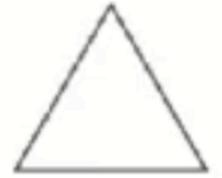
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Coding a fractal

- Many fractals are implemented as a function that accepts x/y coordinates, size, and a *level* parameter.
 - The level is the number of recurrences of the pattern to draw.
- Example, Koch snowflake:
 snowflake(window, x, y, size, 1);



snowflake(window, x, y, size, 2);



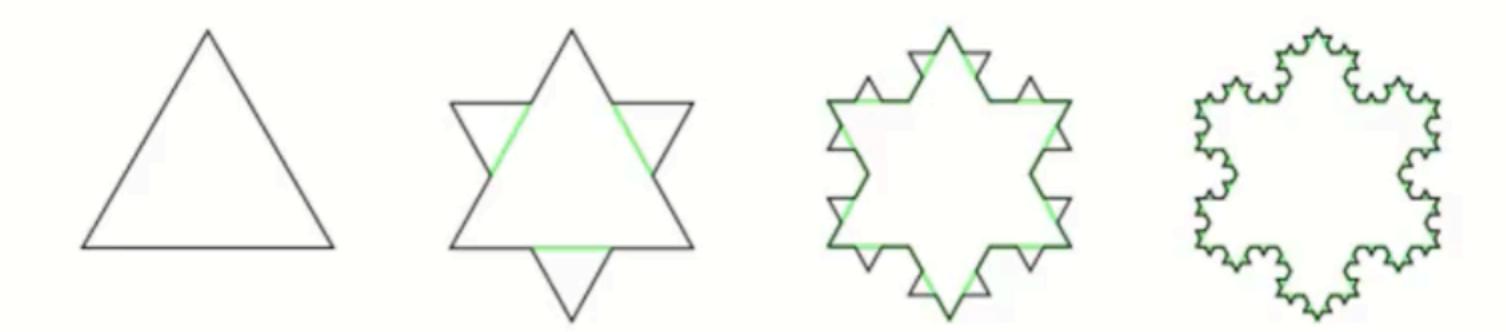
snowflake(window, x, y, size, 3);



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Koch snowflake

 Koch snowflake: A fractal formed by pulling a triangular "bend" out of each side of an existing triangle at each level.



- Start with an equilateral triangle, then:
 - Divide each of its 3 line segments into 3 parts of equal length.
 - Draw an eq.triangle with middle segment as base, pointing outward.
 - Remove the middle line segment.

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Boxy fractal

 Where should the following line be inserted in order to get the figure at right?

```
window.fillRect(x, y, size, size); // draws a gray square
void fractal(GWindow& gw, int x, int y, int size, int order) {
    if (order >= 0) {
        // A) here
        fractal(gw, x-size/2, y-size/2, size/2, order-1);
        // B) here
        fractal(gw, x+size/2, y+size/2, size/2, order-1);
        // C) here
        fractal(gw, x+size/2, y-size/2, size/2, order-1);
        // D) here
        fractal(gw, x-size/2, y+size/2, size/2, order-1);
        // E) here
```

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Stanford graphics lib

#include "gwindow.h"

```
gw.drawLine(x1, y1, x2, y2); draws a line between the given two points
gw.drawPolarLine(x, y, r, t); draws line from (x,y) at angle t of length r;
returns the line's end point as a GPoint
gw.getPixel(x, y) returns an RGB int for a single pixel
gw.setColor("color"); sets color with a color name string like "red", or
#RRGGBB string like "#ff00cc", or RGB int
gw.setPixel(x, y, rgb); sets a single RGB pixel on the window
gw.drawOval(x, y, w, h); other shape and line drawing functions
gw.fillRect(x, y, w, h); ... (see online docs for complete member list)
```

```
GWindow gw(300, 200);
gw.setTitle("CS 106X Fractals");
gw.drawLine(20, 20, 100, 100);
```