

# Web Technologies

Lab session 2

# HTML5

- HTML: Hype-Text **Markup** Language
  - Used to markup (annotate) the content
  - Not to define the outlook (design)
- All modern browsers *support* HTML5
  - Support for older browsers can be added manually
  - [https://www.w3schools.com/html/html5\\_browsers.a  
sp](https://www.w3schools.com/html/html5_browsers.asp)

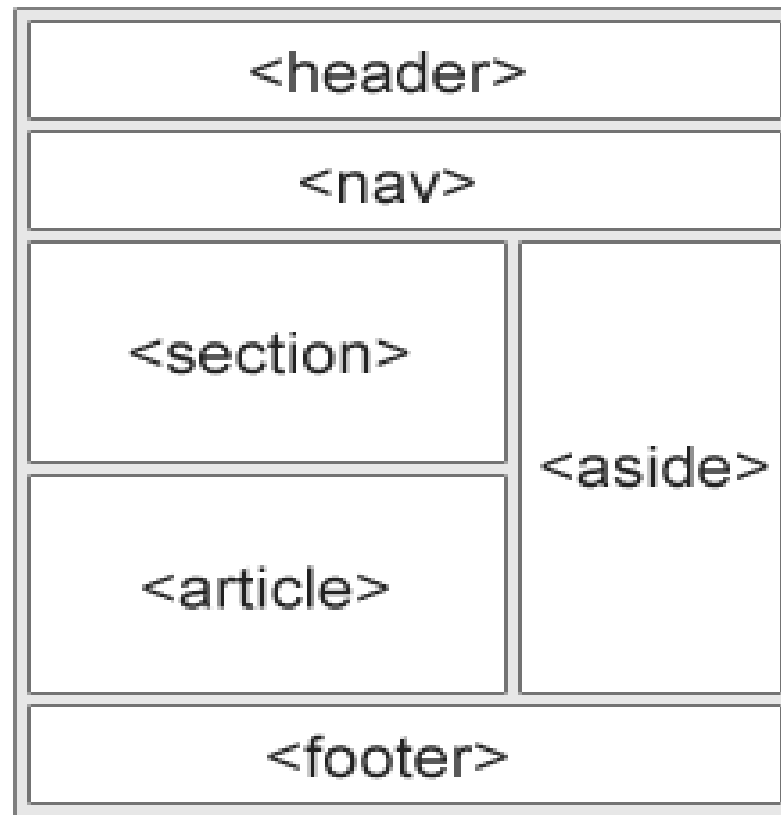
# HTML5: Novelties

- Elements:
  - Semantic elements: header, footer, article, section
  - Attributes for form elements: number, date, time, calendar
  - Graphic elements: svg, canvas
  - Multimedia elements: audio, video
- API
  - HTML Geolocation
  - HTML Drag and Drop
  - HTML Local Storage
  - HTML Application Cache
  - HTML Web Workers
  - HTML SSE (server-sent events)

# HTML5: Semantic elements

- Semantic elements = elements that have meaning
  - Easier for search engines and other software to parse web pages
- **section**: a thematic grouping of content, typically with a heading
- **article**: independent, self-contained content; should stand on its own; forum post, blog, post, newspaper article
  - Ambiguity: Is section a part of an article or is an article a part of a section?
- **footer, header, nav, aside, details ...**

# HTML5: Semantic elements



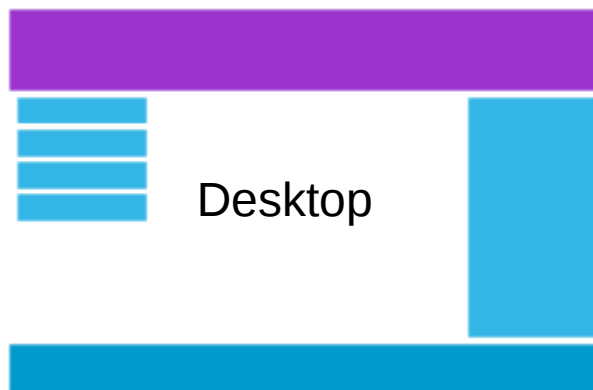
# CSS3

- Latest version of the CSS standard
- Some of the CSS3 modules:
  - Selectors, Box Model, Backgrounds and Borders, Image Values and Replaced Content, Text Effects, 2D/3D Transformations, Animations, ...
  - [https://www.w3schools.com/css/css3\\_intro.asp](https://www.w3schools.com/css/css3_intro.asp)
- Supported by most modern browsers: some browsers require dedicated commands

```
.newspaper {  
    -webkit-column-count: 3; /* Chrome, Safari, Opera */  
    -moz-column-count: 3;    /* Firefox */  
    column-count: 3;         /* The actual CSS */  
}
```

# Responsive Web Design (RWD)

- Responsive web design
  - A design that adapts to the size of the screen
  - Uses only HTML and CSS, no JavaScript
- Web is not only for desktop: we have tablets and phones, too
- Pages should adapt its content to fit any device



# RWD: Viewport

- Viewport: visible area of a web page
  - Large on desktop, small on phones
- Use meta tag to set the viewport size and prevent initial zoom-out



```
<meta name="viewport"
      content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
```



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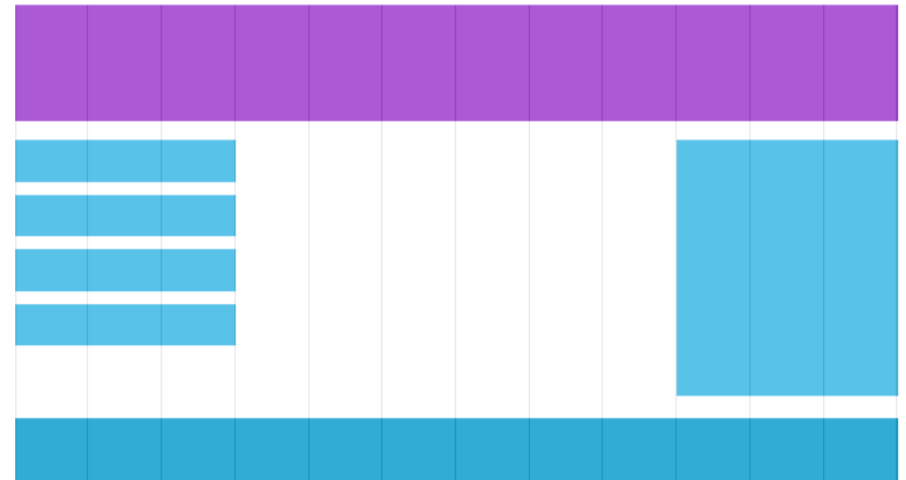
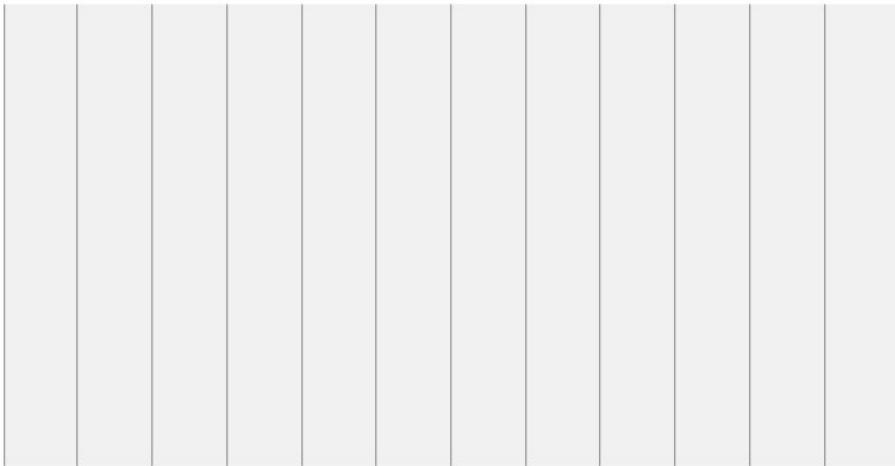


# RWD: Key principles

- **Flexible layouts** denote the practice of building the layout with a flexible grid, capable of dynamically resizing to any width
- **Media Queries** provide the ability to specify different styles for different browser and device configurations
- **Flexible Media** denotes the scalability of images, videos, and other media types as the size of the viewport changes

# RWD: Flexible grid: grid-view

- Often we use a **grid-view**, which means that the page is divided into columns
- Easy to place elements. Typically, we use 12 columns



Size of elements should be given in percentages.

# RWD: Media queries (MQ)

- Media queries are part of CSS3
- Idea is to use **@media** rule to include a block of CSS properties only if a certain condition holds
  - [https://www.w3schools.com/cssref/css3\\_pr\\_mediaquery.asp](https://www.w3schools.com/cssref/css3_pr_mediaquery.asp)

```
@media not|only mediatype and (media feature) {  
    CSS-Code;  
}
```
- These rules are called **breakpoints**

# RWD: Media queries (MQ)

- When the viewport is smaller than 500px, the background color changes to lightblue

```
body {  
    background-color: lightgreen;  
}
```

```
@media only screen and (max-width: 500px) {  
    body {  
        background-color: lightblue;  
    }  
}
```

# RWD: MQ: Mobile first

- Mobile first means using styles targeted at smaller viewports as the default and then using media queries to add styles for larger viewports
  - A mobile user should not have to load the styles for a desktop computer only to have them over written with mobile styles later
    - Waste of bandwidth and processing (battery life)
- Be mobile friendly
  - soon the majority of Internet will be done over mobile devices

# RWD: Flexible media

- Media (images video) should change with the viewport
  - small screens small media, larger screens larger media
- Easy fix

```
img, video, canvas {  
    max-width: 100%;  
    height: auto;  
}
```

# Assignment 1

- Add a MQ breakpoint for phones (widths up to 600px):
  - Here each column should be of 100% width
- Add a MQ breakpoint for tablets (widths up to 800px)
  - The **nav** and **article** should be in the same row
  - The **aside** should be in new row
- Use the mobile first implementation strategy
- Add sunrise.png image and make it responsive
- [https://www.w3schools.com/css/css\\_rwd\\_mediaqueries.asp](https://www.w3schools.com/css/css_rwd_mediaqueries.asp)

# Lab session 2: Responsive Web Design

Index
HTML5: SVG
Item 3
Item 4

## Overview

Responsive web design makes your web page look good on all devices.

Responsive web design uses only HTML and CSS.

Responsive web design is not a program or a JavaScript.

## Three principles

For a design to be called responsive, it has to adhere to three principles: **flexible layouts**, **media queries**, and **flexible media**.

## Flexible layouts

Flexible layouts denote the practice of building the layout with a flexible grid, capable of dynamically resizing to any width.

## Media Queries

Media queries provide the ability to specify different styles for individual browser and device circumstances, the width of the viewport or device orientation for example.

## Flexible Media

Images, videos, and other media types need to be scalable, changing their size as the size of the viewport changes.



### Flexible layouts

Layout should be a flexible grid that dynamically resizes to any width.

### Media Queries

Media queries allow defining different styles for different browser and device configurations.

### Flexible Media

Images, videos, and other media types should also be dynamically resizable.

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# Assignment 2

- On page “HTML5: SVG”, use ellipse element to draw eyes on the smiley face
  - The end result should look something like the following

