Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

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OVERVIEW

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

Directions

- 1. Rename this file <FirstLast>_A04_DataWrangling.Rmd (replacing <FirstLast> with your first and last name).
- 2. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 3. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 4. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 5. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 6. Ensure that code in code chunks does not extend off the page in the PDF.

Set up your session

- 1a. Load the tidyverse, lubridate, and here packages into your session.
- 1b. Check your working directory.
- 1c. Read in all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset, being sure to set string columns to be read in a factors. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
 - 2. Apply the glimpse() function to reveal the dimensions, column names, and structure of each dataset.

```
#1a
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(here)
#1b
getwd()
```

[1] "/home/guest/EDA_Spring2024"

```
here()
```

[1] "/home/guest/EDA_Spring2024"

```
epa_o3_18 <- read.csv(
 file = here("Data/Raw/EPAair 03 NC2018 raw.csv"),
 stringsAsFactors = TRUE
epa_o3_19 <- read.csv(
 file = here("Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv"),
  stringsAsFactors = TRUE
epa_pm25_18 <- read.csv(
  file = here("Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_raw.csv"),
  stringsAsFactors = TRUE
epa_pm25_19 <- read.csv(
 file = here("Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv"),
  stringsAsFactors = TRUE
 )
#2
glimpse(epa_o3_18)
## Rows: 9,737
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                                           <fct> 03/01/2018, 03/02/2018, 03/03/201~
## $ Source
                                           <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS~
## $ Site.ID
                                           <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ POC
                                           <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.043, 0.046, 0.047, 0.049, 0.047~
## $ UNITS
                                           <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                          <int> 40, 43, 44, 45, 44, 28, 33, 41, 4~
## $ Site.Name
                                          <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                          <int> 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 1~
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                          <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
                                          <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                                          <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                          <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA NAME
                                          <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ STATE_CODE
                                          <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
## $ STATE
                                          <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                          <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                          <fct> Alexander, Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                          <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
                                          <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
glimpse(epa_o3_19)
## Rows: 10,592
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                                          <fct> 01/01/2019, 01/02/2019, 01/03/201~
## $ Source
                                           <fct> AirNow, AirNow, AirNow, AirNow, A~
## $ Site.ID
                                          <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ POC
                                          <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.029, 0.018, 0.016, 0.022, 0.037~
```

```
## $ UNITS
                                          <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
                                          <int> 27, 17, 15, 20, 34, 34, 27, 35, 3~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                          <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
## $ Site.Name
                                          <int> 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 2~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                          <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
                                          <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
                                          <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                                          <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA CODE
## $ CBSA NAME
                                          <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ STATE_CODE
                                          <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
## $ STATE
                                          <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                          <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                          <fct> Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                          <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                          <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
```

glimpse(epa_pm25_18)

```
## Rows: 8,983
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                           <fct> 01/02/2018, 01/05/2018, 01/08/2018, 01/~
## $ Source
                           <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, ~
## $ Site.ID
                           <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                           ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 2.9, 3.7, 5.3, 0.8, 2.5, 4.5, 1.8, 2.5,~
## $ UNITS
                           <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                           <int> 12, 15, 22, 3, 10, 19, 8, 10, 18, 7, 24~
## $ Site.Name
                           <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                           ## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                           ## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                           <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
                           <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
## $ CBSA CODE
                           ## $ CBSA_NAME
                           ## $ STATE CODE
                           ## $ STATE
                           <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ COUNTY CODE
                           ## $ COUNTY
                           <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Aver~
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                           <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
                           <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
```

glimpse(epa_pm25_19)

```
## Rows: 8,581
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                              <fct> 01/03/2019, 01/06/2019, 01/09/2019, 01/~
## $ Source
                              ## $ Site.ID
                              <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                              ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 1.6, 1.0, 1.3, 6.3, 2.6, 1.2, 1.5, 1.5,~
## $ UNITS
                              <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                              <int> 7, 4, 5, 26, 11, 5, 6, 6, 15, 7, 14, 20~
                              <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ Site.Name
```

```
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                       ## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                       ## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
                       <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                       <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ CBSA CODE
                       ## $ CBSA NAME
## $ STATE CODE
                       <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ STATE
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                       ## $ COUNTY
                       <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                       <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                       <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
```

view(epa o3 18) ## Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change the Date columns to be date objects.
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS_PARAMETER_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
#3
epa_o3_18$Date <- as.Date(epa_o3_18$Date, "%m/%d/%Y")
class(epa_o3_18$Date)
## [1] "Date"
epa o3 19$Date <- as.Date(epa o3 19$Date, "%m/%d/%Y")
epa_pm25_18$Date <- as.Date(epa_pm25_18$Date, "%m/%d/%Y")
epa pm25 19$Date <- as.Date(epa pm25 19$Date, "%m/%d/%Y")
#4
#0318
EPAair 03 NC2018 Processed <- epa o3 18 %>%
  select(Date, DAILY AQI VALUE, Site.Name, AQS PARAMETER DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE)
#0319
EPAair_03_NC2019_Processed <- epa_o3_19 %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Processed <- epa_pm25_18 %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Processed <- epa_pm25_19 %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPAair PM25 NC2018 Processed$AQS PARAMETER DESC <- "PM2.5"
EPAair PM25 NC2019 Processed$AQS PARAMETER DESC <- "PM2.5"
#write o3 18
```

Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Include only sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School" (the function intersect can figure out common factor levels but it will include sites with missing site information, which you don't want...)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site name, AQS parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be $14,752 \times 9$.
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair_O3_PM25_NC1819_Processed.csv"

```
SITE_LONGITUDE = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE))%>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(Month = month(Date), Year = year(Date))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Date', 'Site.Name', 'AQS_PARAMETER_DESC'.
## You can override using the '.groups' argument.
#9
library(tidyr)
EPAair_03_PM25_NC1819_P9 <-</pre>
  EPAair_03_PM25_NC1819_P %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
              values_from = DAILY_AQI_VALUE)
view(EPAair_03_PM25_NC1819_P9)
dim(EPAair_03_PM25_NC1819_P9)
## [1] 8976
#11
EPAair_03_PM25_NC1819_Processed <-
  EPAair_03_PM25_NC1819_P9
remove(EPAair_03_PM25_NC1819_P9)
```

Generate summary tables

[1] 182

- 12. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group. Then, add a pipe to remove instances where mean **ozone** values are not available (use the function **drop_na** in your pipe). It's ok to have missing mean PM2.5 values in this result.
- 13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

14. Why did we use the function drop_na rather than na.omit? Hint: replace drop_na with na.omit in part 12 and observe what happens with the dimensions of the summary date frame.

Answer: I believe drop_na is a more flexable way of drop out NAs from sepecific columns. na.omit, on the other hand, will remove all NAs in the data frame (although codes not show above, using na.omit really cause me have to regenerate the data frame cause it removes too much values)