AP Computer Science A@Beijing National Day School

Lab 12: TemperatureGrid

Due date: Friday, March 15, 2019 *Instructor:* Mr. Alwin Tareen

Total Points: 15

Task Overview

• Implement a program that updates a grid of temperature values.

Background

• A two-dimensional array of temperatures is represented in the following class.

```
public class TemperatureGrid
 2
 3
        /** A two-dimensional array of temperature values, initialized in the
 4
         * constructor(not shown).
 5
         * Guaranteed not to be null.
 6
 7
        private double[][] temps;
 8
 9
        /** Computes and returns a new temperature value for the given location.
10
         * @param row a valid row index in temps.
11
         * @param col a valid column index in temps.
12
         * @return the new temperature for temps[row][col].
13
         * - The new temperature for any element in the border of the array is the same as
14
         * the old temperature.
15
         * – Otherwise, the new temperature is the average of the four adjacent entries.
16
         * Postcondition: temps is unchanged.
17
         */
        private double computeTemp(int row, int col)
18
19
20
            /* to be implemented in part (a) */
21
22
23
        /** Updates all values in temps and returns a boolean that indicates whether or
24
         * not all the new values were within tolerance of the original values.
25
         * @param tolerance a double value >= 0.
         * @return true if all updated temperatures are within tolerance of the original values
26
27
         * false otherwise.
28
         * Postcondition: Each value in temps has been updated with a new value based on the
29
         * corresponding call to computeTemp.
30
31
        private boolean updateAllTemps(double tolerance)
32
        {
            /* to be implemented in part (b) */
33
34
35
36
        // There may be instance variables, constructors, and methods that are not shown.
37
```

- (a) Write the method computeTemp, which computes and returns the new temperature for a given element of temps according to the following rules:
 - If the element is in the border of the array(in the first row or last row, or first column or last column), the new temperature is the same as the old temperature.
 - Otherwise, the new temperature is the average(arithmetic mean) of the temperatures of the four adjacent values in the table(located above, below, to the left, and to the right of the element).

If temps is the table shown below, then temps.length has the value of 5, and temps[0].length has the value of 6.

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	95.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	110.3
1	0.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
2	0.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	0.0
3	0.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

The following table shows the results of several calls to computeTemp.

Function Call	Result
computeTemp(2, 3)	37.5 (the average of the values 50.0, 20.0, 40.0, and 40.0)
computeTemp(1, 1)	47.5 (the average of the values 100.0, 40.0, 0.0, and 50.0)
computeTemp(0, 2)	100.0 (the same as the old value)
computeTemp(1, 3)	60.0 (the average of the values 100.0, 40.0, 50.0, and 50.0)

(b) Write method updateAllTemps, which computes the new temperature for every element of temps. The new values should be based on the original values, so it will be necessary to create another two-dimensional array in which to store the new values. Once all the computations are complete, the new values should replace the corresponding positions of temps.

Method updateAllTemps also determines whether every new temperature is within tolerance of the corresponding old temperature(i. e. , the absolute value of the difference between the old temperature and the new temperature is less than or equal to tolerance). If so, it returns true; otherwise, it returns false.

If temps contains the values shown in the first table below, then the call updateAllTemps(0.01) should update temps as shown in the second table.

temps before the call updateAllTemps(0.01)

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	95.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	110.3
1	0.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
2	0.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	0.0
3	0.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

temps after the call updateAllTemps (0.01)

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	95.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	110.3
1	0.0	47.5	60.0	60.0	47.5	0.0
2	0.0	27.5	37.5	37.5	27.5	0.0
3	0.0	15.0	20.0	20.0	15.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

In the example shown, the call updateAllTemps(0.01) should return false because there are several new temperatures that are not within the given tolerance of the corresponding old temperature. For example, the updated value in temps[2][3] is 37.5, the original value in temps[2][3] was 40.0, and the absolute value of (37.5 - 40.0) is greater than the value of tolerance(0.01).

Assume that computeTemp works as specified, regardless of what you wrote in part (a).

Specification

The Information Box Which Includes Your Name[5 points]

• Type your English and Pinyin name into the Author field, where it says: YOUR NAME HERE

Update a Grid of Temperature Values [10 points]

- Write a Java program in the file TemperatureGrid. java that updates a grid of temperature values.
- You will write your solution in a class called: public class TemperatureGrid right below the place where it says: YOUR CODE HERE.
- Make sure that you run your Java program, and ensure that it is free of errors.

Testing

• The file TemperatureGridJUnitTest.java contains the JUnit test cases which verify the correct functionality of the program.

Submission

• Submit your Java program by uploading it to the Web-CAT automated grading platform: http://ec2-54-65-207-33.ap-northeast-1.compute.amazonaws.com: 8080/Web-CAT/WebObjects/Web-CAT.woa