

1. จงเขียนคำสั่งเพื่อดึงข้อมูลทุก colum น์จากตาราง city

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a results grid. The query editor contains the SQL command: `SELECT * FROM world.city;`. The results grid displays 28 rows of data from the 'city' table, with columns: ID, Name, CountryCode, District, and Population.

	ID	Name	CountryCode	District	Population
▶	1	Kabul	AFG	Kabul	1780000
	2	Qandahar	AFG	Qandahar	237500
	3	Herat	AFG	Herat	186800
	4	Mazar-e-Sharif	AFG	Balkh	127800
	5	Amsterdam	NLD	Noord-Holland	731200
	6	Rotterdam	NLD	Zuid-Holland	593321
	7	Haag	NLD	Zuid-Holland	440900
	8	Utrecht	NLD	Utrecht	234323
	9	Eindhoven	NLD	Noord-Brabant	201843
	10	Tilburg	NLD	Noord-Brabant	193238
	11	Groningen	NLD	Groningen	172701
	12	Breda	NLD	Noord-Brabant	160398
	13	Apeldoorn	NLD	Gelderland	153491
	14	Nijmegen	NLD	Gelderland	152463
	15	Enschede	NLD	Overijssel	149544
	16	Haarlem	NLD	Noord-Holland	148772
	17	Almere	NLD	Flevoland	142465
	18	Arnhem	NLD	Gelderland	138020
	19	Zaanstad	NLD	Noord-Holland	135621
	20	's-Hertogenb...	NLD	Noord-Brabant	129170
	21	Amersfoort	NLD	Utrecht	126270
	22	Maastricht	NLD	Limburg	122087
	23	Dordrecht	NLD	Zuid-Holland	119811
	24	Leiden	NLD	Zuid-Holland	117196
	25	Haarlemmerm...	NLD	Noord-Holland	110722
	26	Zoetermeer	NLD	Zuid-Holland	110214
	27	Emmen	NLD	Drenthe	105853
	28	Zwolle	NLD	Overijssel	105819

2. จงแสดงรายชื่อเมือง (Name) และเขตการปกครอง (District) ของทุกเมือง

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Query 1' and 'city', and 'SQL File 1*' which contains the query. Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons. The main area shows the SQL query:

```
1 • select name,District from world.city;
```

Below the query is a result grid titled 'Result Grid' with columns 'name' and 'District'. The results list numerous cities and their districts, such as Kabul, Qandahar, Herat, Mazar-e-Sharif, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Haag, Utrecht, Eindhoven, Tilburg, Groningen, Breda, Apeldoorn, Nijmegen, Enschede, Haarlem, Almere, Arnhem, Zaanstad, 's-Hertogenbosch, Amersfoort, Maastricht, Dordrecht, Leiden, Haarlemmermeer, Zoetermeer, Emmen, and Zwolle.

	name	District
▶	Kabul	Kabul
	Qandahar	Qandahar
	Herat	Herat
	Mazar-e-Sharif	Balkh
	Amsterdam	Noord-Holland
	Rotterdam	Zuid-Holland
	Haag	Zuid-Holland
	Utrecht	Utrecht
	Eindhoven	Noord-Brabant
	Tilburg	Noord-Brabant
	Groningen	Groningen
	Breda	Noord-Brabant
	Apeldoorn	Gelderland
	Nijmegen	Gelderland
	Enschede	Overijssel
	Haarlem	Noord-Holland
	Almere	Flevoland
	Arnhem	Gelderland
	Zaanstad	Noord-Holland
	's-Hertogenbosch	Noord-Brabant
	Amersfoort	Utrecht
	Maastricht	Limburg
	Dordrecht	Zuid-Holland
	Leiden	Zuid-Holland
	Haarlemmermeer	Noord-Holland
	Zoetermeer	Zuid-Holland
	Emmen	Drenthe
	Zwolle	Overijssel

3. จงหาชื่อเมืองที่อยู่ในรหัสประเทศ (CountryCode) เป็น 'THA'

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a results grid.

Query Editor:

```
1 •  select name,CountryCode from world.city where CountryCode = "THA";  
2
```

Results Grid:

	name	CountryCode
▶	Bangkok	THA
	Nonthaburi	THA
	Nakhon Ratchasima	THA
	Chiang Mai	THA
	Udon Thani	THA
	Hat Yai	THA
	Khon Kaen	THA
	Pak Kret	THA
	Nakhon Sawan	THA
	Ubon Ratchathani	THA
	Songkhla	THA
	Nakhon Pathom	THA

4. จงหาเมืองที่มีจำนวนประชากร (Population) มากกว่า 1,000,000 คน

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a result grid. The query is:

```
1 •    ity where Population > 1000000;select name, Population from world.city where Population > 1000000;
```

The result grid displays the following data:

name	Population
Kabul	1780000
Alger	2168000
Luanda	2022000
Buenos Aires	2982146
La Matanza	1266461
Córdoba	1157507
Yerevan	1248700
Sydney	3276207
Melbourne	2865329
Brisbane	1291117
Perth	1096829
Baku	1787800
Dhaka	3612850
Chittagong	1392860
São Paulo	9968485
Rio de Janeiro	5598953
Salvador	2302832
Belo Horizonte	2139125
Fortaleza	2097757
Brasília	1969868
Curitiba	1584232
Recife	1378087
Porto Alegre	1314032
Manaus	1255049
Belém	1186926
Guarulhos	1095874
Goiânia	1056330
London	7285000

5. จงหาเมืองในรหัสประเทศ (CountryCode) เป็น 'BEL' และที่มีจำนวนประชากร (Population) มากกว่า 2,000,000 คน

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a result grid. The query is:

```
1 •    CountryCode , Population from world.city where CountryCode ="BEL" and Population > 2000000;
```

The result grid displays the following data:

name	CountryCode	Population
------	-------------	------------

6. จงแสดงชื่อประเทศ (Name) และทวีป (Continent) ของทุกประเทศ

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a results grid. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

```
1 • select name, continent from world.country;
```

The results grid displays the following data:

	name	continent
▶	Aruba	North America
	Afghanistan	Asia
	Angola	Africa
	Anguilla	North America
	Albania	Europe
	Andorra	Europe
	Netherlands Antilles	North America
	United Arab Emirates	Asia
	Argentina	South America
	Armenia	Asia
	American Samoa	Oceania
	Antarctica	Antarctica
	French Southern ter...	Antarctica
	Antigua and Barbuda	North America
	Australia	Oceania
	Austria	Europe
	Azerbaijan	Asia
	Burundi	Africa
	Belgium	Europe
	Benin	Africa
	Burkina Faso	Africa
	Bangladesh	Asia
	Bulgaria	Europe
	Bahrain	Asia
	Bahamas	North America
	Bosnia and Herzego...	Europe
	Belarus	Europe
	Belize	North America

7. จงหาข้อมูลของประเทศที่ตั้งอยู่ในทวีป 'Asia'

Query 1 city SQL File 1* SQL File 2* city SQL File 3* SQL File 4* country x

```
1 • select * from world.country where Continent = "Asia";
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: |

Code	Name	Continent	Region	SurfaceArea	IndepYear	Population	LifeExpectancy	GDP	GNPOld	LocalName	GovernmentForm	HeadOfState	Capital	Code2
AFG	Afghanistan	Asia	Southern and Central Asia	652090.00	1919	22720000	45.9	5975.00		Afghanistan/Afganestani	Islamic Emirate	Mohammad Omar	1	AF
ARE	United Arab Emirates	Asia	Middle East	83600.00	1971	2441000	74.1	37966.00	36846.00	Al-imarat al-'Arabiya al-Muttaahida	Emirate Federation	Zayid bin Sultan al-Nahayan	65	AE
ARM	Armenia	Asia	Middle East	29800.00	1991	3520000	66.4	1813.00	1627.00	Hajecen	Republic	Robert Kotcharjan	126	AM
AZE	Azerbaijan	Asia	Middle East	86600.00	1991	7734900	62.9	4127.00	4100.00	Azabeycan	Federal Republic	Heydar Aliyev	144	AZ
BGD	Bangladesh	Asia	Southern and Central Asia	143998.00	1971	12615000	60.2	32852.00	31964.00	Bangladesh	Republic	Shahabuddin Ahmad	150	BD
BHR	Bahrain	Asia	Middle East	694.00	1971	617000	73.0	6366.00	6097.00	Al-Bahreyn	Monarchy (Emirate)	Hamad ibn Isa al-Khalifa	149	BH
BRN	Brunei	Asia	Southeast Asia	5765.00	1984	328000	73.6	11705.00	12460.00	Brunei Darussalam	Monarchy (Sultanate)	Haji Hasssan al-Bolkiah	538	BN
BTN	Bhutan	Asia	Southern and Central Asia	47000.00	1910	2144000	52.4	372.00	388.00	Druk-Yul	Monarchy	Jigme Singye Wangchuk	192	BT
CHN	China	Asia	Eastern Asia	9572900.00	-1523	1277558000	71.4	982568.00	917719.00	Zhongguo	People's Republic	Jiang Zemin	1891	CN
CYP	Cyprus	Asia	Middle East	9251.00	1960	754700	76.7	9333.00	8246.00	Kypros/Kibris	Republic	Gafkos Kerides	240	CY
GEO	Georgia	Asia	Middle East	69700.00	1991	4968000	64.5	6064.00	5924.00	Sakartvelo	Republic	Edward Sevandradze	905	GE
HKG	Hong Kong	Asia	Eastern Asia	1075.00	1997	6782000	79.5	166446.00	173610.00	Xianggang/Hong Kong	Special Administrativ...	Jiang Zemin	937	HK
IDN	Indonesia	Asia	Southeast Asia	1904569.00	1945	212107000	68.0	84982.00	215002.00	Indonesia	Republic	Abdurrahman Wahid	939	ID
IND	India	Asia	Southern and Central Asia	3287263.00	1947	101362000	62.5	447114.00	430572.00	Bharat/India	Federal Republic	Kocheril Raman Narayanan	1109	IN
IRN	Iran	Asia	Southern and Central Asia	1648195.00	1906	67702000	69.7	195746.00	160151.00	Iran	Islamic Republic	Ali Mohammad Khatami-Ard...	1380	IR
IRQ	Iraq	Asia	Middle East	498317.00	1932	23115000	66.5	11500.00		Al-'Iraq	Republic	Saddam Hussein al-Takrifi	1365	IQ
ISR	Israel	Asia	Middle East	21056.00	1948	6217000	78.6	97477.00	98577.00	Yisra'el/Isra'il	Republic	Moshe Katzav	1450	IL
JOR	Jordan	Asia	Middle East	88946.00	1948	5083000	77.4	7526.00	7051.00	Al-Urdunn	Constitutional Monar...	Abdullah II	1786	JO
JPN	Japan	Asia	Eastern Asia	377829.00	-661	126714000	80.7	3787042.00	4192638.00	Nihon/Nippon	Constitutional Monar...	Akihito	1532	JP
KAZ	Kazakhstan	Asia	Southern and Central Asia	2724900.00	1991	16232000	63.2	24375.00	23383.00	Qazaqstan	Republic	Nursultan Nazarbaev	1864	KZ
KGZ	Kyrgyzstan	Asia	Southern and Central Asia	199900.00	1991	4659000	63.4	1626.00	1767.00	Kyrgyzstan	Republic	Aksar Akayev	2253	KG
KHM	Cambodia	Asia	Southeast Asia	181035.00	1953	11168000	56.5	5121.00	5670.00	Kampuchea	Constitutional Monar...	Norodom Sihanouk	1800	KH
KOR	South Korea	Asia	Eastern Asia	99434.00	1948	46844000	74.4	320749.00	442544.00	Taehan Min'guk (Namhan)	Republic	Kim Dae-jung	2331	KR
KWT	Kuwait	Asia	Middle East	17818.00	1961	1972000	76.1	27037.00	30373.00	Al-Kuwayt	Constitutional Monar...	Jaber al-Ahmad al-Jabir al-Sab...	2429	KW
LAO	Laos	Asia	Southeast Asia	2368000.00	1953	5433000	53.1	1292.00	1746.00	Lao	Republic	Khantay Siphandone	2432	LA
LBN	Lebanon	Asia	Middle East	104000.00	1941	3282000	71.3	17121.00	15129.00	Lubnan	Republic	Emile Lahoud	2438	LB
LKA	Sri Lanka	Asia	Southern and Central Asia	65610.00	1948	18827000	71.8	15706.00	15091.00	Sri Lanka/Lankai	Republic	Chandrika Kumaratunga	3217	LK
MAC	Macao	Asia	Eastern Asia	18.00	1941	473000	81.6	5749.00	5940.00	Macau/Aomen	Special Administrativ...	Jiang Zemin	2454	MO

8. จงหาชื่อประเทศที่อยู่ในภูมิภาค (Region) 'Southeast Asia' และมีประชากรมากกว่า 50 ล้านคน

Query 1 city SQL File 1* SQL File 2* city SQL File 3* SQL File 4* country SQL File 10* x

```
1 • select name, Region, Population from world.country where Region = "Southeast Asia" and Population > 50000000;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	name	Region	Population
	Indonesia	Southeast Asia	212107000
	Philippines	Southeast Asia	75967000
	Thailand	Southeast Asia	61399000
	Vietnam	Southeast Asia	79832000

9. จงหาชื่อประเทศที่มีอายุขัยเฉลี่ย (LifeExpectancy) สูงกว่า 80 ปี

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Query 1', 'city', 'SQL File 1*', 'SQL File 2*', 'city', 'SQL File 3*', 'SQL File 4*', and 'country'. Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons. A query window contains the SQL command:

```
1 •  SELECT Name,LifeExpectancy FROM world.country where LifeExpectancy > 80;
```

Below the query window is a results grid titled 'Result Grid' with the following data:

	Name	LifeExpectancy
▶	Andorra	83.5
	Japan	80.7
	Macao	81.6
	Singapore	80.1
	San Marino	81.1

10. จงหาชื่อประเทศที่ไม่มีข้อมูลปีที่ได้รับเอกราช (IndepYear เป็น NULL)

Query 1 city SQL File 1* SQL File 2* city SQL File 3* SQL File 4* cou

File New Open Save Print Refresh Undo Redo Help Don't Limit

1 • SELECT name, IndepYear FROM world.country WHERE IndepYear IS NULL;

Result Grid | Filter Rows: _____ | Export: _____ | Wrap Cell Content:

	name	IndepYear
▶	Aruba	NULL
	Anguilla	NULL
	Netherlands Antilles	NULL
	American Samoa	NULL
	Antarctica	NULL
	French Southern territories	NULL
	Bermuda	NULL
	Bouvet Island	NULL
	Cocos (Keeling) Islands	NULL
	Cook Islands	NULL
	Christmas Island	NULL
	Cayman Islands	NULL
	Western Sahara	NULL
	Falkland Islands	NULL
	Faroe Islands	NULL
	Gibraltar	NULL
	Guadeloupe	NULL
	Greenland	NULL
	French Guiana	NULL
	Guam	NULL
	Hong Kong	NULL
	Heard Island and McDonald Islands	NULL
	British Indian Ocean Territory	NULL
	Macao	NULL
	Northern Mariana Islands	NULL
	Montserrat	NULL
	Martinique	NULL
	Mayotte	NULL

11. จงหาชื่อประเทศที่มีค่า GNP ในปัจจุบันมากกว่าค่า GNP เก่า (GNPOld)

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a results grid. The query is:

```
1 •  SELECT Name, GNP, GNPOld FROM world.country where GNP > GNPOld;
```

The results grid displays the following data:

	Name	GNP	GNPOld
▶	Aruba	828.00	793.00
	Albania	3205.00	2500.00
	United Arab Emirates	37966.00	36846.00
	Argentina	340238.00	323310.00
	Armenia	1813.00	1627.00
	Antigua and Barbuda	612.00	584.00
	Austria	211860.00	206025.00
	Azerbaijan	4127.00	4100.00
	Belgium	249704.00	243948.00
	Benin	2357.00	2141.00
	Burkina Faso	2425.00	2201.00
	Bangladesh	32852.00	31966.00
	Bulgaria	12178.00	10169.00
	Bahrain	6366.00	6097.00
	Bahamas	3527.00	3347.00
	Belize	630.00	616.00
	Bermuda	2328.00	2190.00
	Bolivia	8571.00	7967.00
	Barbados	2223.00	2186.00
	Central African Rep...	1054.00	993.00
	Switzerland	264478.00	256092.00
	China	982268.00	917719.00
	Côte d'Ivoire	11345.00	10285.00
	Cameroon	9174.00	8596.00
	Congo, The Democr...	6964.00	2474.00
	Comoros	4401.00	4361.00
	Cape Verde	435.00	420.00
	Costa Rica	10226.00	9757.00

12. จงแสดงภาษา (Language) ทั้งหมดที่ใช้ในประเทศ 'USA'

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Query 1', 'city', 'SQL File 1*', 'SQL File 2*', 'city', 'SQL File 3*', 'SQL File 4*', 'country', and 'SQL File 10'. Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons for database management. A query window contains the SQL command:

```
1 • SELECT CountryCode, Language FROM world.countrylanguage where CountryCode = "USA";
```

Below the query window is a 'Result Grid' with the following data:

	CountryCode	Language
▶	USA	Chinese
	USA	English
	USA	French
	USA	German
	USA	Italian
	USA	Japanese
	USA	Korean
	USA	Polish
	USA	Portuguese
	USA	Spanish
	USA	Tagalog
	USA	Vietnamese
*	NULL	NULL

13. จงหาภาษาที่เป็นภาษาทางการ (IsOfficial = 'T')

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a result grid. The query is:

```
1 •  SELECT Language, IsOfficial FROM world.countrylanguage WHERE IsOfficial = "T";
```

The result grid displays the following data:

Language	IsOfficial
Dutch	T
Dari	T
Pashto	T
English	T
Albaniana	T
Catalan	T
Dutch	T
Papiamento	T
Arabic	T
Spanish	T
Armenian	T
English	T
Samoan	T
English	T
English	T
German	T
Azerbaijani	T
French	T
Kirundi	T
Dutch	T
French	T
German	T
Bengali	T
Bulgariana	T
Arabic	T
Serbo-Cro...	T
Belorussian	T
Russian	T

14. จงหาภาษาที่มีสัดส่วนการใช้ (Percentage) มากกว่า 50% ขึ้นไป

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a result grid.

Query Editor:

```
1 •  SELECT Language, Percentage FROM world.countrylanguage where Percentage > 50;
```

Result Grid:

Language	Percentage
Papiamento	76.7
Pashto	52.4
Albaniana	97.9
Papiamento	86.2
Spanish	96.8
Armenian	93.4
Samoan	90.6
Creole English	95.7
English	81.2
German	92.0
Azerbaijani	89.0
Kirundi	98.1
Dutch	59.2
Mossi	50.2
Bengali	97.7
Bulgariana	83.2
Arabic	67.7
Creole English	89.7
Serbo-Croatian	99.2
Belorussian	65.6
English	50.8
English	100.0
Spanish	87.7
Portuguese	97.5
Bajan	95.1
Tswana	75.5
English	60.4
German	63.6

15. จงหาภาษาที่ไม่ใช่ภาษาทางการ (IsOfficial = 'F') และมีสัดส่วนการใช้มากกว่า 30%

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a result grid. The query is:

```
1 •  SELECT Language, IsOfficial, Percentage FROM world.countrylanguage WHERE IsOfficial = "F" and Percentage > 30;
```

The result grid displays the following data:

Language	IsOfficial	Percentage
Papiamento	F	76.7
Ovimbundu	F	37.2
Spanish	F	44.6
Creole English	F	95.7
Fon	F	39.8
Mossi	F	50.2
Creole English	F	89.7
Spanish	F	31.6
Bajan	F	95.1
Nepali	F	34.8
Tswana	F	75.5
Kongo	F	51.5
Crioulo	F	100.0
Afar	F	34.8
Somali	F	43.9
Creole English	F	100.0
Tigre	F	31.7
Oromo	F	31.0
Hindi	F	43.7
Trukese	F	41.6
Fang	F	35.8
Akan	F	52.4
Ful	F	38.6
Creole French	F	95.0
Malinke	F	34.1
Crioulo	F	36.4
Fang	F	84.8
Creole English	F	100.0