

# Online Collaborative Document Editing Application

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#### **Function**

- A Web Application
- Real-time Collaborative edit, insert
- Operational transformation

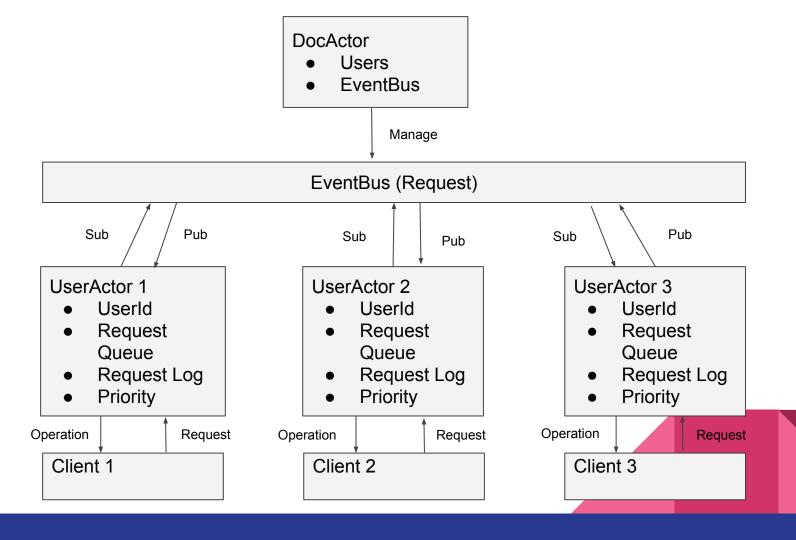
# **Technology Architecture**



Play Framework: Non-blocking I/O Web Framework

Akka: Akka is a toolkit and runtime for building highly concurrent, distributed, and resilient message-driven applications on the JVM

AngularJS: Websocket, two-way data binding



## The Algorithm

- Operation Transformation Model
- Example:
  - O1 = Insert[0, "x"] (to insert character "x" at position "0")
  - O2 = Delete[2, "c"] (to delete the character "c" at position "2")
- No lock required

```
T_{11}(o_i, o_j, p_i, p_j) = o_i' where
                                             if(P_i < P_i)
                                               o_i' = insert[X_i; P_i]
                                              else if (P_i > P_i)
                                                o_i' = insert[X_i; P_i + 1]
                                              else /* P_i = P_i */
                                               if(X_i = X_i)
                                                 o_i' = \emptyset
                                                else
                                                 if(p_i > p_i)
                                                   o_i' = insert[X_i; P_i + 1]
                                                 else /* p_i < p_i */
                                                   o_i' = insert[X_i; P_i]
T_{22}(\text{delete}[P_i], \text{ delete}[P_j], p_i, p_j) = o_i^* where
  if(P_i < P_i)
   o_i' = \text{delete}[P_i]
  else if (P_i > P_i)
   o_i' = \text{delete}[P_i - 1]
  else
   o_i' = \emptyset
T_{12}(insert[X_i; P_i], delete[P_i], p_i, p_i) = o_i' where
 if(P_i < P_i)
   o_i' = insert[X_i; P_i]
 else
   o_i' = insert[X_i; P_i - 1]
T_{21}(\text{delete}[P_i], \text{ insert}[X_j; P_j], p_i, p_j) = o_i' where
 if(P_i < P_i)
   o_i' = \text{delete}[P_i]
 else
   o_i' = \text{delete}[P_i + 1]
```

## **Operation Transformation**

#### → Transformation Matrix

- 1. A m\*m matrix, m is the cardinality of the set 0
- 2. The component of the matrix is the transformation function from operation o to operation p, as  $o_j^r = T_{uv}(o_i, o_i, p_i, p_i)$

#### → State Vector

- 1. Each site store a N dimension vector, the *i*th component of the vector in site j indicate that how many operation site j has executed from site i
- 2. Assure the precedence
- 3. Relation of the site vection, given vector vi and vj:
  - a. Vi = Vj : each component of Vi is equal to Vj
  - b. Vi < Vj : each component of Vi is less than or equal to Vj and at least one is less than
  - c. Vi > Vj : at least one component of Vi is greater than Vj

#### → **Priority:** User Id

# **Operation Transformation**

- → Request
  - <i, s,o,p>
- → Request Queue
  - Requests waited to be executed
- → Request Log
  - Request already been executed

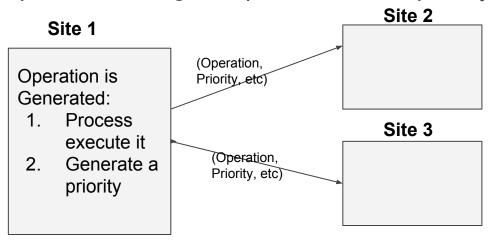
#### Site Process

#### **Perform Three Activities:**

- Operation generation
- Operation reception
- Operation execution

## **Generate Operation**

- Operations: Insert(a,2), Delete(0)
- When an operation is generated at a site, the site process add the request to
  its local request queue, then generate a priority for the operation and send
  requests including the operation and its priority to all other sites



# **Receive Operation**

• When a site i receive a request from site j, add the request to the request queue.

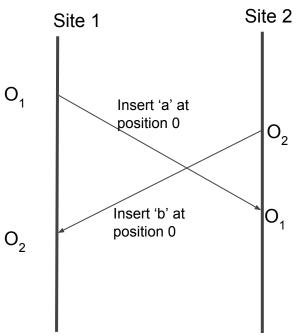
### **Execute Operation**

- Dequeue from request queue
- At first it will check whether this operation is future operation which has been executed by site j but not by site i, or past operation(which site i has executed but not site j), or current operation
- Future operation: queue the operation
- **Past operation:** transform the operation
- **Current operation:** execute the operation

#### **Execute Operation**

```
for each \langle j, s_j, o_j, p_j \rangle \in Q_i where s_j \leq s_i begin
 Q_i \leftarrow Q_i - \langle j, s_j, o_j, p_j \rangle
 if s_i < s_i
   \langle k, s_k, o_k, p_k \rangle \leftarrow \text{most recent entry in } L_i
                   where s_k \leq s_i (or \emptyset if none)
    do while \langle k, s_k, o_k, p_k \rangle \neq \emptyset and o_i \neq \emptyset
      if the k'th component of s_i
                   is \leq the k'th component of s_k
        let u be the index of o_i (o_i is an instance of O_u)
        let v be the index of o_k (o_k is an instance of O_v)
        o_j \leftarrow \mathbf{T}_{uv}(o_j, o_k, p_j, p_k)
      \langle k, s_k, o_k, p_k \rangle \leftarrow \text{next entry in } L_i \text{ (or } \emptyset \text{ if none)}
    od
  perform operation o_i on i's site object
  L_i \leftarrow L_i + \langle j, s_i, o_j, p_j \rangle
  s_i \leftarrow s_i with j'th component incremented by 1
end
```

# Queue & Log



#### Initial

$$L_1 : \{\}$$
  
 $Q_1 : \{\}$ 

Operation: user 1 insert a at position 0, user 2 insert b at position 0 at the same time

#### After user 1 insert a

Then **dequeue** request <1,<1,0>,O<sub>1</sub>,1>, execute it on site 1

$$L_1$$
: {<1,<1,0>,O<sub>1</sub>,1>}

 $Q_1: \{\}$ 

Receive request from site 2,<2,<0,1>,0<sub>2</sub>,2>

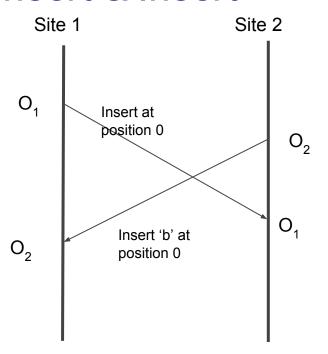
#### Dequeue:

Operational Transformation:

Because  $s_2$  is <0,0>, which is less than  $s_1$  <1,0>, so transform to insert b at position 1

#### Execute operation O<sub>2</sub>

#### Insert & Insert



Operation: user 1 insert at position 0 a, user 2 insert b at position 0 at the same time

Non-OT:

User 1: ba

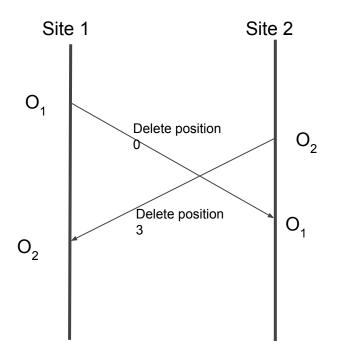
User 2: ab

OT:

User 1: ab

User 2: ab

#### Delete & Delete



Operation:

Initial state: abcde

Operation:

user 1: delete position 0

user 2: delete 3

Non-OT:

User 1: bcd

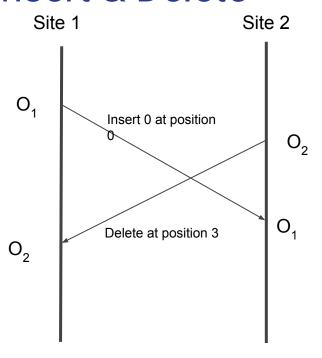
User 2: bce

OT:

User 1: bce

User 2: bce

#### Insert & Delete



Operation:

Initial status: abcdef user 1 insert a at position 0, user 2 delete at position 3 at the same time

Non-OT:

User 1: aabdef User 2: aabcef

OT:

User 1: aabcef User 2: aabcef

# Thank you

## Lamport Partial Order

#### **Convergence Property**

- Quiescent iff all generated operation has been executed at all sites
- All sites are identical at all sites at quiescent

#### **Correct**

Satisfy both Precedence and Convergence

## Lamport Partial Order

#### Precedence

Operation o and p, Site s and t, o precede p iff:

- 1. s=t and o happens before p
- 2. s=!t and o execute before p generation

If one operation o precede p, then at each site the execution of o happens before p