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**COURSE NAME: DATA STRUCTURES FOR MODERN COMPUTING SYSTEMS** 

**COURSE CODE: CSA0302** 

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Experiment 31: Merge Sort
Code:
#include <stdio.h>
void merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right) {
  int n1 = mid - left + 1;
  int n2 = right - mid;
  int L[n1], R[n2];
  for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
    L[i] = arr[left + i];
  for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)
     R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
  int i = 0, j = 0, k = left;
  while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
    if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
       arr[k] = L[i];
       i++;
     } else {
       arr[k] = R[j];
       j++;
     }
     k++;
  }
  while (i < n1) {
    arr[k] = L[i];
    i++;
    k++;
  }
```

```
while (j < n2) {
    arr[k] = R[j];
    j++;
    k++;
  }
}
void mergeSort(int arr[], int left, int right) {
  if (left < right) {</pre>
    int mid = (left + right) / 2;
    mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
     mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);
    merge(arr, left, mid, right);
  }
}
void printArray(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
}
int main() {
  int arr[50], n;
  printf("Enter number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter %d elements:\n", n);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  printf("\nUnsorted Array: ");
  printArray(arr, n);
  mergeSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
  printf("Sorted Array (Merge Sort): ");
  printArray(arr, n);
```

```
return 0;
}
Output:

Enter number of elements: 5
Enter 5 elements:
48
12
10
23
84

Unsorted Array: 48 12 10 23 84
Sorted Array (Merge Sort): 10 12 23 48 84

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```