## Notebook

April 20, 2020

## 0.0.1 Question 1c

Discuss one thing you notice that is different between the two emails that might relate to the identification of spam.

We can see that the spam emails are using an IP address for example 'http://209.163.187.47'. Whereas, if we look at the ham emails, they are using .com/.net/.org/etc. for example ('http://boingboing.net/#85534171','http://www.aldaily.com/')

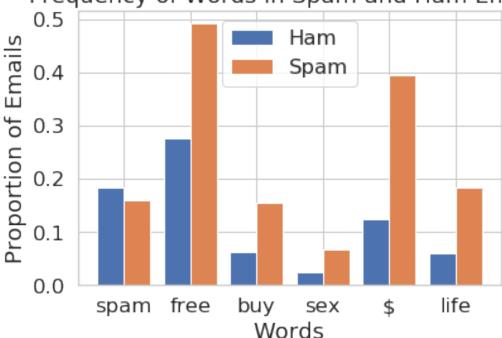
## 0.0.2 Question 3a

Create a bar chart like the one above comparing the proportion of spam and ham emails containing certain words. Choose a set of words that are different from the ones above, but also have different proportions for the two classes. Make sure to only consider emails from train.

 $\hbox{In [121]: train=train.reset\_index(drop=True) \# \textit{We must do this in order to preserve the ordering of email} \\$ 

```
words_set = ['spam','free','buy','sex','$','life']
ham_emails = train[train['spam'] == 0]['email']
spam_emails = train[train['spam'] == 1]['email']
words_in_ham = words_in_texts(words_set, ham_emails)
words_in_spam = words_in_texts(words_set, spam_emails)
ham_word_cnt = np.sum(words_in_ham, axis=0)
spam_word_cnt = np.sum(words_in_spam, axis=0)
bar_width = 0.4
plt.bar(x=words_set,align='edge',height=ham_word_cnt/len(ham_emails), label='Ham',width=-bar_plt.bar(x=words_set,align='edge',height=spam_word_cnt/len(spam_emails),label='Spam',width=bar_plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Words')
plt.ylabel('Proportion of Emails')
plt.title('Frequency of Words in Spam and Ham Emails')
plt.show()
```





## 0.0.3 Question 3b

Create a class conditional density plot like the one above (using sns.distplot), comparing the distribution of the length of spam emails to the distribution of the length of ham emails in the training set. Set the x-axis limit from 0 to 50000.

