Combining data tables

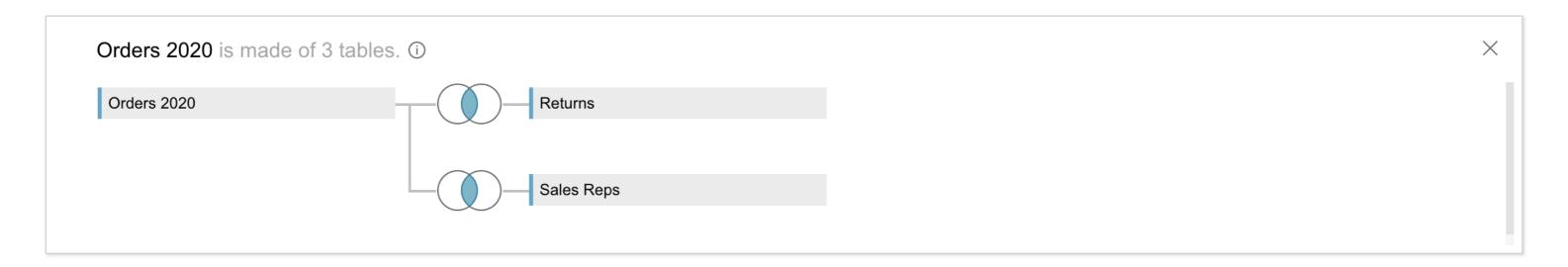
CONNECTING DATA IN TABLEAU





Combining data

□ - Superstore

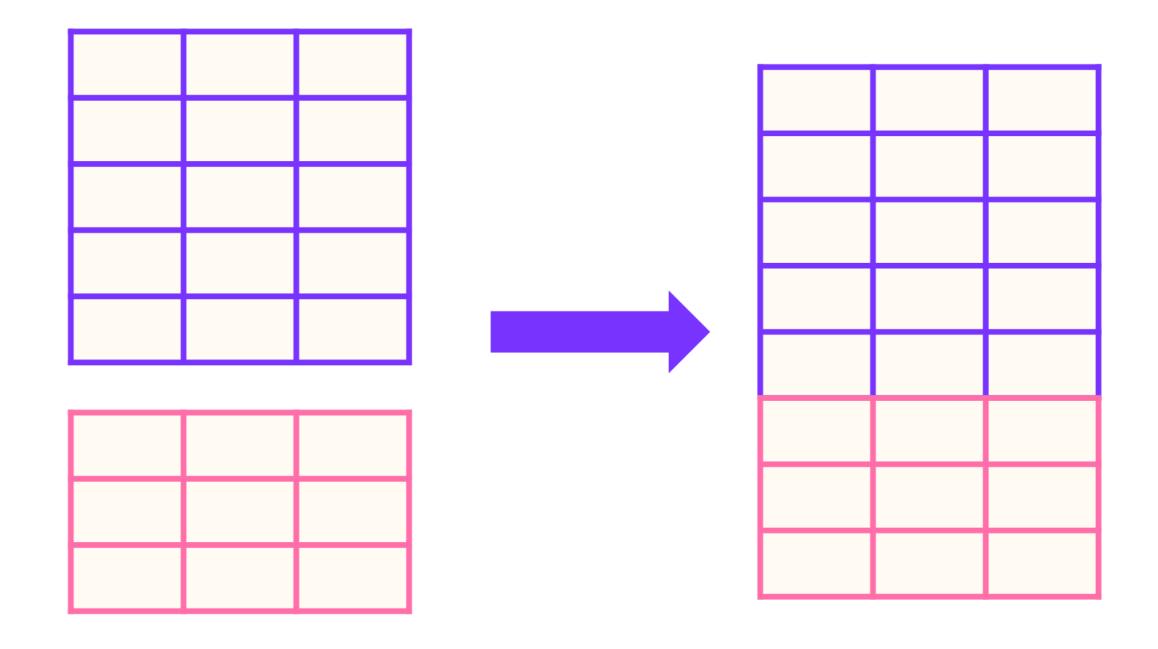


■ Sort	fields Data source	order •					how aliases Sh	ow hidden fields 289	→ row
# Orders 2020 Row ID	Abc Orders 2020 Order ID	Orders 2020 Order Date	Orders 2020 Ship Date	Abc Orders 2020 Ship Mode	Abc Orders 2020 Customer ID	Abc Orders 2020 Customer Name	Abc Orders 2020 Segment	① Orders 2020 Country/Region	Orders 2020
4910	CA-2020-127306	1/14/2020	1/18/2020	Standard Class	BH-11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Johnson
4911	CA-2020-127306	1/14/2020	1/18/2020	Standard Class	BH-11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Johnson
4912	CA-2020-127306	1/14/2020	1/18/2020	Standard Class	BH-11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Johnson



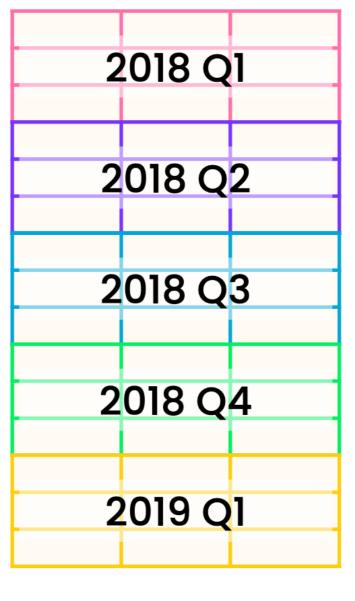
Filters
O Add

Unions



Union example

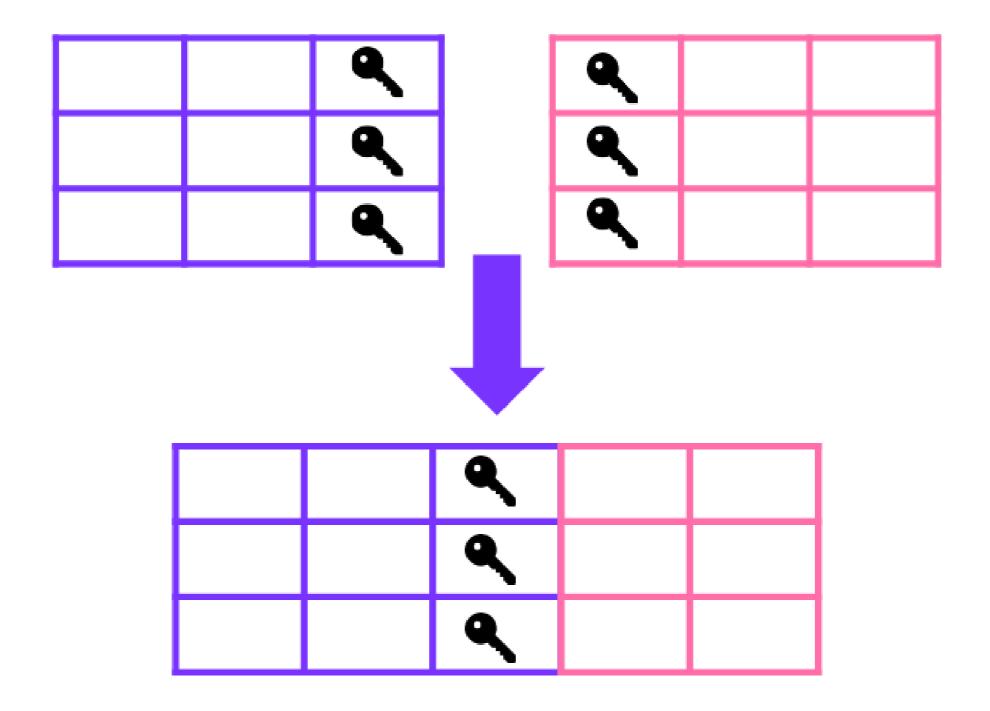
Divvy_Trips_2018_Q1.zip	Jan 24th 2020, 10:07:56 am
Divvy_Trips_2018_Q2.zip	Jan 24th 2020, 10:07:57 am
Divvy_Trips_2018_Q3.zip	Jan 24th 2020, 10:08:00 am
Divvy_Trips_2018_Q4.zip	Jan 24th 2020, 10:08:05 am
Divvy_Trips_2019_Q1.zip	Jan 24th 2020, 10:08:06 am
Divvy_Trips_2019_Q2.zip	Jan 24th 2020, 10:08:05 am
Divvy_Trips_2019_Q3.zip	Jan 24th 2020, 10:08:06 am
Divvy_Trips_2019_Q4.zip	Jan 24th 2020, 10:08:07 am
Divvy_Trips_2020_Q1.zip	May 26th 2020, 07:17:43 pm



. . .



Joins



Joins example

Table 1: Employees

Employee Name	Dept	Employee Email	Location ID
Tom	HR	tom@company.com	1
Sarah	Marketing	sarah@company.com	2
Jane	Sales	jane@company.com	2
Marty	Sales	marty@company.com	1
Bob	Product	bob@company.com	remote

Table 2: Offices

Location ID	Address
1	20 W 34th St, New York, NY 10001, USA
2	Martelarenlaan 38 3010 Kessel-Lo, Belgium
3	207 Old Street, London EC1V 9NRk UK

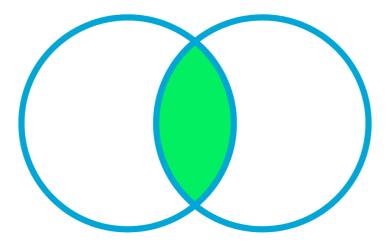
Joins example

Result after join on Location ID

Employee Name	Dept	Employee Email	Location ID	Address
Tom	HR	tom@company.com	1	20 W 34th St, New York, NY 10001, USA
Sarah	Marketi ng	sarah@company.co m	2	Martelarenlaan 38 3010 Kessel-Lo, Belgium
Jane	Sales	jane@company.com	2	Martelarenlaan 38 3010 Kessel-Lo, Belgium
Marty	Sales	marty@company.co m	1	20 W 34th St, New York, NY 10001, USA
Bob	Product	bob@company.com	remote	NULL

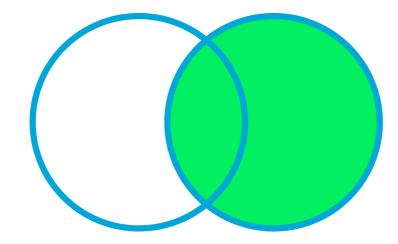


Inner Join



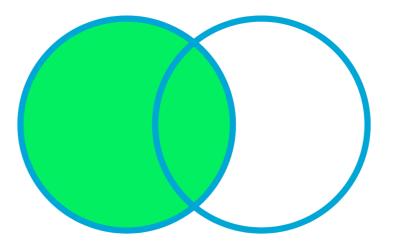
Returns matched rows only

Right Join



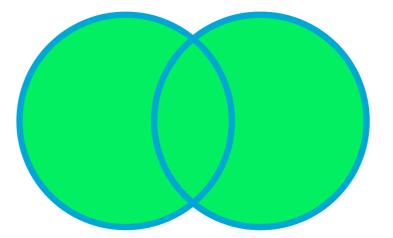
Returns matched rows and right table's rows

Left Join



Returns matched rows and left table's rows

Full Join



Returns matched rows and both tables' rows

Table 1: Employees

Employee Dept Name		Employee Email	Location ID
Tom	HR	tom@company.com	1
Sarah	Marketing	sarah@company.com	2
Jane	Sales	jane@company.com	2
Marty	Sales	marty@company.com	1
Bob	Product	bob@company.com	remote

Table 2: Offices

Location ID	Address
1	20 W 34th St, New York, NY 10001, USA
2	Martelarenlaan 38 3010 Kessel-Lo, Belgium
3	207 Old Street, London EC1V 9NRk UK



Result after join on Location ID

Employee Name	Dept	Employee Email	Location ID	Address
Tom	HR	tom@company.com	1	20 W 34th St, New York, NY 10001, USA
Sarah	Marketing	sarah@company.com	2	Martelarenlaan 38 3010 Kessel-Lo, Belgium
Jane	Sales	jane@company.com	2	Martelarenlaan 38 3010 Kessel-Lo, Belgium
Marty	Sales	marty@company.com	1	20 W 34th St, New York, NY 10001, USA
Bob	Product	bob@company.com	remote	NULL



Superstore dataset

- Orders 2016
- Orders 2017
- Orders 2018
- Orders 2019
- Orders 2020
- Returns
- Sales Reps



Unioning tables

CONNECTING DATA IN TABLEAU







Joining tables CONNECTING DATA IN TABLEAU







CONNECTING DATA IN TABLEAU





Relationships, part 1: Introducing new data modeling in Tableau

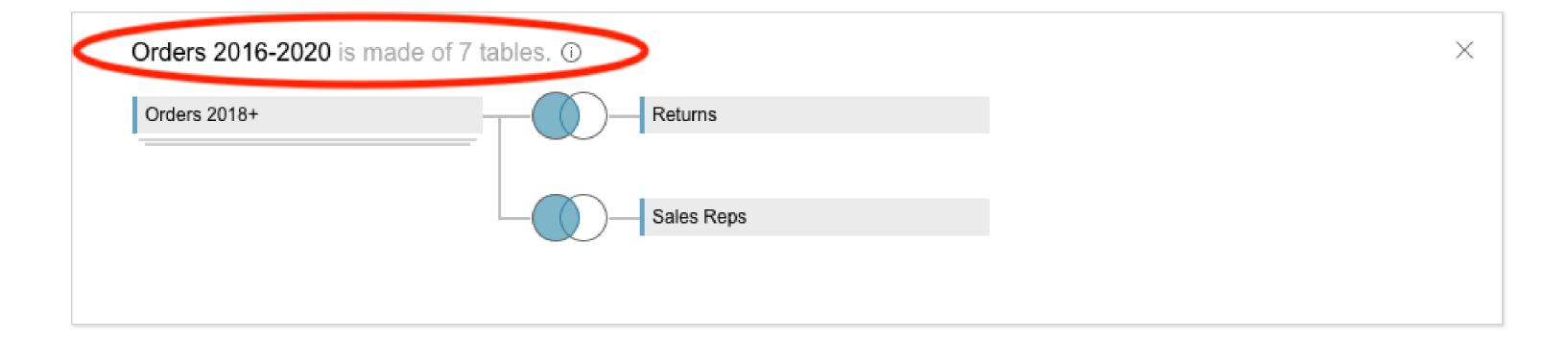




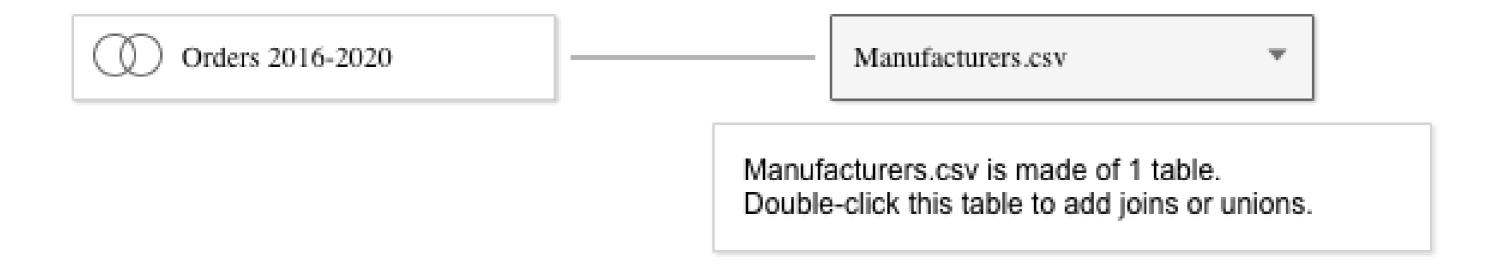
¹ https://www.tableau.com/about/blog/2020/5/relationships-part-1-meet-new-tableau-data-model



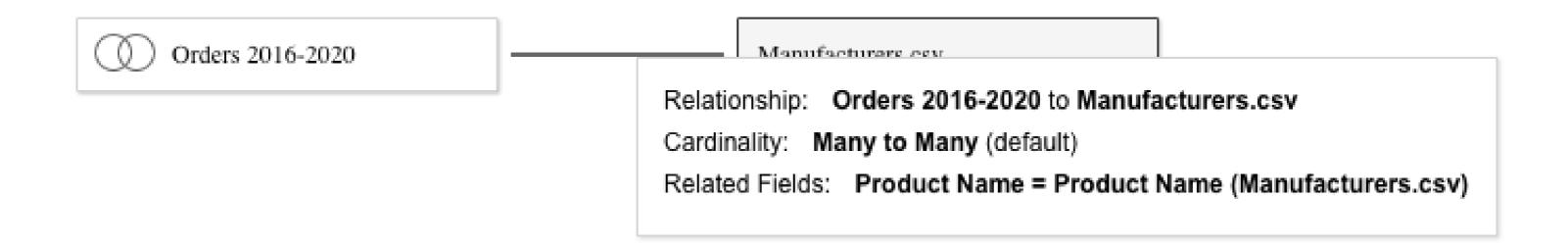
A relationship describes how two tables relate to each other, based on common fields, but does not merge the tables together or append fields.



A relationship describes how two tables relate to each other, based on common fields, but does not merge the tables together or append fields.



A relationship describes how two tables relate to each other, based on common fields, but does not merge the tables together or append fields.



Relationships vs joins

Relationships

- You only need to select matching field(s), no join type
- Tableau automatically selects the join type based on the context
- Unmatched rows are kept
- Relationships reduce upfront data preparation, such as custom SQL code or database views

Relationships are more flexible and more dynamic.

Joins

- Choose a type of join: left, right, inner, full outer
- Certain rows may not be returned depending on the join type
- Changing join type mid-analysis will impact the work you've done





Establishing a relationship

CONNECTING DATA IN TABLEAU







Extracts

CONNECTING DATA IN TABLEAU





Tableau file types

- Packaged Workbook, .twbx: workbook and supporting files including the data source
- Workbook, .twb : just the workbook
- Extract, .hyper or .tde : local copy of parts or all of the data
- Data Source, .tds: connection information and modifications to data

Extracts

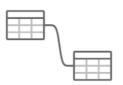
A local copy of the entire or a subset of data.

- Performance improvements
 - Supports very large data
 - Faster because leverages the Hyper database engine
- Retain work done to enrich and extend the original data set
- Work offline

Live connections

⊖ Superstore (2016-2020)

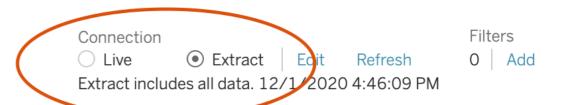




Need more data?

Drag tables here to relate them. Learn more

Data source has a direct connection to underlying data



Comparison

Live connections

- Real-time updates
- Slower because connection to external databases and data files

Extracts

- Need to refresh data to get updates
- Generally faster performance with Tableau's Hyper



Creating extracts

CONNECTING DATA IN TABLEAU





