



Entity Markup Language

Entity-centric representations

W6.L11.M4.T11.1.2

1 Top level view

2 JSON-LD

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Top level view

There are possibly 2 kind of representation of the KG:

Relation centric

- RDF (all serializations)
- Triple store
- Graph Databases

Node centric

- JSON-LD
- Document NoSQL DB
- RDBMS
- Graph Databases

Relation-centric

- Best for exploiting relations;
- difficult to predict cardinality of the queries;
- less natural way to describe the world;
- easier to implement.

Node-centric

- Good for exploiting relations;
- more efficient query mechanism;
- closer to our human model to describe the world;
- harder to implement.

1 Top level view

2 JSON-LD

JSON-LD

It is a W3C standard (https://www.w3.org/TR/json-ld11/) and it is a node-centric format, alternative to RDF.

Since is JSON it can be used together with lots of tools written for it, not specific to Linked Data.

```
Listing 1: JSON-LD example

{
    "@context": "context.jsonId",
    "name": "Manu Sporny",
    "homepage": "http://manu.sporny.org/",
    "image": "http://manu.sporny.org/images/manu.png"
}
```

JSON-LD - attributes

As visible in the Listing 1 example there is a "@context" property.

All properties starting with the "@" symbol are special properties used to define meta attribute of the element we are defining. In this case @context is defining a set of rules (or, as in this case, where to find them) used to correctly interpret the data.

Another very useful and common field is @id, which is used to uniquely identify the node, both in case of IRI and blank nodes.

1 Top level view

2 JSON-LD

EML

Entity Markup Language is a simplification of JSON-LD: it provides just one single functionality more: language independent property names. This is important because we cannot formally define something with an informal language (and every natural language is non-formal).

EML is just representing entities (instances) and cannot be used to represent ETypes (classes).

It uses UKC IDs to name properties instead of NL text:

Example

```
If the UKC Concept representing "name" has Id = 2, instead of defining ["name": "Alessio"] the value will be [2: "Alessio"]
```

EML Example

```
[{
    "provenance": "StarLinker import @Mon Nov 16 10:18:31 GMT 2020",
    "attributes": {
        "1280751": [-350092800000],
        "1280695": ["IEHR001"],
        "1280691": ["Masked"],
        "9398058": ["tel:+390000000000"],
        "9300035": [6786],
        "39085": ["http://www.ftgm.it/patient/IEHR001"],
        "9398056": ["Via Matteotti 16, 56011, Pisa, IT"]
    },
    "type": 1127516
}]
```

EML Schema

```
Listing 2: EML schema
"$ref": "/definitions/Entity".
"definitions": {
    "Attribute": (
        "additionalProperties": false,
        "id": "/definitions/Attribute",
        "patternProperties": (
            "^\\d+$": {
                 "items": {
                     "Sref": "/definitions/Value"
                 "type": "array"
        }.
"type": "object"
    "Entity": {
        "additionalProperties": false .
        "id": "/definitions/Entity",
        "properties": {
    "globalld": {
                "type": "integer"
            "originalld": {
                 "type": "integer"
             "type": (
                 "type": "integer"
            attributes": {
                "Sref": "/definitions/Attribute"
         "required": [
            "type"
            "originalld"
        "type": "object"
   }.
"Value": {
        "id": "/ definitions/Value".
        "properties": {
    "languageCode": {
                 "type": "string"
           *value *: {
                 "oneOf": [
                         "type": ["number", "string"]
                         "Sref": "/ definitions / Entity"
         "required": [
            "value"
        type": "object"
```





