# Practical introduction to SPARQL for biologists and informaticians

## Using the real world UniProt and neXtProt databases as illustrative examples

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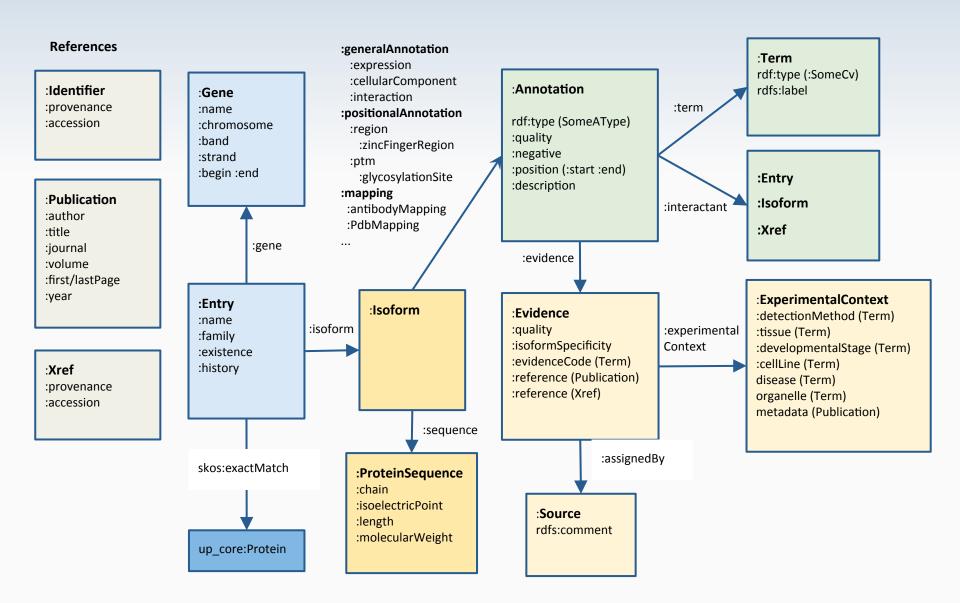




## Additional slides

### **Example with UniProt**

### Documentation – neXtProt data model



## Harrison Ford in wikipedia



Main page Contents Featured content Current events Random article Donate to Wikipedia Wikipedia store

Interaction

Help About Wikipedia Community portal Recent changes Contact page

#### Tools

Related changes Upload file Special pages Permanent link Page information Wikidata item Cite this page

What links here

Print/export

Create a book Download as PDF Printable version

Languages

### Harrison Ford

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

For the unrelated silent film actor, see Harrison Ford (silent film actor).

Harrison Ford (born July 13, 1942) is an American actor and film producer. He gained worldwide fame for his starring roles as Han Solo in the original Star Wars epic space opera trilogy and the title character of the Indiana Jones film series. Ford is also known for his roles as Rick Deckard in the 1982 neo-noir dystopian science fiction film Blade Runner, John Book in the 1985 thriller Witness and Jack Ryan in the 1992 action-suspense film Patriot Games and the 1994 spy action thriller film Clear and Present Danger.

His career has spanned six decades and includes roles in several Hollywood blockbusters; including the epic war film Apocalypse Now (1979), the legal drama Presumed Innocent (1990), the action film The Fugitive (1993), the political action thriller Air Force One (1997) and the psychological thriller What Lies Beneath (2000). At one point, four of the top six box-office hits of all time included one of his roles. [1] Seven of his films have been inducted into the National Film Registry: American Graffiti (1973), The Conversation (1974), Star Wars (1977), Apocalypse Now (1979), The Empire Strikes Back (1980), Raiders of the Lost Ark (1981) and Blade Runner (1982).

In 1997, Ford was ranked No. 1 in Empire's "The Top 100 Movie Stars of All Time" list. As of July 2008, the US domestic box office grosses of Ford's films total over US\$3.5 billion, with worldwide grosses surpassing \$6 billion, making Ford the 4th highest grossing U.S. domestic box-office star. [2] Ford is married to actress Calista Flockhart, who is known for playing the title role in the comedy-drama series Ally McBeal.

#### Contents [hide]

- 1 Early life
- 2 Early career
- 3 Milestone franchises
  - 3.1 Star Wars
  - 3.2 Indiana Jones
- 4 Other film work
  - 4.1 Recent roles

#### Harrison Ford



Ford in January 2002

Born

July 13, 1942 (age 72) Chicago, Illinois, U.S.

Occupation

Actor · producer

Years active

1966-present

Spouse(s)

Mary Marquardt (m. 1964-79) Melissa Mathison (m. 1983-

2004)

## Description of http://dbpedia.org/resource/Harrison\_Ford subpart 1

About: <u>Harrison Ford</u>	Goto Sponge	<b>NotDistinct</b>	<u>Permalink</u>
-----------------------------	-------------	--------------------	------------------

An Entity of Type: <a href="mailto:yago:LivingPeople">yago:LivingPeople</a>, within Data Space: <a href="mailto:dbpedia.org">dbpedia.org</a> associated with source <a href="mailto:document(s)">document(s)</a>

Harrison Ford (born July 13, 1942) is an American film actor and producer. He is famous for his in the original Star Wars trilogy and the title character of the Indiana Jones film series. Ford is als Rick Deckard in Blade Runner, John Book in Witness and Jack Ryan in Patriot Games and Clear

#### **Attributes Values**

type Person

http://schema.org/Person

person Thing Body »more»

sameAs fbase:m.0c0k1

http://fr.dbpedia.org/resource/Harrison Ford

## Description of http://dbpedia.org/resource/Harrison\_Ford subpart 2

About: Harrison Ford Goto Sponge NotDistinct Permalink

An Entity of Type: <a href="mailto:yago:LivingPeople">yago:LivingPeople</a>, within Data Space: <a href="mailto:dbpedia.org">dbpedia.org</a> associated with source <a href="mailto:document(s)">document(s)</a>

Type: yago:LivingPeople \$

New Facet based on Instances of this Class

Harrison Ford (born July 13, 1942) is an American film actor and producer. He is famous for the in the original Star Wars trilogy and the title character of the Indiana Jones film series. Ford is a Rick Deckard in Blade Runner, John Book in Witness and Jack Ryan in Patriot Games and Clea

Attributes V	<b>alues</b>
--------------	--------------

<u>spouse</u> <u>Melissa Mathison</u>

<u>birth date</u> 1942-07-13(<u>xsd:dateTime</u>)

<u>birth place</u> Chicago, Illinois, U.S.

<u>Caption</u> Harrison Ford with his Jules Verne Award.

<u>children</u> 5(<u>xsd:integer</u>)

DATE OF BIRTH 1942-07-13(xsd:dateTime)

## Description of *rdf:type* property http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#rdf:type

About: type Goto Sponge NotDistinct Permalink

An Entity of Type: rdf:Property, within Data Space: dbpedia.org associated with source document(s)

Type: Property | New Facet based on Instances of this Class

The subject is an instance of a class.

**Attributes Values** 

<u>type</u> <u>Property</u>

<u>label</u> type

<u>comment</u> The subject is an instance of a class.

domain Resource

<u>range</u> <u>Class</u>

<u>isDefinedBy</u> <u>The RDF Concepts Vocabulary (RDF)</u>

## Description of *rdfs:domain* property http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#rdfs:domain

About: domain Goto Sponge NotDistinct Permalink

An Entity of Type: rdf:Property, within Data Space: dbpedia.org associated with source docur

Type: Property \$ New Facet based on Instances of this Class

A domain of the subject property.

### **Attributes Values**

type Property

<u>label</u> domain

**comment** A domain of the subject property.

domain Property

<u>range</u> <u>Class</u>

isDefinedBy The RDF Schema vocabulary (RDFS)

### Description of http://dbpedia.org/property/spouse

About: <u>Spouse</u> Goto Sponge NotDistinct Permalink

An Entity of Type: owl:ObjectProperty, within Data Space: dbpedia.org associated with source document(s)

Type: ObjectProperty | New Facet based on Instances of this Class

the person they are married to

**Attributes** Values

<u>type</u> <u>Property</u>

**ObjectProperty** 

<u>subPropertyOf</u> <u>dul:sameSettingAs</u>

<u>equivalentProperty</u> <u>http://schema.org/spouse</u>

<u>label</u> spouse

<u>prov:wasDerivedFrom</u> <u>http://mappings.dbpedia.org/index.php/OntologyProperty:spouse</u>

<u>comment</u> the person they are married to

<u>domain</u> <u>person</u>

<u>range</u> <u>person</u>

## Full description of *rdf:type* property

http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#

```
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs:<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
# Properties (ontology)
rdf:type a rdf:Property ;
    rdfs:isDefinedBy <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> ;
    rdfs:label "type"
    rdfs:comment "The subject is an instance of a class.";
    rdfs:range rdfs:Class ;
                                                          rdf:type
    rdfs:domain rdfs:Resource .
                                              ttr:William
                                                                      dbo:Person
                                                          rdfs:domain
                                              tto:pet
                                                                      tto:Animal
                                                          rdfs:range
                                                                   rdfs:subClassOf
                                           ttr:RexDog
                                                                        tto:Dog
                                                           rdf:type
```

## Full description of *rdfs:range* property

http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#

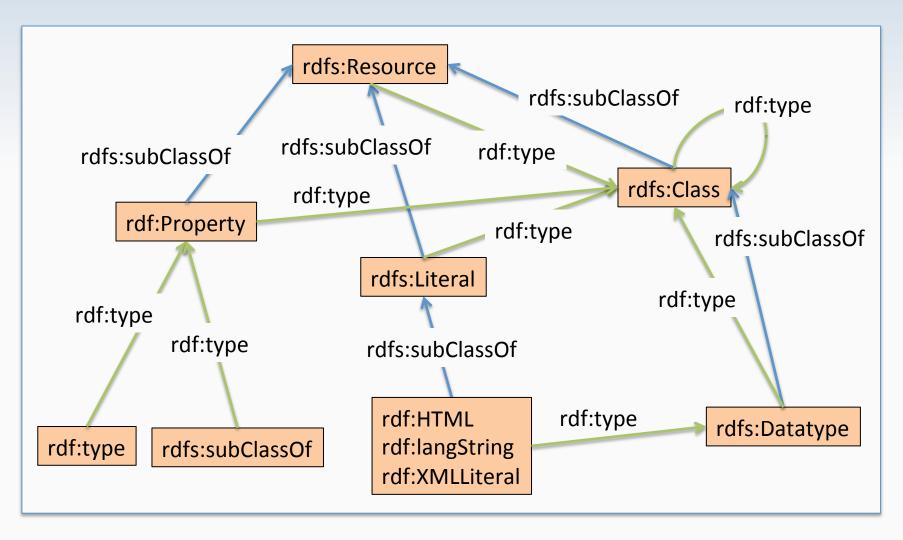
```
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs:<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
# Properties (ontology)
rdfs:range a rdf:Property ;
    rdfs:isDefinedBy <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> ;
    rdfs:comment "A range of the subject property.";
    rdfs:label "range" ;
    rdfs:range rdfs:Class ;
                                                          rdf:type
    rdfs:domain rdf:Property .
                                              ttr:William
                                                                      dbo:Person
                                                          rdfs:domain
                                               tto:pet
                                                                       tto:Animal
                                                          rdfs:range
                                                                   rdfs:subClassOf
                                            ttr:RexDog
                                                                        tto:Dog
                                                           rdf:type
```

## Full RDF Schema description of tto:Dog class and tto:pet property

```
@prefix tto: <http://example.org/tuto/ontology#> .
@prefix ttr: <http://example.org/tuto/resource#> .
@prefix dbo: <http://dbpedia.org/ontology/> .
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs:<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
# Classes (ontology)
tto:Dog a rdfs:Class;
  rdfs:definedBy <http://example.org/tuto/ontology#> ;
  rdfs:seeAlso <http://example.org/tuto/documentation> ;
  rdfs:label "dog"^^xsd:string ;
  rdfs:comment "the class of dogs"^^xsd:string;
  rdfs:subClassOf tto:Animal .
# Properties (ontology)
tto:pet a rdf:Property;
  rdfs:definedBy <http://example.org/tuto/ontology#> ;
  rdfs:seeAlso <http://example.org/tuto/documentation> ;
  rdfs:label "pet"^^xsd:string ;
  rdfs:comment "the subject has the object as a pet"^^xsd:string;
  rdfs:domain dbo:Person ;
  rdfs:range tto:Animal .
```

### Semantics of RDF Schema terms

(only rdf:type & rdfs:subClassOf properties)



## Datatypes of literal values

### XML Schema Built-in Datatypes

- PREFIX xsd: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#</a>
- defines xsd:string, xsd:decimal, xsd:integer, xsd:boolean, xsd:date, ...

```
ttr:TomCat tto:weight "18.4"^^xsd:decimal .
ttr:TomCat dbp:name "Tom"^^xsd:string .
```

### RDF datatypes

- PREFIX rdf: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#">http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#</a>
- defines rdf:HTML, rdf:XMLLiteral, rdf:langString

```
ttr:TomCat rfs:comment "a cat named Tom"@en . ttr:TomCat rfs:comment "un chat nommé Tom"@fr .
```

## How to provide a SPARQL end point

### SPARQL triple store implementations

- OpenLink Virtuoso
- Blazegraph (formerly BigData)
- Jena fuseki
- Sesame

### Connecting to a SPARQL end point

### using the wget command line utility

```
wget --header="Accept: application/sparql-results-xml" \
"http://localhost:8080/sparql?query=SELECT ?s ?p ?o \
WHERE {?s ?p ?o} LIMIT 10" \
-q -0 -
```

### HTTP header "Accept"

- application/sparql-results+json
- application/sparql-results+xml
- text/csv
- text/turtle
- application/rdf+xml

### HTTP parameters

- query
- default-graph-uri (opt)
- named-graph-uri (opt)
- format (not standard)

Protocol specifications: <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/sparql11-protocol/">http://www.w3.org/TR/sparql11-protocol/</a>

### Connecting to a SPARQL end point

### using the Jena API

```
import com.hp.hpl.jena.query.*;
String endpoint = "http://localhost:8080/sparql" ;
String query = "select * where { ?s ?p ?o } limit 10";
QueryExecution qexec =
  QueryExecutionFactory.sparqlService(endpoint, query);
try {
 ResultSet results = gexec.execSelect() ;
  for ( ; results.hasNext() ; ) {
   QuerySolution soln = results.nextSolution();
   RDFNode nod = soln.get("s");
   Resource res = soln.qetResource("p") ;
   Literal lit = soln.getLiteral("o");
} finally { qexec.close() ; }
```

Jena API reference:

https://jena.apache.org/documentation/javadoc/arq/overview-summary.html

## Connecting to a SPARQL end point using neXtProt javascript library in an HTML page

```
<html>
<head>
<script src="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.11.2/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script src="http://code.highcharts.com/highcharts.is"></script>
<script src="http://code.highcharts.com/modules/exporting.js"></script>
<script src="https://cdn.rawqit.com/calipho-sib/nextprot-js/v0.0.23/dist/nextprot.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
 <div id="plot" style="min-width: 310px; height: 400px; margin: 0 auto"></div>
</body>
 <script type="text/javascript">
     // Create an instance of nextprot API
     var Nextprot = window.Nextprot;
     var applicationName = "demo app for using SPARQL with protein existence";
     var clientInformation = "calipho group at SIB";
     var nx = new Nextprot.Client(applicationName, clientInformation);
     //Define your sparql
     var proteinsByExistenceLevel ='SELECT ?pe count(?entry) as ?cnt ' +
                                    'WHERE {?entry :existence ?pe} group by ?pe';
     //Execute the spargl and retrieve result
     nx.executeSparql(proteinsByExistenceLevel).then(function (result){
       var seriesData = [];
        result.results.bindings.map(function (data) {
          seriesData.push([data.pe.value, parseInt(data.cnt.value)]); //gets number of entries
       }):
        //Draw the plot
        $('#plot').highcharts({chart: {type: 'pie', options3d: { enabled: true, alpha: 45 }},
         title: { text: 'Protein existence in neXtProt' },
          plotOptions: {pie: { innerSize: 100, depth: 45 } },
          series: [{name: 'neXtProt entries count',data: seriesData }]
       });
     }):
 </script>
</html>
```

## Connecting to a SPARQL end point using neXtProt javascript library from an HTML page

## Proteins classified by existence level

