SOEN 287 WEB PROGRAMMING

PHP – 2
A few extras
User defined functions
Pattern matching



A few extras ... Arrays are very useful

```
<?php
  //first make an array of today's desserts
    $desserts = array("Apple pie a la mode",
            "Rhubarb strawberry pie",
            "Creme caramel",
            "Praline almond cheese cake",
            "Oreo cheese cake",
            "Carrot cake",
                                        arraysHTML.php
            "Banana split",
            "Chocolate cake");
  // Display the content of the array
     foreach ($desserts as $key => $value)
       print("[$key] => $value <br />");
```

A few extras ... Arrays are very useful

```
//make the array into a numbered list
  print "";
  foreach ($desserts as $dessert) {
        print " $dessert";
                                 Content of array as a numbered list
  } // end foreach
  print "";
                                    1. Apple pie a la mode
                                    2. Rhubarb strawberry pie
                                    3. Creme caramel
                                    4. Praline almond cheese cake
                                    5. Oreo cheese cake
                                    6. Carrot cake
                                    7. Banana split
                                    8. Chocolate cake
```

arraysHTML.php

A few extras ... Arrays are very useful

```
• • •
```

```
//make the array into a select object
print "<select name = \"dessert\"><br />";
foreach ($desserts as $dessert) {
    print " <option value =
\"$dessert\">$dessert</option>";
} // end foreach
print "</select>";

Apple pie a la mode
Rhubarb strawberry pie
Creme caramel
Praline almond cheese cake
Oren cheese cake
```

arraysHTML.php

Rhubarb strawberry pie
Creme caramel
Praline almond cheese cake
Oreo cheese cake
Carrot cake
Banana split
Chocolate cake

Apple pie a la mode

A few extras on Output in PHP

Four different ways to output:

- 1. print 🗸
- 2. echo 🗸
- 3. var_dump
- 4. print_r



print vs echo

• print:

- ✓ Outputs a single string
- Can be used with or without ()
- ✓ Returns 1, so can be used in an expression

• echo

- ✓ Outputs one or more strings separated by commas
- ✓ No return value
- ✓ Syntax: () when used with one string, comma when used with many strings

```
$name="Nancy Acemian";

print $name;
print "<br />";

echo $name, "<br />";

Or
echo($name);
echo("<br />");
```

```
print $name;
print "<br />";
echo $name, "<br />";
      Or
echo($ name);
echo("<br />");
echo $name, " ",
$name, "<br />";
```

```
foreach ($cars as $x) {
    print $x;
    print "<br />";}

foreach ($cars as $x) {
    echo $x , "<br />";}
```

```
Austin Healey
BMW
Camaro
Datsun
Ferrari
Hyunda
Jaguar
Lamborghini
```

```
foreach ($cars as $x=>$x_value)

{    print "Key=";
    print $x;
    print ", Value=";
    print $x_value;
    print "<br/>print ">"; }
```

```
foreach
  ($cars as $x=>$x_value) {
   echo "Key=".$x.", Value=".
        $x_value."<br>";}
```

Key=hisCar, Value=Austin Healey
Key=myCar, Value=BMW
Key=0, Value=Camaro
Key=1, Value=Datsun
Key=2, Value=Ferrari
Key=kidsCar, Value=Hyunda
Key=3, Value=Jaguar
Key=herCar, Value=Lamborghini

Example: print_r

```
print_r($cars);
```

```
Array ([hisCar] => Austin Healey
[myCar] => BMW
[0] => Camaro
[1] => Datsun
[2] => Ferrari
[kidsCar] => Hyunda
[3] => Jaguar
[herCar] => Lamborghini)
```

```
print_r($name);
print_r($num);

JohnSmith
123
```

Example: var_dump

```
var_dump($cars);
```

```
array(8) { ["hisCar"]=>
string(13) "Austin Healey"
["myCar"]=> string(3) "BMW"
[0]=> string(6) "Camaro"
[1]=> string(6) "Datsun"
[2]=> string(7) "Ferrari"
["kidsCar"]=> string(6)
"Hyunda"
[3]=> string(6) "Jaguar"
["herCar"]=> string(11)
"Lamborghini" }
```

```
var_dump($name);
var_dump($num);
string(13) "Nancy Acemian" int(123)
```

Placing PHP script in markup document

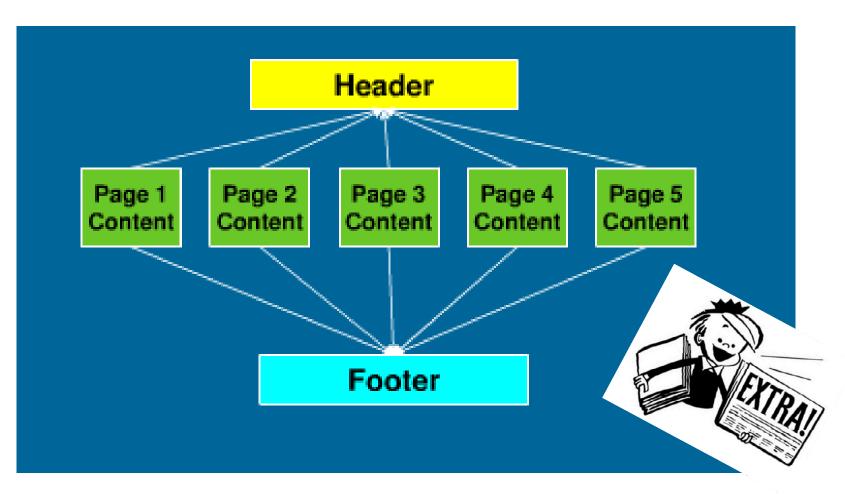
1. Have seen to date imbedded in markup document <?php

```
?>
```

2. Can also have in an external file in which case need the <include "filename" > construct

Here is an example of how to use it ...

A few extras: Templates for your websites



http://www.docstoc.com/docs/11888413/Seminar-on-PHP-%28introducing-PHP%29

Templates for your websites ...

Can implement templates for your websites – same header and footer on all pages

Step 1: Create a file with the <u>header</u> information - remove the closing body and html tags.

topOfPage.php

Templates for your websites

Step 2: Create a file containing the <u>footer</u> info add the closing body and html tags

Templates for your websites

Step 3: Then create the basic template that you will use on

all your pages.

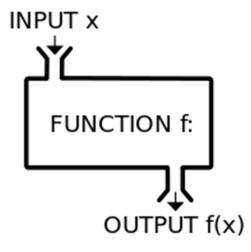
Be sure to name the files with a .php extension.

```
<?php
 // header
 include("topOfPage.php");
?>
Insert content here
<?php
 // footer
 include("bottom.php");
?>
```

usingTemplate.php

Syntactic form:

```
function function_name(formal_parameters)
{
    ...
}
```



General Characteristics

- Functions need not be defined before they are called
- If you try to redefine a function, it is an error
- Functions can have a variable number of parameters
- Default parameter values are supported

General Characteristics

- Function definitions can be nested
- Function names are NOT case sensitive
- The return function is used to return a value; If there is no return, there is no returned value

Parameters

- If the caller sends too many actual parameters, the subprogram ignores the extra ones
- If the caller does not send enough parameters, the unmatched formal parameters are unbound
- The default parameter passing method is pass by value (one-way communication)

Parameters

 To specify pass-by-reference, prepend an ampersand to the formal parameter

```
function set_max(&$max, $first, $second) {
   if ($first >= $second)
      $max = $first;
   else
      $max = $second;
}
```

Parameters

• If the function does not specify its parameter to be pass by reference, you can prepend an ampersand to the actual parameter in the function call and still get pass-byreference semantics.

```
someFunction(&$a, $b,12);
```

Return Values

- Any type may be returned, including objects and arrays, using the return
- If a function returns a reference, the name of the function must have a prepended ampersand

```
function &newArray($x) { ... }
```

Scope of Variables

- An undeclared variable in a function has the scope of the function.
- To access a nonlocal variable, it must be declared to be global, as in global \$sum;
- In a function the declaration global \$sum; gives access to the variable \$sum which is declared outside of the function.

Scope of Variables Example

```
<?php
$output = "<p>Hello World!";
function hello1() {
    global $output;
    print $output;
}
function hello2() {
    print $output;
}
hello1();
hello2();
```

?>

How many Hello World will be printed?

Lifetime of Variables

- Normally, the lifetime of a variable in a function is from its first appearance to the end of the function's execution.
- If want to retain a variable in a function past the execution of script (duration of script) declare it as static.

Example of static variable



```
<?php
function myTest() {
  static $x = 0;
  echo $x, "<br />";
  $x++;
myTest();
myTest();
myTest();
?>
```

Output:

You try



Write a PHP function with the following specifications:

<u>Parameters</u>

- 1. An array of numbers (pass by value)
- 2. Two arrays (pass by reference)

Return value: none

Result:

1st pass by reference contains values >0 of the given array while the 2nd pass by reference contains the values < 0.

Write the function and code to test it

Pattern Matching

- PHP has two kinds: POSIX and Perl-compatible
- We will focus of Perl-compatible (like tose of JS)
- Will consider only the following 2 functions:

```
1. preg_match(regex, str)
  where
  regex is the regular expression looking for
  str is the string to search
```

Returns a Boolean value

Pattern Matching

Example of preg_match

```
$name="John Smith";
if(preg_match("/^J"/,$name)
  echo $name," begins with J";
else
  echo $name," does not begins with J";
```

pattern.php

Pattern Matching

- Will consider only the following 2 functions:
- preg_split (regex, str)
 Returns an array of the substrings
 - → SHOW word_table.php