Web Technologies

Lab session 3

JavaScript

- JavaScript is the programming language of HTML and the Web
- Languages of the Web
 - HTML defines content
 - CSS defines layout
 - JavaScript defines behavior
- https://www.w3schools.com/js

JavaScript: Overview

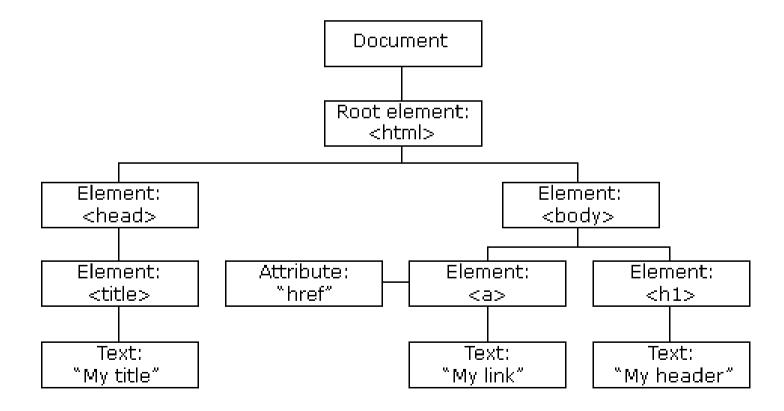
- General purpose programming language
 - Runs in browser
 - Runs in dedicated runtime environments (NodeJS)
- Manipulate HTML and CSS
 - Content
 - Attributes
 - Add/remove DOM nodes

JavaScript: Overview

- JS can be put anywhere in the HTML page
 - HTML element <script>
 - Recommended to place it at the end of <body>
 - improves page loading speed
 - Recommended to place it in external *.js files and include it in HTML
- JS sometime behaves differently as you expect
 - Running in strict mode reduces the probability of such quirks: "use strict"; Strict mode allows you to write better code: commands provided in bad syntax become errors
 - https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_strict.asp

JavaScript: DOM

 When a web page is loaded, the browser creates a Document Object Model (DOM)



JavaScript: DOM and BOM

- DOM is a standard for how to get, change, add, or delete HTML elements
 - Global variable document represents the web page
- BOM: Browser Object Model
 - Means to access some browser functions from JS
 - Not standardized, but all browsers support it
 - Global variable window

JavaScript: ES6

- The new JavaScript version: ECMAScript 6
- Many new features and improved language
- Variables: stop using var, use let and const
- Arrow functions: [1, 2, 3].map(x => x*x)
- String interpolation console.log(`\${1+1}`)
- Default function parameters
- Many more: http://es6-features.org

JavaScript: jQuery

- jQuery is JS library
 - Simplifies working with DOM
 - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/default.asp
- jQuery uses **selectors like CSS** to select elements and **perform actions** on them

```
$("p").hide()
$(".myclass").hide()
$("#first").val("New value")
$("button").click(() => console.log("You clicked.")))
```

Assignment 1: Complete JS App

- When the user provides the first name, the last name and the role, the participant should be added to list (table) of participants
- When the user double-clicks on a participant (row), the participant should be removed from the list
 - The user should be prompted to confirm the removal: use dialog to prompt the user

Web technologies

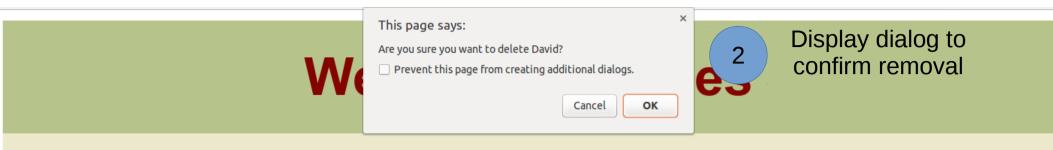
The list of class participants.



First name	Last name	Role
Mira	Trebar	Lecturer
David	Jelenc	Teaching assistant
Marija	Novak	Student

─Add a new partic	ipant
First name:	
Last name:	
Role: stud	dent ▼
Add participa	nt

An example footer text. Web technologies @ UL-FRI



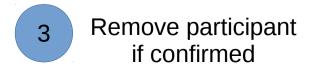
The list of class participants.

First name	Last name	Role
Mira	Trebar	Lecturer
David	Jelenc	Teaching assistant
Marija	Novak	Student

Double click on a participant

─Add a new participant	
7 tad a new participant	
First name:	
Last name:	
Role: Student	▼
Add participant	

An example footer text. Web technologies @ UL-FRI



Assignment 2: Persistence

- Problem: If you refresh the page, data is lost
- Solution: use HTML5 localstorage to save the contents
 - https://www.w3schools.com/html/html5_webstorage.asp
- Some hints
 - Represent each participant as an object with four properties: id,
 first, last, role
 - The id should be an integer that increases with each participant
 - Add participants to an array, and save the array to localStorage
 - Since localStorage cannot save arrays, encode the array as JSON and save the JSON to localStorage:
 - JSON.stringify([1, 2, 3])
 - JSON.parse(stringToBeParsed)