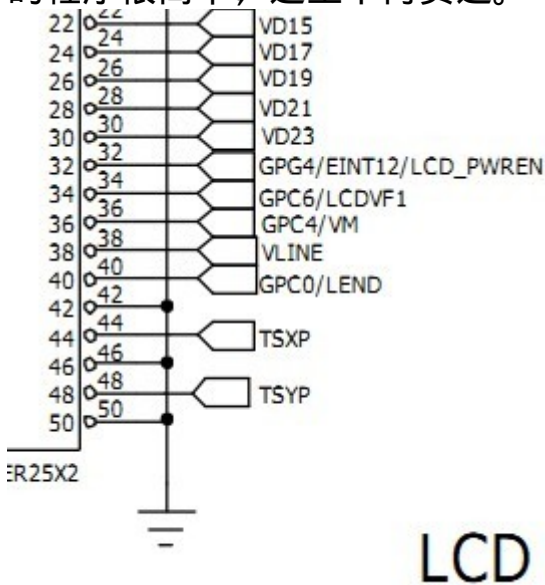


努力成为 linux kernel hacker 的人李万鹏原创作品，为梦而战。转载请标明出处

<http://blog.csdn.net/woshixingaaa/archive/2011/05/16/6423462.asp>
X

下图是 LCD 的引脚截图，GPG4 是复用引脚，可以发送电源使能信号。GPIO 的程序很简单，这里不再赘述。



驱动程序：

```
1. #include <linux/init.h>
2. #include <linux/module.h>
3. #include <linux/fs.h>
4. #include <mach/regs-gpio.h>
5. #include <asm/io.h>
6. #include <mach/hardware.h>
7. #include <linux/device.h>
8. #include <linux/cdev.h>
9. #include <linux/delay.h>
10. int MYGPIO_MAJOR = 0;
11. int MYGPIO_MINOR = 0;
12. #define MYGPIO_NAME "lwp-gpio"
13. dev_t dev_num;
14. struct cdev *gpio_cdev;
15. struct class *gpio_class;
16. int i;
17. static unsigned long led_table[]={
18.     S3C2410_GPF3,
19.     S3C2410_GPF4,
20.     S3C2410_GPF5,
21.     S3C2410_GPF6,
22. };
23. static unsigned long led_cfg_table[]={
24.     S3C2410_GPF3_OUTP,
```

```

25. S3C2410_GPF4_OUTP,
26. S3C2410_GPF5_OUTP,
27. S3C2410_GPF6_OUTP,
28.};
29.int gpio_ioctl(struct inode *inode, struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg){
30.    switch(cmd){
31.        case -1:
32.            s3c2410_gpio_cfgpin(S3C2410_GPG4, S3C2410_GPG4_OUTP);    //关闭 LCD 背光
33.            s3c2410_gpio_setpin(S3C2410_GPG4, 0);
34.            break;
35.        case 1:    //打开背光
36.            s3c2410_gpio_setpin(S3C2410_GPG4, 1);
37.            break;
38.        case 2:    //开启流水灯
39.            while(1){
40.                for(i = 0; i < 4; i++)
41.                    s3c2410_gpio_cfgpin(led_table[i], led_cfg_table[i]);
42.                for(i = 0; i < 4; i++){
43.                    s3c2410_gpio_setpin(led_table[i],0);
44.                    msleep(1000);
45.                    s3c2410_gpio_setpin(led_table[i],1);
46.                }
47.            }
48.            break;
49.        case -2:    //关闭流水灯
50.            for(i = 0; i < 4; i++){
51.                s3c2410_gpio_setpin(led_table[i],1);
52.            }
53.            break;
54.        case 3:    //开启蜂鸣器
55.            s3c2410_gpio_cfgpin(S3C2410_GPB0, S3C2410_GPB0_OUTP);
56.            s3c2410_gpio_setpin(S3C2410_GPB0, 1);
57.            break;
58.        case -3:    //关闭蜂鸣器
59.            s3c2410_gpio_setpin(S3C2410_GPB0, 0);
60.            break;
61.        default:
62.            break;
63.    }
64.    return 0;
65.}
66.int gpio_open(struct inode *inode, struct file *file){
67.    printk("gpio is opened success/n");
68.    return 0;
69.}
70.int gpio_close(struct inode *inode, struct file *file){

```

```

71. printk("gpio is closed success/n");
72. return 0;
73.}
74.struct file_operations gpio_ops = {
75.    .owner = THIS_MODULE,
76.    .ioctl = gpio_ioctl,
77.    .open = gpio_open,
78.    .release = gpio_close,
79.};
80.static int __init my_gpio_init(void){
81.    int ret;
82.    ret = alloc_chrdev_region(&dev_num, MYGPIO_MINOR, 1, MYGPIO_NAME); //分配设备号
83.    if(ret < 0)
84.        printk("can't get major number/n");
85.    gpio_cdev = kmalloc(sizeof(struct cdev),GFP_KERNEL); //分配字父设备
86.    if(!gpio_cdev){
87.        return -ENOMEM;
88.        goto fail_malloc;
89.    }
90.    memset(gpio_cdev,0,sizeof(struct cdev));
91.    cdev_init(gpio_cdev, &gpio_ops); //初始化字父设备
92.    cdev_add(gpio_cdev, dev_num, 1); //字符设备注册到系统
93.    gpio_class = class_create(THIS_MODULE,MYGPIO_NAME); //在/sys 下建立一个类
94.    if(IS_ERR(gpio_class)){
95.        printk("ERROR: Fail to create gpio_class class/n");
96.        return -1;
97.    }
98.    device_create(gpio_class,NULL,dev_num,NULL,MYGPIO_NAME); //创建设备节点
99.    printk("gpio_cdev is registered success/n");
100.fail_malloc:
101.    unregister_chrdev_region(dev_num, 1);
102.    return 0;
103.}
104.static void __exit my_gpio_exit(void){
105.    unregister_chrdev_region(dev_num, 1);
106.    cdev_del(gpio_cdev);
107.    kfree(gpio_cdev);
108.    device_destroy(gpio_class,dev_num);
109.    class_destroy(gpio_class);
110.    printk("gpio_cdev is dereigstered success/n");
111.}
112.module_init(my_gpio_init);
113.module_exit(my_gpio_exit);
114.MODULE_LICENSE("GPL");
115.MODULE_AUTHOR("liwanpeng");

```

测试程序：

```
1. #include <stdio.h>
2. #include <stdlib.h>
3. #include <fcntl.h>
4. #include <sys/ioctl.h>
5. int main(){
6.     int fd, cmd;
7.     cmd = 0;
8.     fd = open("/dev/lwp-gpio", O_RDWR);
9.     if(fd < 0){
10.         printf("cannot open /dev/lwp-gpio/n");
11.         exit(1);
12.     }
13.     while(1){
14.         scanf("%d", &cmd);
15.         printf("cmd is %d/n", cmd);
16.         ioctl(fd, cmd);
17.     }
18.     close(fd);
19.     return 0;
20. }
```