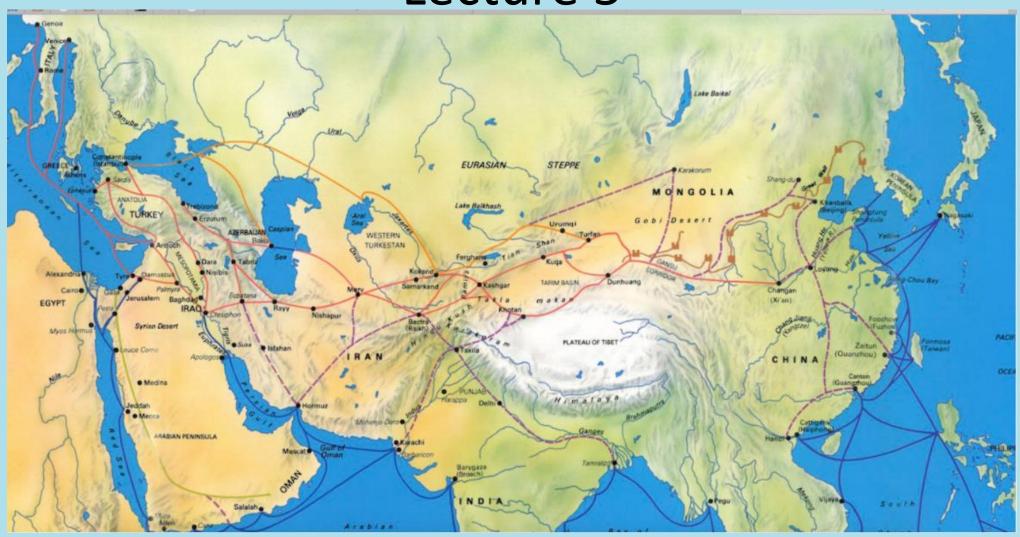
Global History Lecture 5



Silk Road Trade Routes





Roman Amphorae holding olive oil



Monte Testaccio, Rome, Italy



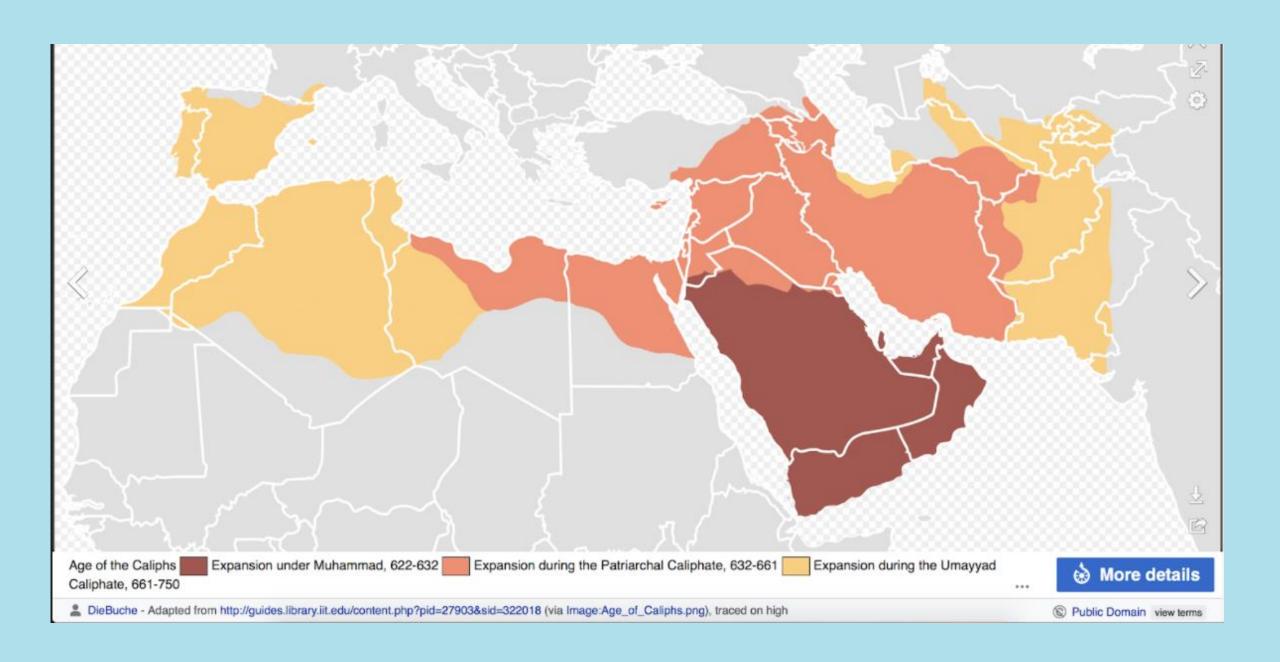
Silk Route



Bibi-Khanym Mosque, Samarkand, Uzbekistan

Ulugh Beg Madrasa, Samarkand









Replica of a small 15th or 16th century Portuguese carrack at Vila do Conde, Portugal (Wikipedia)

Carracks were used by the Portuguese for trade in the 14th thru 16th centuries, first in the Mediterranean and Baltic, and by the 15th C. for trade between Europe and Asia, Africa, and the Americas. (https://www.wikiwan

d.com/en/Carrack)

Global History: 1400-1750 Professor Podrug

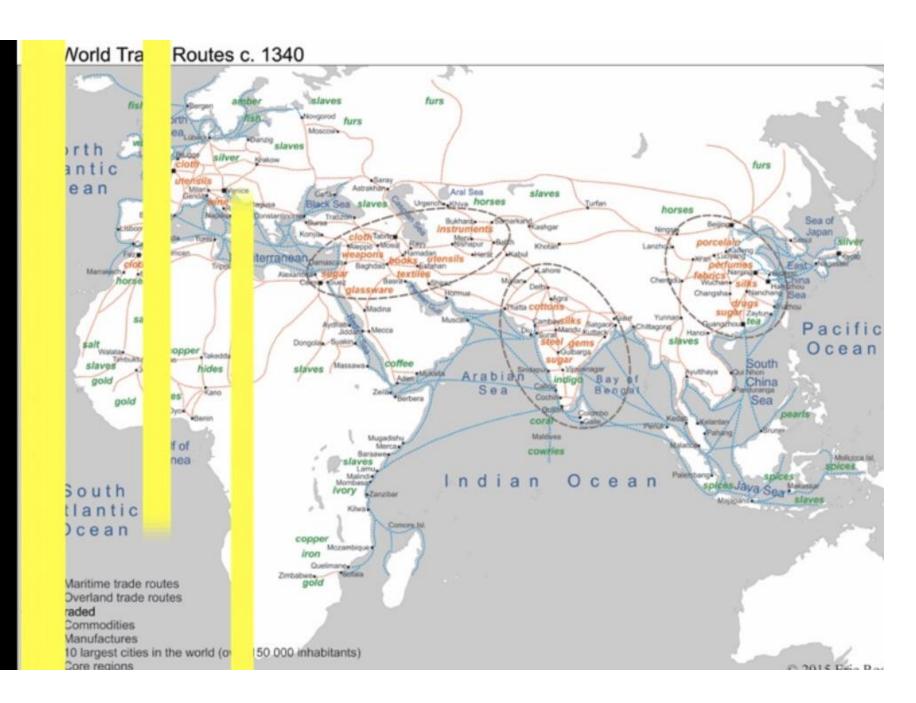


View of the Island of Banda-Neira... Captured by a force landed from a squadron under the Command of Captain Cole in the morning of the 9th August 1810

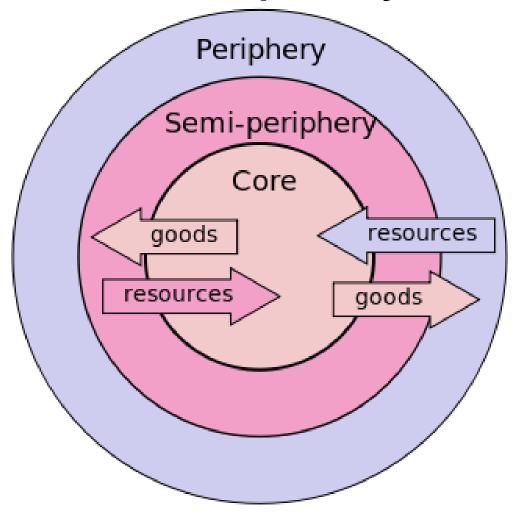
(Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme & Brown - https://collections.rmg.co.uk/mediaLib/653/846/px9056.jpg) (Wikipedia)

>"core"= areas that produce and export manufactured goods

> "periphery'= areas that produce & export raw materials and commodities (horses from Central Asia, gold from Sub-Saharan Africa, silver from Germany, slaves from Russia & Sub-Saharan Africa)

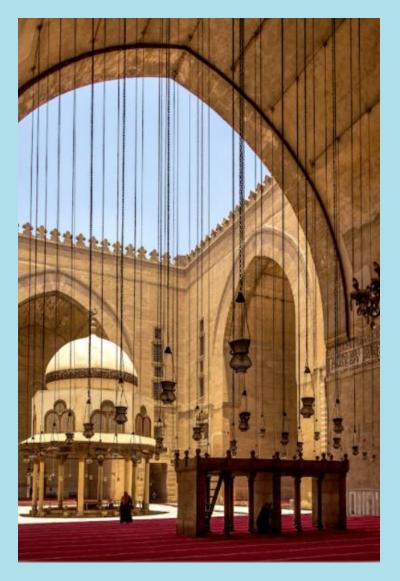


Core-Periphery Shifts



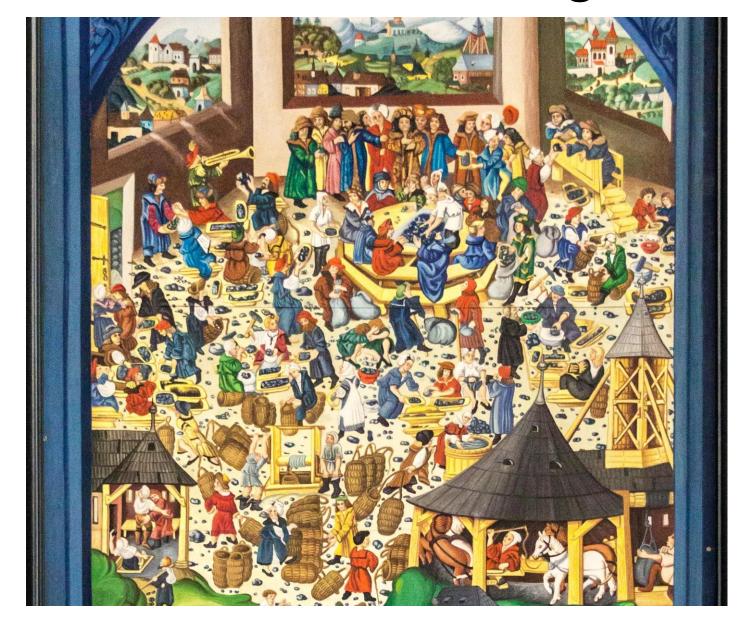
Flow of capital between core and periphery. Gabby Turner. Medium (online). https://medium.com/@gabbyturner/inequity-of-development-in-the-core-and-periphery-d824cd04de71

Cairo, Egypt



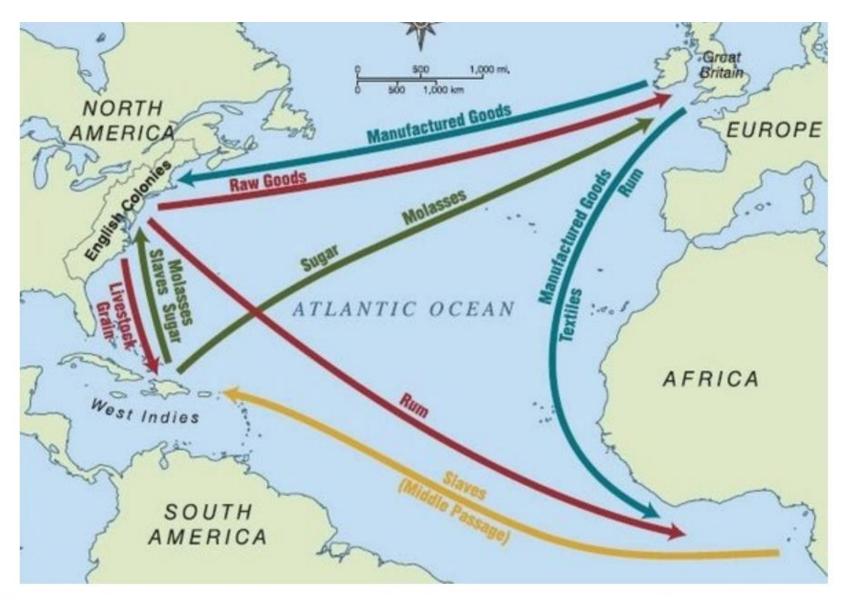


The search for new sources of gold and silver



Sugar





Map of a triangular trade between the Americas, Africa, and Europe from 17th till 19th century (Image: <u>Tes.com</u>)

French Bombardment of Algiers in 1683 during the French Algerian War



Modern Period (1750-1980s)



Telegraph

