



# Microsoft Cognitive Services

Adding AI Smarts to your Software Solutions

CSE

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Principal Software Engineer



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<http://blog.unhandled-exceptions.com>

@sbohlen



CODE CAMP NYC



Saturday, October 20, 2018

<http://codecampnyc.org>

# Who am I?

- ...and why should you care?
- Steve Bohlen
- I Read Books + Write Software
  - vs. “Read Software + Write Books” 😊
- Blog, Screencast, Speak, Share, Learn

# Steve Bohlen

Over 25 years as a software developer

LISP, Delphi, C/C++, VB, VB.NET, Java, Ruby, C#, JavaScript

Principal Software Engineer & Technical Evangelist, Microsoft

Co-Founder, NYC Alt.Net User Group

Co-Organizer, NYC DDD User Group

Contributor: various OSS projects

NHibernate

Spring.NET <http://www.springframework.net>

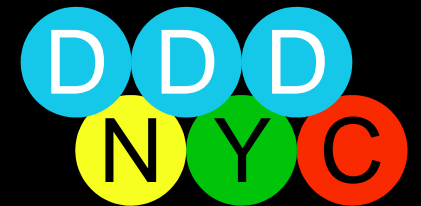
Common.Logging <http://github.com/net-commons/common-logging>

blog: <http://blog.unhandled-exceptions.com>

e-mail: [sbohlen@gmail.com](mailto:sbohlen@gmail.com)

twitter: @sbohlen

Membership: ASP Insiders, C# Insiders, Telerik Insiders, INETA Board of Directors



Alumni

I am a



Microsoft

employee...

...but these thoughts are my own!



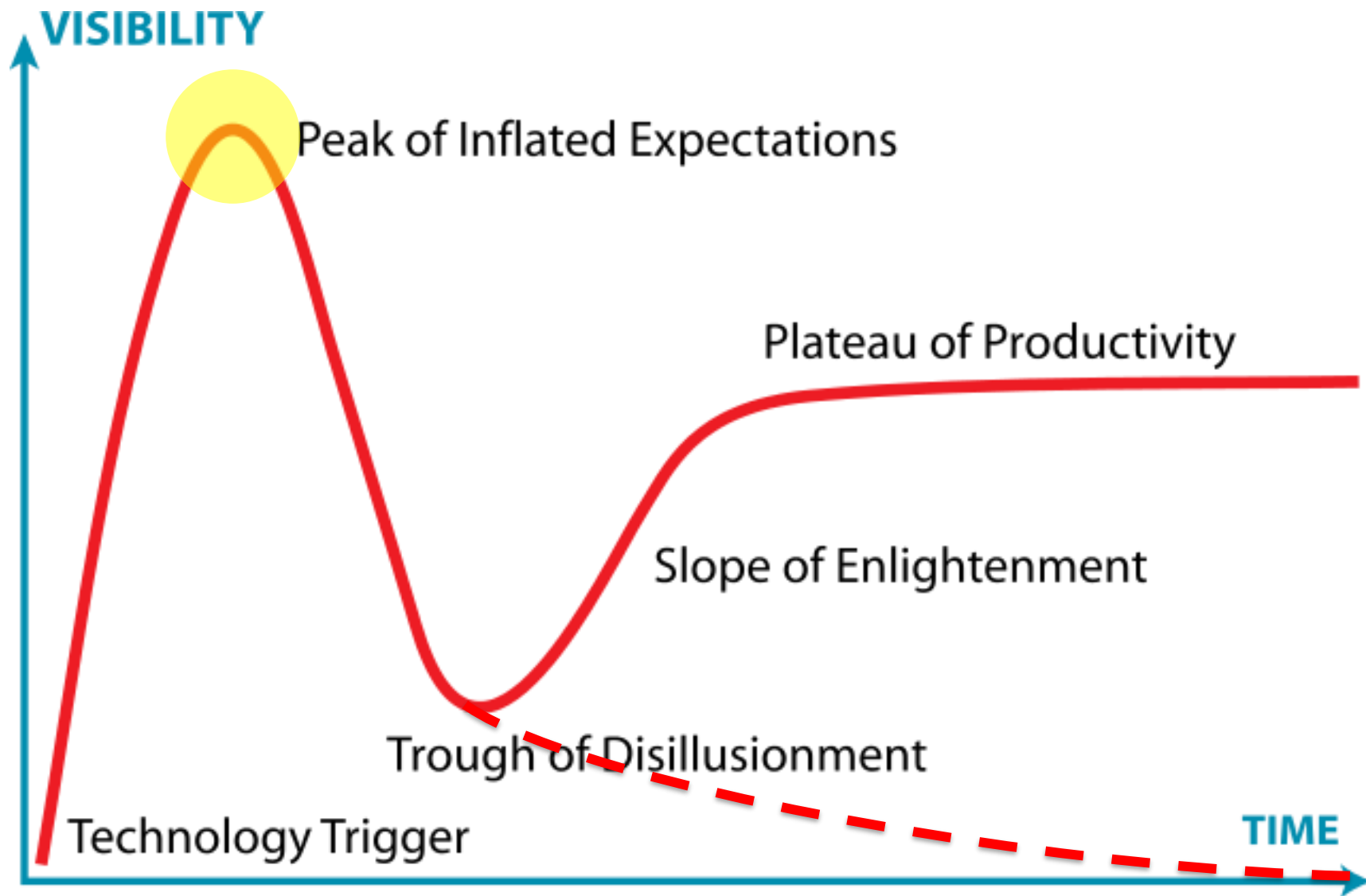
# What is Machine Learning?

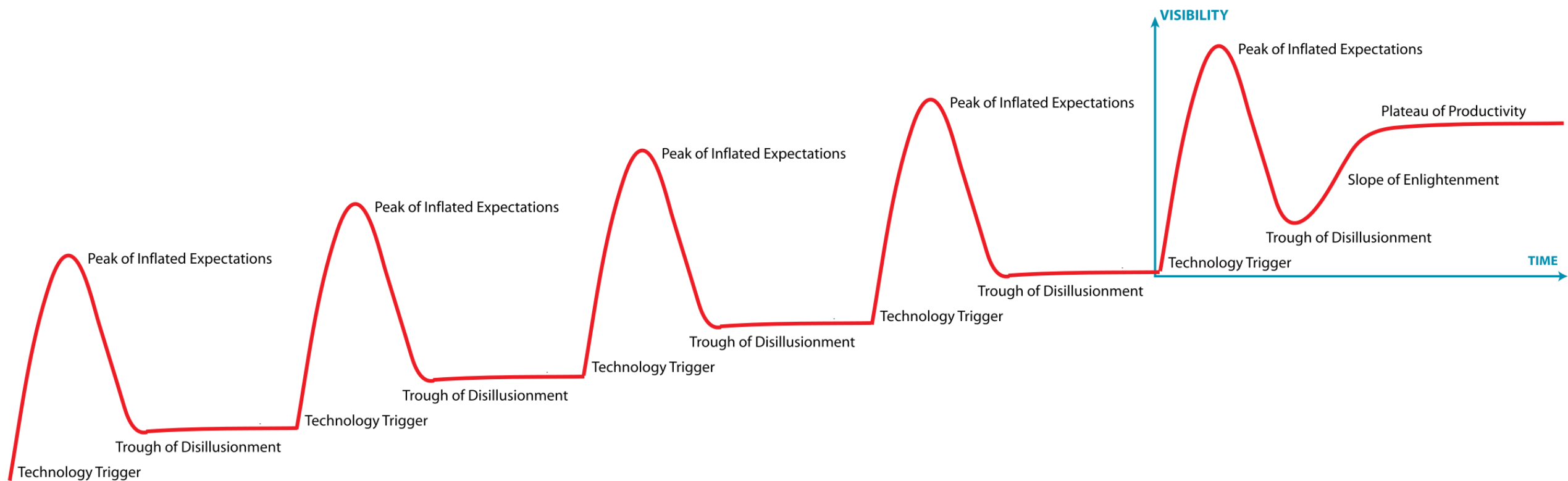
A computer program is said to learn from experience  $E$  with respect to some class of tasks  $T$  and performance measure  $P$  if its performance at tasks in  $T$ , as measured by  $P$ , improves with experience  $E$ .

Computational Learning using Algorithms to learn from and make predictions on Data.

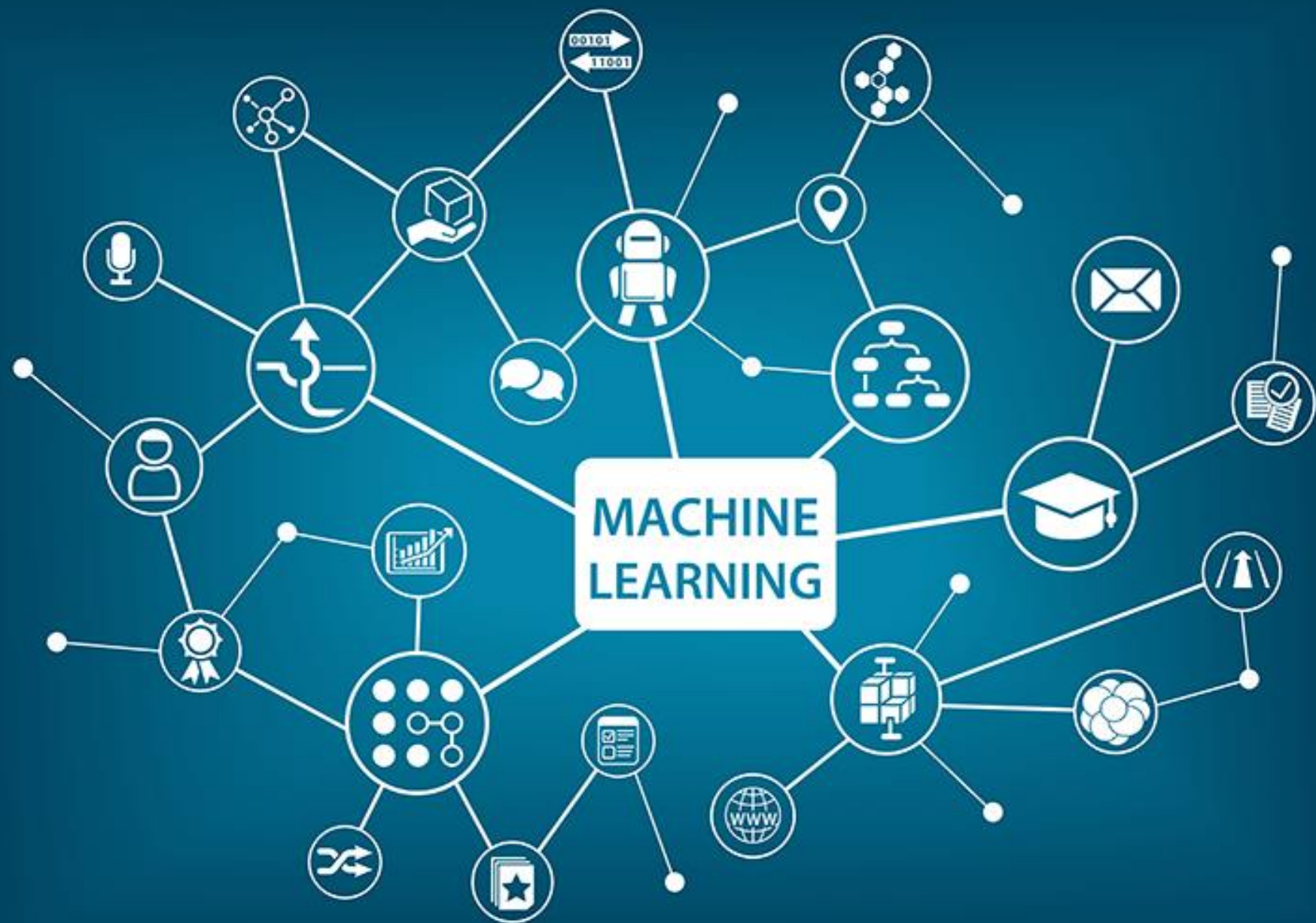


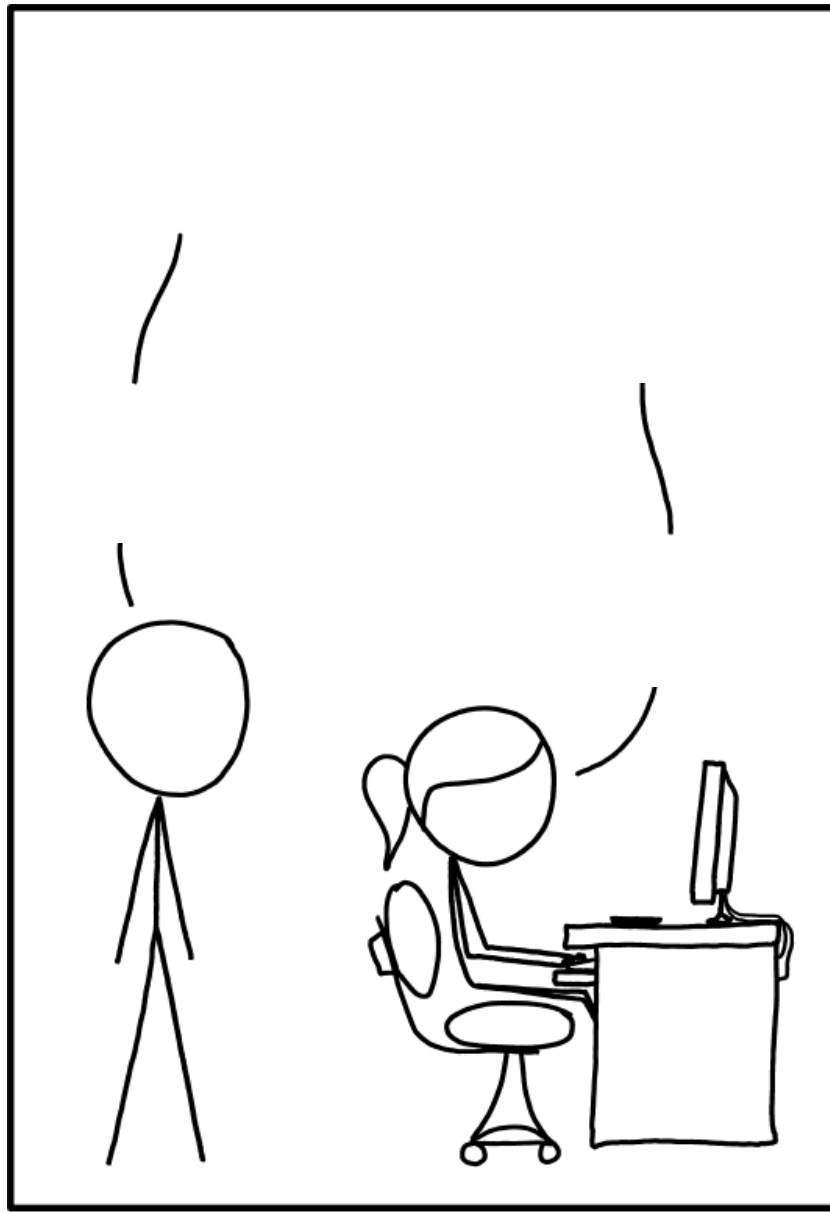












# So You Want to do Machine Learning?

Learn Linear  
Algebra

Learn Probability  
Theory

Learn Calculus

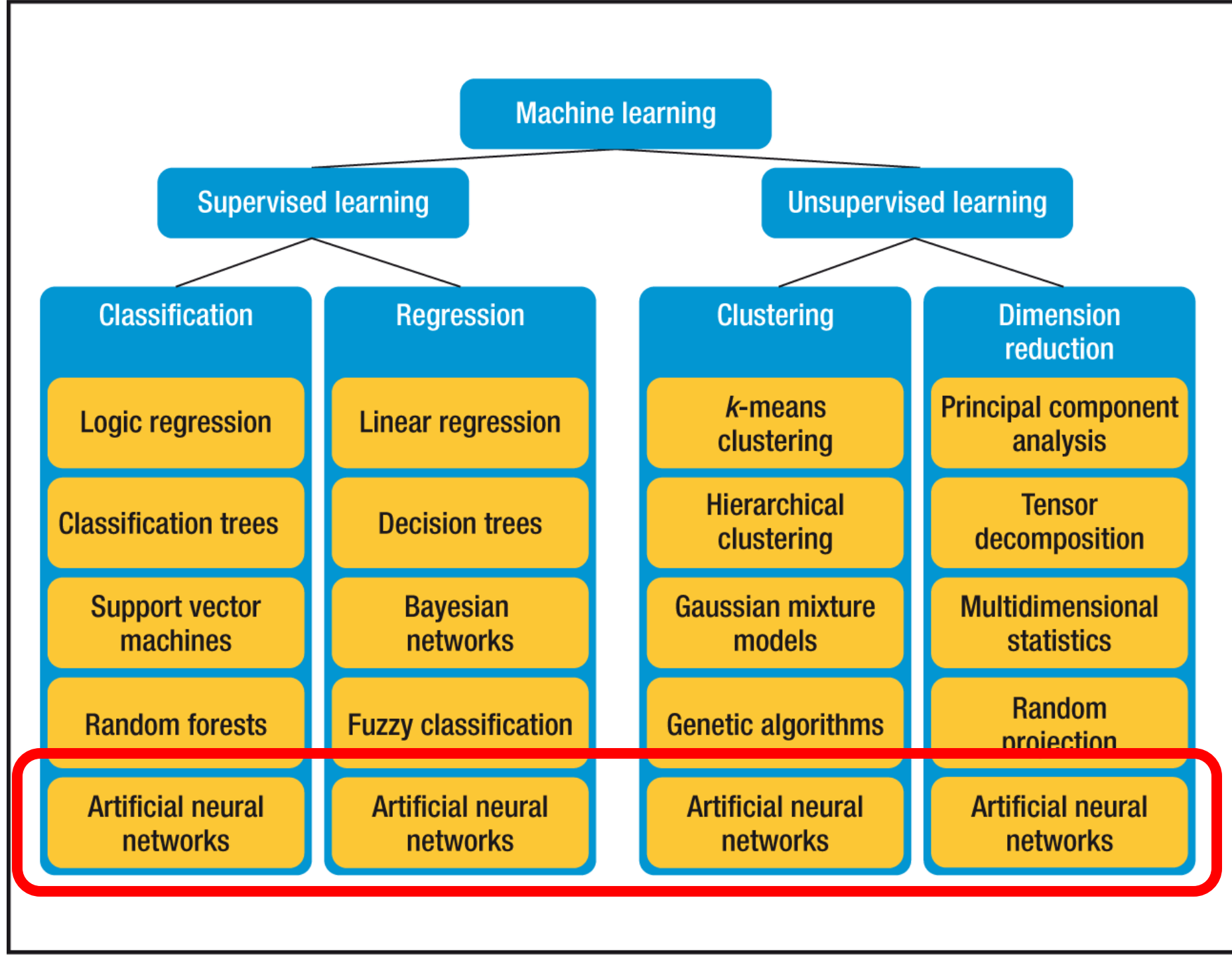
Learn Statistics

Learn  
Multivariate  
Statistics

Learn  
Information  
Theory

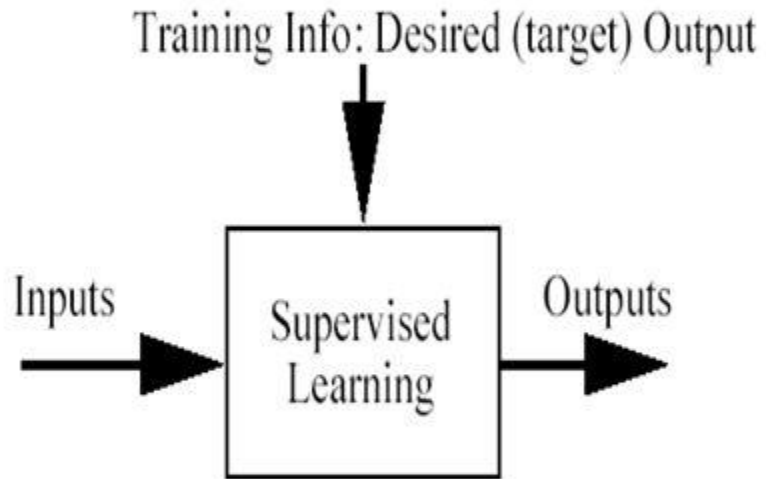
...NOW you're ready to learn  
about ML Algorithms!







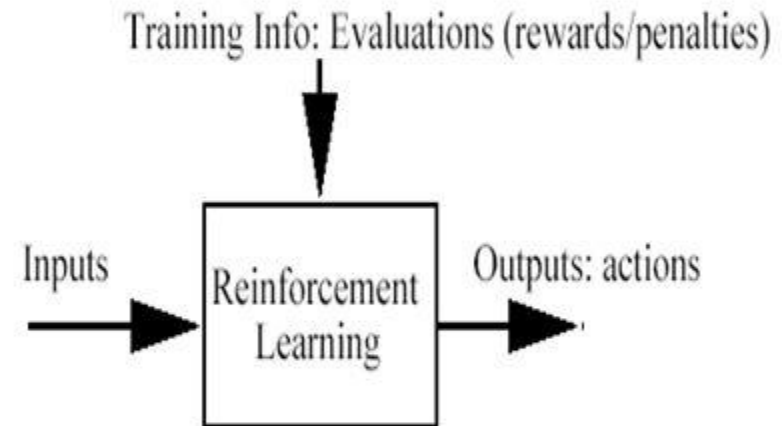
## Supervised Learning



Error = (target output - actual output)

Input is an instance, output is a *classification* of the instance

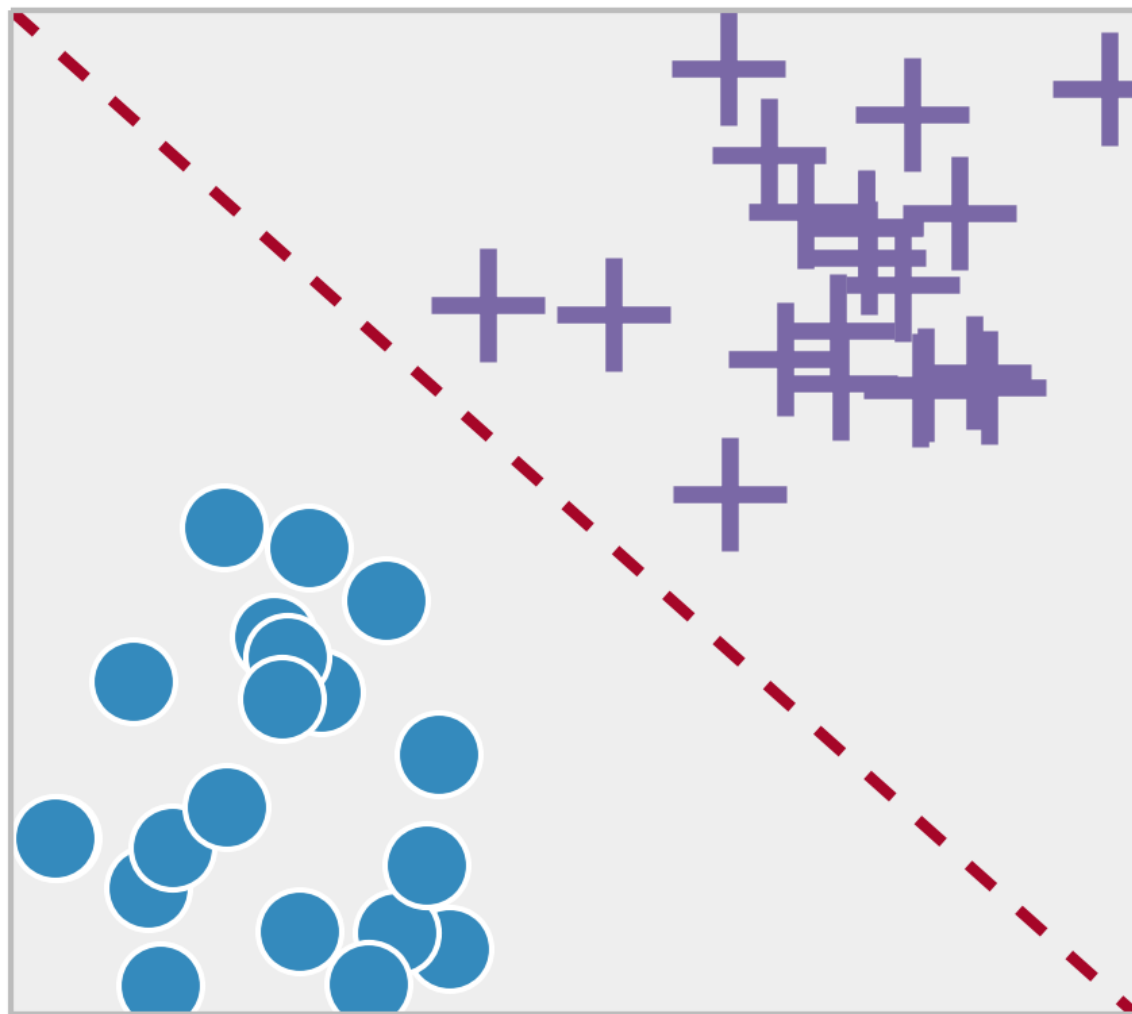
## Reinforcement Learning



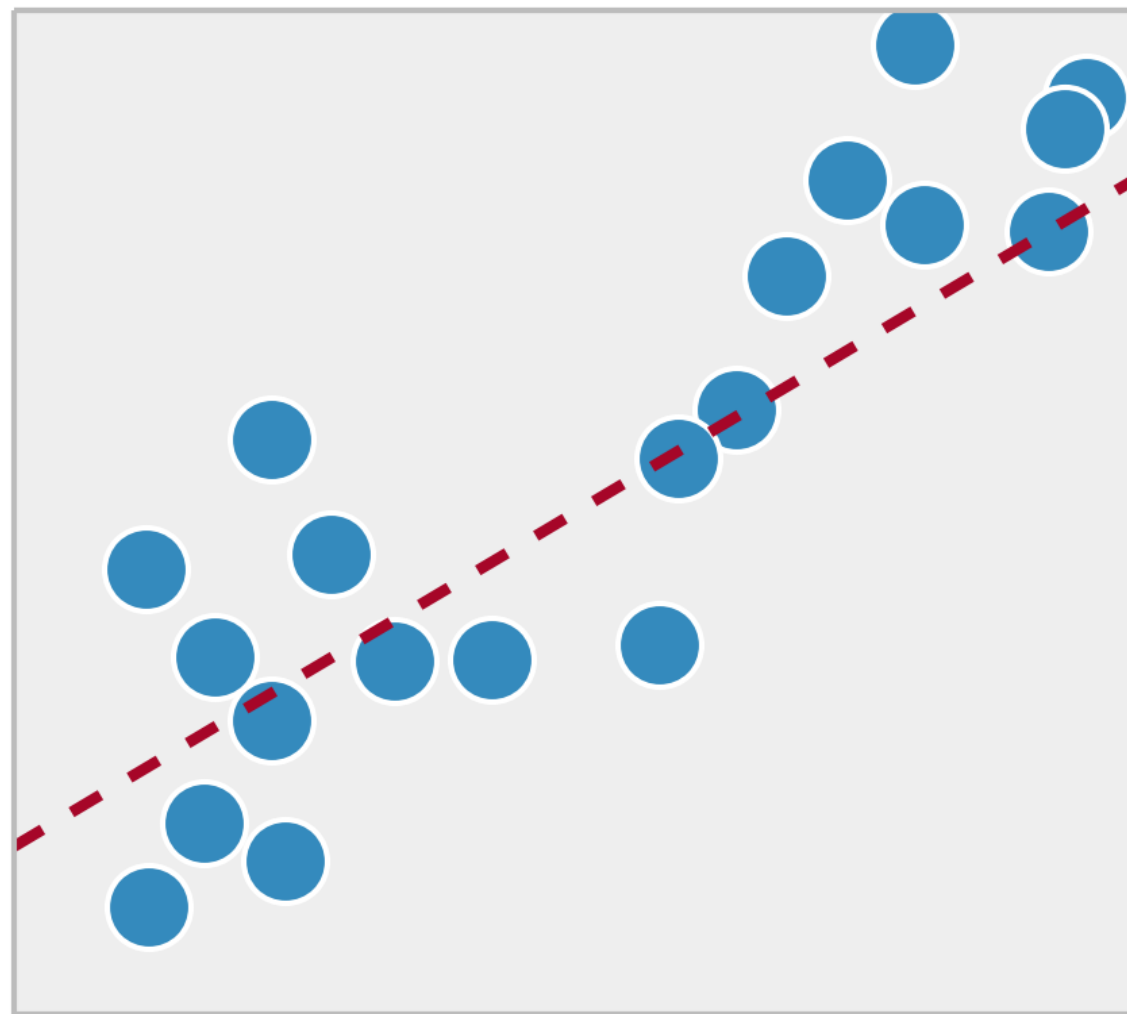
Objective: Get as much reward as possible

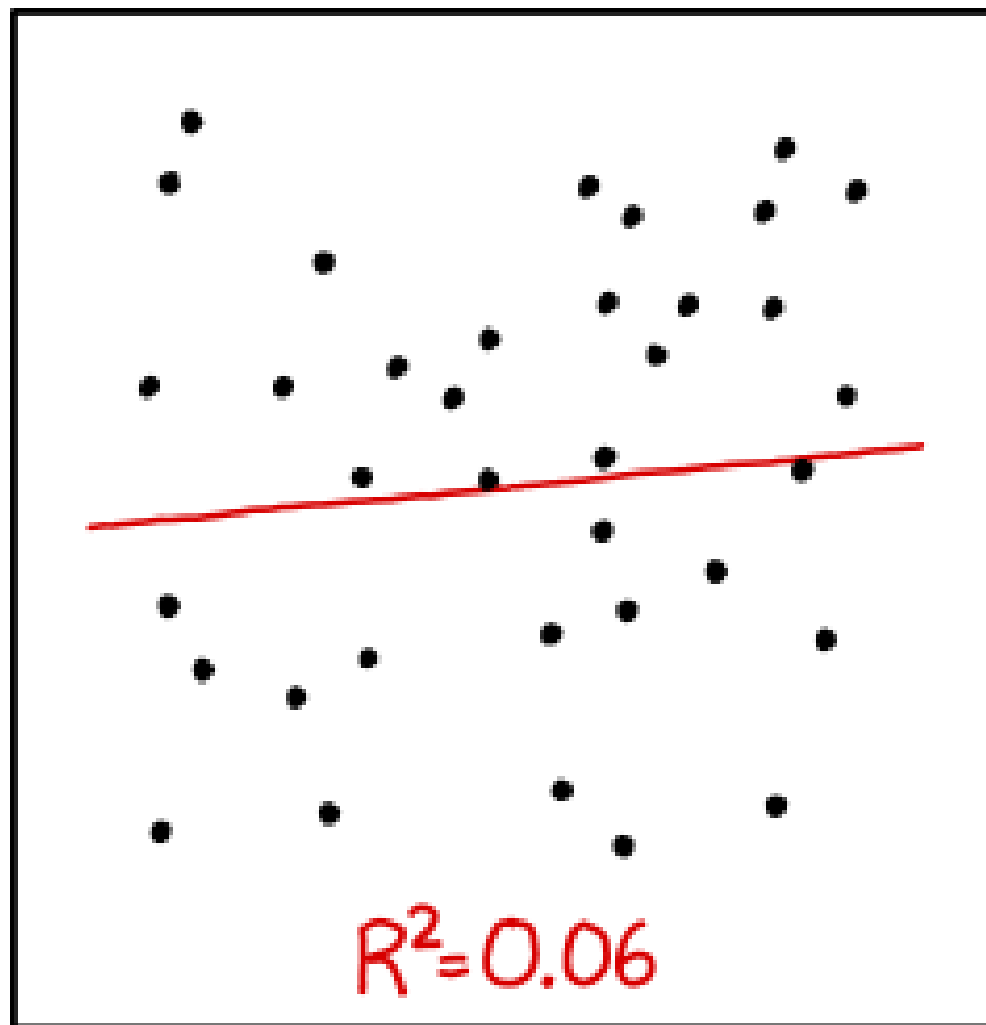
Input is some "goal", output is a sequence of *actions* to optimize the goal (reward)

# Classification

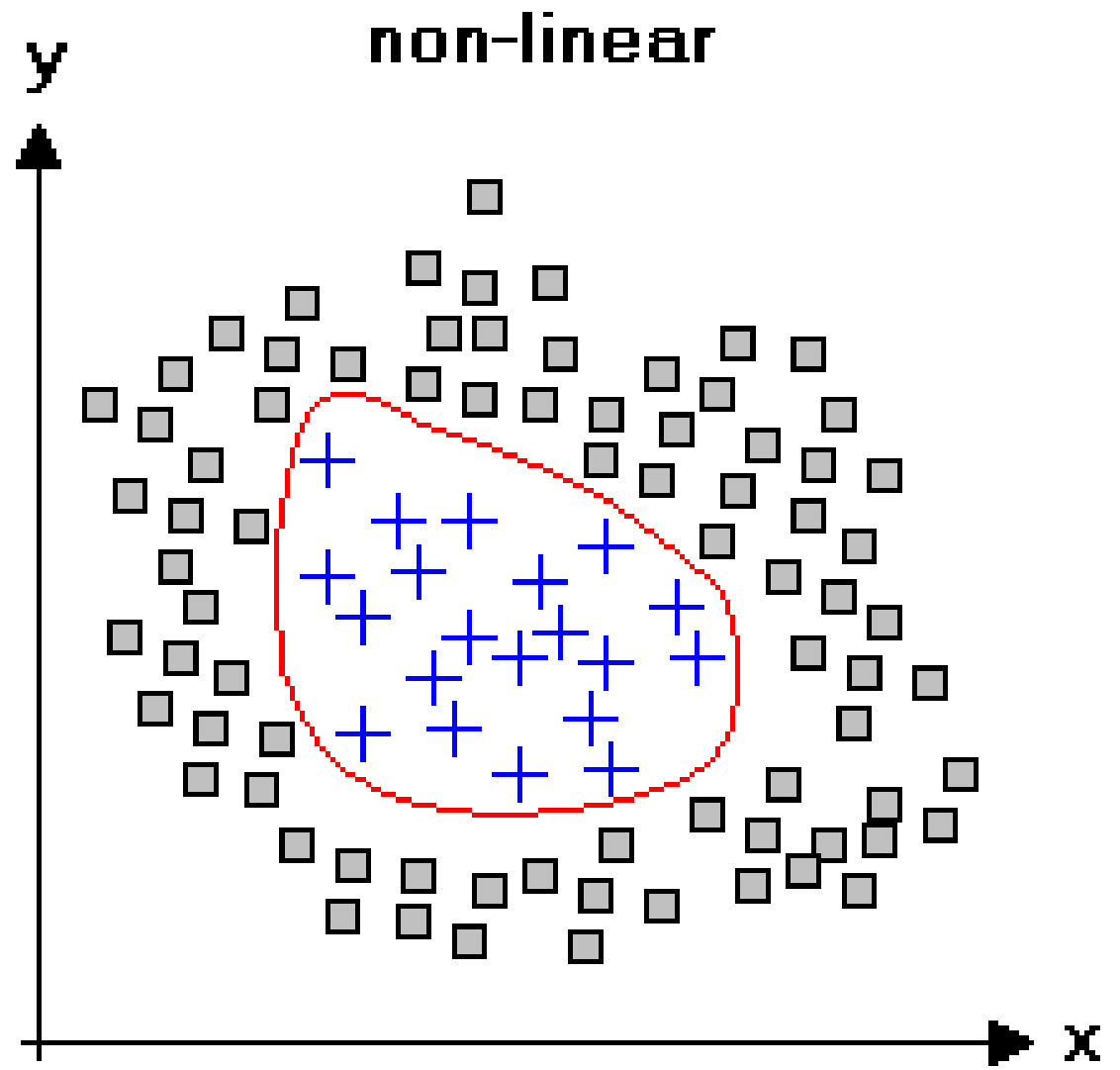
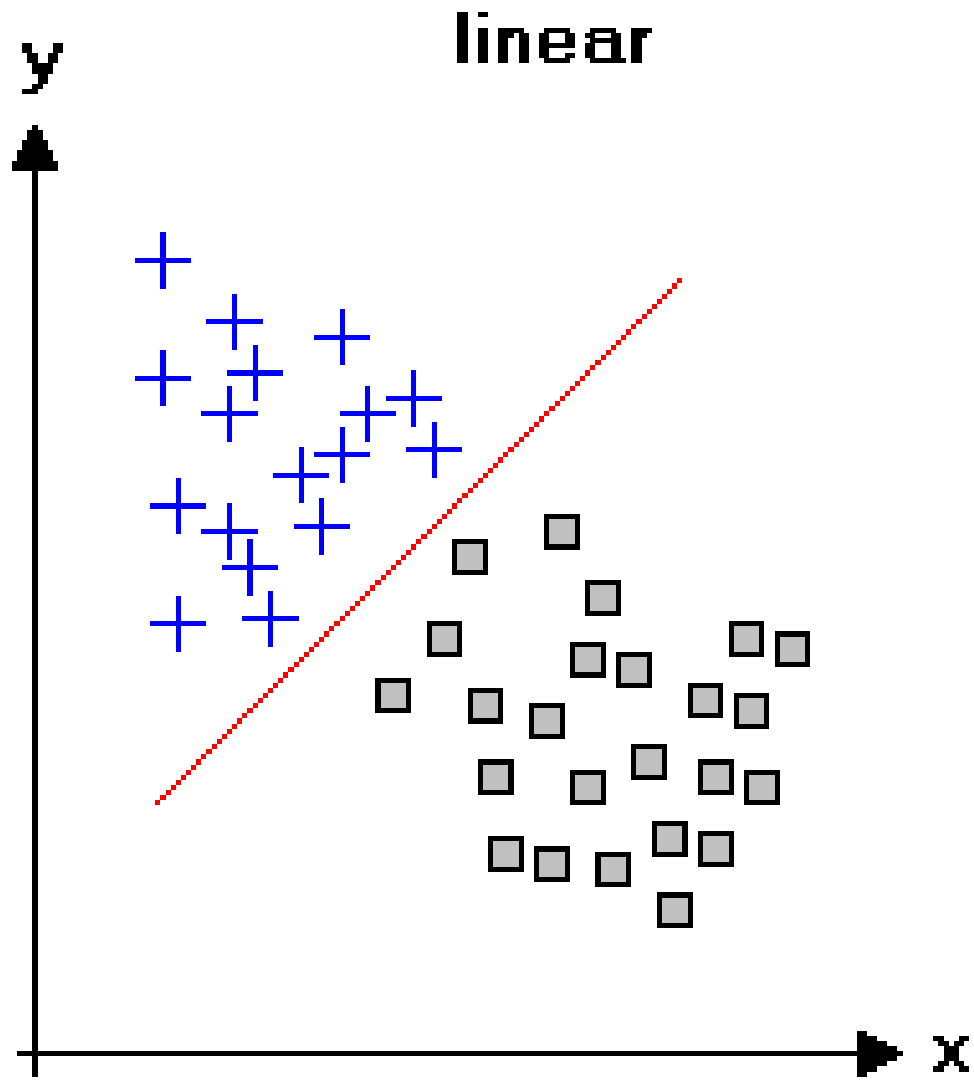


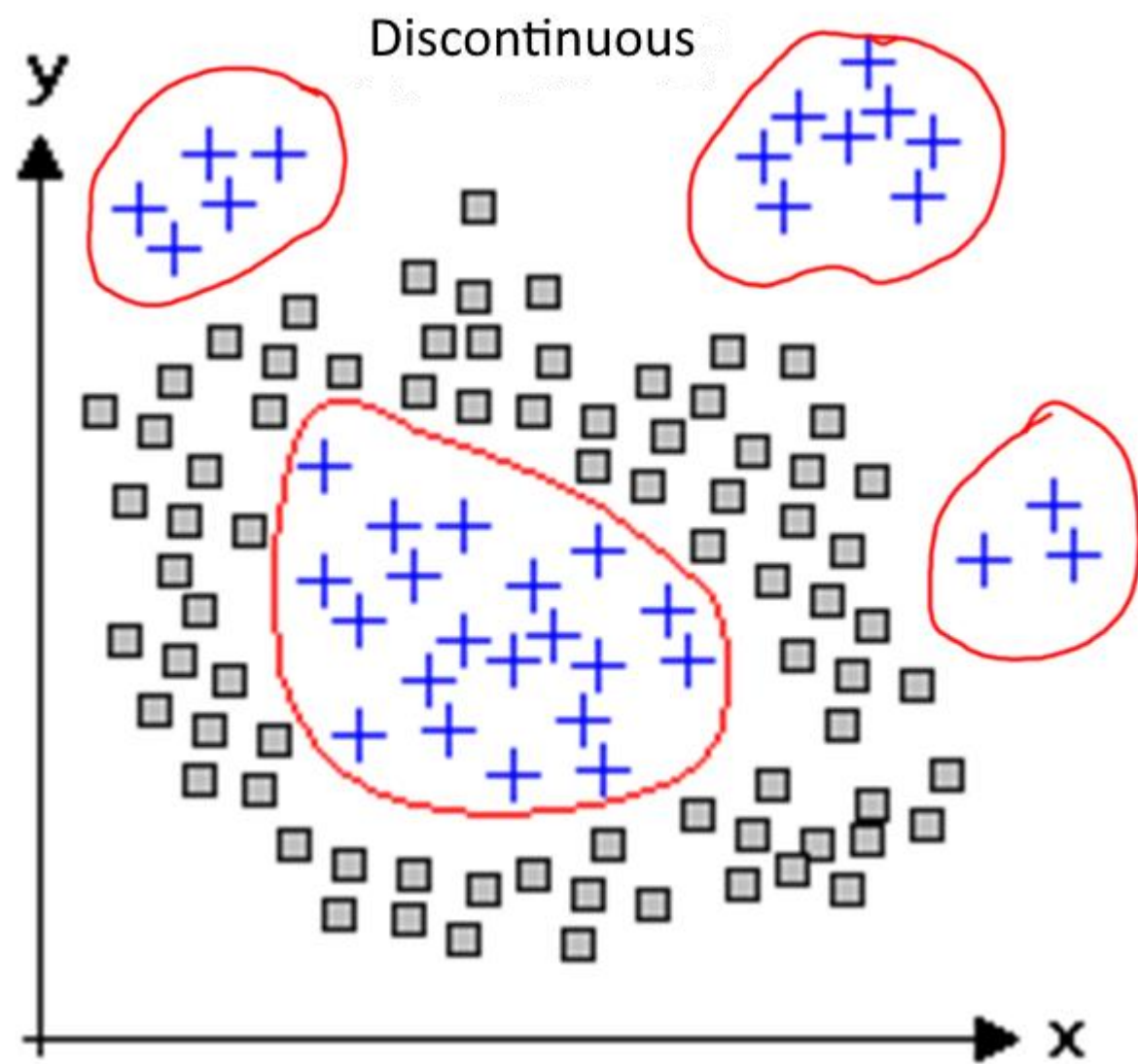
# Regression

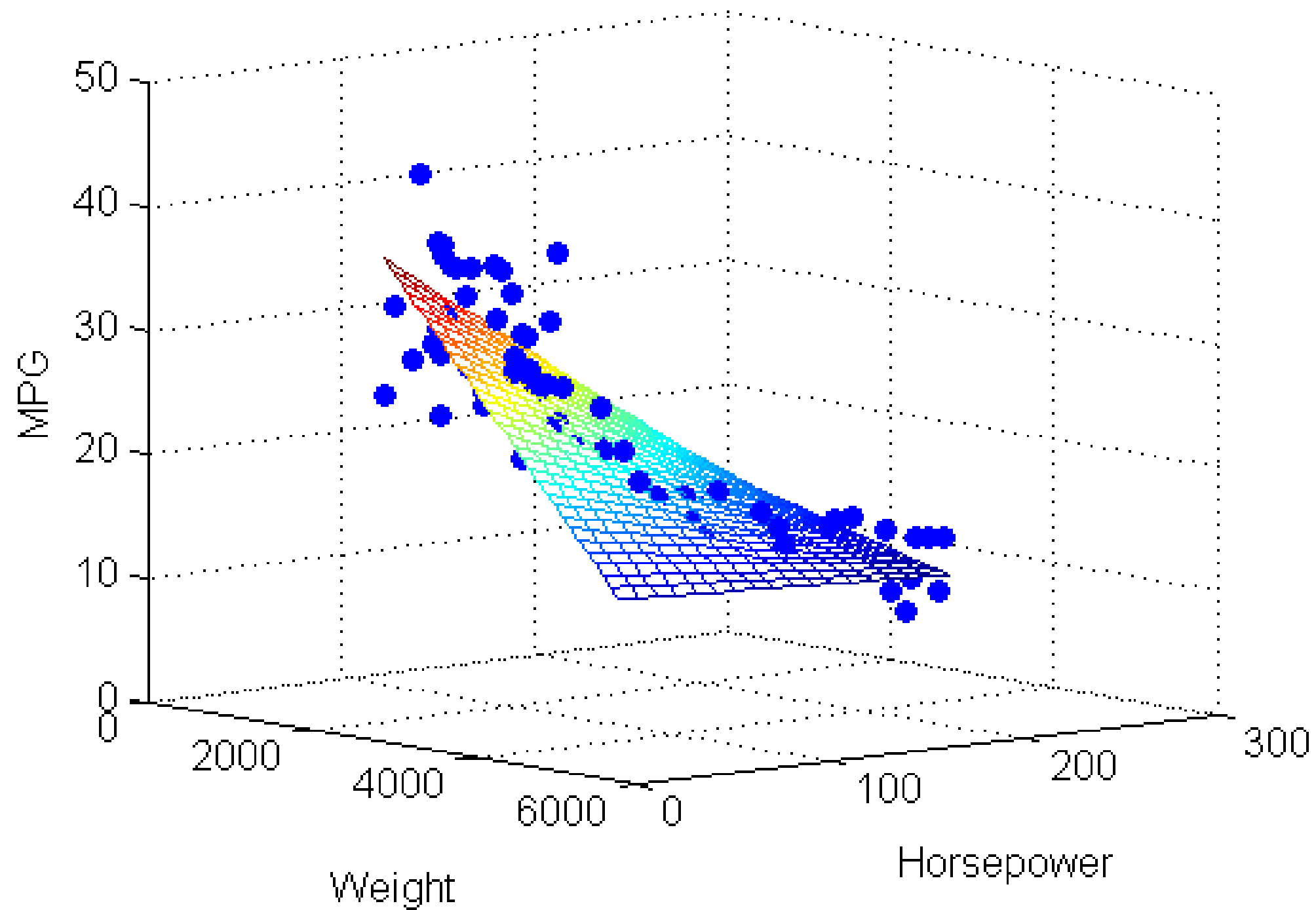




I DON'T TRUST LINEAR REGRESSIONS WHEN IT'S HARDER  
TO GUESS THE DIRECTION OF THE CORRELATION FROM THE  
SCATTER PLOT THAN TO FIND NEW CONSTELLATIONS ON IT.







## Optimization algorithm

Given  $\theta^{(1)}, \dots, \theta^{(n_u)}$ , to learn  $x^{(i)}$ :

$$\rightarrow \min_{x^{(i)}} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j:r(i,j)=1} ((\theta^{(j)})^T x^{(i)} - y^{(i,j)})^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{k=1}^n (x_k^{(i)})^2 \leftarrow$$

Given  $\theta^{(1)}, \dots, \theta^{(n_u)}$ , to learn  $x^{(1)}, \dots, x^{(n_m)}$ :

$$\min_{x^{(1)}, \dots, x^{(n_m)}} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n_m} \sum_{j:r(i,j)=1} ((\theta^{(j)})^T x^{(i)} - y^{(i,j)})^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n_m} \sum_{k=1}^n (x_k^{(i)})^2$$



$$= 1 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \binom{m}{k} x^k, |x| < 1$$

$$\sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha - \beta) + \sin(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$V = lwh$$

$$S.A. = 2lw + 2lh + 2wh$$

$$\frac{1}{1-x} = 1 + x + x^2 + \dots + x^n + \dots = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n, |x| < 1$$

$$= 1 - x + x^2 - \dots + (-x)^n + \dots = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^n, |x| < 1$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\tan 2\alpha = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}$$

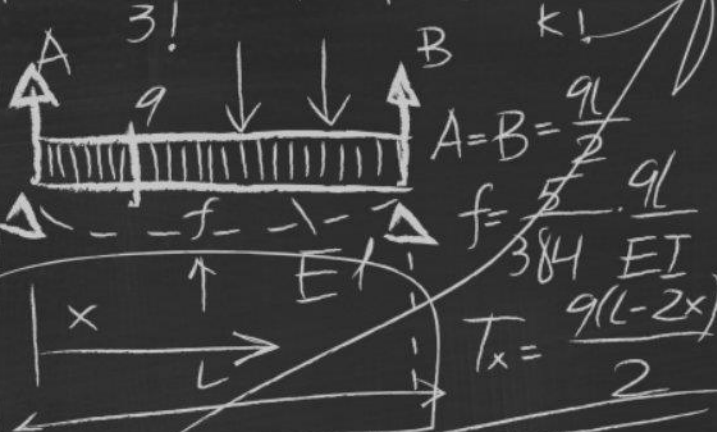
$$A = qa(a+2b)/2L$$

$$B = qa/2L$$

$$T_1 = +A; T_2 = -B$$

$$x = A/a$$

$$M = A^2/2q; m = Bb$$



$$\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} \pm \alpha) = \cos \alpha$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} \pm \alpha) = \mp \cot \alpha$$

$$1 + \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{2 \tan \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\tan \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$\cot \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha}} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$\sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}$$

$$\tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}$$

$$\cot^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha}$$

$$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!} + \dots = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}, |x| < \infty$$



$$T_1 = A = \frac{qL}{2}$$

$$T_2 = -B = -\frac{qL}{2}$$

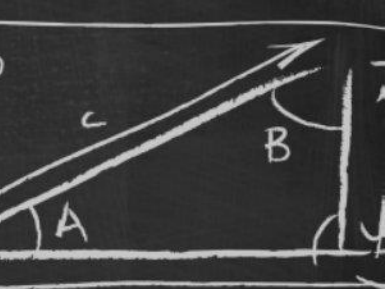
$$M = qa^2/1^2$$

$$A = B = qa$$

$$T_1 = -T_2 = A$$

$$f = qa^2/3L^2 - 2a^3$$

$$48EI$$



$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c}, \sin B = \frac{b}{c}, \cos A = \frac{b}{c}$$

$$\cos B = \frac{a}{c}, \tan A = \frac{a}{b}, \tan B = \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\cot A = \frac{b}{a}, \cot B = \frac{a}{b}, \sec A = \frac{c}{b}, \sec B = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$\csc A = \frac{c}{a}, \csc B = \frac{c}{b}$$

$$\cos(\pi \pm \alpha) = -\cos \alpha$$

$$\sin(\pi \pm \alpha) = \pm \sin \alpha$$

$$\tan(\pi \pm \alpha) = \pm \tan \alpha$$

$$\cot(\pi \pm \alpha) = \mp \cot \alpha$$

$$\cos(2\pi k \pm \alpha) = \cos \alpha$$

$$\sin(2\pi k \pm \alpha) = \pm \sin \alpha$$

$$\tan(2\pi k \pm \alpha) = \pm \tan \alpha$$

$$\cot(2\pi k \pm \alpha) = \mp \cot \alpha$$

$$\sin(\pi \pm \alpha) = \pm \sin \alpha$$

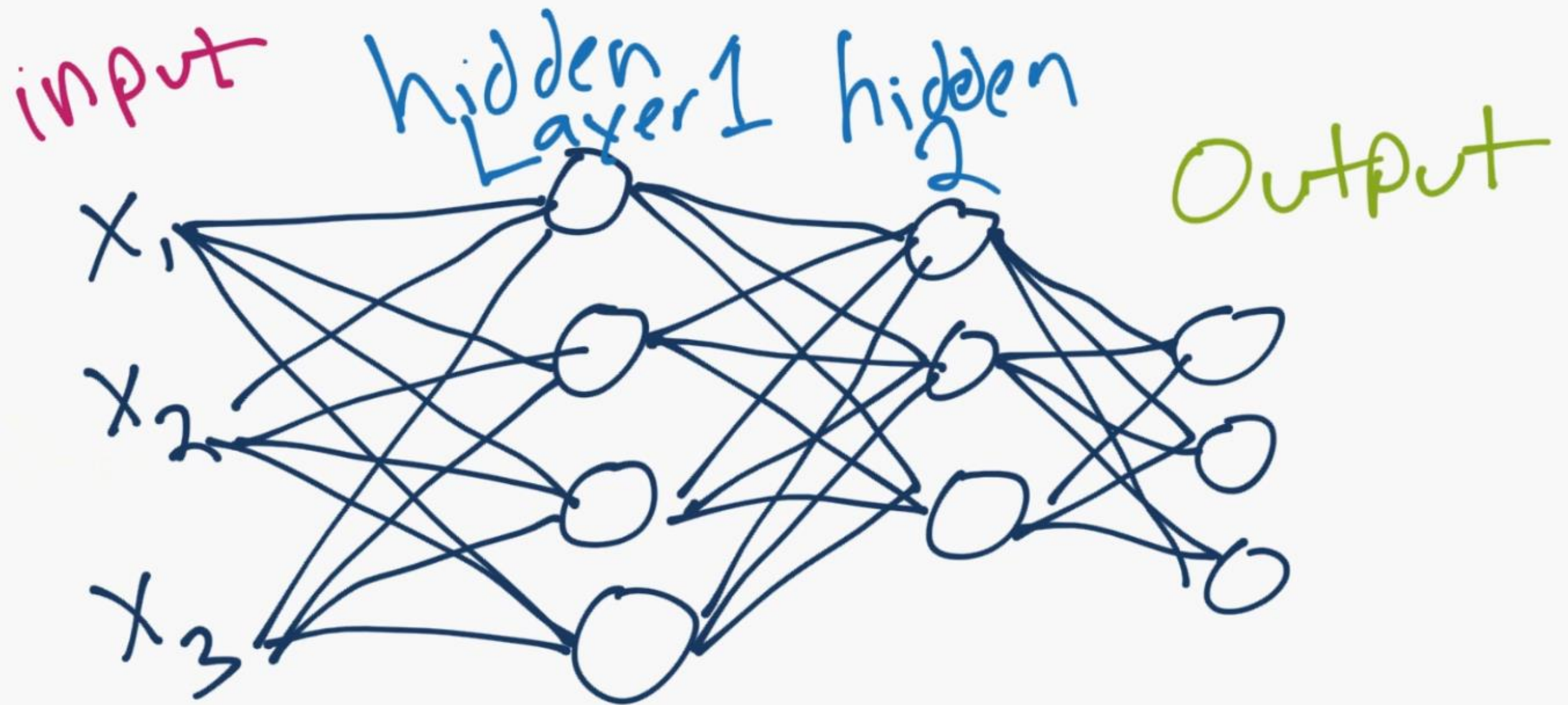
$$\tan(\pi \pm \alpha) = \pm \tan \alpha$$

$$\sin(2\pi k \pm \alpha) = \pm \sin \alpha$$

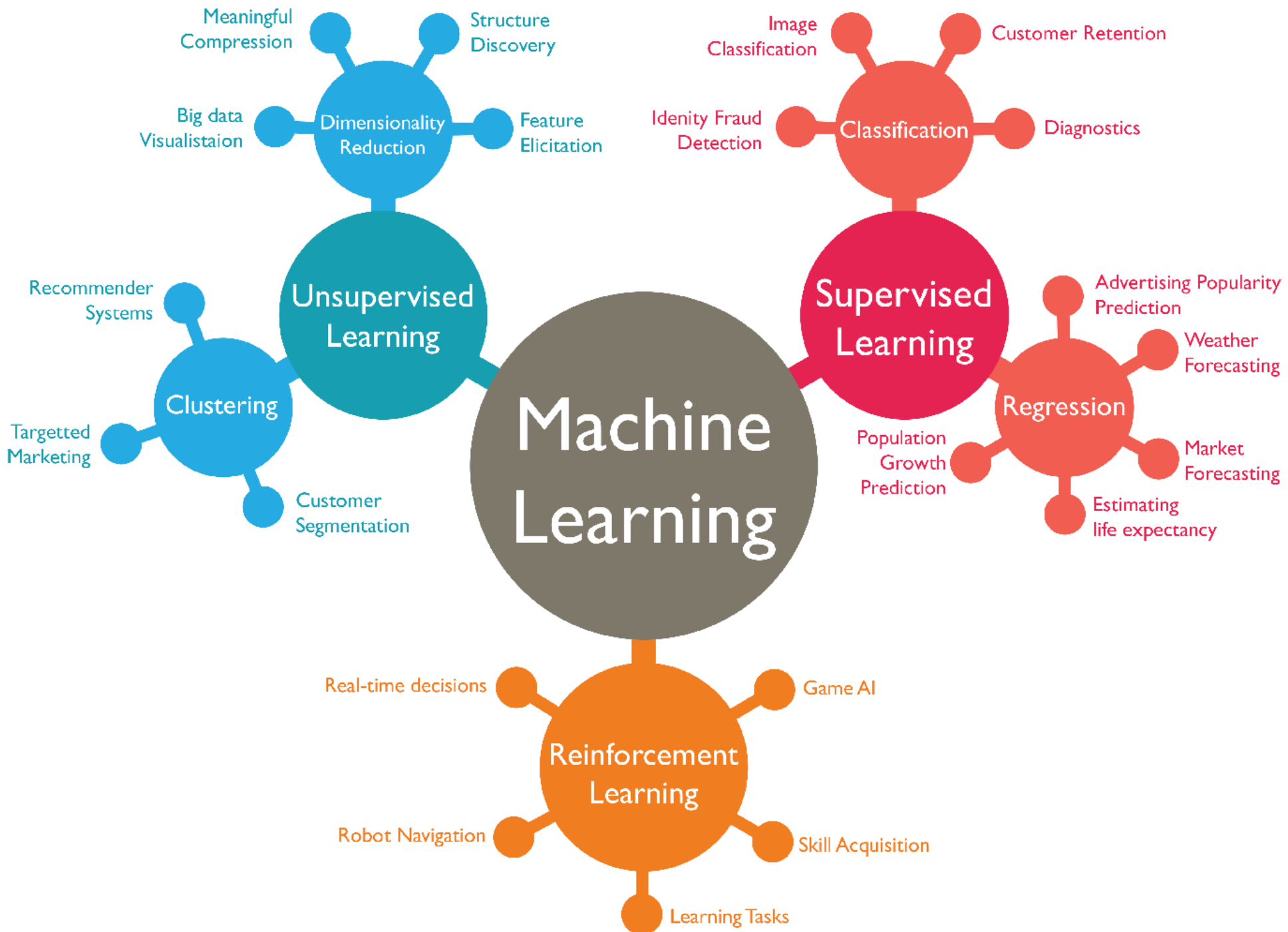
$$\tan(2\pi k \pm \alpha) = \pm \tan \alpha$$

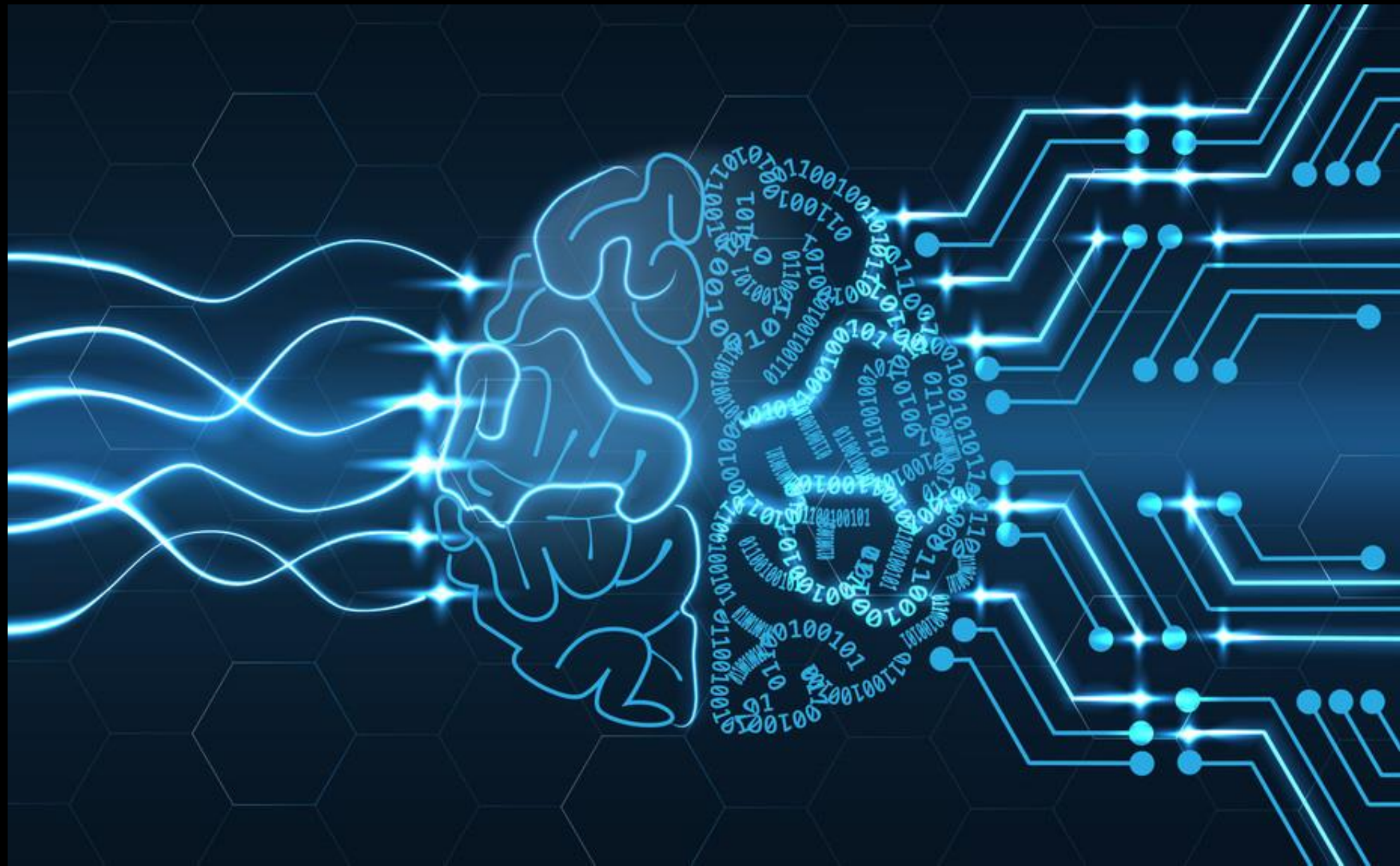










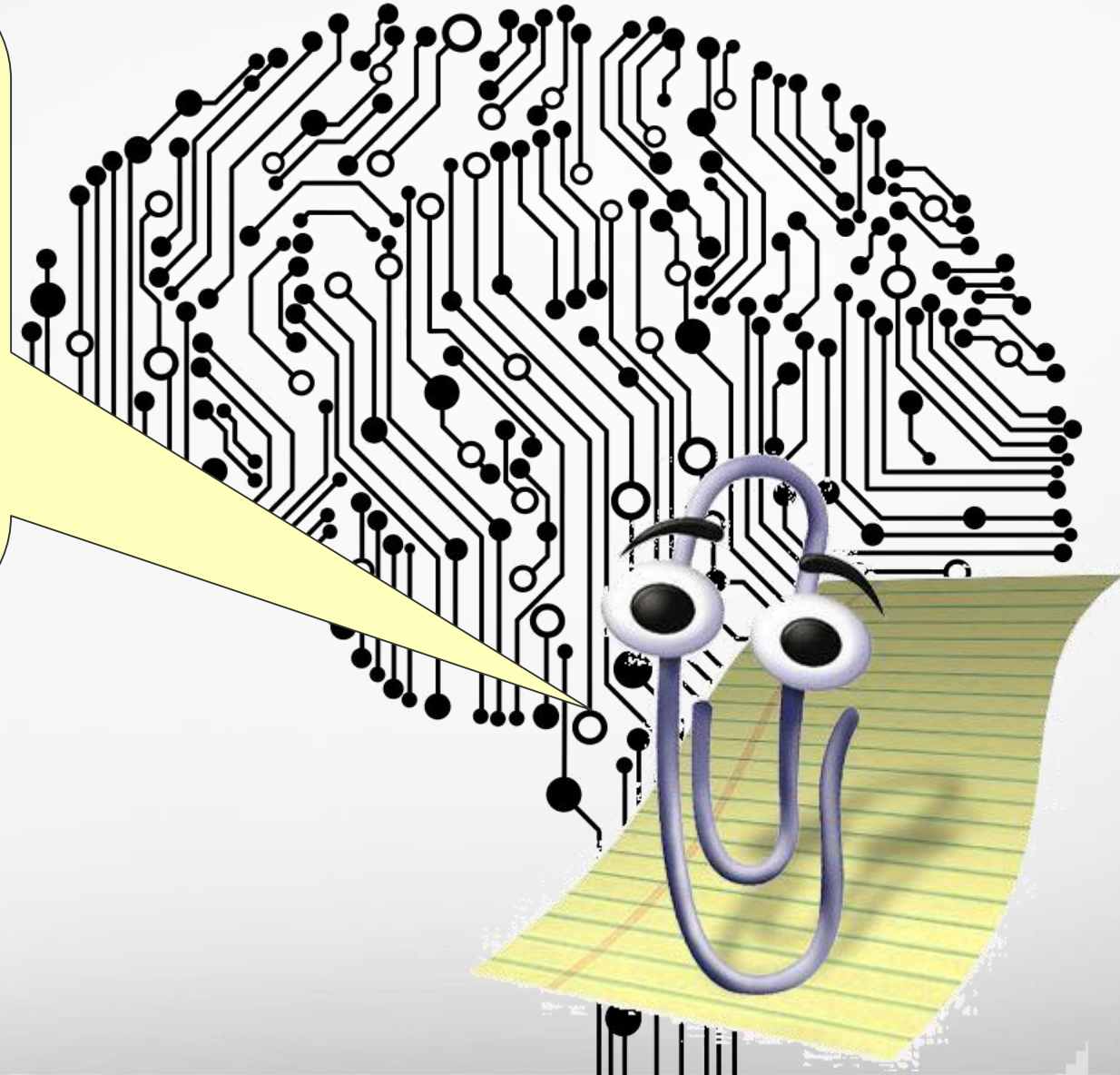


You look like you're trying to  
build a machine learning  
algorithm.

Would you like some help?

Yes

No



# Microsoft AI

Amplify human ingenuity



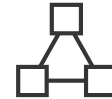
Agent



Applications



**Services**



Infrastructure



# Services

## **Cognitive Services**

Bot Framework

Cognitive Toolkit



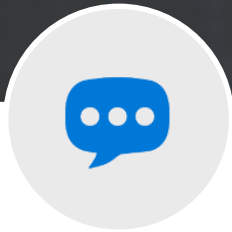
# Microsoft Cognitive Services

Give your apps a human side



## Vision

From faces to feelings, allow your apps to understand images and video



## Speech

Hear and speak to your users by filtering noise, identifying speakers, and understanding intent



## Language

Process text and learn how to recognize what users want



## Knowledge

Tap into rich knowledge amassed from the web, academia, or your own data



## Search

Access billions of web pages, images, videos, and news with the power of Bing APIs



## Labs

An early look at emerging Cognitive Services technologies: discover, try & give feedback on new technologies before general availability



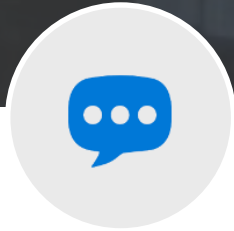
# Microsoft Cognitive Services

Give your apps a human side



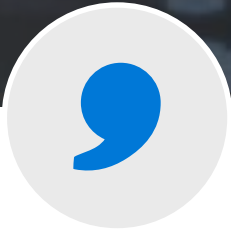
## Vision

- Computer Vision
- Content Moderator
- Emotion
- Face
- Video
- Video Indexer
- Custom Vision Service



## Speech

- Bing Speech
- Speaker Recognition
- Custom Speech Service



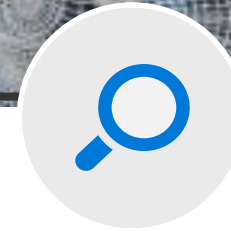
## Language

- Bing Spell Check
- Language Understanding
- Linguistic Analysis
- Translator Text & Speech
- Web Language Model
- Text Analytics



## Knowledge

- Academic Knowledge
- Entity Linking
- Knowledge Exploration
- Recommendations
- QnA Maker
- Custom Decision Service



## Search

- Bing Autosuggest
- Bing Image Search
- Bing News Search
- Bing Video Search
- Bing Web Search
- Bing Custom Search



## Labs

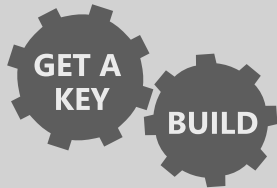
- Project Prague (gesture)
- Cuzco (events)
- Johannesburg (routing)
- Nanjing (Isochrones)
- Abu Dhabi (distance matrix)
- Wollongong (location)
- Enduring Freedom (just kidding 😊)

# Why Microsoft Cognitive Services ?

## Easy

Roll your own with REST APIs

Simple to add: just a few lines of code required



## Flexible

Make the same API code call on iOS, Android, and Windows

Integrate into the language and platform of your choice

Bring your own data for your custom experience



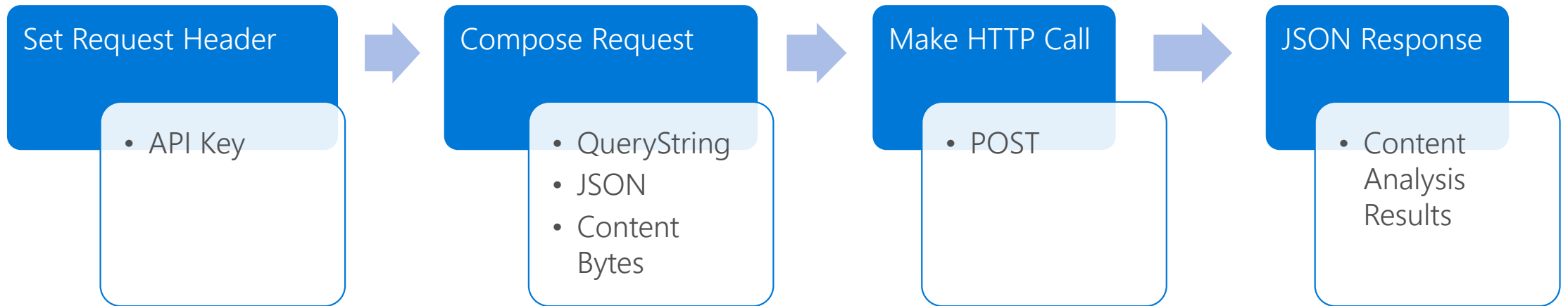
## Tested

Built by experts in their field from Microsoft Research, Bing, and Azure Machine Learning

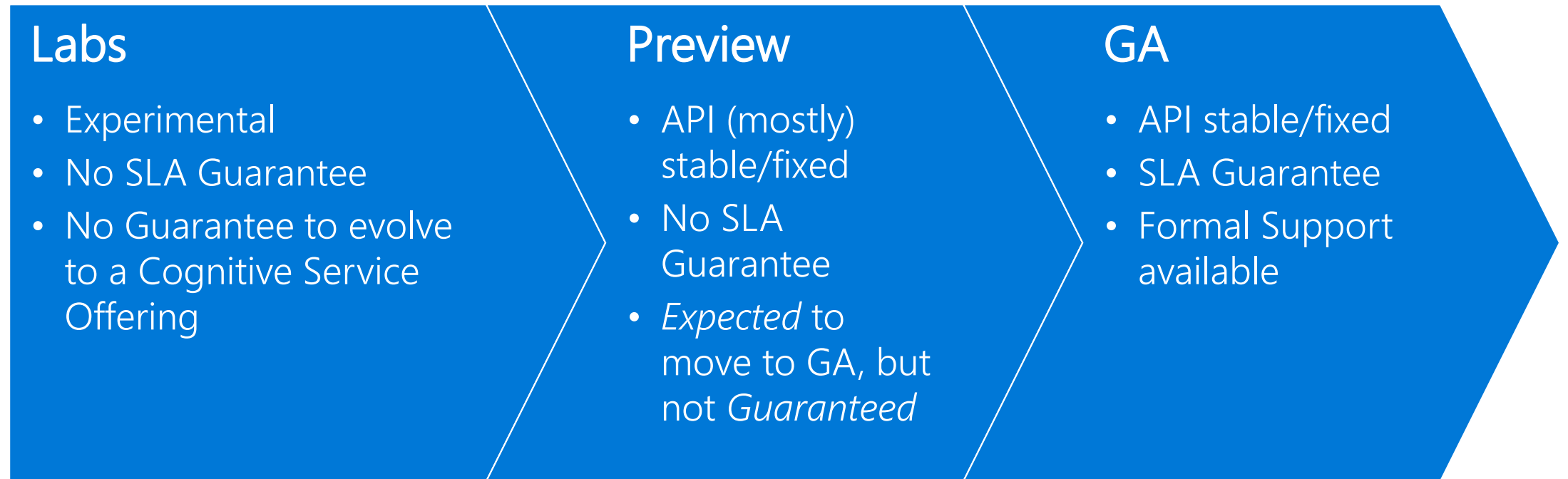
Quality documentation, sample code, and community support



# Typical Interaction Paradigm



# Lifecycle of a Cognitive Service Offering



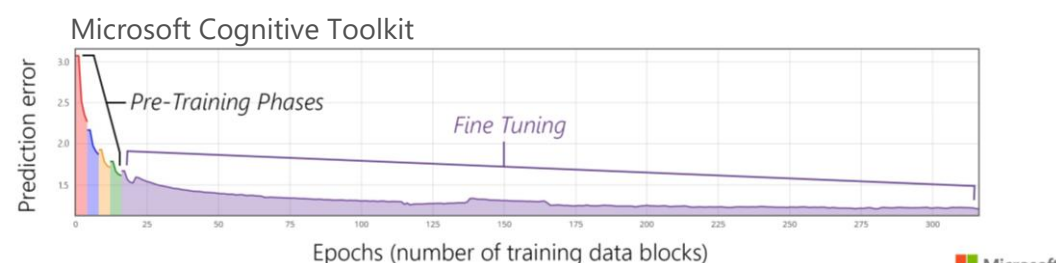
# Cognitive Toolkit

<https://github.com/Microsoft/CNTK>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/cognitive-toolkit/>

## Unlock deeper learning

A free, easy-to-use, open-source toolkit that trains deep learning algorithms to learn like the human brain.



# Exploring Cognitive Services

<http://azure.com/cognitive>



WHEN A USER TAKES A PHOTO,  
THE APP SHOULD CHECK WHETHER  
THEY'RE IN A NATIONAL PARK...

SURE, EASY GIS LOOKUP.  
GIMME A FEW HOURS.

... AND CHECK WHETHER  
THE PHOTO IS OF A BIRD.

I'LL NEED A RESEARCH  
TEAM AND FIVE YEARS.



IN CS, IT CAN BE HARD TO EXPLAIN  
THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE EASY  
AND THE VIRTUALLY IMPOSSIBLE.