

## Homework 2

Due Date: April 9, 2016

This homework includes both math and coding problems. For submission, please refer to **SubmissionGuide.pdf**.

**Problem 1.** In classification, the loss function we usually want to minimize is the 0/1 loss:

$$l(f(x), y) = \mathbf{1}\{f(x) \neq y\}$$

where  $f(x), y \in \{0, 1\}$  (i.e., binary classification). In this problem we will consider the effect of using an asymmetric loss function:

$$l_{\alpha, \beta}(f(x), y) = \alpha \mathbf{1}\{f(x) = 1, y = 0\} + \beta \mathbf{1}\{f(x) = 0, y = 1\}$$

Under this loss function, the two types of errors receive different weights, determined by  $\alpha, \beta > 0$ .

Determine the Bayes optimal classifier, i.e. the classifier that achieves minimum risk assuming  $P(x, y)$  is known, for the loss  $l_{\alpha, \beta}$  where  $\alpha, \beta > 0$ .

**Problem 2.** In this problem we will find the maximum likelihood estimator (MLE) and maximum a posteriori (MAP) estimator for the mean of a univariate normal distribution. Specifically, we assume we have  $N$  samples,  $x_1, \dots, x_N$  independently drawn from a normal distribution with *known* variance  $\sigma^2$  and *unknown* mean  $\mu$ .

1. Please derive the MLE estimator for the mean  $\mu$ .
2. Now derive the MAP estimator for the mean  $\mu$ . Assume that the prior distribution for the mean is itself a normal distribution with mean  $\nu$  and variance  $\beta^2$ .

HINT:  $\beta^2 \left( \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \mu)^2 \right) + \sigma^2 (\mu - \nu)^2 =$

$$\left[ \mu \sqrt{N\beta^2 + \sigma^2} - \frac{\sigma^2 \nu + \beta^2 \sum_{i=1}^N x_i}{\sqrt{N\beta^2 + \sigma^2}} \right]^2 - \frac{[\sigma^2 \nu + \beta^2 \sum_{i=1}^N x_i]^2}{N\beta^2 + \sigma^2} + \beta^2 \left( \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 \right) + \sigma^2 \nu^2$$

3. Please comment on what happens to the MLE and MAP estimators as the number of samples  $N$  goes to infinity.

**Problem 3.** Consider the following training set, in which each example has two tertiary attributes (0, 1, or 2) and one of two possible classes ( $X$  or  $Y$ ).

Example	A1	A2	Class
1	0	1	X
2	2	1	X
3	1	1	X
4	0	2	X
5	1	2	Y
6	2	0	Y

Please answer the following questions with details.

1. What would the Naive Bayes algorithm (with no smoothing) predict for the class of the following new example?

Example	A1	A2	Class
7	2	2	?

2. Apply Laplace smoothing (with a smoothing parameter equal to 1) to all the probabilities from the training set. Will the result of the previous question change?

**Problem 4. Coding.** Build a simple spam email classifier based on Nave Bayes.

1. Requirement:
  - (a) Train the model using data in train.csv with all attributes provided and classify the email data in test.csv.
  - (b) Output the classification accuracy ( $\frac{\text{the number of correctly classified emails}}{\text{the total number of emails}}$ )
2. Things should be included in your report:
  - (a) A number indicating the classification accuracy
  - (b) Tell me if you can achieve a higher classification accuracy using only some of the attributes provided.