

Start the Windows Server 2019 and Windows 10 virtual machines.

Open a Command Prompt window.

Type `nbtstat -a <IP address of the remote machine>` and press Enter.

Note: In this command, `a` displays the NetBIOS name table of a remote computer.

The result appears, displaying the NetBIOS name table of a remote computer (in this case, the WINDOWS10 virtual machine), as shown in the screenshot

```
Host not found.

VMware Network Adapter VMnet1:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.241.1] Scope Id: []

Host not found.

VMware Network Adapter VMnet8:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.112.1] Scope Id: []

NetBIOS Remote Machine Name Table

  Name                Type             Status
  -----
WIN-BAN68264D7S<00>  UNIQUE          Registered
WORKGROUP             <00>            GROUP          Registered
WIN-BAN68264D7S<20>  UNIQUE          Registered

MAC Address = 00-0C-29-13-A0-0E

Ethernet:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

Host not found.

Wi-Fi:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.1.22] Scope Id: []
```

In the same Command Prompt window, type `nbtstat -e` and press Enter.

Note: In this command, `e` lists the contents of the NetBIOS name cache of the remote computer.

The result appears, displaying the contents of the NetBIOS name cache, the table of NetBIOS names, and their resolved IP addresses.

Note: It is possible to extract this information without creating a null session (an unauthenticated session).

```

PS C:\Users\green> nbtstat -c

vEthernet (Default Switch):
Node IpAddress: [192.168.80.1] Scope Id: []

    No names in cache

Ethernet 2:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.56.1] Scope Id: []

    No names in cache

VMware Network Adapter VMnet1:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.241.1] Scope Id: []

    No names in cache

VMware Network Adapter VMnet8:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.112.1] Scope Id: []

NetBIOS Remote Cache Name Table

-----
Name                Type        Host Address    Life [sec]
-----
WIN-BAN68264D7S<20> UNIQUE      192.168.112.202  530

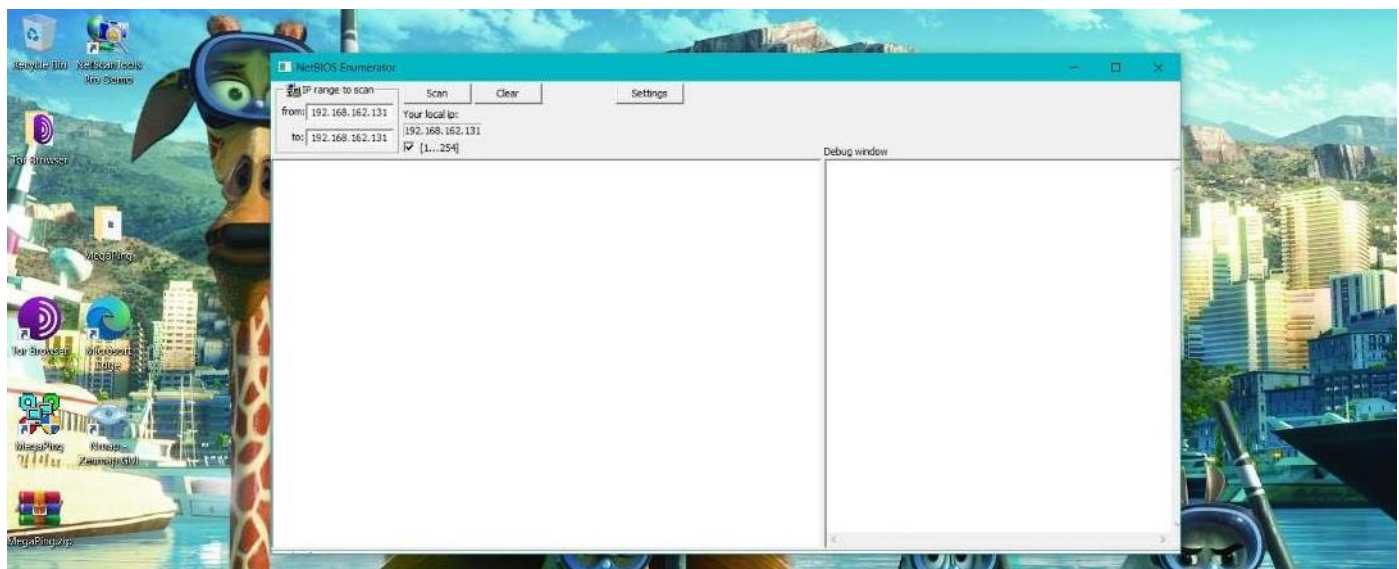
Ethernet:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

    No names in cache

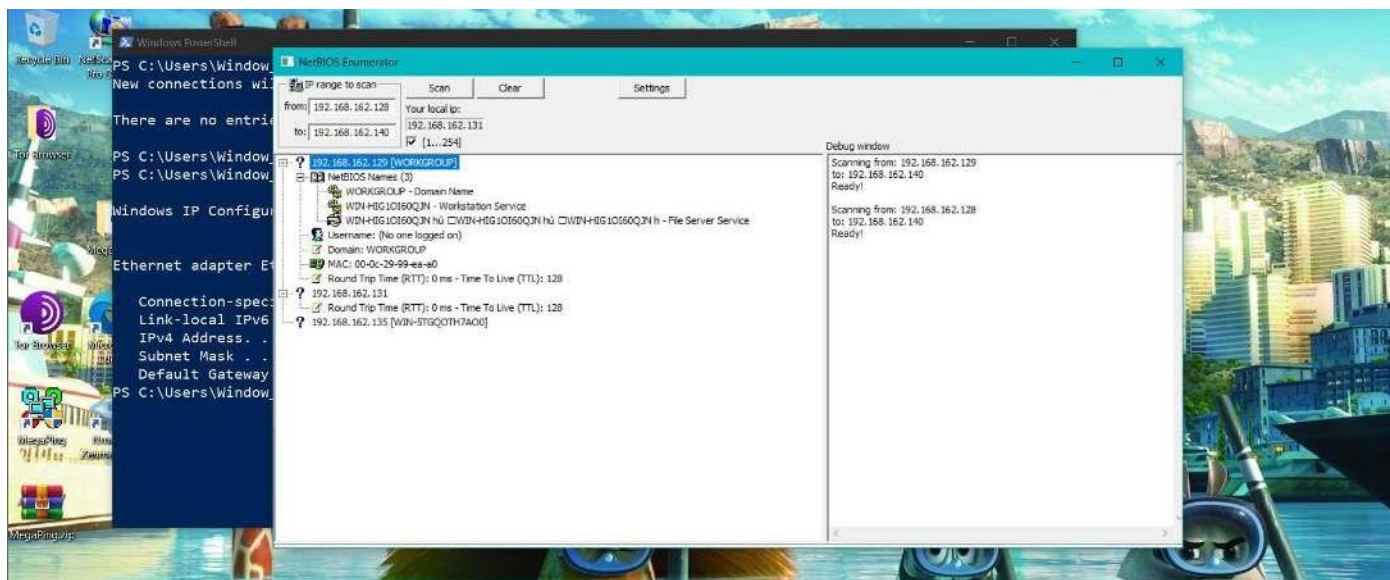
```

Perform NetBIOS Enumeration using NetBIOS Enumerator Open

NetBIOS Enumerator:

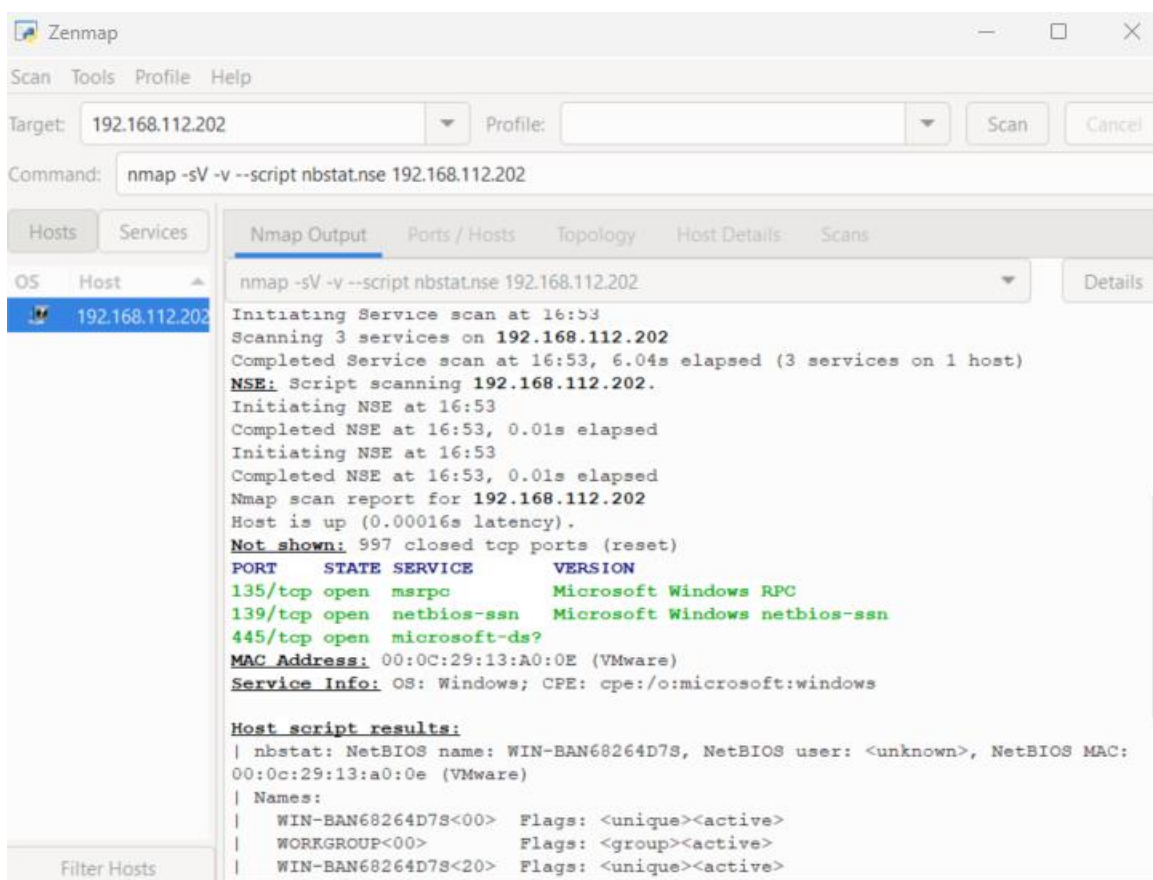


Set range IP : 192.168.162.128 -> 192.168.162.140 and scan

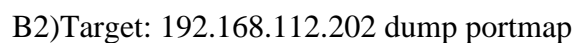
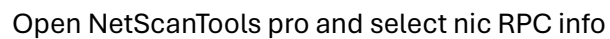


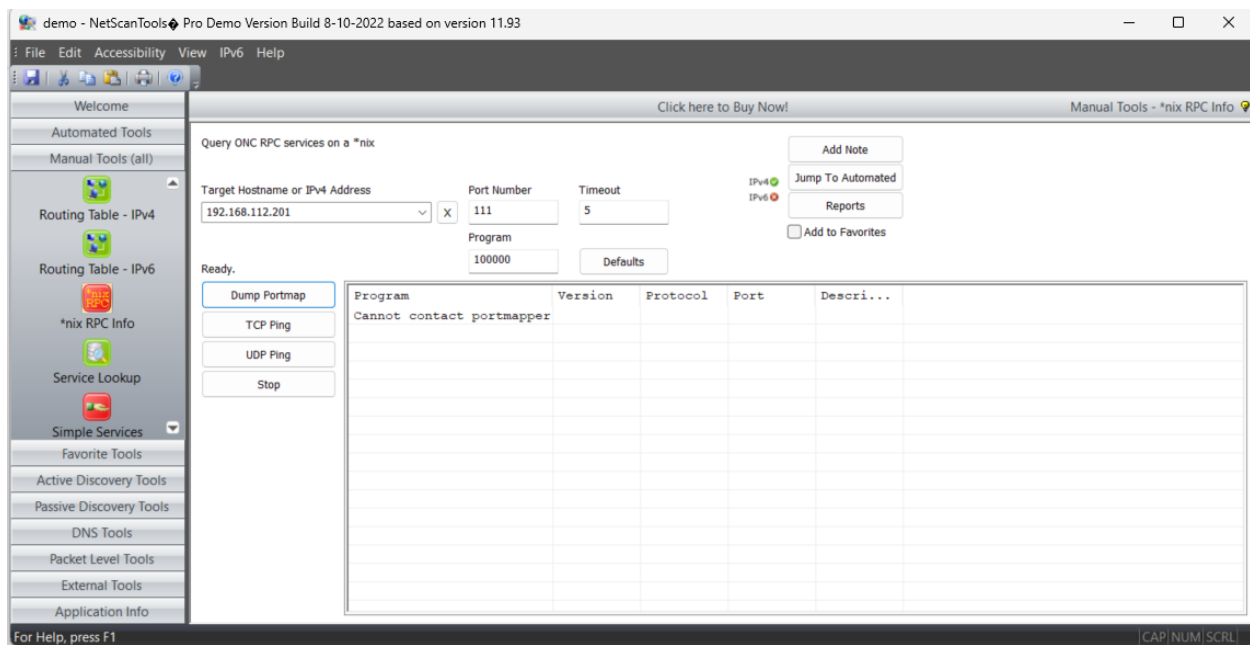
Perform NetBIOS Enumeration USING an NSE Script Open Zenmap

`nmap -sV -v --script nbstat.nse 192.168.112.202`

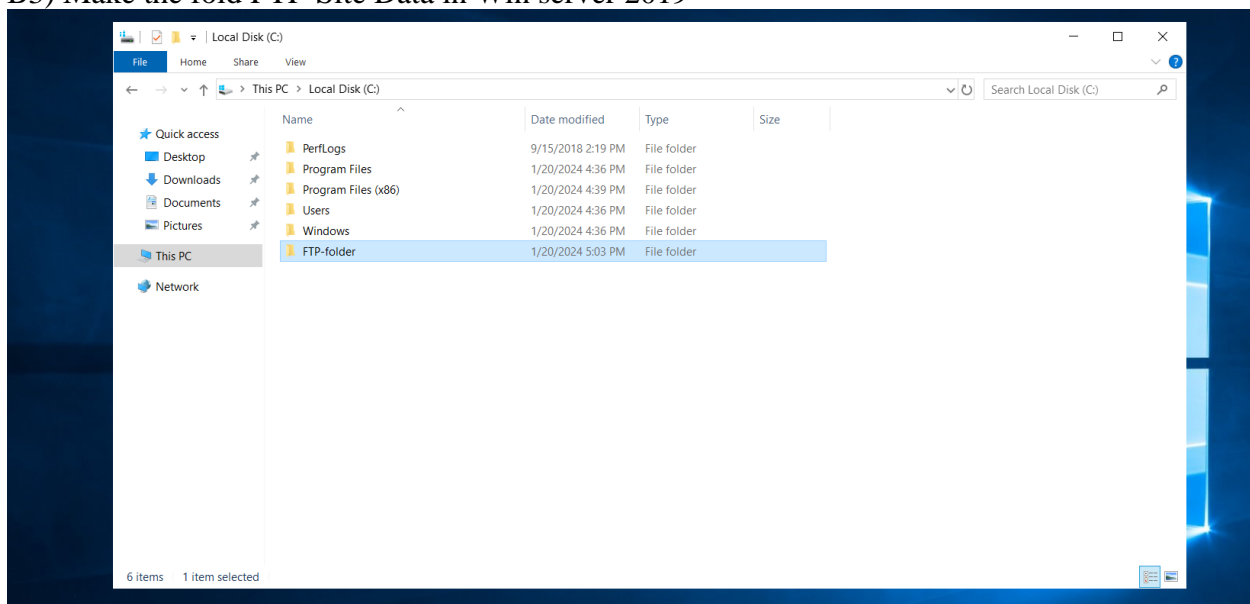


`nmap -sU -p 137 --script nbstat.nse 192.168.112.202`

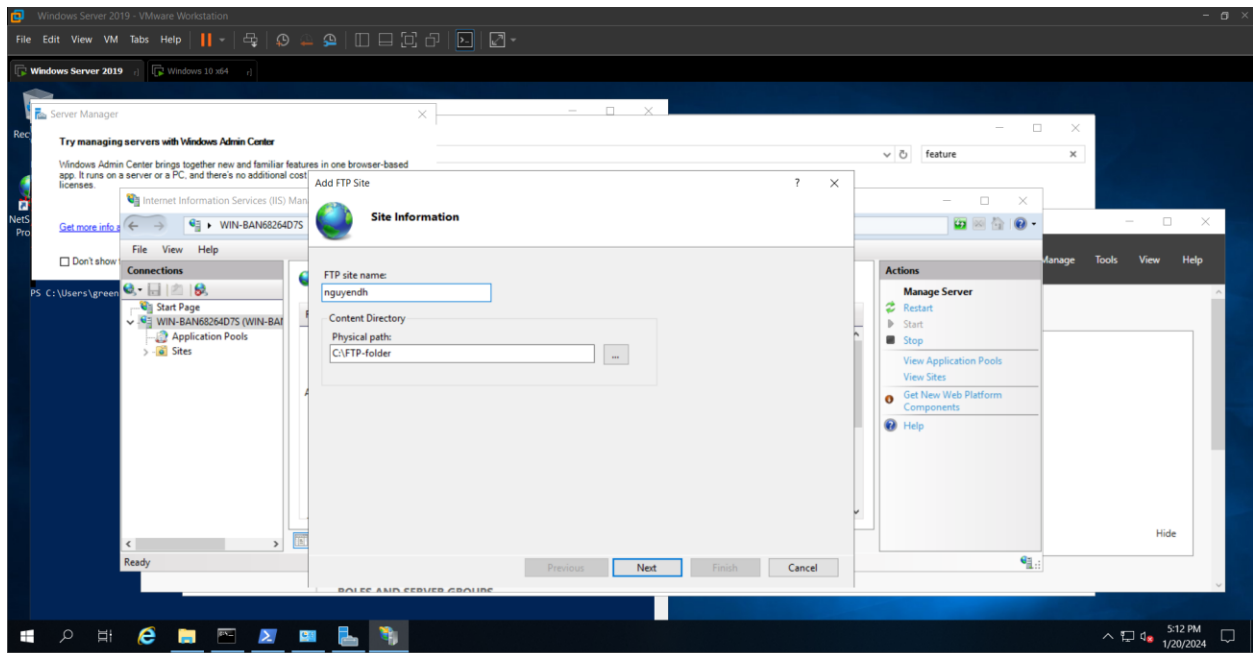




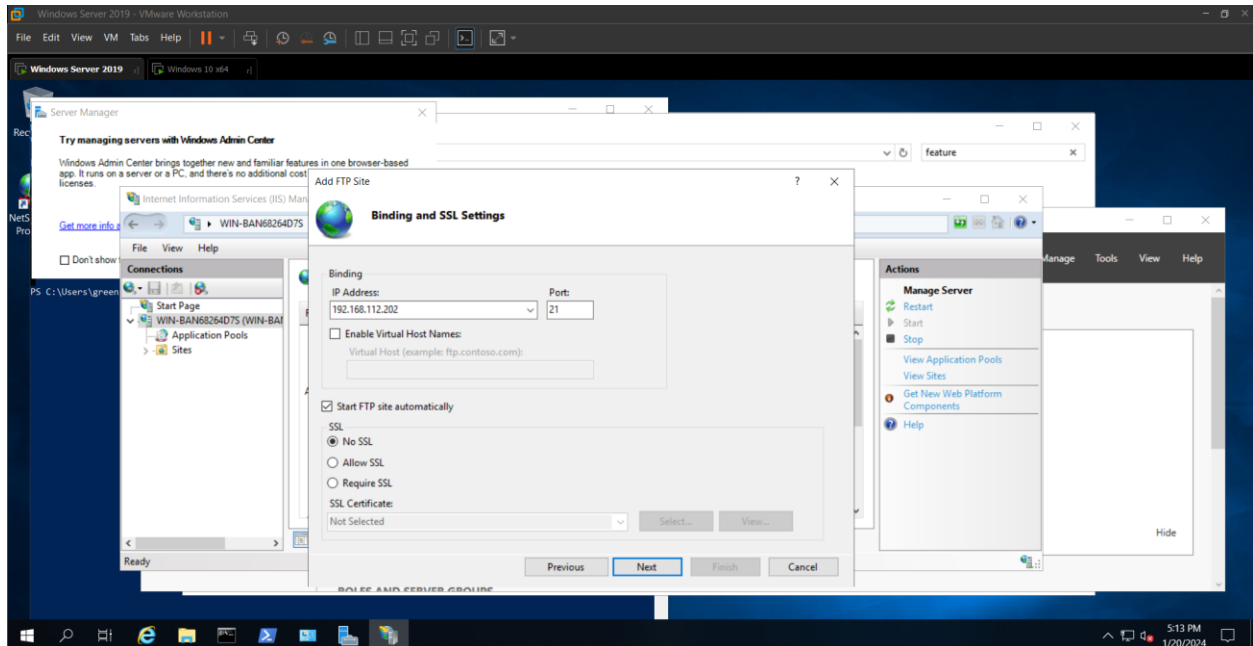
B3) Make the fold FTP-Site Data in Win server 2019

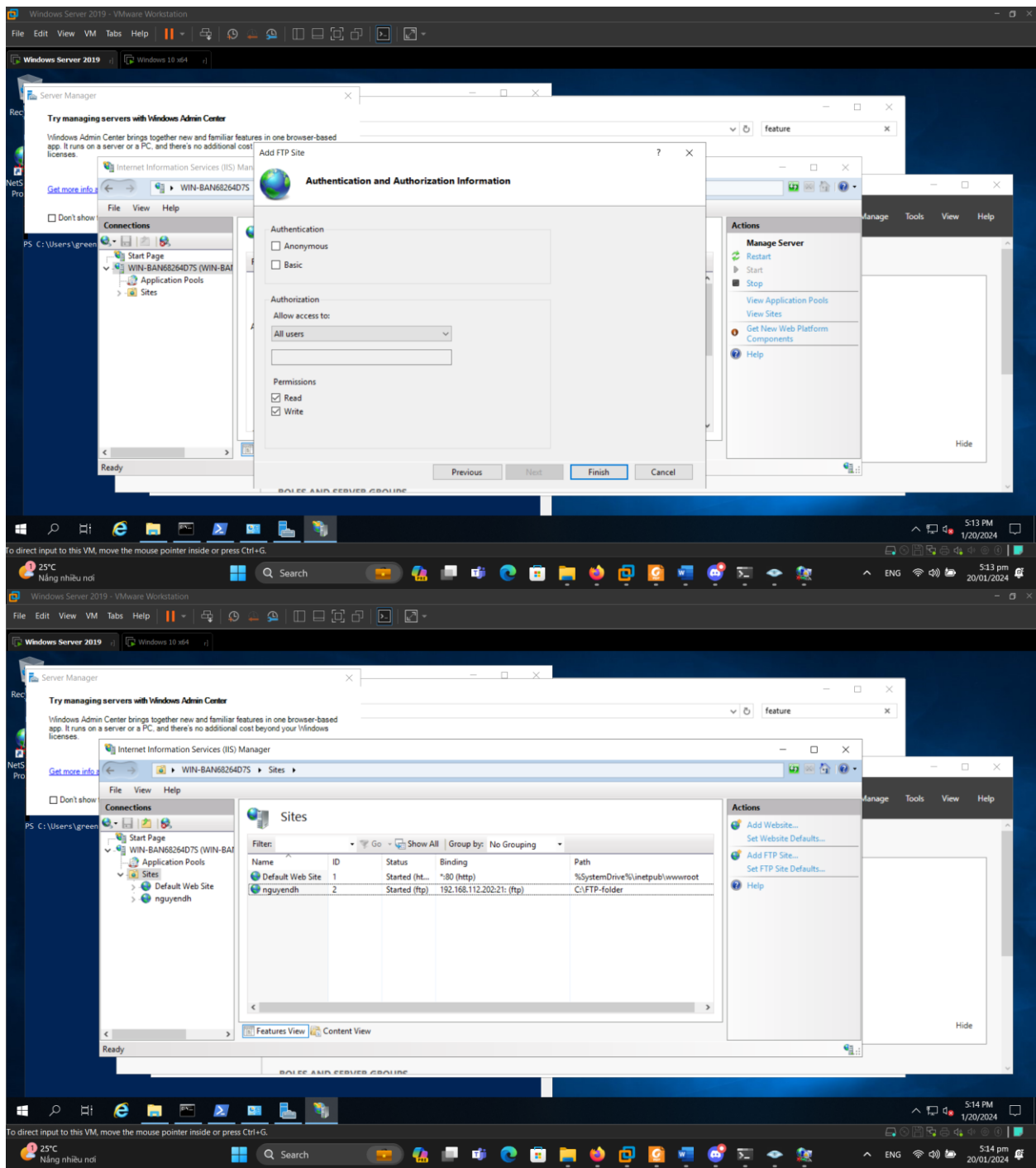


B4) Add FTP site.. in win server 2019



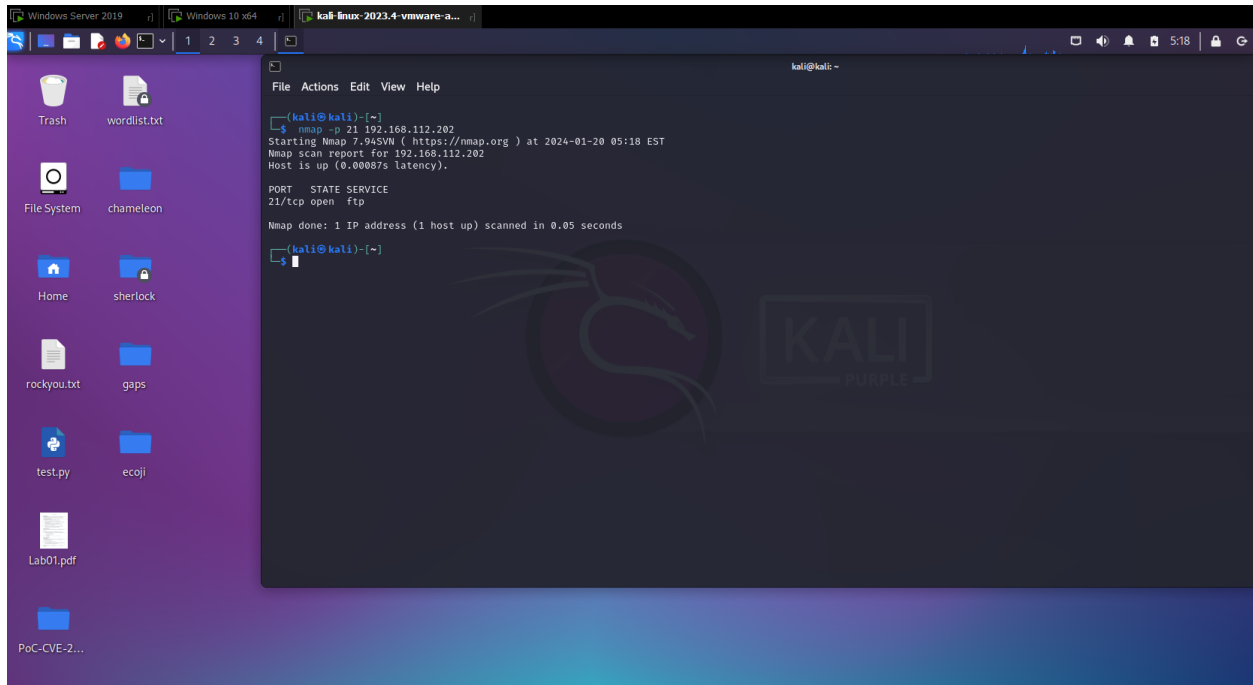
B5) Add IP address and select no ssl . Allow access to: all users with permissions: read and write



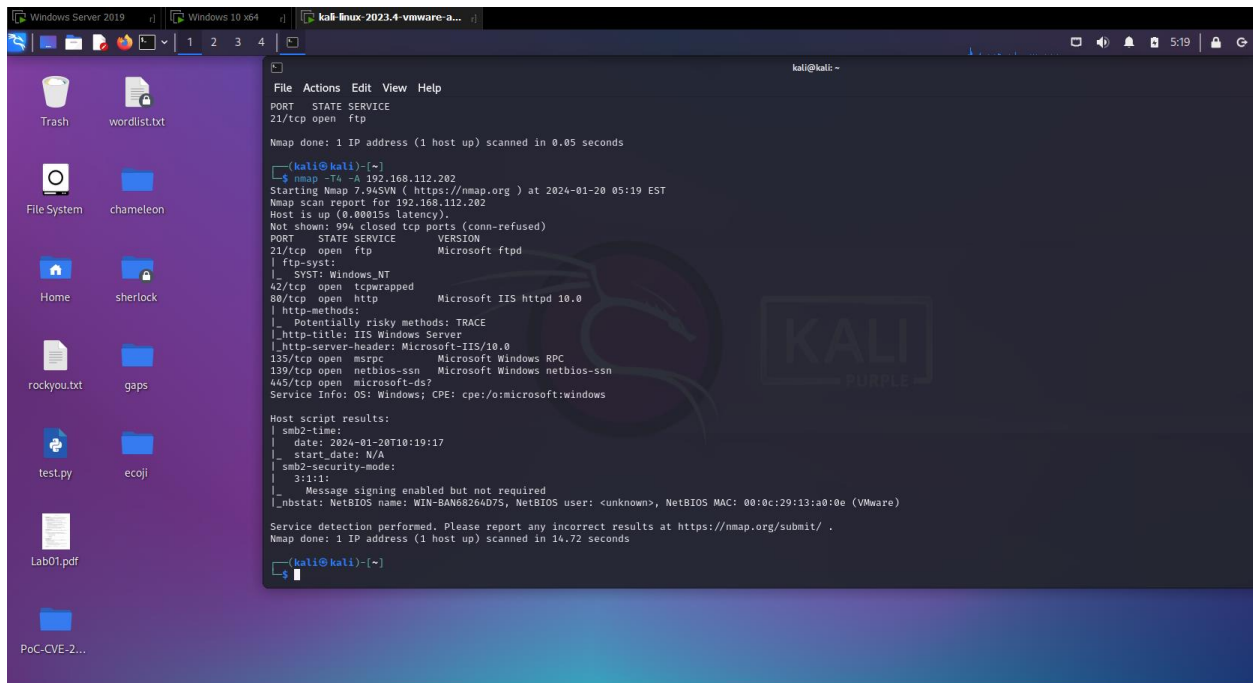


B6) Type: `nmap -p 21 192.168.112.202` in kali



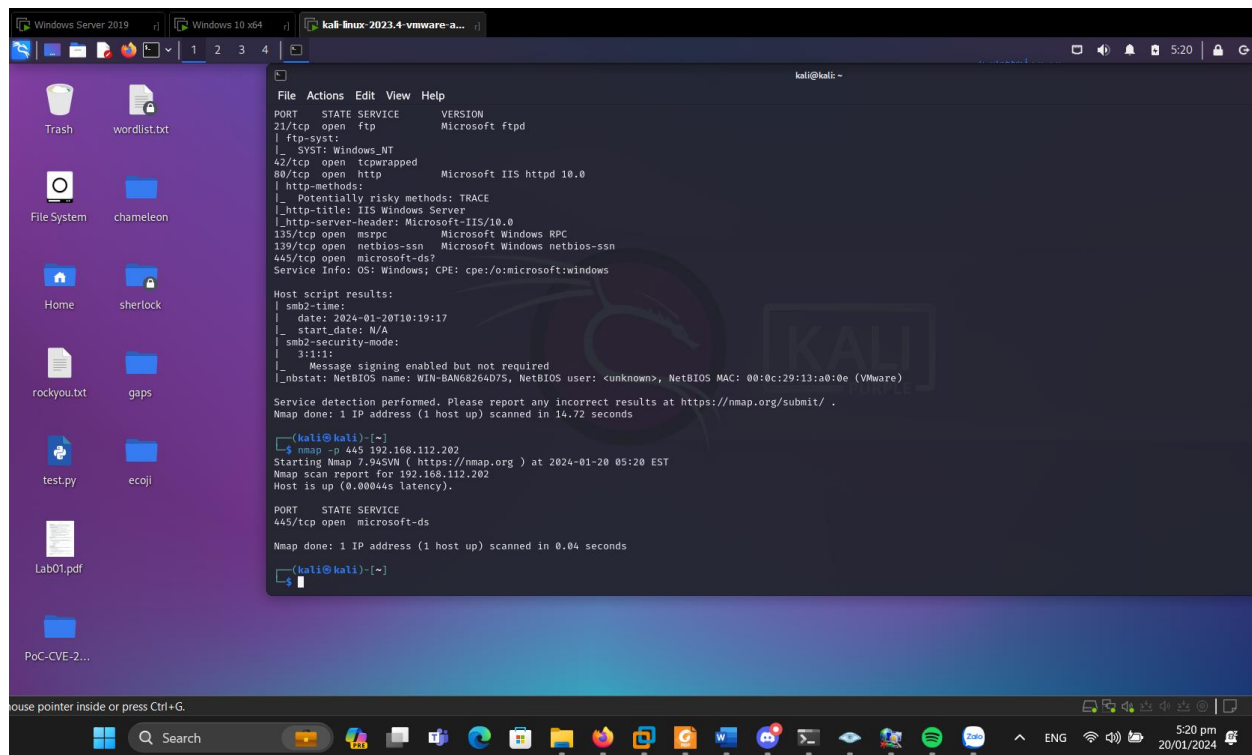


B7) `nmap -T4 -A 192.168.112.202` (ACK flag is set)

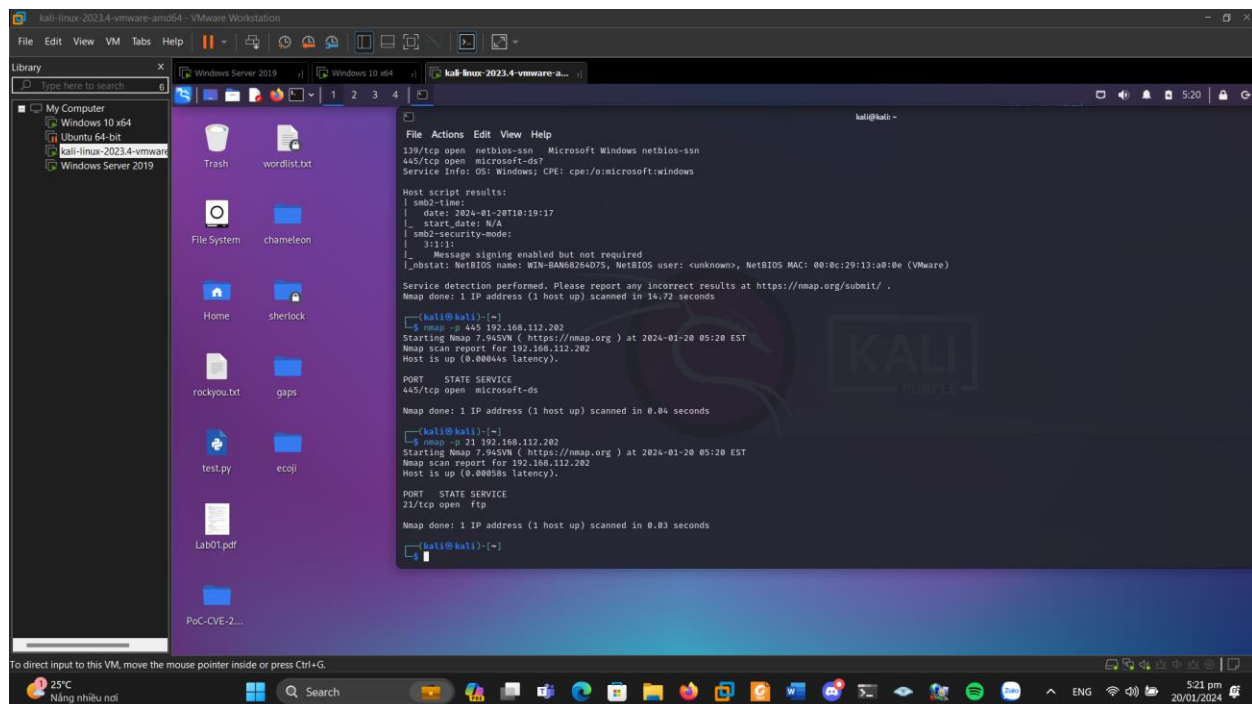


B8) `nmap -p 445 -A 10.10.10.19` (port 445: smb)

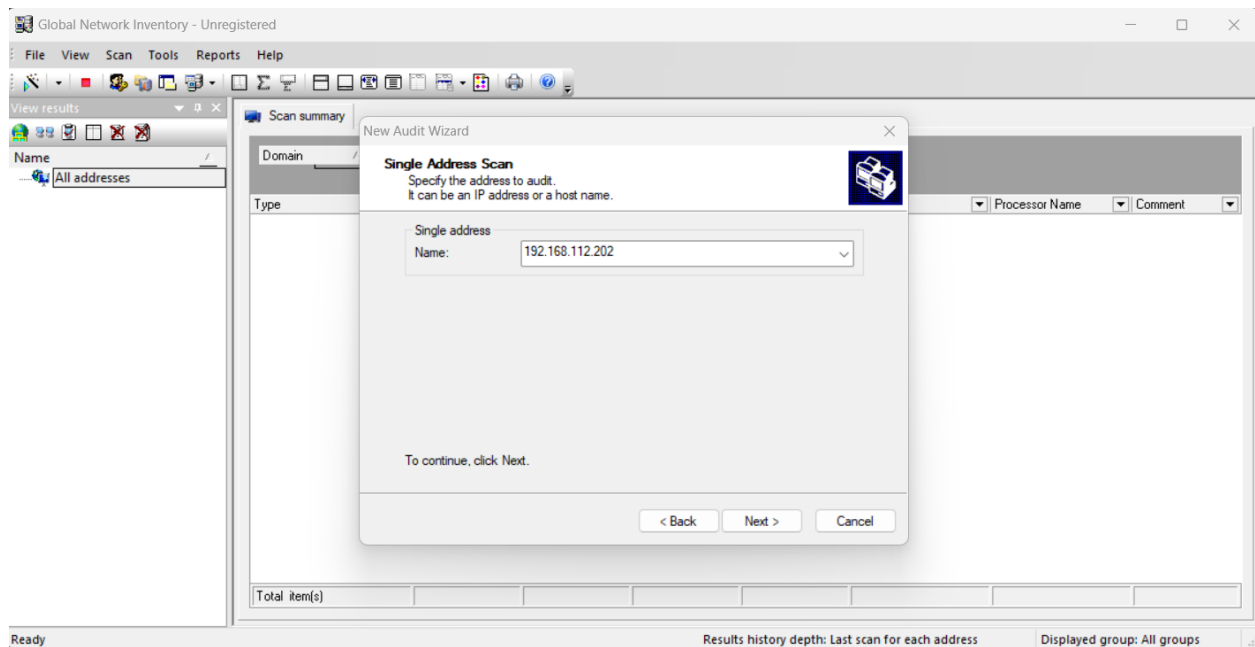




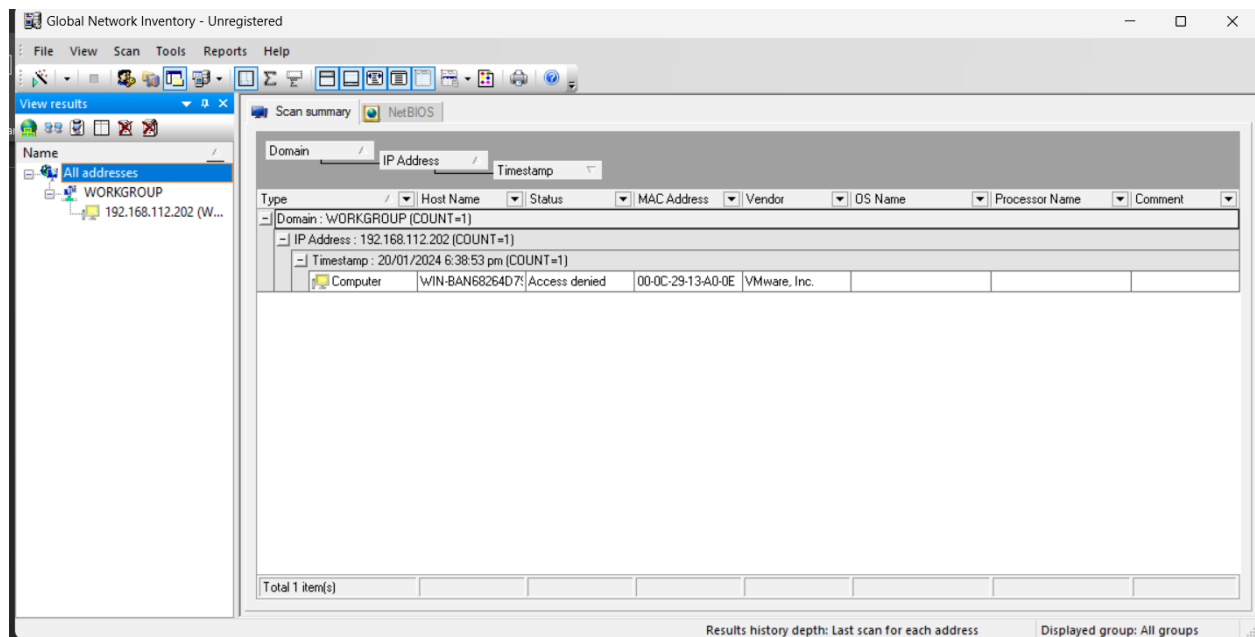
nmap -p 21 -A 10.10.10.19 (FTP)



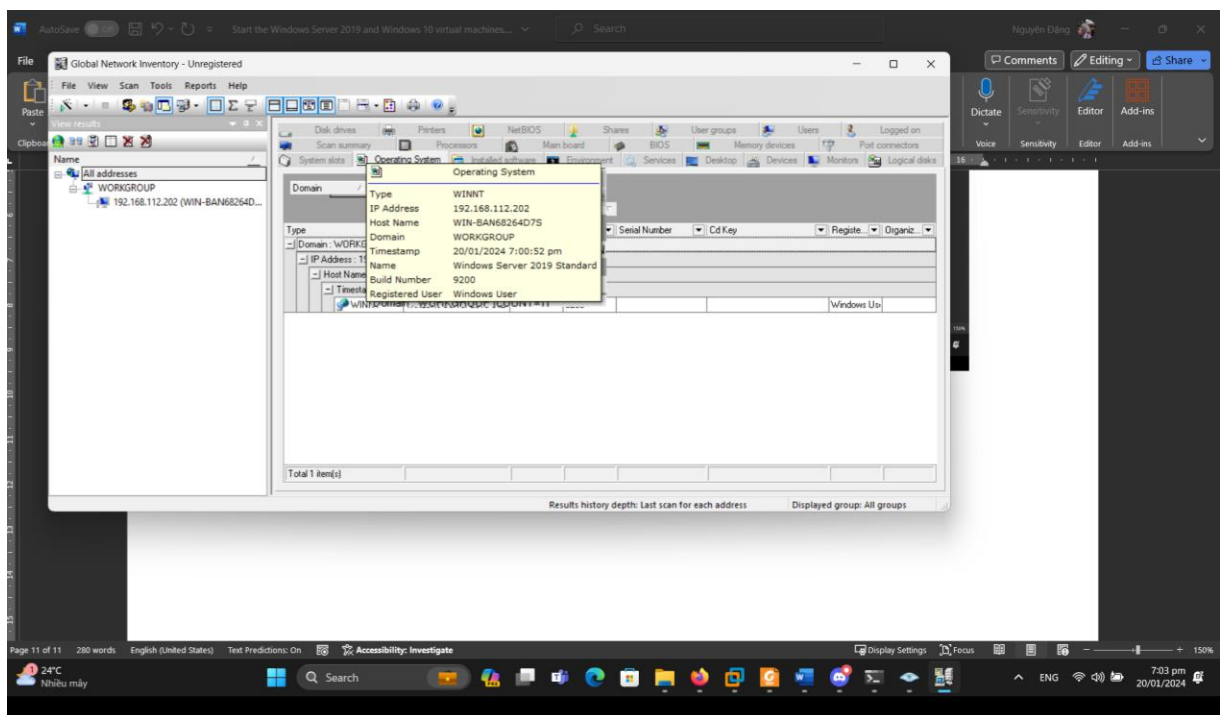
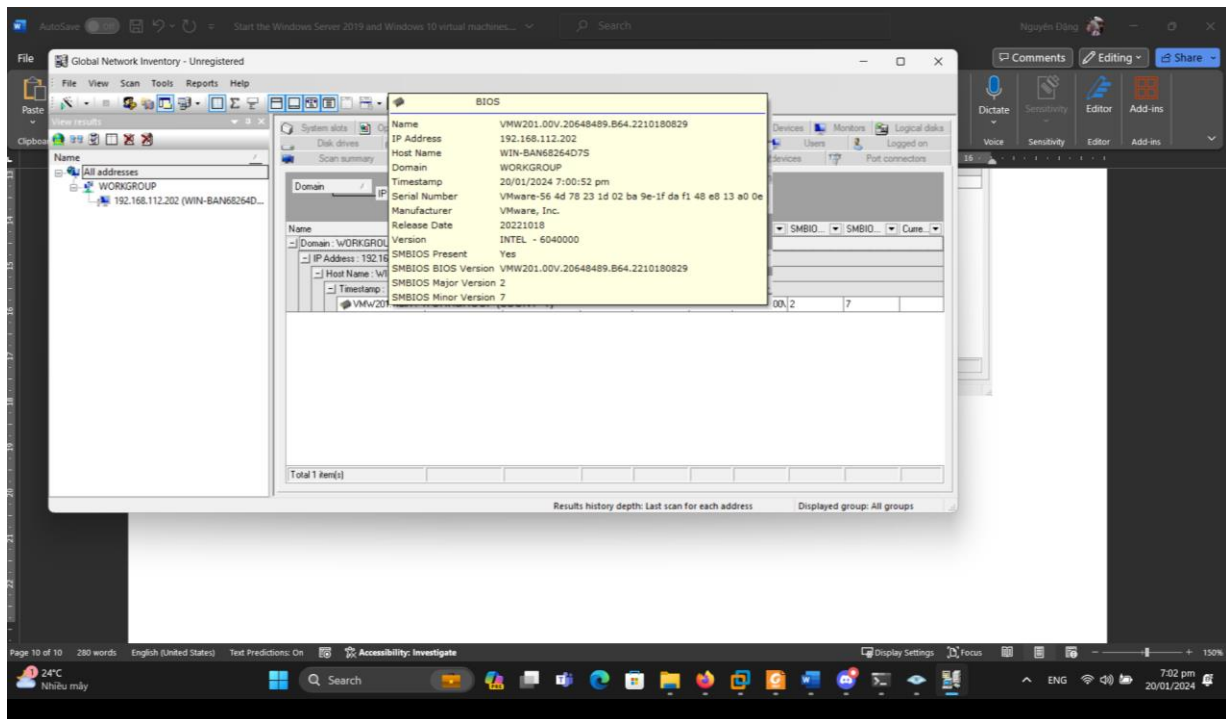
Install Global Network Inventory, choose Single address scan and enter IP address



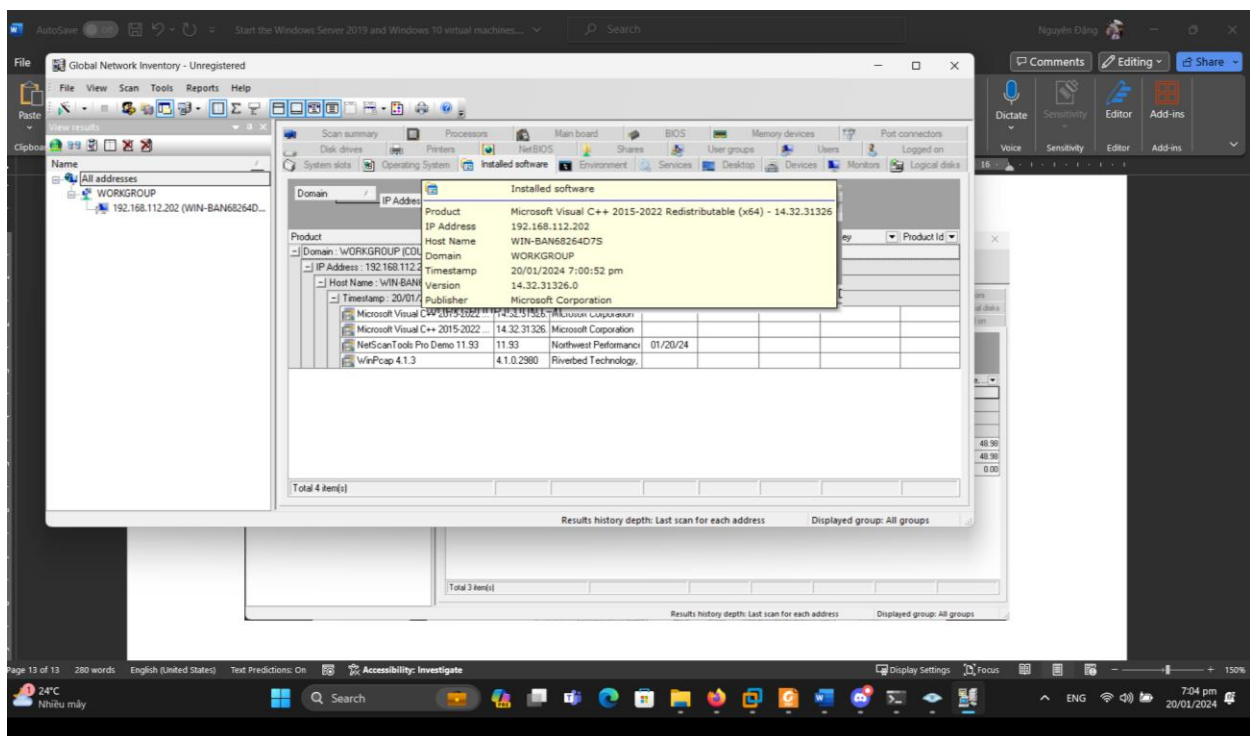
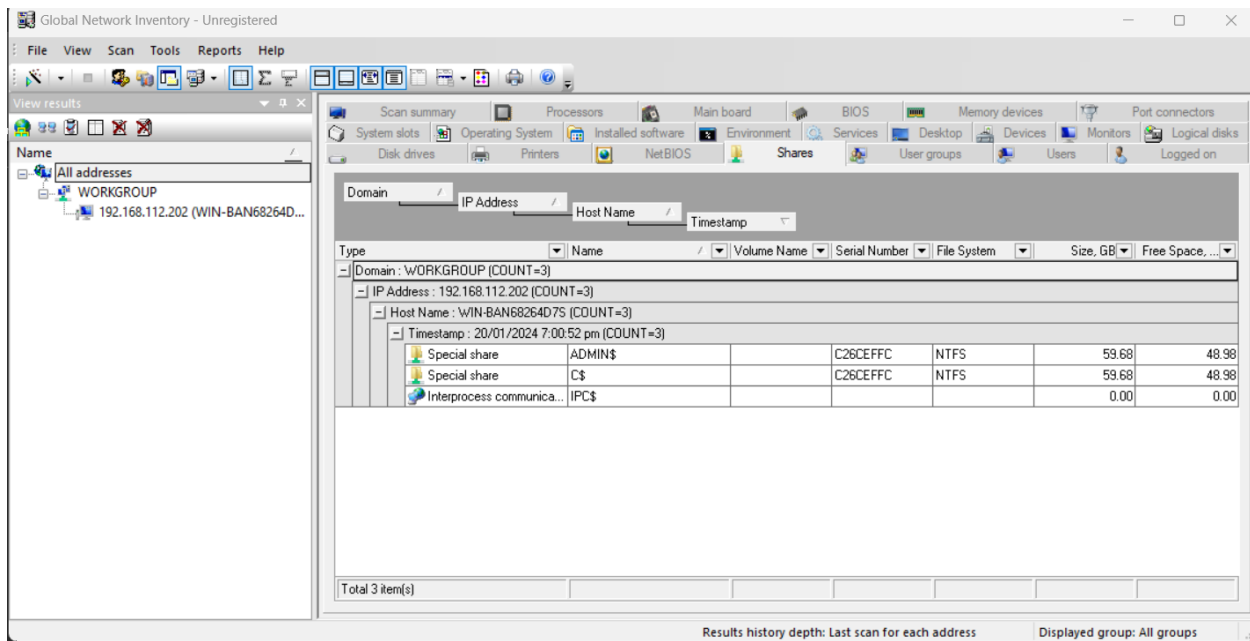
After scanning, the result show below:



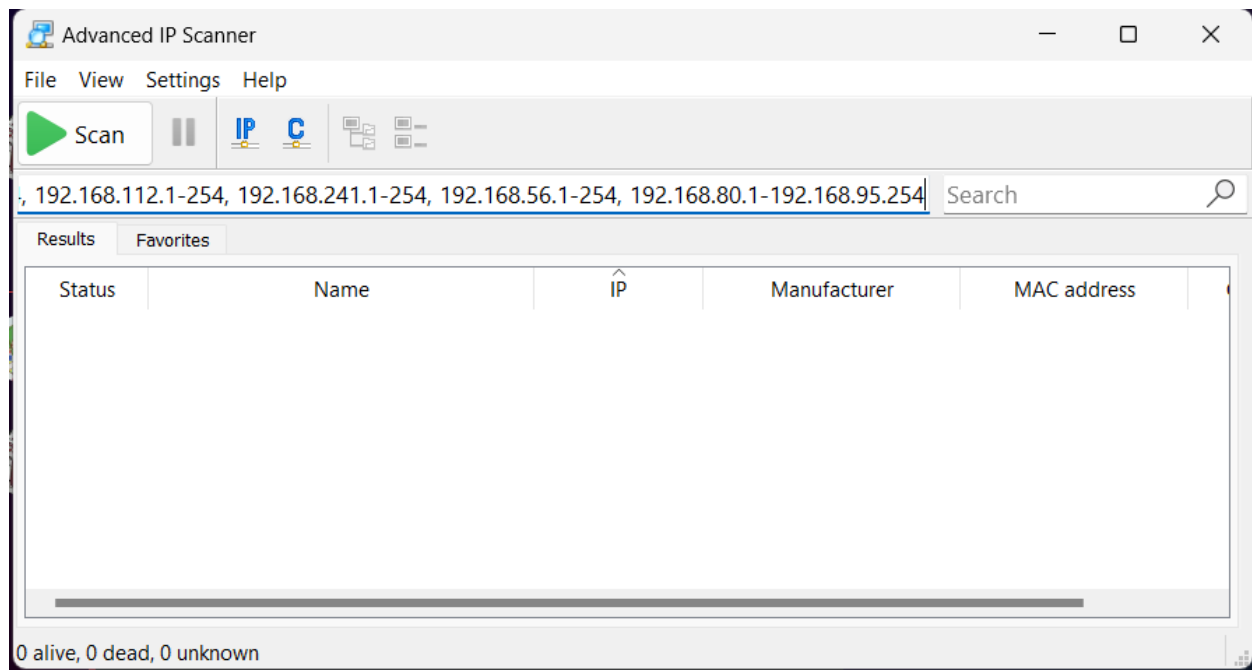
Watching bios, Operating system.,netbios, user groups,Users, Services,Installed software,Shares



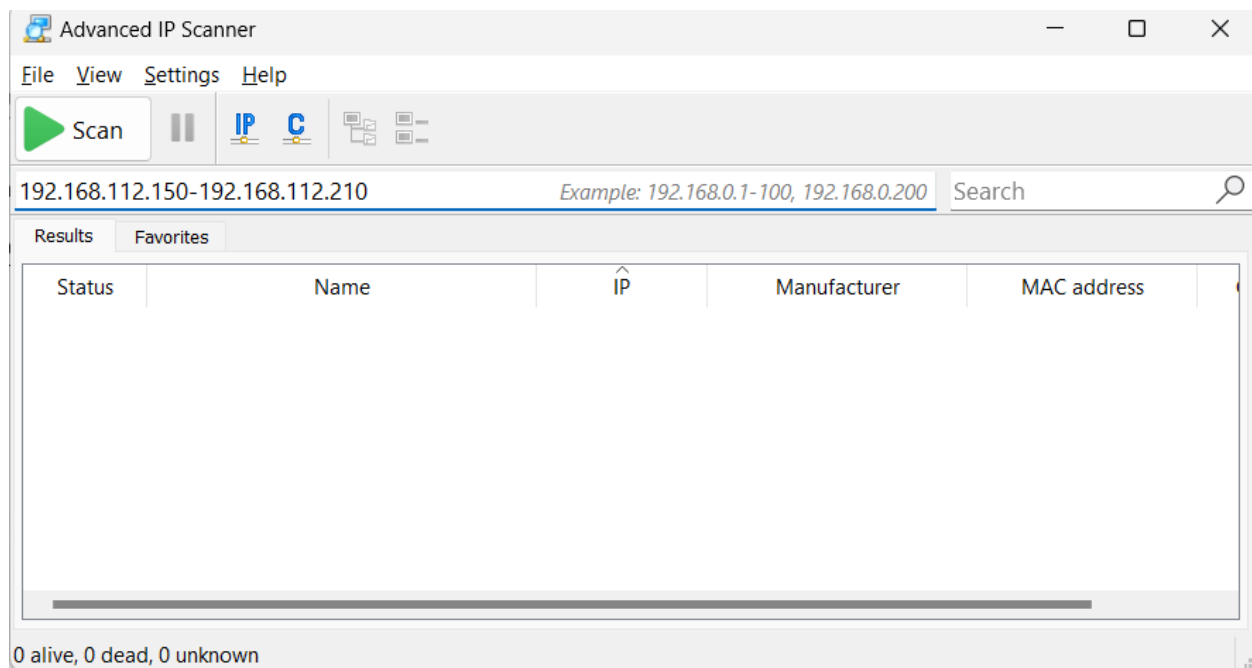




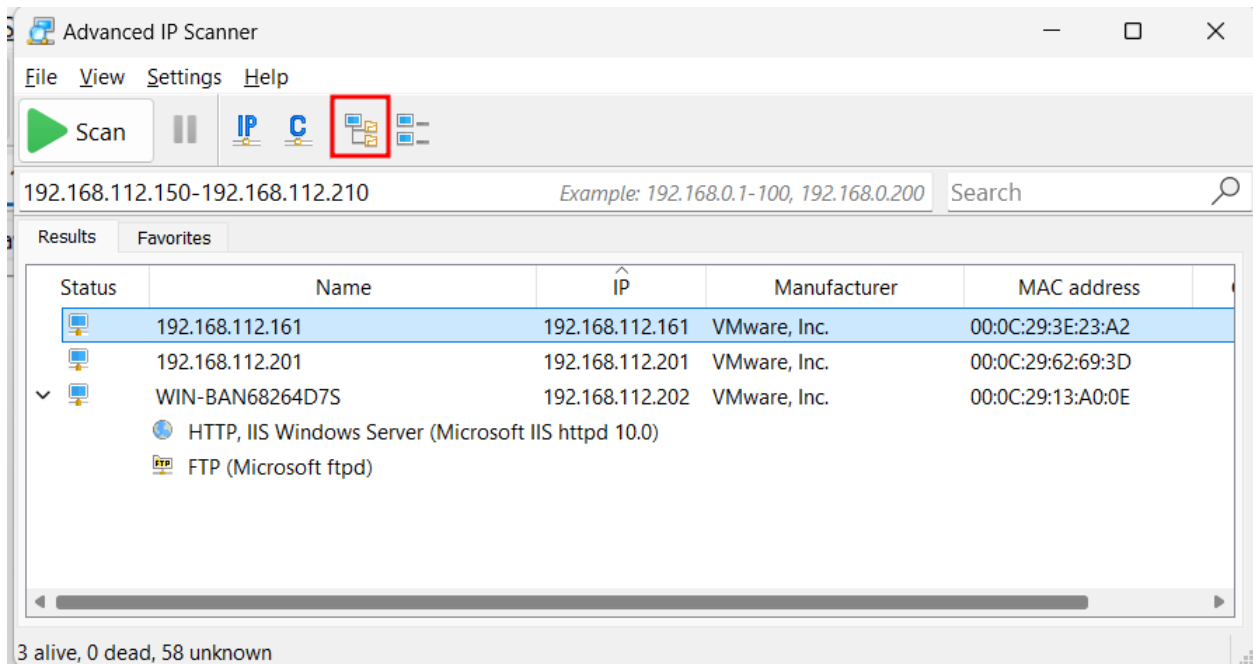
Install Advanceds IP Scanner



Scan from 192.168.112.150 to 192.168.112.210



The result can be show all the service below



Right click to see the list of available options

