.

```
class BankAccount:
    def __init__ (self, account_number, customer_name, balance):
        self.account_number = account_number
        self.customer_name = customer_name
        self.balance = balance

def deposit(self, amount):
        self.balance += amount

def withdraw(self, amount):
        if amount <= self.balance:
            self.balance -= amount
            print("Withdrawal successful. Balance after withdrawal:",

self.balance)
        else:
            raise ValueError("Insufficient balance")

def add_interest(self, interest_rate):
        interest_amount = self.balance * (interest_rate / 100)
        self.balance += interest_amount
        print("Interest added. Balance with interest:", self.balance)

def display(self):</pre>
```

```
print("Account Number:", self.account_number)
print("Customer Name:", self.customer_name)
           self.accounts.append(account)
                account.display()
bank = Bank()
acc1 = BankAccount(1, "Jeremy", 12000)
acc2 = BankAccount(2, "Kumar", 3000)
     acc2.deposit(1000)
     acc2.add interest(5)
```

Withdrawal successful. Balance after withdrawal: 12300
Interest added. Balance with interest: 12915.0
Interest added. Balance with interest: 4200.0
Account Number: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Account Balance: 12915.0
Account Number: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Account Balance: 4200.0

2. From the previous task change the **HMBank** attribute Accounts to Set of Accounts and perform the same operation. ②Avoid adding duplicate Account object to the set.

©Create Comparator<Account> object to sort the accounts based on customer name when listAccounts() method called.

```
class BankAccount:
          init (self, account number, customer name, balance):
         self.balance = balance
         self.balance += amount
             self.balance -= amount
self.balance)
         return hash(self.account number)
         self.accounts.add(account)
             account.display()
bank = HMBank()
acc1 = BankAccount(1, "Jeremy", 1000)
acc2 = BankAccount(2, "Kumar", 2000)
```

```
try:
    acc1.deposit(500)
    acc1.withdraw(200)
    acc1.add_interest(5)

    acc2.deposit(1000)
    acc2.add_interest(5)

    bank.add_account(acc1)
    bank.add_account(acc2)

    bank.list_accounts()

except ValueError as e:
    print(e)
```

```
Withdrawal successful. Balance after withdrawal: 1300
Interest added. Balance with interest: 1365.0
Interest added. Balance with interest: 3150.0
Account Number: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Account Balance: 1365.0
Account Number: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Account Balance: 3150.0
```

3. From the previous task change the HMBank attribute Accounts to HashMap of Accounts and perform the same operation.

```
class BankAccount:
    def __init__(self, account_number, customer_name, balance):
        self.account_number = account_number
        self.customer_name = customer_name
        self.balance = balance

    def deposit(self, amount):
        self.balance += amount

    def withdraw(self, amount):
        if amount <= self.balance:
            self.balance -= amount
            print("Withdrawal successful. Balance after withdrawal:",
    self.balance)
        else:
            raise ValueError("Insufficient balance")

    def add_interest(self, interest_rate):
        interest_amount = self.balance * (interest_rate / 100)</pre>
```

```
print("Account Number:", self.account_number)
print("Customer Name:", self.customer_name)
           self.accounts[account.account number] = account
acc.customer name)
                account.display()
bank = HMBank()
acc1 = BankAccount(1, "Jeremy", 1000)
acc2 = BankAccount(2, "Kumar", 2000)
try:
     acc1.deposit(500)
```

```
Interest added. Balance with interest: 1365.0
Interest added. Balance with interest: 3150.0
Account Number: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Account Balance: 1365.0
Account Number: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Account Balance: 3150.0
```

Task 14: Database Connectivity.

1.Create a 'Customer' class as mentioned above task.

```
import mysql.connector
   def init (self, customer id, customer name, account type, balance):
       self.customer name = customer name
       self.account type = account type
       print("Customer Name:", self.customer_name)
       print("Account Type:", self.account_type)
   def init (self, host, user, password, port, db name):
       self.connection = mysql.connector.connect(
           host=host, user=user, password=password, port=port,
   def add customer(self, customer):
customer.customer_name, customer.account_type, customer.balance))
```

All Customers:
Customer ID: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Account Type: Savings
Balance: 5000
Customer ID: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Account Type: Current
Balance: 10000

	customer_id	customer_name	account_type	balance
•	1	Jeremy	Savings	5000
	2	Kumar	Current	10000
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

2. Create an class 'Account' that includes the following attributes. Generate account number using static variable.

②Account Number (a unique identifier).

②Account Type (e.g., Savings, Current)

②Account Balance

②Customer (the customer who owns the account)

②lastAccNo

```
import mysql.connector
   lastAccNo = 0
        init (self, acc type, balance, customer):
       self.customer = customer
       self.connection = mysql.connector.connect(
       sql = "INSERT INTO accounts (acc_type, balance, customer) VALUES
       values = (account.acc type, account.balance, account.customer)
       self.cursor.execute(sql, values)
   def close(self):
       self.connection.close()
   acc1 = Account("Savings", 1000, "John Doe")
   acc1.display()
   db.close()
```

3. Create a class 'TRANSACTION' that include following attributes Account

②Description

2 Date and Time

②TransactionType(Withdraw, Deposit, Transfer)

```
TransactionAmount
import mysql.connector
    lastAccNo = 0
    def init (self, acc type, balance, customer):
        Account.lastAccNo += 1
        self.balance = balance
        self.customer = customer
        print("Account Type:", self.acc_type)
print("Account Balance:", self.balance)
        self.cursor = self.connection.cursor()
                               (account.acc type, account.balance,
          acc.display()
```

```
All Customers:
Customer ID: 1
Customer Name: Jeremy
Account Type: Savings
Balance: 5000
Customer ID: 2
Customer Name: Kumar
Account Type: Current
Balance: 10000
```

4. Create three child classes that inherit the Account class and each class must contain below mentioned attribute:

SavingsAccount: A savings account that includes an additional attribute for interest rate. Saving account should be created with minimum balance 500.

©CurrentAccount: A Current account that includes an additional attribute for overdraftLimit(credit limit).

ZeroBalanceAccount: ZeroBalanceAccount can be created with Zero balance.

```
class Account:
    def __init__(self, acc_type, balance, customer):
        self.acc_type = acc_type
        self.balance = balance
        self.customer = customer

    def display(self):
        print("Account Number:", self.acc_no)
        print("Account Type:", self.acc_type)
        print("Account Balance:", self.balance)
        print("Customer:", self.customer)

class SavingsAccount(Account):
    def __init__(self, balance, customer, interest_rate):
        super().__init__("Savings", balance, customer)
    self.interest_rate = interest_rate
```

```
super().__init__("Current", balance, conself.overdraft_limit = overdraft_limit
class Database:
         self.connection = mysql.connector.connect(
                                     (account.acc type, account.balance,
             self.cursor.execute('''INSERT INTO accounts( acc type, balance,
account.overdraft limit))
                                     (account.acc type, account.balance,
         self.cursor.execute('''SELECT * FROM accounts''')
```

```
print(row[1])
    if row[1] == 'Savings':
        acc = SavingsAccount(row[2], row[3], row[4])
    elif row[1] == 'Current':
        acc = CurrentAccount(row[2], row[3], row[5])
    else:
        acc = ZeroBalanceAccount(row[3])
    acc.acc_no = row[0]
    acc.display()

def close(self):
    self.connection.close()

db = Database("ASSIGNI")
    # Adding accounts
savings_acc = SavingsAccount(balance=1000, customer="Jeremy",
interest_rate=0.5)
db.add_account(savings_acc)
current_acc = CurrentAccount(balance=2000, customer="Kumar",
    overdraff limit=2000)
db.add_account(current_acc)
zero_balance_acc = ZeroBalanceAccount(customer="Suresh")
db.add_account(zero_balance_acc)
current_acc = CurrentAccount(balance=3000, customer="Jeffrin",
    overdraft_limit=10000)
db.add_account(current_acc)
savings_acc = SavingsAccount(balance=6000, customer="Abishek",
interest_rate=0.2)
db.add_account(savings_acc)
print("All Accounts:")
db.close()
```

```
All Accounts:
savings account
Account number: 1
balance=1000
customer=Jeremy
intrest rate=0.5
current account
Account number: 3
balance=2000
customer=Suresh
overdraft limit=2000
zero blance
Account number: 4
balance=3000
customer=Jeffrin
overdraft limit=10000
current account
Account number: 5
balance=6000
customer=Abishek
interest_rate=0.2
```

5. Create ICustomerServiceProvider interface/abstract class with following functions:

[get_account_balance(account_number: long): Retrieve the balance of an account given its account number, should return the current balance of account.

@withdraw(account_number: long, amount: float): Withdraw the specified amount from the account. Should return the current balance of account. O A savings account should maintain a minimum balance and checking if the withdrawal violates the minimum balance rule.

o Current account customers are allowed withdraw overdraftLimit and available account balance. withdraw limit can exceed the available balance and should not exceed the overdraft limit.

2transfer(from_account_number: long, to_account_number: int, amount: float): Transfer money from one account to another. both account number should be validate from the database use getAccountDetails method.

@getAccountDetails(account_number: long): Should return the account and customer details.

getTransations(account_number: long, FromDate:Date, ToDate: Date): Should return the list of transaction between two dates.

```
self.connection = mysql.connector.connect(
self.cursor.execute('''CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS accounts
elif isinstance(account, CurrentAccount):
    self.cursor.execute('''INSERT INTO accounts( acc_type, balance,
                              VALUES ( %s, %s, %s, %s)''', (account.acc_type, account.balance,
                              account.customer,
     self.cursor.execute('''INSERT INTO accounts( acc type, balance,
                               account.customer))
    acc.display()
```

```
db = Database("ASSIGN1")
# Adding accounts
savings_acc = SavingsAccount(balance=1000, customer="Jeremy",
interest_rate=0.5)
db.add_account(savings_acc)
current_acc = CurrentAccount(balance=2000, customer="Kumar",
overdraft_limit=2000)
db.add_account(current_acc)
zero_balance_acc = ZeroBalanceAccount(customer="Suresh")
db.add_account(zero_balance_acc)
current_acc = CurrentAccount(balance=3000, customer="Jeffrin",
overdraft_limit=10000)
db.add_account(current_acc)
savings_acc = SavingsAccount(balance=6000, customer="Abishek",
interest_rate=0.2)
db.add_account(savings_acc)
print("All Accounts:")
db.display_all_accounts()
db.close()
```

6. Create IBankServiceProvider interface/abstract class with following functions:

create_account(Customer customer, long accNo, String accType, float balance): Create a new bank account for the given customer with the initial balance.

listAccounts(): Array of BankAccount: List all accounts in the bank.(List[Account] accountsList)

getAccountDetails(account_number: long): Should return the account and customer details.

calculateInterest(): the calculate_interest() method to calculate interest based on the balance and interest rate.

```
import mysql.connector
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

class ICustomerServiceProvider(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def get_account_balance(self, account_number):
        pass

@abstractmethod
def deposit(self, account_number, amount):
        pass

@abstractmethod
def withdraw(self, account_number, amount):
        pass

@abstractmethod
def transfer(self, from_account_number: int, to_account_number,
amount):
        pass
```

```
init (self, host, user, password, port, database):
        self.connection = mysql.connector.connect(
             ort=port,
        self.cursor = self.connection.cursor()
        if balance:
   def deposit(self, account number, amount):
       current balance = self.get account balance(account number)
       self.connection.commit()
        current balance = self.get account balance(account number)
accounts WHERE acc no = %s''', (account number,))
        account info = self.cursor.fetchone()
            acc type, overdraft limit = account info
           elif acc type == 'Current':
```

```
raise ValueError(f"Account with account number
{account_number} not found.")

new_balance = current_balance - amount

self.cursor.execute('''UPDATE accounts SET balance = %s WHERE

acc_no = %s''', (new_balance, account_number))

self.connection.commit()

def transfer(self, from_account_number, to_account_number, amount):

self.withdraw(from_account_number, amount)

self.deposit(to_account_number, amount)

def get_account_details(self, account_number):

self.cursor.execute('''SELECT * FROM accounts WHERE acc_no = %s''',
(account_number,))

account_details = self.cursor.fetchone()

if account_details:

column_names = [i[0] for i in self.cursor.description]

return dict(zip(column_names, account_details))

else:

raise ValueError(f"Account with account number {account_number}

not found.")

def close_connection(self):

self.connection.close()

db = CustomerServiceProvider(host="localhost", user="root",

password="root", port="3306", database="hmbank")

db.get_account_balance(2)

db.deposit(4, 23000)

db.withdraw(4, 200)

db.get_account_details(4)

db.transfer(2, 4, 200)

db.display_all_accounts()

db.close_connection()
```

```
All Accounts Details:
{'acc_no': 1, 'acc_type': 'Savings', 'balance': 1000.0, 'customer': 'Aravindh', 'interest_rate': 0.5, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 2, 'acc_type': 'Current', 'balance': 1400.0, 'customer': 'Abimanyu', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': 2000.0}
{'acc_no': 3, 'acc_type': 'ZeroBalance', 'balance': 0.0, 'customer': 'Gowtham', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 4, 'acc_type': 'Current', 'balance': 72000.0, 'customer': 'Wahash', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 5, 'acc_type': 'Savings', 'balance': 6000.0, 'customer': 'Vikram', 'interest_rate': 0.2, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 6, 'acc_type': 'Savings', 'balance': 1000.0, 'customer': 'Aravindh', 'interest_rate': 0.5, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 7, 'acc_type': 'Current', 'balance': 2000.0, 'customer': 'Abimanyu', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 9, 'acc_type': 'Current', 'balance': 3000.0, 'customer': 'Mahash', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 10, 'acc_type': 'Savings', 'balance': 6000.0, 'customer': 'Wikram', 'interest_rate': 0.2, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 11, 'acc_type': 'Savings', 'balance': 1000.0, 'customer': 'Abimanyu', 'interest_rate': 0.5, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 12, 'acc_type': 'Current', 'balance': 2000.0, 'customer': 'Abimanyu', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 13, 'acc_type': 'Current', 'balance': 3000.0, 'customer': 'Gowtham', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 14, 'acc_type': 'Current', 'balance': 3000.0, 'customer': 'Mahash', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 15, 'acc_type': 'Savings', 'balance': 3000.0, 'customer': 'Wikram', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 16, 'acc_type': 'Savings', 'balance': 2000.0, 'customer': 'Mahash', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_limit': None}
{'acc_no': 16, 'acc_type': 'Savings', 'balance': 1000.0, 'customer': 'Mahash', 'interest_rate': None, 'overdraft_l
```

- 7. Create CustomerServiceProviderImpl class which implements ICustomerServiceProvider provide all implementation methods. These methods do not interact with database directly.
- 8. Create BankServiceProviderImpl class which inherits from CustomerServiceProviderImpl and implements IBankServiceProvider.

Attributes

o accountList: List of Accounts to store any account objects.

o transactionList: List of Transaction to store transaction objects.

o branchName and branchAddress as String objects

9. Create IBankRepository interface/abstract class which include following methods to interact with database.

createAccount(customer: Customer, accNo: long, accType: String, balance: float): Create a new bank account for the given customer with the initial balance and store in database.

listAccounts(): List<Account> accountsList: List all accounts in the bank from database.

calculateInterest(): the calculate_interest() method to calculate interest based on the balance and interest rate.

getAccountBalance(account_number: long): Retrieve the balance of an account given its account number. should return the current balance of account from database.

deposit(account_number: long, amount: float): Deposit the specified amount into the account. Should update new balance in database and return the new balance.

withdraw(account_number: long, amount: float): Withdraw amount should check the balance from account in database and new balance should updated in Database.

o A savings account should maintain a minimum balance and checking if the withdrawal violates the minimum balance rule.

o Current account customers are allowed withdraw overdraftLimit and available account balance. withdraw limit can exceed the available balance and should not exceed the overdraft limit.

transfer(from_account_number: long, to_account_number: int, amount: float): Transfer money from one account to another. check the balance from account in database and new balance should updated in Database.

getAccountDetails(account_number: long): Should return the account and customer details from databse.

getTransations(account_number: long, FromDate:Date, ToDate: Date): Should return the list of transaction between two dates from database.

```
from sql_query_connection import Queryconnection
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

class ICustomerServiceProvider(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def create_account(self, customer, acc_num, acc_type, balance):
```

```
@abstractmethod
    @abstractmethod
    db.create_account("Jeremy", 125, "savings", 1000.0)
db.create_account("Kumar", 486, "current", 14000.0)
    printing = db.get account details(125)
import mysql.connector
class Queryconnection:
          init (self, host, user, password, port, database):
             password=password,
    def create account(self, customer, acc num, acc type, balance):
        values = (customer, acc num, acc type, balance)
        self.cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM customerserviceprovider")
```

```
self.connection.close()
   @abstractmethod
   def create account(self, customer, acc num, acc type, balance):
   @abstractmethod
class CustomerServiceProvider(ICustomerServiceProvider):
   db = Queryconnection(host="localhost", user="root", password="root",
   printing = db.get account details(12)
import mysql.connector
class Queryconnection:
         init (self, host, user, password, port, database):
       self.connection = mysql.connector.connect(
           host=host,
           password=password,
       self.cursor = self.connection.cursor()
   def create account(self, customer, acc num, acc type, balance):
       values = (customer, acc num, acc type, balance)
```

```
def get_account_details(self, account_number):
    query = "SELECT * FROM customerserviceprovider WHERE acc_num = %s"
    self.cursor.execute(query, (account_number,))
    account_details = self.cursor.fetchone()
    return account_details

def close_connection(self):
    self.connection.close()
```

	customer_id	customer_name	account_type	balance
•	1	Jeremy	Savings	5000
	2	Kumar	Current	10000
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
All Accounts: [(1,'Jeremy','savings',5000)], [(2,'Kumar','current',10000)]

Account details:(1,'Jeremy','savings',5000)
```