

Why, What, How Practical introduction to SPARQL for biologists and informaticians

Using the real world UniProt and neXtProt
databases as illustrative examples



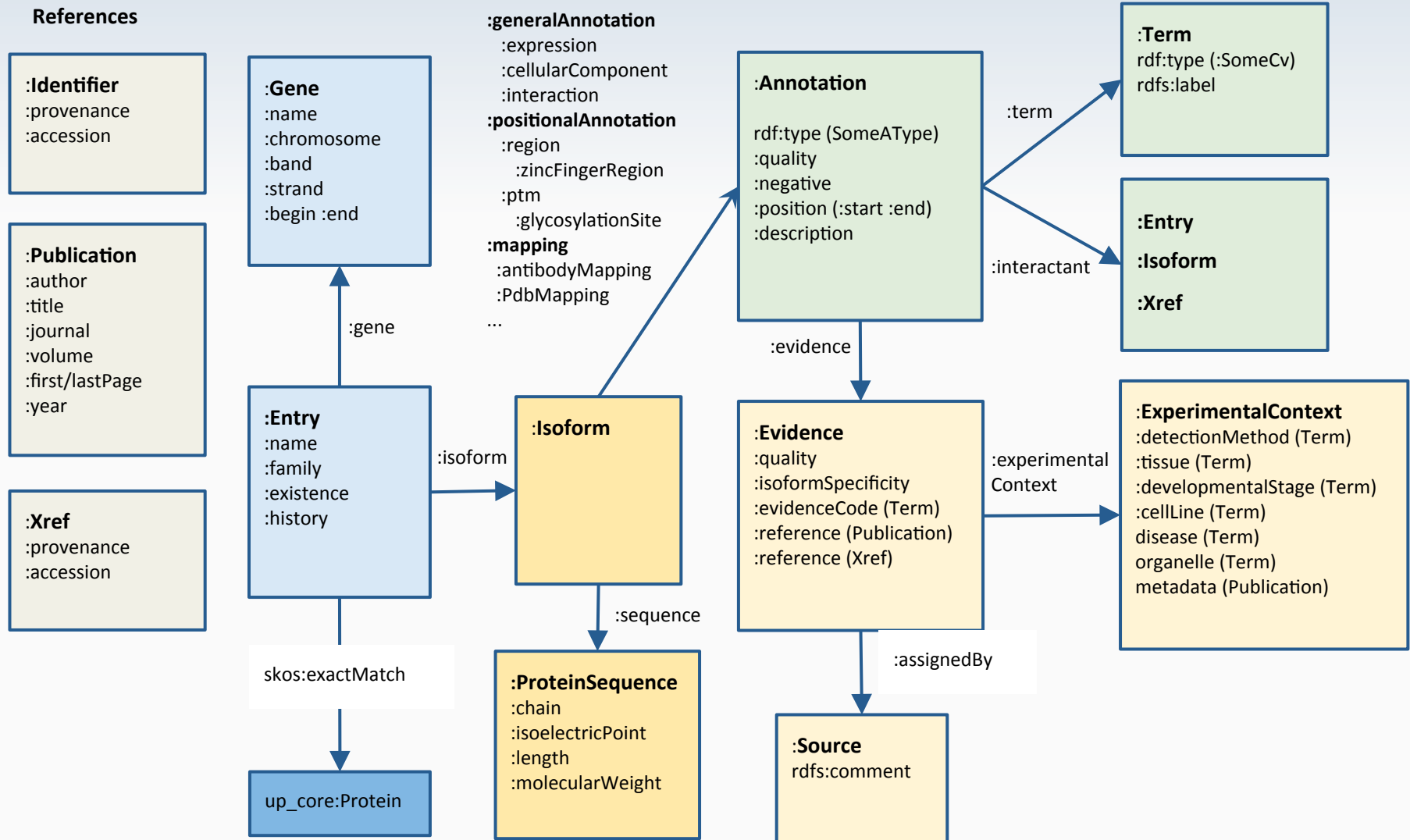
Swiss Institute of
Bioinformatics

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Pierre-André Michel (CALIPHO)

Additional slides

Example with UniProt

Documentation – neXtProt data model



Harrison Ford in wikipedia



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Languages

Harrison Ford

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

For the unrelated silent film actor, see [Harrison Ford \(silent film actor\)](#).

Harrison Ford (born July 19, 1942) is an American actor and film producer. He gained worldwide fame for his starring roles as **Han Solo** in the original *Star Wars* epic space opera trilogy and the **title character** of the *Indiana Jones* film series. Ford is also known for his roles as **Rick Deckard** in the 1982 neo-noir dystopian science fiction film *Blade Runner*, John Book in the 1985 thriller *Witness* and **Jack Ryan** in the 1992 action-suspense film *Patriot Games* and the 1994 spy action thriller film *Clear and Present Danger*.

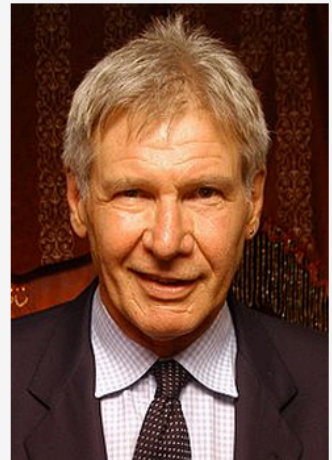
His career has spanned six decades and includes roles in several Hollywood blockbusters; including the epic war film *Apocalypse Now* (1979), the legal drama *Presumed Innocent* (1990), the action film *The Fugitive* (1993), the political action thriller *Air Force One* (1997) and the psychological thriller *What Lies Beneath* (2000). At one point, four of the top six box-office hits of all time included one of his roles.^[1] Seven of his films have been inducted into the National Film Registry: *American Graffiti* (1973), *The Conversation* (1974), *Star Wars* (1977), *Apocalypse Now* (1979), *The Empire Strikes Back* (1980), *Raiders of the Lost Ark* (1981) and *Blade Runner* (1982).

In 1997, Ford was ranked No. 1 in *Empire's* "The Top 100 Movie Stars of All Time" list. As of July 2008, the US domestic box office grosses of Ford's films total over US\$3.5 billion, with worldwide grosses surpassing \$6 billion, making Ford the 4th highest grossing U.S. domestic box-office star.^[2] Ford is married to actress [Calista Flockhart](#), who is known for playing the title role in the comedy-drama series *Ally McBeal*.

Contents [hide]

- 1 Early life
- 2 Early career
- 3 Milestone franchises
 - 3.1 *Star Wars*
 - 3.2 *Indiana Jones*
- 4 Other film work
 - 4.1 Recent roles

Harrison Ford



Ford in January 2002

Born	July 13, 1942 (age 72) Chicago, Illinois, U.S.
Occupation	Actor · producer
Years active	1966–present
Spouse(s)	Mary Marquardt (m. 1964–79) Melissa Mathison (m. 1983–2004)

Description of http://dbpedia.org/resource/Harrison_Ford subpart 1

About: **[Harrison Ford](#)**

[Goto](#) [Sponge](#) [NotDistinct](#) [Permalink](#)

An Entity of Type : [yago:LivingPeople](#), within Data Space : [dbpedia.org](#) associated with source [document\(s\)](#)

Type:



Harrison Ford (born July 13, 1942) is an American film actor and producer. He is famous for his in the original Star Wars trilogy and the title character of the Indiana Jones film series. Ford is also Rick Deckard in Blade Runner, John Book in Witness and Jack Ryan in Patriot Games and Clear

Attributes Values

type	Person http://schema.org/Person person Thing Body »more»
sameAs	fbase:m.0c0kl http://fr.dbpedia.org/resource/Harrison_Ford

Description of http://dbpedia.org/resource/Harrison_Ford subpart 2

About: **Harrison Ford**

[Goto](#) [Sponge](#) [NotDistinct](#) [Permalink](#)

An Entity of Type : [yago:LivingPeople](#), within Data Space : [dbpedia.org](#) associated with source [document\(s\)](#)

Type:



☐ New Facet based on Instances of this Class

Harrison Ford (born July 13, 1942) is an American film actor and producer. He is famous for his roles in the original Star Wars trilogy and the title character of the Indiana Jones film series. Ford is also known for his roles as Rick Deckard in Blade Runner, John Book in Witness and Jack Ryan in Patriot Games and Clear and Present Danger.

Attributes

[spouse](#)

[birth date](#)

[birth place](#)

[Caption](#)

[children](#)

[DATE OF BIRTH](#)

Values

[Melissa Mathison](#)

1942-07-13([xsd:dateTime](#))

Chicago, Illinois, U.S.

Harrison Ford with his Jules Verne Award.

5([xsd:integer](#))

1942-07-13([xsd:dateTime](#))

Description of *rdf:type* property

<http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#rdf:type>

About: *type* [Goto](#) [Sponge](#) [NotDistinct](#) [Permalink](#)

An Entity of Type : [rdf:Property](#), within Data Space : [dbpedia.org](#) associated with source [document\(s\)](#)

Type:

The subject is an instance of a class.

Attributes

Values

[type](#)

[Property](#)

[label](#)

type

[comment](#)

The subject is an instance of a class.

[domain](#)

[Resource](#)

[range](#)

[Class](#)

[isDefinedBy](#)

[The RDF Concepts Vocabulary \(RDF\)](#)

Description of *rdfs:domain* property

<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#rdfs:domain>

About: [domain](#) [Goto](#) [Sponge](#) [NotDistinct](#) [Permalink](#)

An Entity of Type : [rdf:Property](#), within Data Space : [dbpedia.org](#) associated with source [docur](#)

Type:

A domain of the subject property.

Attributes Values

[type](#) [Property](#)

[label](#) domain

[comment](#) A domain of the subject property.

[domain](#) [Property](#)

[range](#) [Class](#)

[isDefinedBy](#) [The RDF Schema vocabulary \(RDFS\)](#)

Description of <http://dbpedia.org/property/spouse>

About: [spouse](#) [Goto](#) [Sponge](#) [NotDistinct](#) [Permalink](#)

An Entity of Type : [owl:ObjectProperty](#), within Data Space : [dbpedia.org](#) associated with source [document\(s\)](#)

Type:

the person they are married to

Attributes

type	Property ObjectProperty
subPropertyOf	dul:sameSettingAs
equivalentProperty	http://schema.org/spouse
label	spouse
prov:wasDerivedFrom	http://mappings.dbpedia.org/index.php/OntologyProperty:spouse
comment	the person they are married to
domain	person
range	person

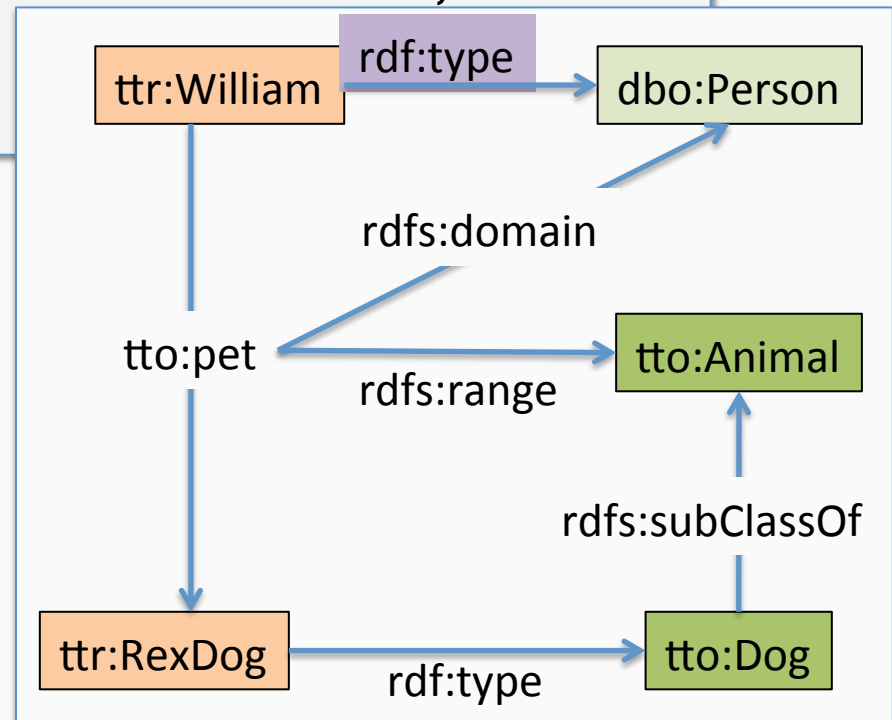
Full description of *rdf:type* property

<http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>

```
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .  
@prefix rdfs:<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
```

Properties (ontology)

```
rdf:type a rdf:Property ;  
  rdfs:isDefinedBy <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> ;  
  rdfs:label "type" ;  
  rdfs:comment "The subject is an instance of a class." ;  
  rdfs:range rdfs:Class ;  
  rdfs:domain rdfs:Resource .
```



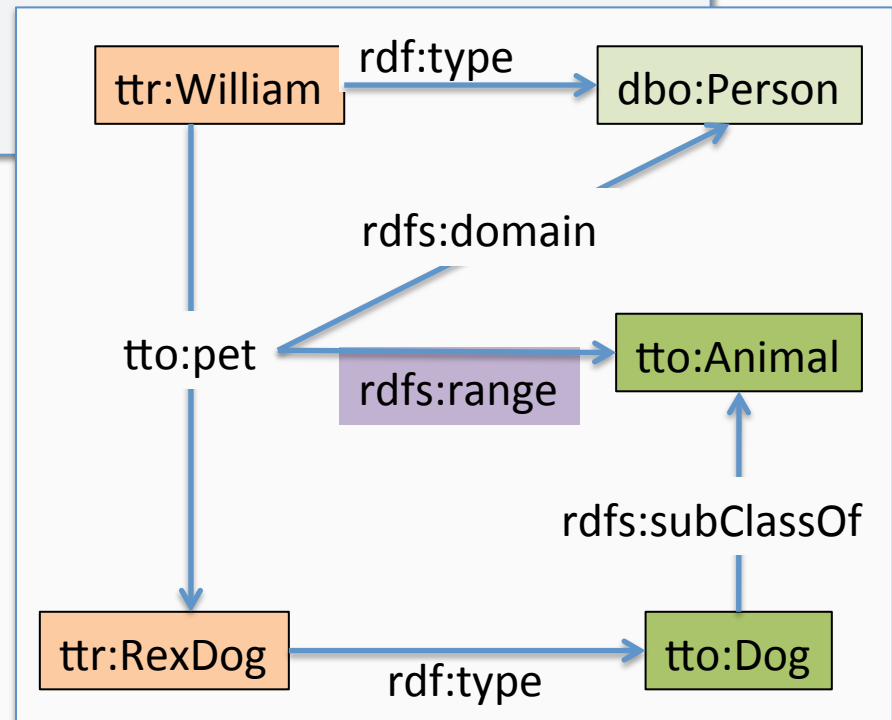
Full description of *rdfs:range* property

<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>

```
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .  
@prefix rdfs:<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
```

Properties (ontology)

```
rdfs:range a rdf:Property ;  
  rdfs:isDefinedBy <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> ;  
  rdfs:comment "A range of the subject property." ;  
  rdfs:label "range" ;  
  rdfs:range rdfs:Class ;  
  rdfs:domain rdf:Property .
```



Full RDF Schema description of *tto:Dog* class and *tto:pet* property

```
@prefix tto: <http://example.org/tuto/ontology#> .
@prefix ttr: <http://example.org/tuto/resource#> .
@prefix dbo: <http://dbpedia.org/ontology/> .
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs:<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
```

Classes (ontology)

```
tto:Dog a rdfs:Class ;
    rdfs:definedBy <http://example.org/tuto/ontology#> ;
    rdfs:seeAlso <http://example.org/tuto/documentation> ;
    rdfs:label "dog"^^xsd:string ;
    rdfs:comment "the class of dogs"^^xsd:string ;
    rdfs:subClassOf tto:Animal .
```

...

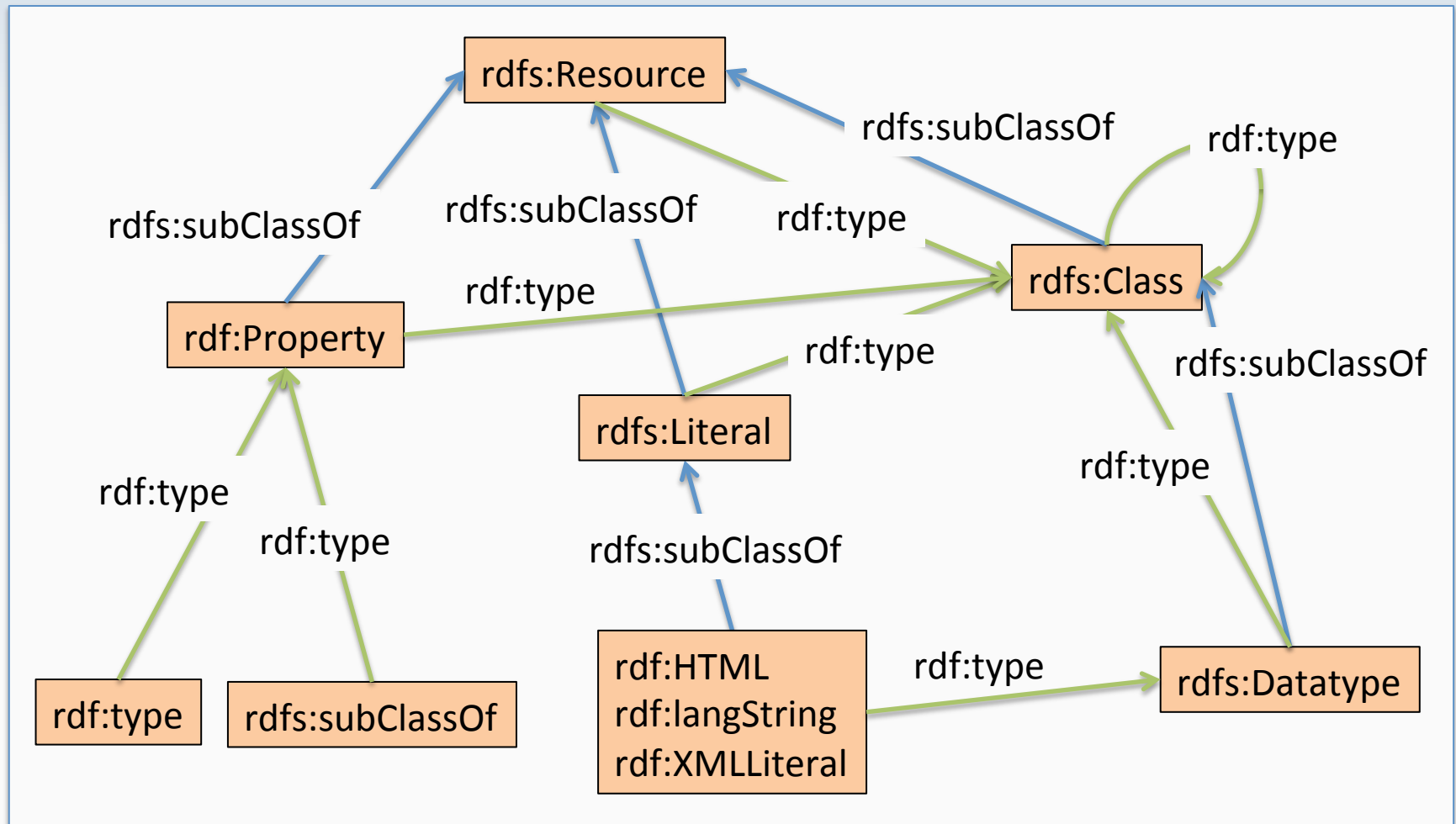
Properties (ontology)

```
tto:pet a rdf:Property ;
    rdfs:definedBy <http://example.org/tuto/ontology#> ;
    rdfs:seeAlso <http://example.org/tuto/documentation> ;
    rdfs:label "pet"^^xsd:string ;
    rdfs:comment "the subject has the object as a pet"^^xsd:string ;
    rdfs:domain dbo:Person ;
    rdfs:range tto:Animal .
```

...

Semantics of RDF Schema terms

(only *rdf:type* & *rdfs:subClassOf* properties)



Datatypes of literal values

XML Schema Built-in Datatypes

- PREFIX xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
- defines xsd:string, xsd:decimal, xsd:integer, xsd:boolean, xsd:date, ...

```
ttr:TomCat tto:weight "18.4"^^xsd:decimal .
```

```
ttr:TomCat dbp:name "Tom"^^xsd:string .
```

RDF datatypes

- PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
- defines rdf:HTML, rdf:XMLLiteral, rdf:langString

```
ttr:TomCat rfs:comment "a cat named Tom"@en .
```

```
ttr:TomCat rfs:comment "un chat nommé Tom"@fr .
```

How to provide a SPARQL end point

SPARQL triple store implementations

- OpenLink Virtuoso
- Blazegraph (formerly BigData)
- Jena fuseki
- Sesame
- ...

More tools at http://www.w3.org/2001/sw/wiki/Category:Triple_Store

Connecting to a SPARQL end point using the *wget* command line utility

```
wget --header="Accept: application/sparql-results+xml" \  
"http://localhost:8080/sparql?query=SELECT ?s ?p ?o \  
WHERE {?s ?p ?o} LIMIT 10" \  
-q -O -
```

HTTP header “Accept”

- application/sparql-results+json
- application/sparql-results+xml
- text/csv
- text/turtle
- application/rdf+xml

HTTP parameters

- query
- default-graph-uri (opt)
- named-graph-uri (opt)
- format (not standard)

Protocol specifications: <http://www.w3.org/TR/sparql11-protocol/>

Connecting to a SPARQL end point using the *Jena* API

```
import com.hp.hpl.jena.query.* ;
...
String endpoint = "http://localhost:8080/sparql" ;
String query = "select * where { ?s ?p ?o } limit 10" ;
QueryExecution qexec =
    QueryExecutionFactory.sparqlService(endpoint, query);
try {
    ResultSet results = qexec.execSelect() ;
    for ( ; results.hasNext() ; ) {
        QuerySolution soln = results.nextSolution() ;
        RDFNode nod = soln.get("s") ;
        Resource res = soln.getResource("p") ;
        Literal lit = soln.getLiteral("o") ;
    }
} finally { qexec.close() ; }
```

Jena API reference:

<https://jena.apache.org/documentation/javadoc/arq/overview-summary.html>

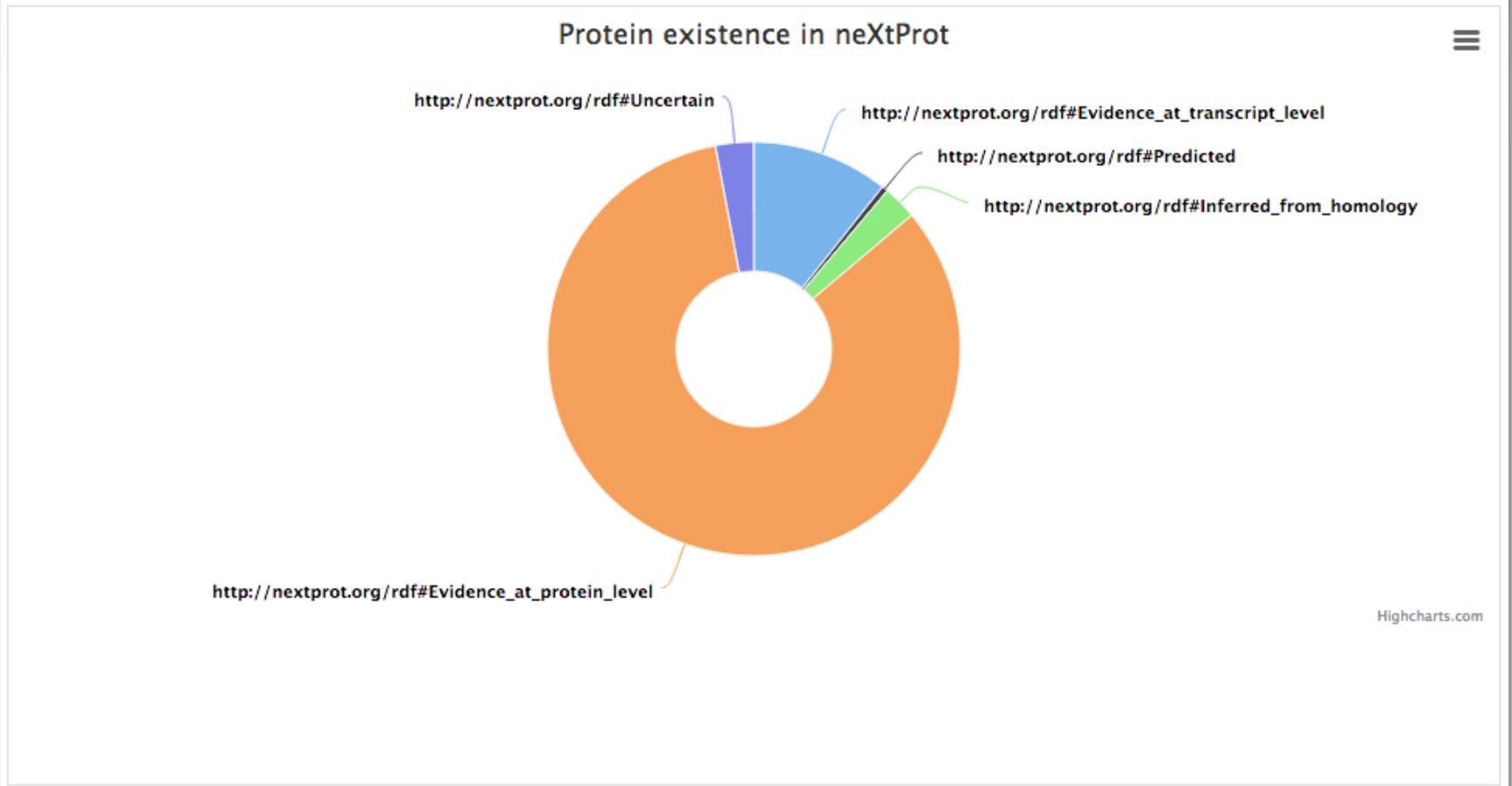
Connecting to a SPARQL end point using neXtProt javascript library in an HTML page

```
<html>
<head>
<script src="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.11.2/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script src="http://code.highcharts.com/highcharts.js"></script>
<script src="http://code.highcharts.com/modules/exporting.js"></script>
<script src="https://cdn.rawgit.com/calipho-sib/nextprot-js/v0.0.23/dist/nextprot.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
  <div id="plot" style="min-width: 310px; height: 400px; margin: 0 auto"></div>
</body>
<script type="text/javascript">
  // Create an instance of nextprot API
  var Nextprot = window.Nextprot;
  var applicationName = "demo app for using SPARQL with protein existence";
  var clientInformation = "calipho group at SIB";
  var nx = new Nextprot.Client(applicationName, clientInformation);
  //Define your sparql
  var proteinsByExistenceLevel = 'SELECT ?pe count(?entry) as ?cnt ' +
    'WHERE {?entry :existence ?pe} group by ?pe';
  //Execute the sparql and retrieve result
  nx.executeSparql(proteinsByExistenceLevel).then(function (result){
    var seriesData = [];
    result.results.bindings.map(function (data) {
      seriesData.push([data.pe.value, parseInt(data.cnt.value)]); //gets number of entries
    });
    //Draw the plot
    $('#plot').highcharts({chart: {type: 'pie', options3d: { enabled: true, alpha: 45 }},
      title: { text: 'Protein existence in neXtProt' },
      plotOptions: {pie: { innerSize: 100, depth: 45 } },
      series: [{name: 'neXtProt entries count',data: seriesData }]}
    });
  });
</script>
</html>
```

See <http://bl.ocks.org/ddtxra/a1fd0e5613ed6b72ff8f>

Connecting to a SPARQL end point
using neXtProt javascript library from an HTML page

Proteins classified by existence level



See <http://bl.ocks.org/ddtxra/a1fd0e5613ed6b72ff8f>

The end

Many thanks to

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Pascale Gaudet